

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Sep 17, 2023 – 10:54 AM EDT

PDB ID : 4Z6U

Title: Structure of H200E variant of Homoprotocatechuate 2,3-Dioxygenase from

B.fuscum in complex with 4-nitrocatechol at 1.48 Ang resolution

Authors: Kovaleva, E.G.; Lipscomb, J.D.

Deposited on : 2015-04-06

Resolution : 1.48 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.35.1

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

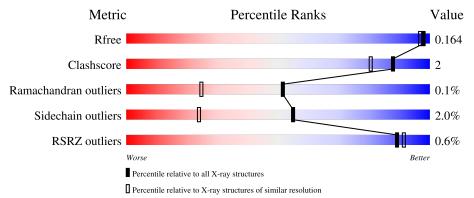
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.48 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	Similar resolution $(\# \text{Entries, resolution range}(\text{\AA}))$
R_{free}	130704	4690 (1.50-1.46)
Clashscore	141614	4955 (1.50-1.46)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	4846 (1.50-1.46)
Sidechain outliers	138945	4844 (1.50-1.46)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4614 (1.50-1.46)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	365	91%	6%	
1	В	365	88%	10%	.
1	С	365	90%	7%	-
1	D	365	91%	7%	-



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 13504 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Homoprotocatechuate 2,3-dioxygenase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Λ	355	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	A	355	2935	1843	518	567	7	0	0	
1	В	359	Total	С	N	О	S	0	8	0
1	Ъ	309	2961	1862	521	571	7	0		U
1	С	353	Total	С	N	О	S	0	Q	0
1		399	2918	1835	514	561	8		0	
1	D	358	Total	С	N	О	S	0	8	0
1	ע	390	2952	1858	519	567	8	U	0	U

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

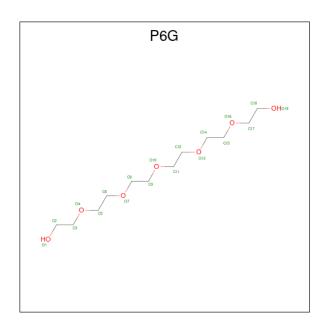
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	200	GLU	HIS	engineered mutation	UNP Q45135
В	200	GLU	HIS	engineered mutation	UNP Q45135
С	200	GLU	HIS	engineered mutation	UNP Q45135
D	200	GLU	HIS	engineered mutation	UNP Q45135

• Molecule 2 is FE (II) ION (three-letter code: FE2) (formula: Fe).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total Fe 1 1	0	0
2	В	1	Total Fe 1 1	0	0
2	С	1	Total Fe 1 1	0	0
2	D	1	Total Fe 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 3 is HEXAETHYLENE GLYCOL (three-letter code: P6G) (formula: $C_{12}H_{26}O_7$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total C O 19 12 7	0	0
3	В	1	Total C O 19 12 7	0	0
3	В	1	Total C O 19 12 7	0	0
3	С	1	Total C O 19 12 7	0	0
3	D	1	Total C O 19 12 7	0	0

• Molecule 4 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

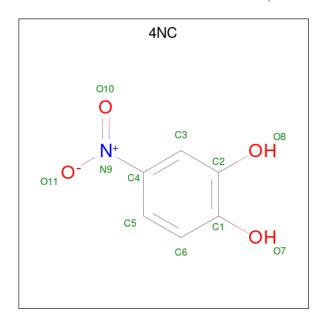
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total Cl 1 1	0	0
4	В	1	Total Cl 1 1	0	0
4	С	1	Total Cl 1 1	0	1
4	D	1	Total Cl 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 5 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	В	1	Total Ca 1 1	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 6 is 4-NITROCATECHOL (three-letter code: 4NC) (formula: $\mathrm{C_6H_5NO_4}).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	С	1	Total C N O 11 6 1 4	0	1

• Molecule 7 is water.

