wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jun 5, 2023 – 05:48 PM JST

PDB ID	:	5ZSY
BMRB ID	:	36184
Title	:	RBM10-RRM2 domain and its lung cancer related mutant
Authors	:	Qin, H.
Deposited on	:	2018-04-30

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

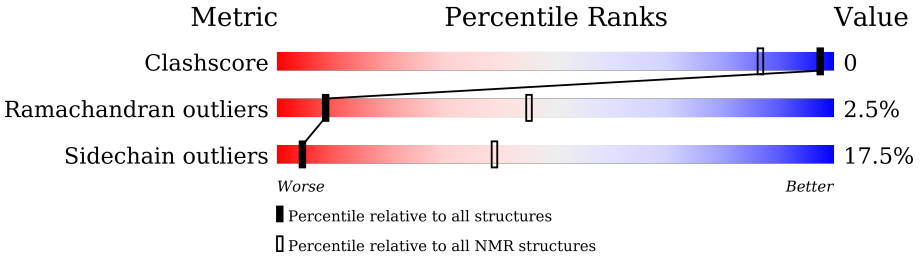
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
BMRB Restraints Analysis	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.33

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 84%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	88	83% 11% 6%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 5 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	**Residue range (total)**	**Backbone RMSD (Å)**	**Medoid model**
1	A:4-A:86 (83)	0.70	5

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters and 10 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 3, 5, 14, 17
2	12, 16, 19
3	8, 10
Single-model clusters	2; 4; 6; 7; 9; 11; 13; 15; 18; 20

3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 1371 atoms, of which 699 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called RNA-binding protein 10.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
1	A	88	1371	427	699	118	125	2	0

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P98175
A	2	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P98175
A	3	MET	-	expression tag	UNP P98175

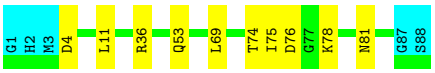
4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: RNA-binding protein 10

Chain A:

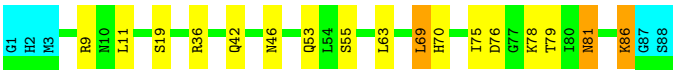


4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 5. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

- Molecule 1: RNA-binding protein 10

Chain A:



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *molecular dynamics*.

Of the 40 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure calculation	
OPAL	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	992
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	992
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	84%

6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.52±0.01	0±0/650 (0.0± 0.0%)	0.99±0.03	1±1/885 (0.1± 0.1%)
All	All	0.52	0/13000 (0.0%)	0.99	12/17700 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0±0.0	0.6±0.7
All	All	0	12

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	47	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.97	117.32	120.30	14	1
1	A	69	LEU	CB-CG-CD1	5.92	121.07	111.00	11	6
1	A	9	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.33	122.97	120.30	12	2
1	A	37	VAL	CG1-CB-CG2	-5.32	102.38	110.90	20	2
1	A	36	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.12	117.74	120.30	16	1

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 7 unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	27	TYR	Sidechain	4
1	A	9	ARG	Sidechain	2
1	A	36	ARG	Sidechain	2

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	4	ASP	Peptide	1
1	A	15	SER	Peptide	1

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	640	672	672	1±1
All	All	12800	13440	13440	12

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 0.

5 of 12 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:73:LEU:HD13	1:A:74:THR:H	0.56	1.60	18	1
1:A:13:PRO:HB2	1:A:45:LEU:HD22	0.54	1.78	12	1
1:A:66:LEU:HA	1:A:69:LEU:HD21	0.53	1.78	10	1
1:A:54:LEU:HB2	1:A:59:ALA:HB2	0.51	1.83	18	1
1:A:25:ALA:HB1	1:A:29:VAL:HG22	0.49	1.85	11	1

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	83/88 (94%)	70±3 (84±4%)	11±3 (14±4%)	2±1 (2±1%)	9	45
All	All	1660/1760 (94%)	1393 (84%)	226 (14%)	41 (2%)	9	45

5 of 12 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of

occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	76	ASP	17
1	A	4	ASP	8
1	A	32	SER	5
1	A	17	MET	2
1	A	70	HIS	2

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	72/75 (96%)	59±2 (82±3%)	13±2 (18±3%)	4 39
All	All	1440/1500 (96%)	1188 (82%)	252 (18%)	4 39

5 of 43 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	78	LYS	20
1	A	75	ILE	18
1	A	81	ASN	16
1	A	36	ARG	15
1	A	53	GLN	14

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 84% for the well-defined parts and 82% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *chemical_shift_for_dep*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	992
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	992
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	4

The following errors were found when reading this chemical shift list.

