

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

May 22, 2020 – 12:22 am BST

PDB ID : 5ZWX

> Title : Crystal structure of Raphanus sativus AGDP1 AGD12 in complex with an

> > H3K9me2 peptide

: Du, X.; Du, J. Authors Deposited on 2018-05-17

1.90 Å(reported) Resolution

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity 4.02b-467

> 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020) Mogul

Xtriage (Phenix) 1.13 EDS 2.11

Percentile statistics 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

> Refmac 5.8.0158

7.0.044 (Gargrove) CCP4 Engh & Huber (2001)

Ideal geometry (proteins) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) Parkinson et al. (1996)

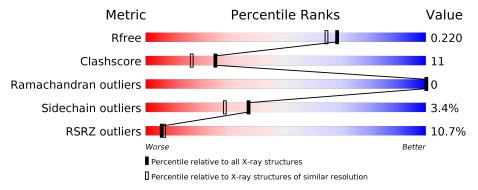
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) 2.11

### 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar \; resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries, \; resolution \; range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	6207 (1.90-1.90)
Clashscore	141614	6847 (1.90-1.90)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6760 (1.90-1.90)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6760 (1.90-1.90)
RSRZ outliers	127900	6082 (1.90-1.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
		4.0.4	10%				
1	A	161	76%		14% • 8%		
		101	11%				
1	В	161	76%		14% • 8%		
9	D						
2	Р	15	60%	7%	33%		
9		1 -					
2	Q	15	67%		33%		



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2814 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called DUF724 domain-containing protein 6-like.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	148	Total 1202	C 758	N 220	O 220	S 1	Se 3	0	0	0
1	В	148	Total 1202	C 758	N 220	O 220	S 1	Se 3	0	0	0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called H3(1-15)K9me2 peptide.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
2	D	10	Total	С	N	О	0	0	0
2	1	10	81	48	19	14	0	U	U
9	0	10	Total	С	N	О	0	0	0
2	Q	10	81	48	19	14	0	U	U

• Molecule 3 is water.

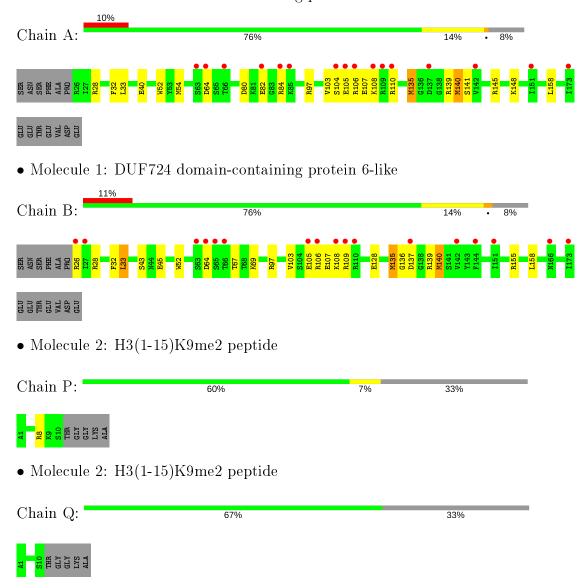
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	117	Total O 117 117	0	0
3	Р	5	Total O 5 5	0	0
3	В	121	Total O 121 121	0	0
3	Q	5	Total O 5 5	0	0



### 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: DUF724 domain-containing protein 6-like





## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	47.65Å 54.98Å 83.58Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $99.72^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	41.19 - 1.90	Depositor
resolution (A)	41.19 - 1.90	EDS
% Data completeness	99.7 (41.19-1.90)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.6 (41.19-1.90)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.08	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.96 (at 1.89Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.9_1692	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.182 , 0.211	Depositor
It, It free	0.189 , 0.220	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1705  reflections  (5.06%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	28.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.814	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.35, 48.4	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	2814	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	47.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 11.53% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $< L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

### 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MLY

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Chain	$\mid RMSZ \mid \# Z  > 5$		RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.57	0/1230	0.67	0/1657	
1	В	0.54	0/1230	0.62	0/1657	
2	Р	0.56	0/69	0.56	0/90	
2	Q	0.50	0/69	0.61	0/90	
All	All	0.55	0/2598	0.65	0/3494	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{model})$	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{added})$	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1202	0	1171	31	0
1	В	1202	0	1171	23	0
2	Р	81	0	93	1	0
2	Q	81	0	93	0	0
3	A	117	0	0	2	0
3	В	121	0	0	4	0
3	Р	5	0	0	1	0
3	Q	5	0	0	0	0
All	All	2814	0	2528	55	0



The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 11.