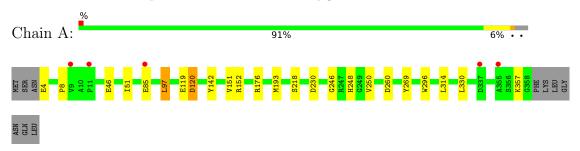
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	400	Total O 400 400	0	1
7	В	417	Total O 417 417	0	1
7	С	386	Total O 387 387	0	3
7	D	419	Total O 419 419	0	3



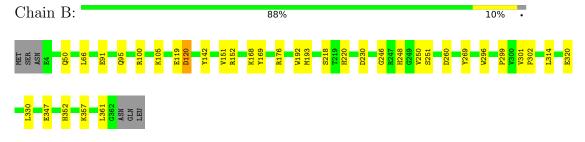
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

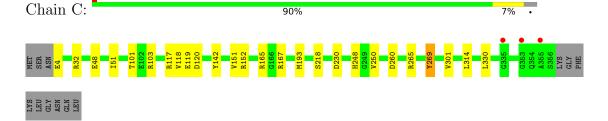
• Molecule 1: Homoprotocatechuate 2,3-dioxygenase



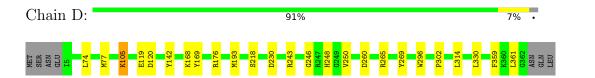
• Molecule 1: Homoprotocatechuate 2,3-dioxygenase



• Molecule 1: Homoprotocatechuate 2,3-dioxygenase



• Molecule 1: Homoprotocatechuate 2,3-dioxygenase





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants	110.27Å 150.88Å 95.92Å	Donositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	45.70 - 1.48	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	45.71 - 1.48	EDS
% Data completeness	99.0 (45.70-1.48)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.0 (45.71-1.48)	EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.06	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.97 (at 1.48Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0069	Depositor
D D.	0.117 , 0.162	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.119 , 0.164	DCC
R_{free} test set	13081 reflections $(4.98%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	16.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.067	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.34, 45.1	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L >=0.48, < L^2>=0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.98	EDS
Total number of atoms	13504	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	21.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.37% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FE2, P6G, CA, CL, 4NC

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	A	0.66	0/3009	0.81	$2/4086 \; (0.0\%)$
1	В	0.65	0/3036	0.81	$2/4121 \ (0.0\%)$
1	С	0.62	0/2992	0.82	6/4065 (0.1%)
1	D	0.60	0/3027	0.79	4/4108 (0.1%)
All	All	0.63	0/12064	0.80	14/16380 (0.1%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (14) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	D	243	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.36	117.12	120.30
1	В	100	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.13	117.24	120.30
1	С	117	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.94	117.33	120.30
1	D	265	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.93	123.27	120.30
1	С	165	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.93	123.27	120.30
1	A	120	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.92	123.63	118.30
1	A	120	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-5.81	113.07	118.30
1	D	243	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.40	123.00	120.30
1	В	120	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.39	123.15	118.30
1	С	167	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.35	117.62	120.30
1	D	176	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	5.24	122.92	120.30
1	С	103	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.21	122.90	120.30
1	С	265	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.09	122.85	120.30
1	С	269	TYR	CA-CB-CG	5.03	122.95	113.40

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.



5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2935	0	2771	11	0
1	В	2961	0	2799	18	0
1	С	2918	0	2763	12	0
1	D	2952	0	2796	12	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
2	В	1	0	0	0	0
2	С	1	0	0	0	0
2	D	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	19	0	26	0	0
3	В	38	0	52	0	0
3	С	19	0	26	0	0
3	D	19	0	26	0	0
4	A	1	0	0	0	0
4	В	1	0	0	0	0
4	С	1	0	0	0	0
4	D	1	0	0	0	0
5	В	1	0	0	0	0
6	С	11	0	3	0	0
7	A	400	0	0	0	0
7	В	417	0	0	1	0
7	С	387	0	0	0	0
7	D	419	0	0	0	0
All	All	13504	0	11262	47	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

