

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Nov 9, 2022 – 04:54 pm GMT

PDB ID : 7YWU

Title: Eugenol oxidase from rhodococcus jostii: mutant S81H, A423M, H434Y,

S394V, I445D, S518P

Authors : Alvigini, L.; Mattevi, A.

Deposited on : 2022-02-14

Resolution : 2.80 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.orgA user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.31.2 buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0267$

CCP4 : 7.1.010 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

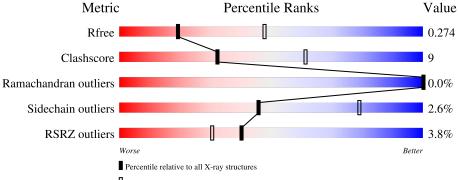
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.31.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Percentile relative to X-ray structures of similar resolution

Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries,\ resolution\ range(\mathring{\rm A})}) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	3140 (2.80-2.80)
Clashscore	141614	3569 (2.80-2.80)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3498 (2.80-2.80)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3500 (2.80-2.80)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3078 (2.80-2.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	526	87%	12%	
1	В	526	2%	14%	
1	С	526	% 	13%	
1	D	526	86%	13%	
1	Е	526	78%	20%	

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	F	526	79%	19%	
			10%	1370	
1	G	526	71%	26%	••
1	Н	526	7%	20%	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	GOL	С	602	-	-	X	-



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 33232 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Probable vanillyl-alcohol oxidase.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	525	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	A	525	4125	2633	700	768	24	U	0	
1	В	525	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	Б	525	4120	2629	699	768	24	U	0	
1	С	522	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1		322	4097	2616	693	764	24	U		
1	D	525	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	D	525	4131	2635	701	771	24			
1	Е	521	Total	С	N	O	S	0	0	0
1	ш	521	4075	2604	688	759	24	U	0	
1	F	524	Total	С	Ν	O	S	0	0	0
1	I.	324	4058	2593	685	756	24	U	0	
1	G	522	Total	С	Ν	O	S	0	0	0
1	G	322	4031	2578	666	763	24	U	0	U
1	Н	522	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	11	322	4010	2566	664	755	25	U	0	0

There are 48 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	81	HIS	SER	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
A	394	VAL	SER engineered mutation		UNP Q0SBK1
A	423	MET	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
A	434	TYR	HIS	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
Α	445	ASP	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
A	518	PRO	SER	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
В	81	HIS	SER	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
В	394	VAL	SER	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
В	423	MET	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
В	434	TYR	HIS	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
В	445	ASP	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
В	518	PRO	SER	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
С	81	HIS	SER	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1

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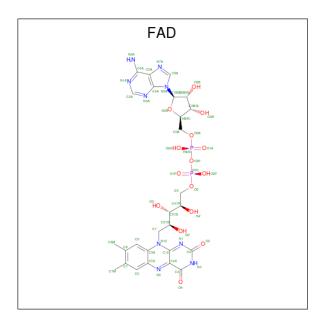


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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
С	394	VAL	SER	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
С	423	MET	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
С	434	TYR	HIS	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
С	445	ASP	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
С	518	PRO	SER	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
D	81	HIS	SER	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
D	394	VAL	SER	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
D	423	MET	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
D	434	TYR	HIS	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
D	445	ASP	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
D	518	PRO	SER	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
Е	81	HIS	SER	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
Е	394	VAL	SER	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
Е	423	MET	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
Е	434	TYR	HIS	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
Е	445	ASP	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
Е	518	PRO	SER	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
F	81	HIS	SER	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
F	394	VAL	SER	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
F	423	MET	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
F	434	TYR	HIS	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
F	445	ASP	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
F	518	PRO	SER	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
G	81	HIS	SER	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
G	394	VAL	SER	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
G	423	MET	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
G	434	TYR	HIS	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
G	445	ASP	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
G	518	PRO	SER	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
Н	81	HIS	SER	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
Н	394	VAL	SER	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
Н	423	MET	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
Н	434	TYR	HIS	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
Н	445	ASP	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1
Н	518	PRO	SER	engineered mutation	UNP Q0SBK1

 \bullet Molecule 2 is FLAVIN-ADENINE DINUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: FAD) (formula: $C_{27}H_{33}N_9O_{15}P_2)$ (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

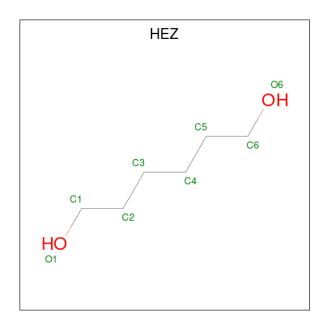




Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	
2 A	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0		
	А	1	53	27	9	15	2	U	0	
2	С	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	
	C	1	53	27	9	15	2	U		
2	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	
2	D	1	53	27	9	15	2			
2	E	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	
	ינו	1	53	27	9	15	2	U	U	
2	G	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	
	G	1	53	27	9	15	2	U	U	
2	Н	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	
$\begin{vmatrix} 2 \end{vmatrix}$	H	1	53	27	9	15	2	0		