- Chemical shift has been reported more than once. All 3 occurrences are reported below.

List ID	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift Data		
					Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	A	54	LEU	HD11	0.652	0.000	.
1	A	54	LEU	HD12	0.652	0.000	.
1	A	54	LEU	HD13	0.652	0.000	.

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction ± precision, *ppm*	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	85	2.65 ± 0.12	Should be applied
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	82	2.35 ± 0.19	Should be applied
$^{13}C'$	0	—	None (insufficient data)
^{15}N	81	0.26 ± 0.28	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 84%, i.e. 972 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1157. 0 out of 16 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	325/410 (79%)	164/165 (99%)	82/166 (49%)	79/79 (100%)
Sidechain	619/694 (89%)	418/457 (91%)	190/213 (89%)	11/24 (46%)
Aromatic	28/53 (53%)	11/27 (41%)	17/24 (71%)	0/2 (0%)
Overall	972/1157 (84%)	593/649 (91%)	289/403 (72%)	90/105 (86%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

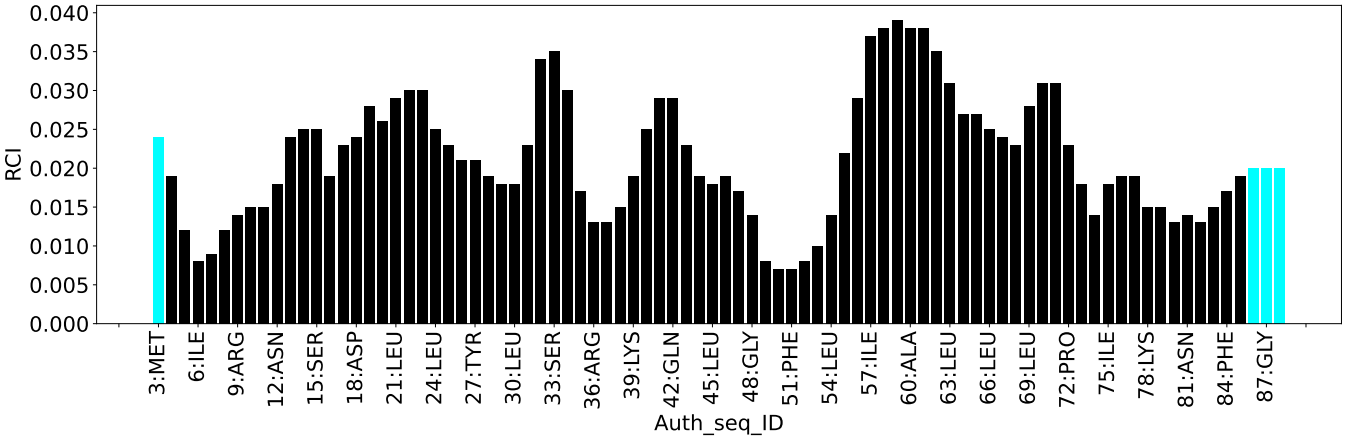
The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, *ppm*	Expected range, *ppm*	Z-score
1	A	38	ILE	CG2	7.81	10.93 – 24.12	-7.4
1	A	8	LEU	CD1	14.59	16.71 – 32.55	-6.3
1	A	16	THR	CB	59.05	61.12 – 78.27	-6.2
1	A	26	PRO	HB2	0.17	0.37 – 3.78	-5.6

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:


RCI
0.040
0.035
0.030
0.025
0.020
0.015
0.010
0.005
0.000
3:MET
6:ILE
9:ARG
12:ASN
15:SER
18:ASP
21:LEU
24:LEU
27:TYR
30:LEU
33:SER
36:ARG
39:LYS
42:GLN
45:LEU
48:GLY
51:PHE
54:LEU
57:ILE
60:ALA
63:LEU
66:LEU
69:LEU
72:PRO
75:ILE
78:LYS
81:ASN
84:PHE
87:GLY
Auth_seq_ID

8 NMR restraints analysis (i)

8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints (i)

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	1505
Intra-residue (|i-j|=0)	407
Sequential (|i-j|=1)	403
Medium range (|i-j|>1 and |i-j|<5)	259
Long range (|i-j|≥5)	436
Inter-chain	0
Hydrogen bond restraints	0
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	0
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	17.1
Number of long range restraints per residue[1]	5.0

[1]Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

8.2 Residual restraint violations (i)

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model (i)