All (47) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance (Å)} \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:8:PRO:HG3	1:A:97:LEU:HD13	1.76	0.68
1:B:302:PRO:HG3	1:B:361:LEU:HD23	1.85	0.59
1:C:218[A]:SER:HA	1:C:269:TYR:O	2.05	0.56
1:A:218:SER:HA	1:A:269:TYR:O	2.07	0.55
1:D:218[B]:SER:HA	1:D:269:TYR:O	2.08	0.53

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Continuea from previ		Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance}\ (\mathring{\rm A})$	overlap (Å)
1:C:48:GLU:CD	1:C:48:GLU:H	2.11	0.53
1:C:330:LEU:C	1:C:330:LEU:HD23	2.29	0.53
1:C:218[B]:SER:HA	1:C:269:TYR:O	2.08	0.53
1:A:248:HIS:HB3	1:A:250:VAL:O	2.10	0.51
1:D:119:GLU:HG3	1:D:314:LEU:HG	1.94	0.50
1:D:302:PRO:HG3	1:D:361:LEU:HD22	1.93	0.50
1:D:218[A]:SER:HA	1:D:269:TYR:O	2.12	0.49
1:B:151:VAL:HG11	1:B:220:HIS:CE1	2.47	0.49
1:C:248:HIS:HB3	1:C:250:VAL:O	2.13	0.48
1:B:91:GLU:HG2	1:B:95:GLN:NE2	2.29	0.48
1:B:142:TYR:CG	1:C:230:ASP:HB3	2.50	0.47
1:D:74:LEU:HD21	1:D:77[B]:MET:HG3	1.96	0.47
1:B:218:SER:HA	1:B:269:TYR:O	2.15	0.47
1:A:142:TYR:CG	1:D:230:ASP:HB3	2.50	0.47
1:C:151:VAL:HG23	1:C:152[A]:ARG:HG3	1.97	0.47
1:C:119:GLU:HG3	1:C:314:LEU:HG	1.98	0.46
1:A:230:ASP:HB3	1:D:142:TYR:CG	2.50	0.46
1:A:246:GLY:HA2	1:A:296:TRP:CZ3	2.51	0.46
1:D:330:LEU:HD23	1:D:330:LEU:C	2.37	0.46
1:A:119:GLU:HG3	1:A:314:LEU:HG	1.99	0.44
1:B:299:PRO:HD3	1:B:357:LYS:HG3	2.00	0.44
1:D:248:HIS:HB3	1:D:250:VAL:O	2.17	0.44
1:B:301:VAL:HG12	1:D:359:PHE:CE2	2.52	0.44
1:B:176:ARG:HD3	7:B:640:HOH:O	2.17	0.44
1:B:230:ASP:HB3	1:C:142:TYR:CG	2.53	0.44
1:B:248:HIS:HB3	1:B:250:VAL:O	2.17	0.44
1:B:246:GLY:HA2	1:B:296:TRP:CZ3	2.53	0.43
1:B:192:TRP:CE2	1:B:250:VAL:HG11	2.54	0.43
1:A:330:LEU:C	1:A:330:LEU:HD23	2.39	0.43
1:B:119:GLU:HG3	1:B:314:LEU:HG	2.00	0.43
1:B:347:GLU:OE2	1:B:352:HIS:NE2	2.48	0.42
1:A:46[B]:GLU:HG3	1:A:51:ILE:HG12	2.00	0.42
1:C:101:THR:HG22	1:C:118:VAL:HG12	2.02	0.42
1:B:330:LEU:C	1:B:330:LEU:HD23	2.39	0.41
1:C:32:ARG:HB2	1:C:51:ILE:CD1	2.50	0.41
1:D:105:LYS:HA	1:D:105:LYS:HD2	1.84	0.41
1:B:151:VAL:HG23	1:B:152[B]:ARG:HG3	2.02	0.41
1:A:357:LYS:O	1:C:301[B]:VAL:HG11	2.21	0.41
1:A:151:VAL:HG23	1:A:152[B]:ARG:HG3	2.01	0.40
1:B:50:GLN:HA	1:B:66:LEU:O	2.21	0.40
1:B:192:TRP:CD2	1:B:250:VAL:HG11	2.56	0.40

