

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Feb 10, 2024 – 11:55 AM EST

PDB ID	:	2Z7J
Title	:	Structural insights into de multifunctional VP3 protein of birnaviruses:gold
		derivative
Authors	:	Casanas, A.; Navarro, A.; Ferrer-Orta, C.; Gonzalez, D.; Rodriguez, J.F.;
		Verdaguer, N.
Deposited on	:	2007-08-23
Resolution	:	2.40  Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

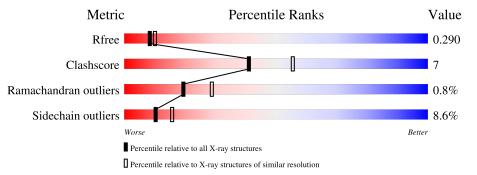
Refmac CCP4	: : : :	<ul> <li>1.13</li> <li>2.36</li> <li>20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)</li> <li>5.8.0158</li> <li>7.0.044 (Gargrove)</li> </ul>
Ideal geometry (proteins) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
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# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.40 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
R <sub>free</sub>	130704	3907 (2.40-2.40)
Clashscore	141614	4398 (2.40-2.40)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	4318 (2.40-2.40)
Sidechain outliers	138945	4319 (2.40-2.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	А	125	82%	12%	5%•



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1036 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Capsid assembly protein VP3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	А	125	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	0	0
			1004	628	177	194	5			9

• Molecule 2 is GOLD ION (three-letter code: AU) (formula: Au).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	А	3	Total Au 3 3	0	0

• Molecule 3 is water.

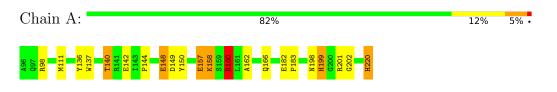
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	А	29	Total         O           29         29	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Capsid assembly protein VP3





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 41 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants	69.75Å 69.75Å 71.66Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	20.00 - 2.40	Depositor
Resolution (A)	19.71 - 2.40	EDS
% Data completeness	97.9 (20.00-2.40)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	97.9(19.71-2.40)	EDS
R <sub>merge</sub>	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$2.76 (at 2.41 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0019	Depositor
D D	0.236 , $0.285$	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.276 , $0.290$	DCC
R <sub>free</sub> test set	329 reflections $(4.59%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	52.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.051	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.33, $51.5$	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.030 for -h,l,k	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.020 for -l,-k,-h	Aurage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.86	EDS
Total number of atoms	1036	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	66.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 13.84% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

# 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: AU

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Iol     Chain     Bond lengths			Bond angles	
	Unam	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	А	0.42	0/1028	0.52	0/1389

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	1004	0	970	14	0
2	А	3	0	0	0	0
3	А	29	0	0	1	0
All	All	1036	0	970	14	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

All (14) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:220:HIS:OXT	1:A:220:HIS:ND1	2.32	0.63

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:162:ALA:HA	1:A:166:GLN:OE1	2.08	0.54
1:A:160:ARG:HD2	1:A:201:ARG:HA	1.91	0.52
1:A:136:TYR:O	1:A:140:THR:HB	2.08	0.52
1:A:160:ARG:CZ	1:A:202:GLY:H	2.22	0.52
1:A:98:ARG:NH2	3:A:225:HOH:O	2.28	0.51
1:A:140:THR:CG2	1:A:142:GLU:H	2.26	0.49
1:A:140:THR:HG22	1:A:142:GLU:H	1.81	0.45
1:A:148:GLU:HB3	1:A:150:TYR:CE1	2.53	0.43
1:A:182:GLU:HA	1:A:183:PRO:HD3	1.87	0.42
1:A:157:GLU:HB3	1:A:158:LYS:HE2	2.03	0.41
1:A:137:TRP:HB2	1:A:144:PRO:HG3	2.02	0.41
1:A:158:LYS:HG3	1:A:201:ARG:HH22	1.86	0.41
1:A:198:ASN:C	1:A:199:HIS:CG	2.95	0.40

Continued from previous page...

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	123/125~(98%)	120 (98%)	2(2%)	1 (1%)	19 29

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	160	ARG

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.



The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	105/105~(100%)	96~(91%)	9~(9%)	10 16

All (9) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	111	MET
1	А	140	THR
1	А	148	GLU
1	А	149	ASP
1	А	157	GLU
1	А	158	LYS
1	А	160	ARG
1	А	199	HIS
1	А	220	HIS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.



There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

## 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