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	23.8	0.2
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	41.5	0.5
>0.5 (Large)	97.3	3.57

8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model (i)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.There are no dihedral-angle violations

9 Distance violation analysis (i)

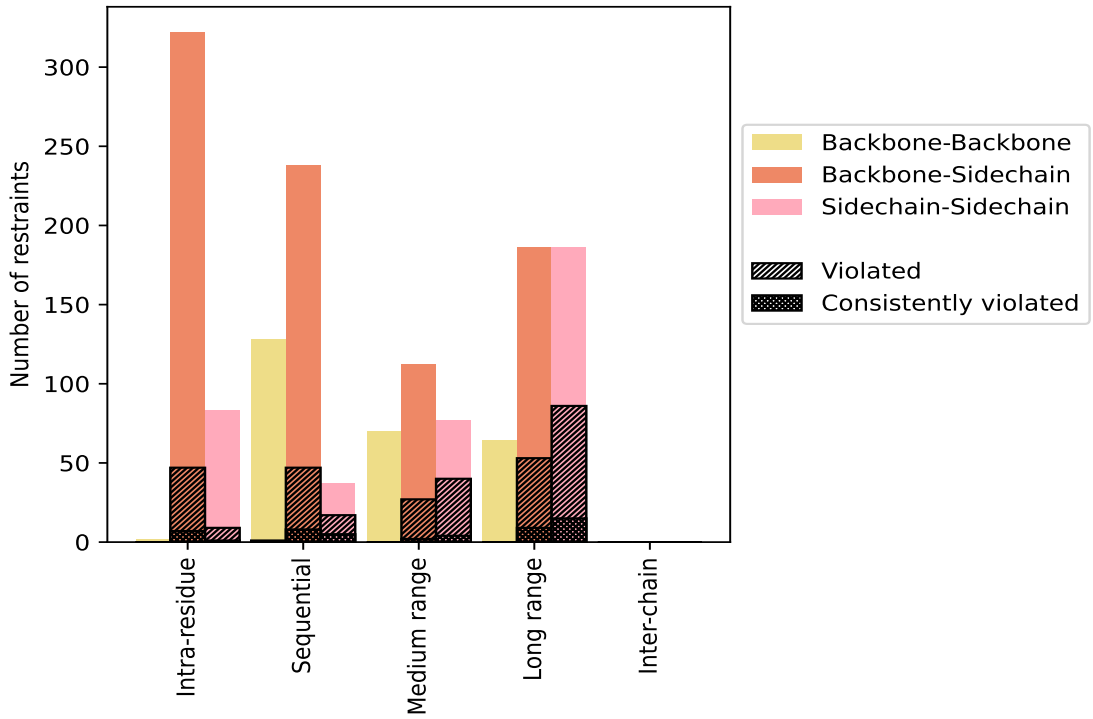
9.1 Summary of distance violations (i)

The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Restraints type	Count	%[1]	Violated[3]			Consistently Violated[4]		
			Count	%[2]	%[1]	Count	%[2]	%[1]
Intra-residue (|i-j|=0)	407	27.0	56	13.8	3.7	8	2.0	0.5
Backbone-Backbone	2	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	322	21.4	47	14.6	3.1	7	2.2	0.5
Sidechain-Sidechain	83	5.5	9	10.8	0.6	1	1.2	0.1
Sequential (|i-j|=1)	403	26.8	65	16.1	4.3	13	3.2	0.9
Backbone-Backbone	128	8.5	1	0.8	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	238	15.8	47	19.7	3.1	8	3.4	0.5
Sidechain-Sidechain	37	2.5	17	45.9	1.1	5	13.5	0.3
Medium range (|i-j|>1 & |i-j|<5)	259	17.2	67	25.9	4.5	6	2.3	0.4
Backbone-Backbone	70	4.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	112	7.4	27	24.1	1.8	2	1.8	0.1
Sidechain-Sidechain	77	5.1	40	51.9	2.7	4	5.2	0.3
Long range (|i-j|≥5)	436	29.0	139	31.9	9.2	24	5.5	1.6
Backbone-Backbone	64	4.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	186	12.4	53	28.5	3.5	9	4.8	0.6
Sidechain-Sidechain	186	12.4	86	46.2	5.7	15	8.1	1.0
Inter-chain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Hydrogen bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	1505	100.0	327	21.7	21.7	51	3.4	3.4
Backbone-Backbone	264	17.5	1	0.4	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	858	57.0	174	20.3	11.6	26	3.0	1.7
Sidechain-Sidechain	383	25.4	152	39.7	10.1	25	6.5	1.7