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Atom-1	1100111 1		$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:D:246:GLY:HA2	1:D:296:TRP:CZ3	2.56	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	361/365~(99%)	351 (97%)	10 (3%)	0	100	100
1	В	365/365~(100%)	355 (97%)	9 (2%)	1 (0%)	41	18
1	С	359/365~(98%)	349 (97%)	10 (3%)	0	100	100
1	D	$364/365\ (100\%)$	355 (98%)	9 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	$1449/1460 \ (99\%)$	1410 (97%)	38 (3%)	1 (0%)	51	25

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	251	SER

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric		Percentiles
1	A	$312/313 \ (100\%)$	305 (98%)	7 (2%)	52 20

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	В	315/313 (101%)	308 (98%)	7 (2%)	52	20
1	С	311/313 (99%)	307 (99%)	4 (1%)	69	42
1	D	314/313 (100%)	308 (98%)	6 (2%)	57	26
All	All	1252/1252 (100%)	1228 (98%)	24 (2%)	55	26

All (24) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	4	GLU
1	A	85	GLU
1	A	97	LEU
1	A	120	ASP
1	A	176	ARG
1	A	193	MET
1	A	260	ASP
1	В	105	LYS
1	В	120	ASP
1	В	168	LYS
1	В	169	TYR
1	В	193	MET
1	В	260	ASP
1	В	320	GLU
1	С	4	GLU
1	С	120	ASP
1	C C C	193	MET
1		260	ASP
1	D	105	LYS
1	D	120	ASP
1	D	168	LYS
1	D	169	TYR
1	D	193	MET
1	D	260	ASP

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 15 ligands modelled in this entry, 9 are monoatomic - leaving 6 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Mol Type Chain Res		Link Bond lengths			Bond angles				
IVIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	P6G	В	404	-	18,18,18	0.60	0	17,17,17	0.46	0
6	4NC	С	403[A]	2	10,11,11	3.48	3 (30%)	13,15,15	1.55	3 (23%)
3	P6G	В	403	-	18,18,18	0.43	0	17,17,17	0.45	0
3	P6G	D	402	-	18,18,18	0.58	0	17,17,17	0.30	0
3	P6G	С	402	-	18,18,18	0.44	0	17,17,17	0.65	0
3	P6G	A	402	_	18,18,18	0.51	0	17,17,17	0.61	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	P6G	В	404	-	-	3/16/16/16	-
6	4NC	С	403[A]	2	-	0/2/4/4	0/1/1/1
3	P6G	В	403	-	-	2/16/16/16	-
3	P6G	D	402	-	-	1/16/16/16	-
3	P6G	С	402	-	-	3/16/16/16	-
3	P6G	A	402	-	-	4/16/16/16	-

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(A)	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
6	С	403[A]	4NC	O10-N9	8.11	1.36	1.22
6	С	403[A]	4NC	C2-C1	6.35	1.50	1.40
6	С	403[A]	4NC	C4-N9	-2.26	1.39	1.45

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
6	С	403[A]	4NC	O7-C1-C6	2.49	126.09	119.33
6	С	403[A]	4NC	C5-C4-N9	2.17	121.01	119.38
6	С	403[A]	4NC	C3-C4-N9	-2.10	116.89	118.75

There are no chirality outliers.