All (55) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:139:ARG:C	1:A:140:MSE:HE3	1.83	0.98
2:P:8:ARG:HD3	3:P:105:HOH:O	1.65	0.96
1:A:105:GLU:HG2	1:A:106:ARG:HH11	1.46	0.81
1:A:140:MSE:HG3	1:A:158:LEU:HD11	1.68	0.76
1:A:135:MSE:HE2	1:A:140:MSE:HA	1.68	0.75
1:A:110:ARG:NH1	3:A:201:HOH:O	2.21	0.73
1:A:135:MSE:HE1	1:A:141:SER:HB2	1.72	0.72
1:B:140:MSE:HG3	1:B:158:LEU:HD11	1.78	0.66
1:B:106:ARG:HH11	1:B:109:ARG:HB3	1.60	0.66
1:B:140:MSE:HE3	1:B:155:ARG:N	2.11	0.66
1:A:105:GLU:HG2	1:A:106:ARG:HD2	1.78	0.64
1:A:104:SER:OG	1:A:105:GLU:N	2.32	0.63
1:B:103:VAL:HG13	1:B:107:GLU:HB3	1.80	0.63
1:A:106:ARG:N	1:A:106:ARG:HD2	2.16	0.61
1:B:140:MSE:SE	1:B:158:LEU:HD12	2.50	0.60
1:B:28:ARG:NH1	3:B:202:HOH:O	2.24	0.60
1:A:135:MSE:CE	1:A:141:SER:N	2.65	0.60
1:A:110:ARG:NH1	3:A:202:HOH:O	2.27	0.58
1:A:105:GLU:HA	1:A:108:LYS:HE3	1.88	0.56
1:A:105:GLU:CG	1:A:106:ARG:HH11	2.17	0.56
1:B:106:ARG:HD2	1:B:106:ARG:O	2.07	0.54
1:B:26:ARG:HD3	3:B:221:HOH:O	2.08	0.54
1:A:82:GLU:OE1	1:A:84:ARG:NH2	2.36	0.54
1:B:140:MSE:SE	1:B:158:LEU:CD1	3.06	0.53
1:A:135:MSE:HE2	1:A:140:MSE:CA	2.39	0.52
1:A:139:ARG:O	1:A:140:MSE:HE3	2.08	0.52
1:B:106:ARG:HD3	1:B:109:ARG:NH1	2.25	0.52
1:B:52:TRP:CH2	1:B:97:ARG:HD3	2.45	0.52
1:B:67:THR:HG21	3:B:280:HOH:O	2.10	0.51
1:B:140:MSE:HE1	1:B:155:ARG:HB2	1.92	0.50
1:A:140:MSE:CG	1:A:158:LEU:HD11	2.40	0.50
1:B:32:PHE:CE2	1:B:33:LEU:HD13	2.47	0.50
1:A:135:MSE:HE1	1:A:141:SER:CB	2.41	0.49
1:B:140:MSE:CG	1:B:158:LEU:HD11	2.43	0.49
1:A:52:TRP:CH2	1:A:97:ARG:HD3	2.48	0.49
1:B:105:GLU:HA	1:B:108:LYS:HZ2	1.79	0.48
1:A:135:MSE:CE	1:A:140:MSE:C	2.82	0.48