[1] percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, [2] percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, [3] violated in at least one model, [4] violated in all the models

9.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of distance restraints and violations (i)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model (i)

The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD[6] (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR[1]	SQ[2]	MR[3]	LR[4]	IC[5]	Total				
1	24	31	30	73	0	158	0.77	2.67	0.53	0.67
2	22	33	29	71	0	155	0.8	3.24	0.59	0.68
3	31	40	35	78	0	184	0.79	3.47	0.58	0.68
4	21	35	36	76	0	168	0.81	2.87	0.57	0.68
5	21	31	30	75	0	157	0.78	3.57	0.57	0.63
6	27	36	31	80	0	174	0.79	2.73	0.58	0.65
7	23	33	30	83	0	169	0.8	2.79	0.55	0.64
8	18	29	29	69	0	145	0.77	2.73	0.59	0.6
9	23	39	31	72	0	165	0.76	2.71	0.57	0.59
10	21	37	29	68	0	155	0.74	2.79	0.57	0.58
11	27	35	31	84	0	177	0.75	2.41	0.53	0.66

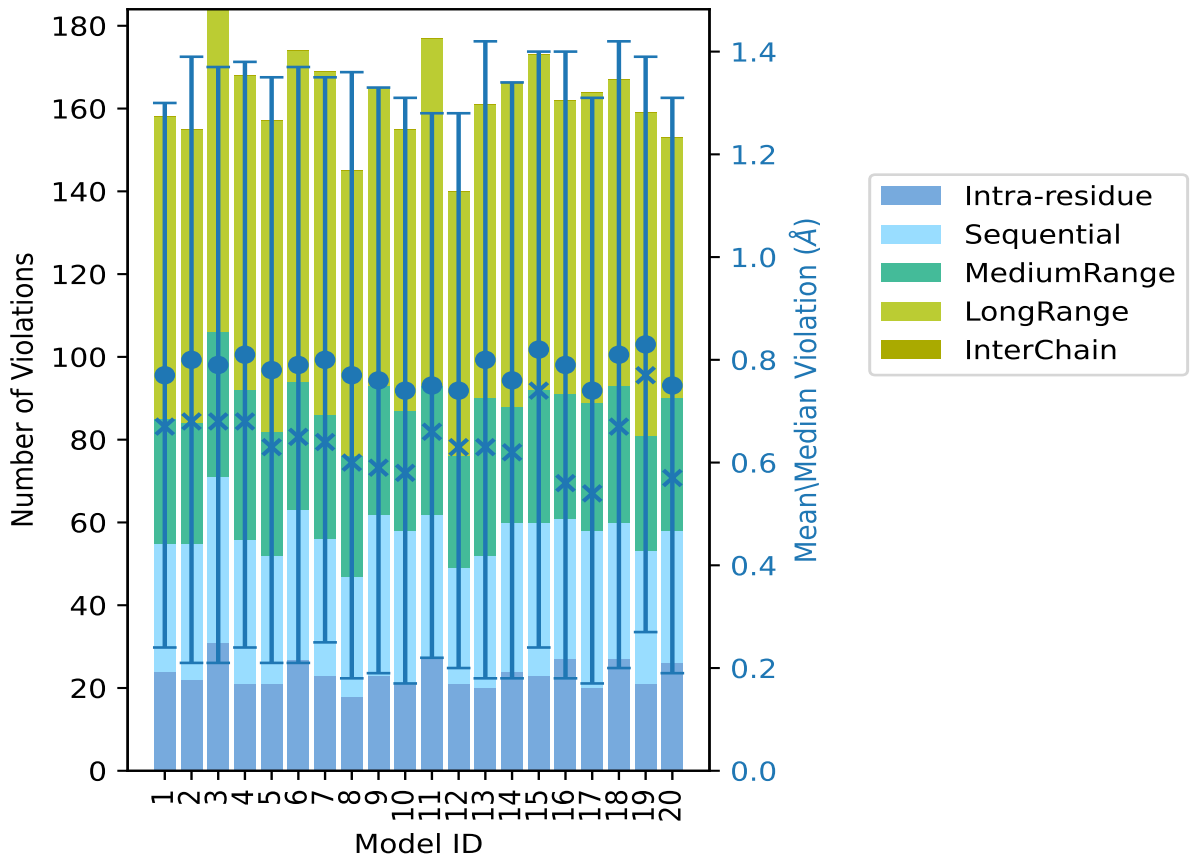
Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD[6] (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR[1]	SQ[2]	MR[3]	LR[4]	IC[5]	Total				
12	21	28	27	64	0	140	0.74	2.59	0.54	0.63
13	20	32	38	71	0	161	0.8	3.48	0.62	0.63
14	24	36	28	78	0	166	0.76	3.52	0.58	0.62
15	23	37	32	81	0	173	0.82	3.51	0.58	0.74
16	27	34	30	71	0	162	0.79	2.7	0.61	0.56
17	20	38	31	75	0	164	0.74	3.0	0.57	0.54
18	27	33	33	74	0	167	0.81	2.77	0.61	0.67
19	21	32	28	78	0	159	0.83	2.66	0.56	0.77
20	26	32	32	63	0	153	0.75	2.6	0.56	0.57