All (13) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	В	403	P6G	O1-C2-C3-O4
3	В	404	P6G	O16-C17-C18-O19
3	A	402	P6G	O4-C5-C6-O7
3	A	402	P6G	C9-C8-O7-C6
3	В	403	P6G	C9-C8-O7-C6
3	A	402	P6G	C6-C5-O4-C3
3	D	402	P6G	C5-C6-O7-C8
3	С	402	P6G	C9-C8-O7-C6
3	С	402	P6G	C6-C5-O4-C3
3	В	404	P6G	C14-C15-O16-C17
3	В	404	P6G	O13-C14-C15-O16
3	A	402	P6G	C5-C6-O7-C8
3	С	402	P6G	C5-C6-O7-C8

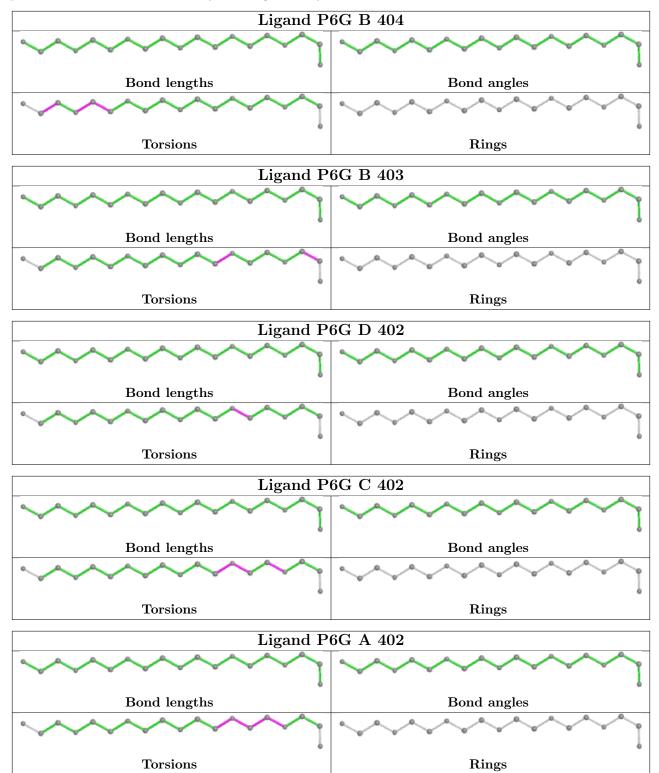
There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient



equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.



5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	# RSRZ > 2	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	355/365~(97%)	-0.25	5 (1%) 75 78	12, 20, 34, 50	0
1	В	359/365 (98%)	-0.35	0 100 100	11, 18, 30, 45	0
1	С	353/365~(96%)	-0.26	3 (0%) 86 88	10, 17, 32, 53	0
1	D	358/365 (98%)	-0.30	0 100 100	11, 18, 31, 42	0
All	All	$1425/1460 \ (97\%)$	-0.29	8 (0%) 89 91	10, 18, 32, 53	0

All (8) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	С	355	ALA	4.9
1	A	9	VAL	3.3
1	С	353	GLY	2.6
1	A	85	GLU	2.6
1	A	11	PRO	2.4
1	A	355	ALA	2.3
1	С	335	GLY	2.1
1	A	337	ASP	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



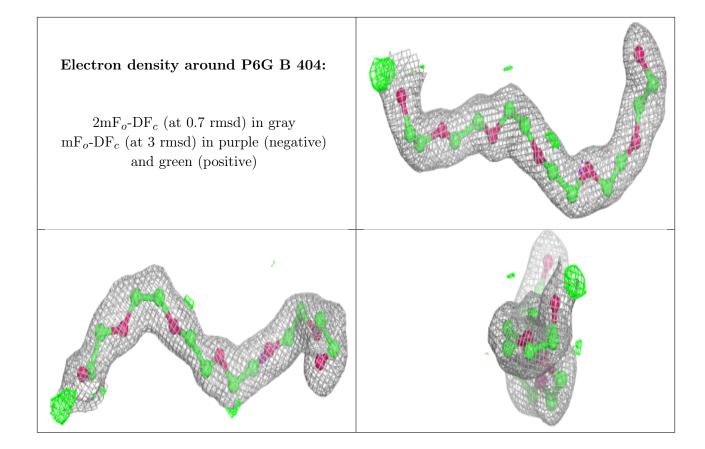
6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}({\rm \AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	P6G	В	404	19/19	0.95	0.07	29,34,38,41	0
3	P6G	A	402	19/19	0.96	0.09	25,30,56,58	0
6	4NC	С	403[A]	11/11	0.96	0.12	16,18,26,33	11
3	P6G	D	402	19/19	0.97	0.10	19,25,45,57	0
3	P6G	С	402	19/19	0.97	0.08	16,22,38,49	0
3	P6G	В	403	19/19	0.98	0.09	18,25,41,49	0
2	FE2	С	401	1/1	1.00	0.04	18,18,18,18	1
2	FE2	D	401	1/1	1.00	0.04	18,18,18,18	1
2	FE2	A	401	1/1	1.00	0.04	21,21,21,21	1
4	CL	A	403	1/1	1.00	0.04	22,22,22,22	0
4	CL	В	405	1/1	1.00	0.06	18,18,18,18	0
4	CL	С	404[B]	1/1	1.00	0.13	11,11,11,11	1
4	CL	D	403	1/1	1.00	0.04	19,19,19,19	0
5	CA	В	402	1/1	1.00	0.04	15,15,15,15	0
2	FE2	В	401	1/1	1.00	0.03	19,19,19,19	1