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${f distance}({ m \AA})$	${ m overlap}({ m \AA})$
1:A:148:LYS:HB2	1:A:148:LYS:HZ3	1.78	0.48
1:B:135:MSE:HG2	1:B:139:ARG:O	2.13	0.48
1:A:140:MSE:HE3	1:A:140:MSE:N	2.28	0.48
1:A:32:PHE:CE2	1:A:33:LEU:HD13	2.49	0.48
1:B:136:GLY:O	1:B:137:ASP:HB3	2.16	0.46
1:A:148:LYS:NZ	1:A:148:LYS:HB2	2.32	0.45
1:B:106:ARG:HD3	1:B:109:ARG:HH11	1.82	0.45
1:B:140:MSE:CE	1:B:155:ARG:N	2.79	0.45
1:A:105:GLU:HA	1:A:108:LYS:CE	2.46	0.45
1:A:40:GLU:HG2	1:A:54:MSE:SE	2.65	0.45
1:A:140:MSE:HE2	1:A:140:MSE:HB3	1.71	0.45
1:A:103:VAL:HG13	1:A:107:GLU:HB3	1.98	0.44
1:A:104:SER:OG	1:A:105:GLU:OE1	2.29	0.44
1:A:80:ASP:HB2	1:A:82:GLU:OE1	2.20	0.41
1:B:128:GLU:OE1	3:B:201:HOH:O	2.21	0.41
1:A:139:ARG:CA	1:A:140:MSE:HE3	2.47	0.40
1:B:43:SER:OG	1:B:45:GLU:OE1	2.39	0.40
1:B:67:THR:HG23	1:B:69:LYS:H	1.86	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	A	146/161 (91%)	144 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
1	В	146/161 (91%)	144 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
2	Р	7/15 (47%)	7 (100%)	0	0	100	100
2	Q	7/15 (47%)	7 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	306/352 (87%)	302 (99%)	4 (1%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.



#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	127/136~(93%)	122 (96%)	5 (4%)	32 23
1	В	127/136 (93%)	123 (97%)	4 (3%)	40 32
2	Р	7/9 (78%)	7 (100%)	0	100 100
2	Q	7/9 (78%)	7 (100%)	0	100 100
All	All	$268/290 \ (92\%)$	259 (97%)	9 (3%)	37 28

All (9) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	28	ARG
1	A	64	ASP
1	A	135	MSE
1	A	140	MSE
1	A	145	ARG
1	В	33	LEU
1	В	64	ASP
1	В	135	MSE
1	В	140	MSE

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The



Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Type C	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles			
WIOI	or Type Chain Res	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2		
2	MLY	Q	9	2	9,10,11	0.70	0	6,11,13	0.99	0
2	MLY	Р	9	2	9,10,11	0.70	0	6,11,13	0.77	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	MLY	Q	9	2	-	0/8/9/11	-
2	MLY	Р	9	2	-	0/8/9/11	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

#### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

#### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.



## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



### 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	145/161 (90%)	0.62	16 (11%) 5 6	22, 41, 83, 117	0
1	В	145/161 (90%)	0.68	17 (11%) 4 5	24, 42, 88, 112	0
2	Р	9/15 (60%)	0.43	0 100 100	30, 41, 51, 65	0
2	Q	9/15 (60%)	0.18	0 100 100	29, 36, 44, 58	0
All	All	$308/352 \ (87\%)$	0.63	33 (10%) 6 6	22, 42, 86, 117	0

All (33) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	105	GLU	7.0
1	A	106	ARG	5.7
1	В	109	ARG	5.3
1	A	109	ARG	4.9
1	В	64	ASP	4.9
1	В	106	ARG	4.9
1	В	108	LYS	4.7
1	A	173	ILE	4.5
1	В	137	ASP	4.3
1	A	63	SER	4.2
1	В	173	ILE	4.2
1	A	84	ARG	4.0
1	A	137	ASP	3.7
1	A	64	ASP	3.6
1	A	66	THR	3.5
1	В	63	SER	3.3
1	В	26	ARG	3.2
1	A	82	GLU	3.2
1	В	66	THR	3.2
1	В	65	SER	3.1
1	В	27	ILE	2.8

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	151	ILE	2.8
1	A	108	LYS	2.6
1	A	105	GLU	2.6
1	A	85	LYS	2.6
1	В	151	ILE	2.6
1	A	104	SER	2.5
1	В	110	ARG	2.5
1	A	110	ARG	2.4
1	В	166	ASN	2.4
1	A	142	VAL	2.2
1	В	142	VAL	2.2
1	В	144	PHE	2.0

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
2	MLY	Q	9	11/12	0.93	0.20	25,29,32,32	0
2	MLY	Р	9	11/12	0.93	0.15	25,30,31,40	0

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

#### 6.4 Ligands (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

#### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