[1]Intra-residue restraints, [2]Sequential restraints, [3]Medium range restraints, [4]Long range restraints, [5]Inter-chain restraints, [6]Standard deviation

9.2.1 Bar graph : Distance Violation statistics for each model (i)



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

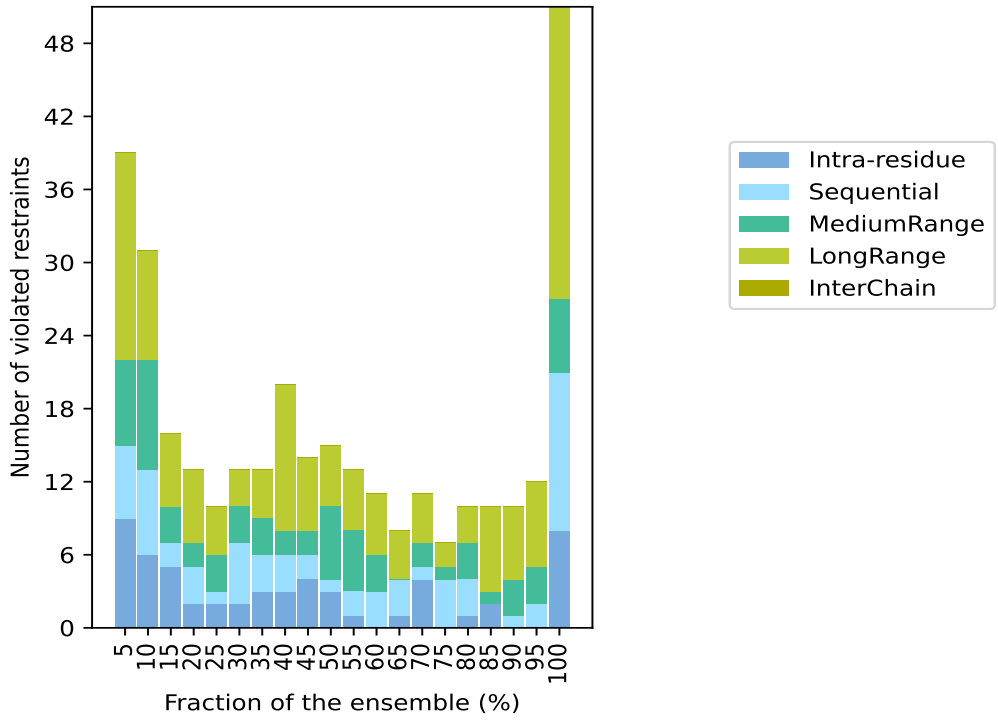
9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 1178(IR:351, SQ:338, MR:192, LR:297, IC:0) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

Number of violated restraints						Fraction of the ensemble	
IR[1]	SQ[2]	MR[3]	LR[4]	IC[5]	Total	Count[6]	%
9	6	7	17	0	39	1	5.0
6	7	9	9	0	31	2	10.0
5	2	3	6	0	16	3	15.0
2	3	2	6	0	13	4	20.0
2	1	3	4	0	10	5	25.0
2	5	3	3	0	13	6	30.0
3	3	3	4	0	13	7	35.0
3	3	2	12	0	20	8	40.0
4	2	2	6	0	14	9	45.0
3	1	6	5	0	15	10	50.0
1	2	5	5	0	13	11	55.0
0	3	3	5	0	11	12	60.0
1	3	0	4	0	8	13	65.0
4	1	2	4	0	11	14	70.0
0	4	1	2	0	7	15	75.0
1	3	3	3	0	10	16	80.0
2	0	1	7	0	10	17	85.0
0	1	3	6	0	10	18	90.0
0	2	3	7	0	12	19	95.0
8	13	6	24	0	51	20	100.0