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





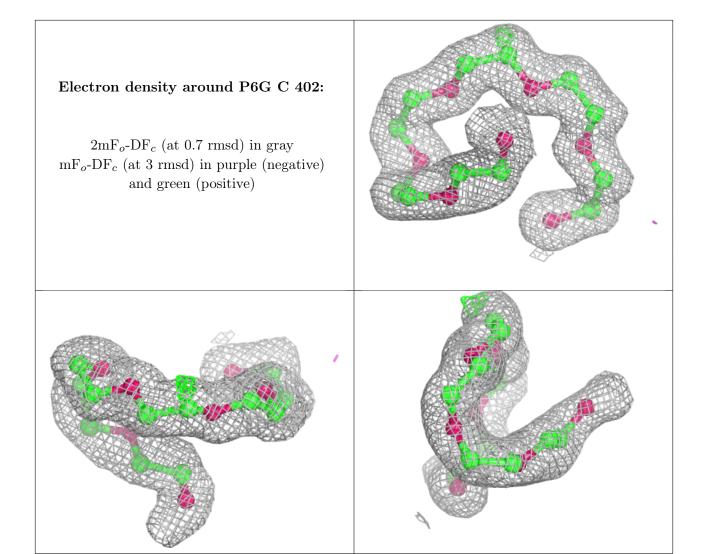


Electron density around P6G A 402: $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

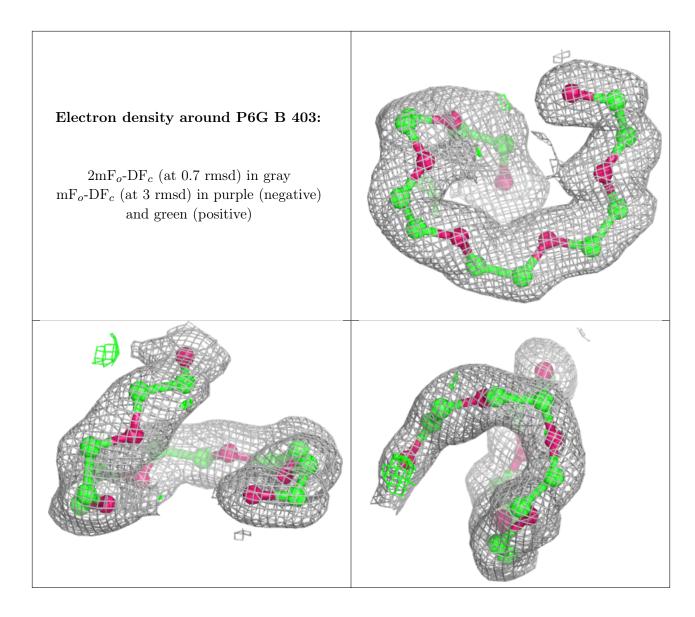


Electron density around P6G D 402: $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)









6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