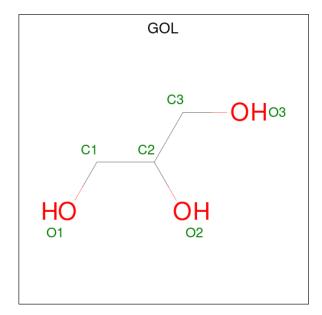
 \bullet Molecule 3 is HEXANE-1,6-DIOL (three-letter code: HEZ) (formula: $\mathrm{C_6H_{14}O_2}).$





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total C O 8 6 2	0	0
3	A	1	Total C O 8 6 2	0	0
3	В	1	Total C O 8 6 2	0	0
3	D	1	Total C O 8 6 2	0	0

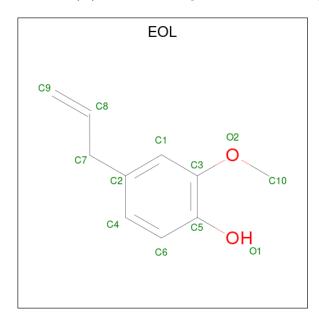
 \bullet Molecule 4 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: $\mathrm{C_3H_8O_3}).$





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
4	С	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0

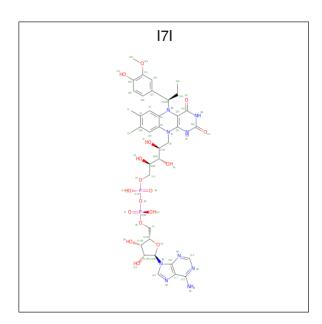
• Molecule 5 is 2-methoxy-4-(prop-2-en-1-yl)phenol (three-letter code: EOL) (formula: $C_{10}H_{12}O_2$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total C O 12 10 2	0	0
5	С	1	Total C O 12 10 2	0	0
5	D	1	Total C O 12 10 2	0	0
5	Е	1	Total C O 12 10 2	0	0
5	G	1	Total C O 12 10 2	0	0

• Molecule 6 is [[(2 {S},3 {S},4 {R},5 {R})-5-(6-aminopurin-9-yl)-3,4-bis(oxidanyl)oxolan-2-y l]methoxy-oxidanyl-phosphoryl] [(2 {R},3 {S},4 {S})-5-[5-[(1 {R})-1-(3-methoxy-4-oxidany l-phenyl)propyl]-7,8-dimethyl-2,4-bis(oxidanylidene)-1 {H}-benzo[g]pteridin-10-yl]-2,3,4-t ris(oxidanyl)pentyl] hydrogen phosphate (three-letter code: I7I) (formula: $C_{37}H_{47}N_9O_{17}P_2$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
6	6 B	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
0		1	65	37	9	17	2	U	0
6	E	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
0	О Г	1	65	37	9	17	2	U	

• Molecule 7 is water.

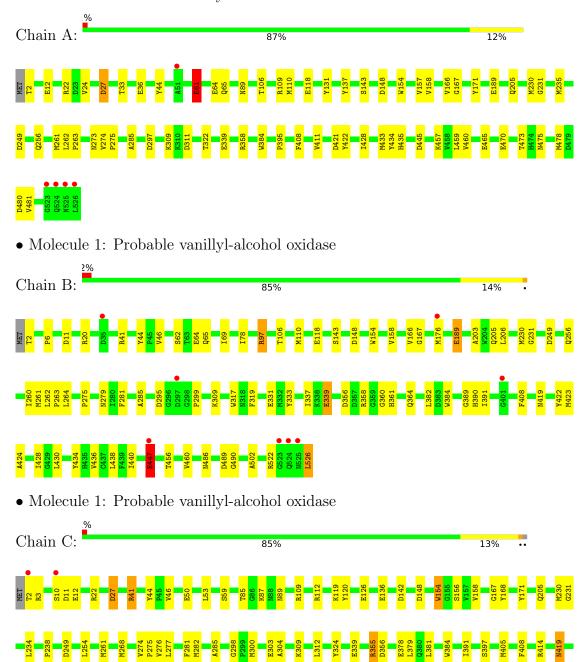
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	8	Total O 8 8	0	0
7	В	5	Total O 5 5	0	0
7	С	5	Total O 5 5	0	0
7	D	8	Total O 8 8	0	0
7	E	2	Total O 2 2	0	0
7	G	4	Total O 4 4	0	0
7	Н	1	Total O 1 1	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

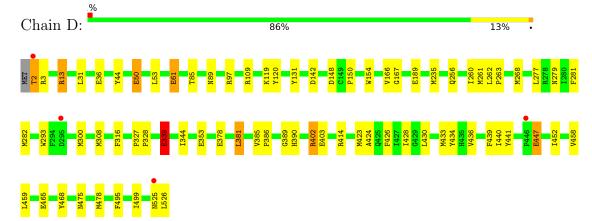
• Molecule 1: Probable vanillyl-alcohol oxidase