[1]Intra-residue restraints, [2]Sequential restraints, [3]Medium range restraints, [4]Long range restraints, [5]Inter-chain restraints, [6] Number of models with violations

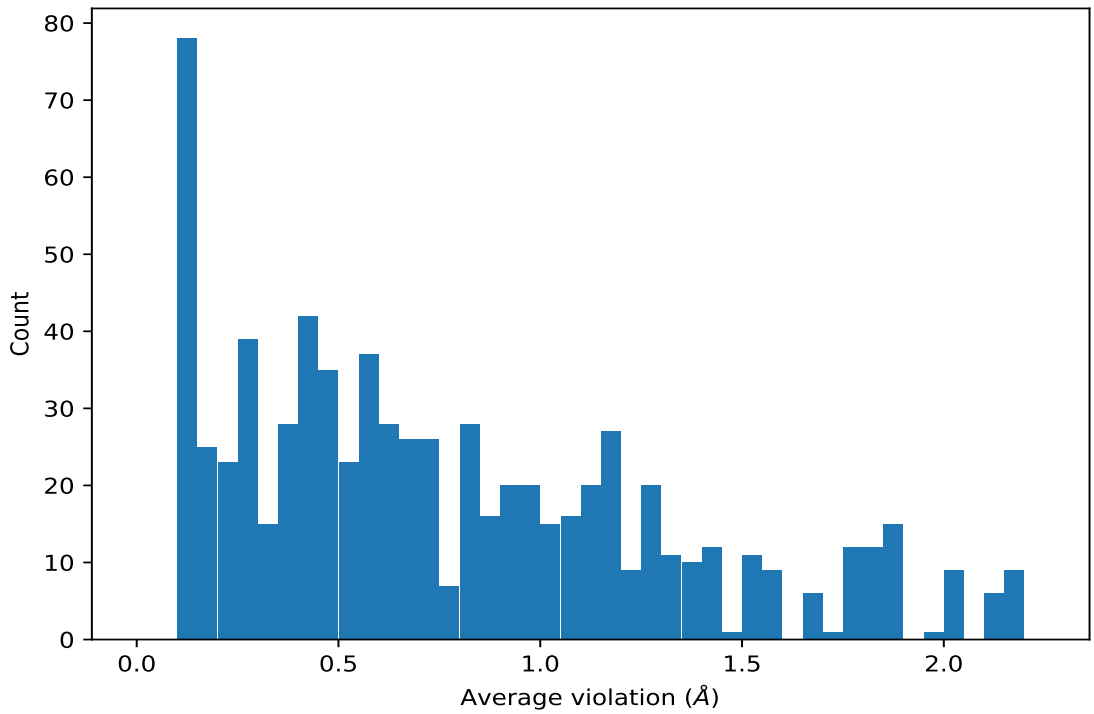
9.3.1 Bar graph : Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)



9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble (i)

9.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models in the ensemble



9.4.2 Table: Most violated distance restraints (i)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by number of violated models and the mean violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Models[1]	Mean (Å)	SD[1] (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,1184)	1:A:35:VAL:HG11	1:A:37:VAL:HG11	20	2.01	0.15	2.01
(1,1184)	1:A:35:VAL:HG11	1:A:37:VAL:HG12	20	2.01	0.15	2.01
(1,1184)	1:A:35:VAL:HG11	1:A:37:VAL:HG13	20	2.01	0.15	2.01
(1,1184)	1:A:35:VAL:HG12	1:A:37:VAL:HG11	20	2.01	0.15	2.01
(1,1184)	1:A:35:VAL:HG12	1:A:37:VAL:HG12	20	2.01	0.15	2.01
(1,1184)	1:A:35:VAL:HG12	1:A:37:VAL:HG13	20	2.01	0.15	2.01
(1,1184)	1:A:35:VAL:HG13	1:A:37:VAL:HG11	20	2.01	0.15	2.01
(1,1184)	1:A:35:VAL:HG13	1:A:37:VAL:HG12	20	2.01	0.15	2.01
(1,1184)	1:A:35:VAL:HG13	1:A:37:VAL:HG13	20	2.01	0.15	2.01
(1,750)	1:A:63:LEU:HB2	1:A:64:GLN:HG3	20	1.97	0.98	2.47
(1,1348)	1:A:14:HIS:HA	1:A:45:LEU:HD11	20	1.85	0.32	1.94
(1,1348)	1:A:14:HIS:HA	1:A:45:LEU:HD12	20	1.85	0.32	1.94
(1,1348)	1:A:14:HIS:HA	1:A:45:LEU:HD13	20	1.85	0.32	1.94
(1,716)	1:A:37:VAL:HG21	1:A:39:LYS:HB3	20	1.82	0.54	1.8
(1,716)	1:A:37:VAL:HG22	1:A:39:LYS:HB3	20	1.82	0.54	1.8
(1,716)	1:A:37:VAL:HG23	1:A:39:LYS:HB3	20	1.82	0.54	1.8

