

wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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:	5ZVN
:	Structure of [beta Glc-T9,K7]indolicidin, a glycosylated analogue of indolicidin
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:	2018-05-11
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This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

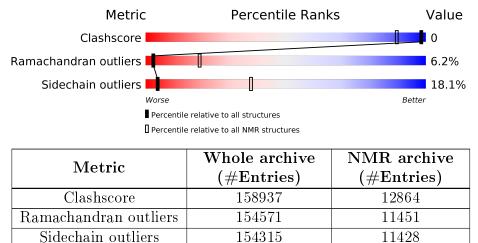
MolProbity Mogul Percentile statistics RCI PANAV ShiftChecker	::	4.02b-467 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020) 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019) v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005) Wang et al. (2010) 2.13.1
Ideal geometry (proteins) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	Engh & Huber (2001) Parkinson et al. (1996) 2.13.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION \ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 30%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	Λ	14	200/	1.40/
1	A	14	86%	14%



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models.

Cyrange was unable to find well-defined residues.

Error message: The number of core atoms (3) was below the domain threshold value (8).

The models can be grouped into 5 clusters and 2 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	9, 10, 11, 13, 15
2	6, 8, 14, 16, 18
3	5, 17, 19
4	2, 3, 20
5	4, 12
Single-model clusters	1; 7



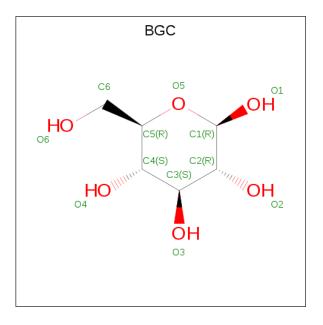
3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 292 atoms, of which 147 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called glycosylated analogue of Indolicidin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace
1	Λ	1.4	Total	С	Η	Ν	0	1
	A	14	270	94	136	26	14	L

• Molecule 2 is beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: BGC) (formula: $C_6H_{12}O_6$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			
0	Λ	1	Total	С	Η	Ο
	А	1	22	6	11	5

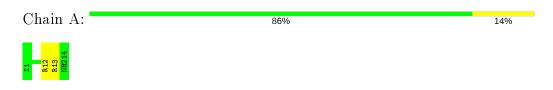


Residue-property plots (i) 4

Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble 4.1

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red =3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: glycosylated analogue of Indolicidin



4.2Residue scores for the representative (author defined) model from the NMR ensemble

7%

The representative model is number 1. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: glycosylated analogue of Indolicidin

Chain A:

93%



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: distance geometry.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures* with the lowest energy.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
Amber	refinement	
CYANA	structure calculation	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	73
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	73
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	30%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: BGC, NH2

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chain		E	Bond lengths	Bond angles		
	Unam	RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z > 5	
1	А	$0.85 {\pm} 0.01$	$0{\pm}0/142~(~0.0{\pm}~0.0\%)$	1.37 ± 0.06	$0{\pm}1/195~(~0.1{\pm}~0.3\%)$	
All	All	0.85	0/2840 ($0.0%$)	1.37	5/3900 ($0.1%$)	

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	\mathbf{Res}	Type	Atoms	7	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$	Moo	
	Unam	nes	туре	Atoms		Observed()	iueai()	Worst	Total
1	А	9	THR	CA-CB-CG2	6.42	121.39	112.40	7	2
1	А	12	ARG	C-N-CA	5.70	135.94	121.70	5	3

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	А	134	136	136	0 ± 0
2	А	11	11	10	0±0
All	All	2900	2940	2920	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 0.



Atom-1	Atom-2	$Clash(\lambda)$	Distance(Å)	Models	
	Atom-2		Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:9:THR:HG21	2:A:101:BGC:H2	0.43	1.91	5	1

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perc	entiles
1	А	12/14~(86%)	$9\pm2~(72\pm13\%)$	$3\pm1~(22\pm11\%)$	$1\pm1~(6\pm6\%)$	3	19
All	All	240/280~(86%)	172 (72%)	53 (22%)	15~(6%)	3	19

5 of 8 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	\mathbf{Res}	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	13	ARG	4
1	А	7	LYS	3
1	А	5	LYS	2
1	А	8	TRP	2
1	А	11	TRP	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric		Percentiles		
1	А	13/13~(100%)	$11 \pm 1 (82 \pm 8\%)$	$2\pm1 (18\pm8\%)$	4	37	
All	All	260/260~(100%)	213 (82%)	47 (18%)	4	37	

5 of 10 unique residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.



Mol	Chain	\mathbf{Res}	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	12	ARG	10
1	А	13	ARG	8
1	А	5	LYS	6
1	А	6	TRP	6
1	А	7	LYS	4

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mal	Tune	Chain	Dog	Tink	Bond lengths		
	туре	Cham	nes	LINK	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	BGC	А	101	1	11,11,12	$0.79 {\pm} 0.00$	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.



Mal	Tuno	Chain	Dog	Tink	Bond angles		
	туре	Cham	nes		Counts	RMSZ	$\#Z{>}2$
2	BGC	А	101	1	$15,\!15,\!17$	$1.18 {\pm} 0.00$	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	\mathbf{Res}	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	BGC	А	101	1	-	$0\pm0,2,19,22$	$0{\pm}0{,}1{,}1{,}1$

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 30% for the well-defined parts and 30% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *starch_output*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	73
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	73
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 30%, i.e. 66 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 223. 0 out of 1 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathbf{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	23/61~(38%)	23/24~(96%)	0/26~(0%)	0/11~(0%)
Sidechain	43/114 (38%)	43/70~(61%)	0/36~(0%)	0/8~(0%)
Aromatic	0/48~(0%)	0/24~(0%)	0/20~(0%)	0/4~(0%)
Overall	66/223~(30%)	66/118~(56%)	0/82~(0%)	0/23~(0%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.



7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