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

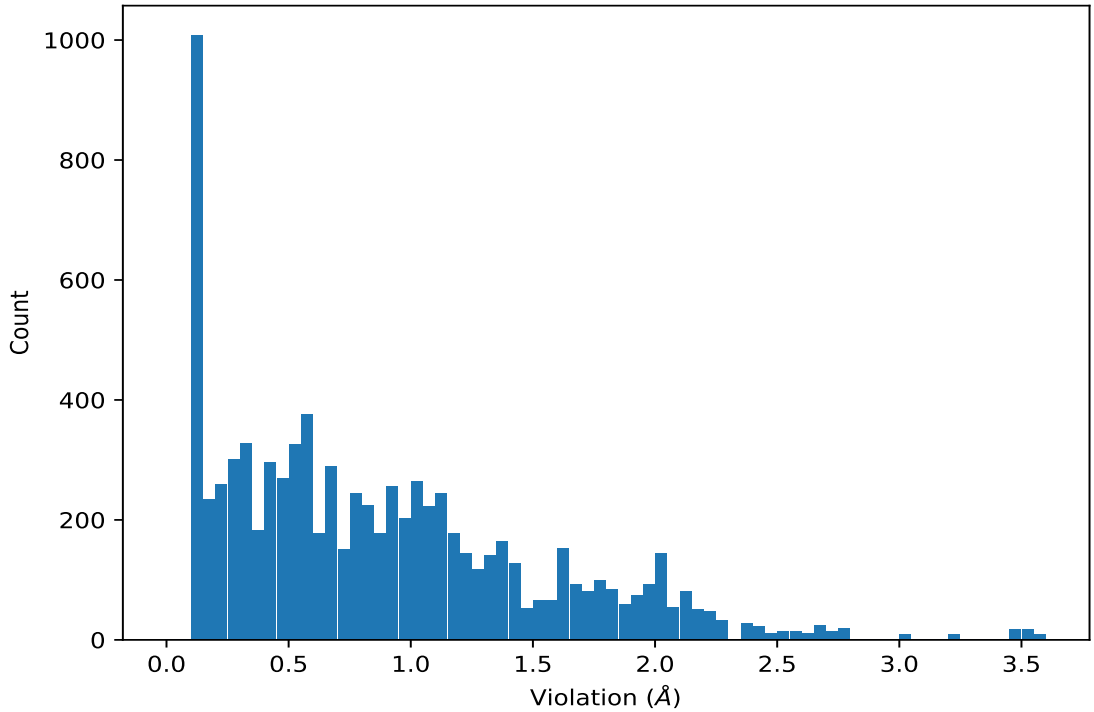
Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Models[1]	Mean (Å)	SD[1] (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,672)	1:A:46:ASN:HB3	1:A:47:ARG:HB3	20	1.74	0.77	1.25
(1,1030)	1:A:34:ASN:HB2	1:A:54:LEU:HD11	20	1.69	0.4	1.66
(1,1030)	1:A:34:ASN:HB2	1:A:54:LEU:HD12	20	1.69	0.4	1.66
(1,1030)	1:A:34:ASN:HB2	1:A:54:LEU:HD13	20	1.69	0.4	1.66
(1,442)	1:A:14:HIS:H	1:A:45:LEU:HB2	20	1.52	0.31	1.64
(1,426)	1:A:10:ASN:HD21	1:A:81:ASN:HB3	20	1.51	0.2	1.46
(1,1484)	1:A:84:PHE:HD1	1:A:86:LYS:HB3	20	1.48	0.33	1.53
(1,1156)	1:A:36:ARG:HA	1:A:37:VAL:HG11	20	1.42	0.03	1.42

[1]Number of violated models, [2]Standard deviation

9.5 All violated distance restraints (i)

9.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



9.5.2 Table : All distance violations (i)

The following table provides the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD11	1:A:30:LEU:HD21	5	3.57
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD11	1:A:30:LEU:HD22	5	3.57
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD11	1:A:30:LEU:HD23	5	3.57
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD12	1:A:30:LEU:HD21	5	3.57
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD12	1:A:30:LEU:HD22	5	3.57
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD12	1:A:30:LEU:HD23	5	3.57
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD13	1:A:30:LEU:HD21	5	3.57
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD13	1:A:30:LEU:HD22	5	3.57
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD13	1:A:30:LEU:HD23	5	3.57
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD11	1:A:30:LEU:HD21	14	3.52
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD11	1:A:30:LEU:HD22	14	3.52
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD11	1:A:30:LEU:HD23	14	3.52
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD12	1:A:30:LEU:HD21	14	3.52
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD12	1:A:30:LEU:HD22	14	3.52
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD12	1:A:30:LEU:HD23	14	3.52
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD13	1:A:30:LEU:HD21	14	3.52
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD13	1:A:30:LEU:HD22	14	3.52
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD13	1:A:30:LEU:HD23	14	3.52
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD11	1:A:30:LEU:HD21	15	3.51
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD11	1:A:30:LEU:HD22	15	3.51
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD11	1:A:30:LEU:HD23	15	3.51
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD12	1:A:30:LEU:HD21	15	3.51
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD12	1:A:30:LEU:HD22	15	3.51
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD12	1:A:30:LEU:HD23	15	3.51
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD13	1:A:30:LEU:HD21	15	3.51
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD13	1:A:30:LEU:HD22	15	3.51
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD13	1:A:30:LEU:HD23	15	3.51
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD11	1:A:30:LEU:HD21	13	3.48
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD11	1:A:30:LEU:HD22	13	3.48
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD11	1:A:30:LEU:HD23	13	3.48
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD12	1:A:30:LEU:HD21	13	3.48
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD12	1:A:30:LEU:HD22	13	3.48
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD12	1:A:30:LEU:HD23	13	3.48
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD13	1:A:30:LEU:HD21	13	3.48
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD13	1:A:30:LEU:HD22	13	3.48
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD13	1:A:30:LEU:HD23	13	3.48
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD11	1:A:30:LEU:HD21	3	3.47
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD11	1:A:30:LEU:HD22	3	3.47
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD11	1:A:30:LEU:HD23	3	3.47
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD12	1:A:30:LEU:HD21	3	3.47
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD12	1:A:30:LEU:HD22	3	3.47
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD12	1:A:30:LEU:HD23	3	3.47
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD13	1:A:30:LEU:HD21	3	3.47

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD13	1:A:30:LEU:HD22	3	3.47
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD13	1:A:30:LEU:HD23	3	3.47
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD11	1:A:30:LEU:HD21	2	3.24
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD11	1:A:30:LEU:HD22	2	3.24
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD11	1:A:30:LEU:HD23	2	3.24
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD12	1:A:30:LEU:HD21	2	3.24
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD12	1:A:30:LEU:HD22	2	3.24
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD12	1:A:30:LEU:HD23	2	3.24
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD13	1:A:30:LEU:HD21	2	3.24
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD13	1:A:30:LEU:HD22	2	3.24
(1,925)	1:A:21:LEU:HD13	1:A:30:LEU:HD23	2	3.24
(1,750)	1:A:63:LEU:HB2	1:A:64:GLN:HG3	5	3.16
(1,750)	1:A:63:LEU:HB2	1:A:64:GLN:HG3	14	3.1
(1,1006)	1:A:63:LEU:HD11	1:A:82:VAL:HG21	17	3.0
(1,1006)	1:A:63:LEU:HD11	1:A:82:VAL:HG22	17	3.0
(1,1006)	1:A:63:LEU:HD11	1:A:82:VAL:HG23	17	3.0
(1,1006)	1:A:63:LEU:HD12	1:A:82:VAL:HG21	17	3.0
(1,1006)	1:A:63:LEU:HD12	1:A:82:VAL:HG22	17	3.0
(1,1006)	1:A:63:LEU:HD12	1:A:82:VAL:HG23	17	3.0
(1,1006)	1:A:63:LEU:HD13	1:A:82:VAL:HG21	17	3.0
(1,1006)	1:A:63:LEU:HD13	1:A:82:VAL:HG22	17	3.0
(1,1006)	1:A:63:LEU:HD13	1:A:82:VAL:HG23	17	3.0
(1,750)	1:A:63:LEU:HB2	1:A:64:GLN:HG3	3	2.98

10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis (i)

Dihedral angle analysis failed due to data error in the dihedral angle restraints, possibly missing target value