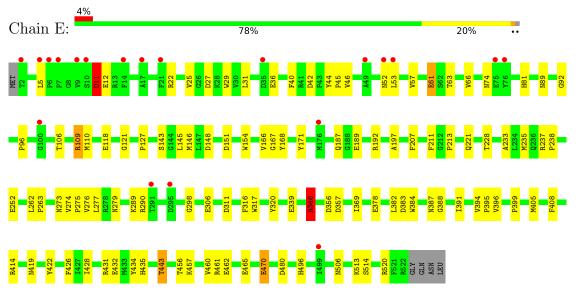




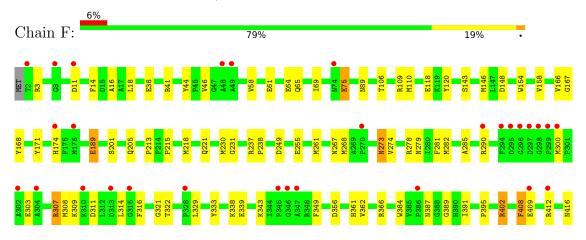
 \bullet Molecule 1: Probable vanilly l-alcohol oxidase



• Molecule 1: Probable vanilly l-alcohol oxidase



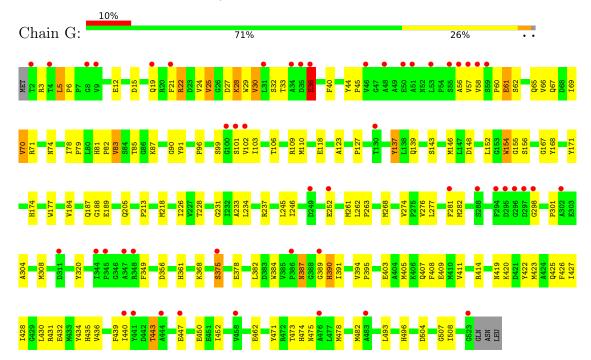
• Molecule 1: Probable vanillyl-alcohol oxidase



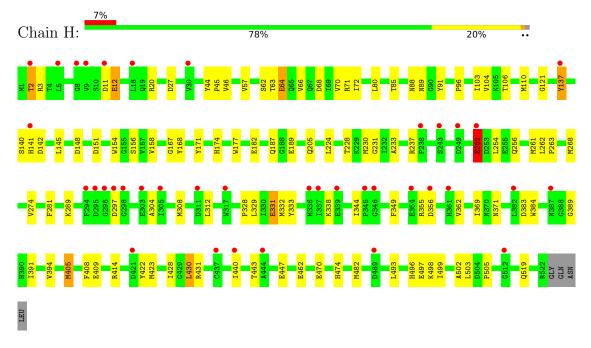




• Molecule 1: Probable vanillyl-alcohol oxidase



• Molecule 1: Probable vanillyl-alcohol oxidase





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	149.64Å 79.43Å 189.18Å	Donositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 96.25° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	49.34 - 2.80	Depositor
Resolution (A)	49.29 - 2.80	EDS
% Data completeness	97.5 (49.34-2.80)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	97.5 (49.29-2.80)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.17	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.65 (at 2.81Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0238	Depositor
D D.	0.227 , 0.274	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.227 , 0.274	DCC
R_{free} test set	5453 reflections (5.11%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	50.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.102	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	(Not available), (Not available)	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L > = 0.50, < L^2 > = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.91	EDS
Total number of atoms	33232	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	55.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 8.39% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GOL, HEZ, FAD, I7I, EOL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Mol Chain		ond lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5	
1	A	0.74	3/4234 (0.1%)	0.80	4/5747 (0.1%)	
1	В	0.69	$1/4229 \ (0.0\%)$	0.81	5/5742 (0.1%)	
1	С	0.68	$1/4206 \ (0.0\%)$	0.80	3/5710 (0.1%)	
1	D	0.75	7/4240 (0.2%)	0.83	6/5755 (0.1%)	
1	Е	0.74	4/4184 (0.1%)	0.87	9/5684 (0.2%)	
1	F	0.86	4/4167 (0.1%)	0.84	6/5668 (0.1%)	
1	G	0.88	5/4140 (0.1%)	0.89	6/5636 (0.1%)	
1	Н	0.86	7/4119 (0.2%)	0.92	9/5612 (0.2%)	
All	All	0.78	$32/33519 \ (0.1\%)$	0.85	48/45554 (0.1%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	D	0	1
1	F	0	2
All	All	0	3

The worst 5 of 32 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
1	G	447	GLU	CD-OE2	28.59	1.57	1.25
1	F	409	GLU	CD-OE2	22.32	1.50	1.25
1	Н	2	THR	CB-OG1	22.06	1.87	1.43
1	F	409	GLU	CD-OE1	-18.49	1.05	1.25
1	A	61	GLU	CD-OE1	-18.33	1.05	1.25

The worst 5 of 48 bond angle outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	Ε	339	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	-14.00	106.50	123.30
1	G	36	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	-12.87	107.86	123.30
1	Н	189	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	-11.96	108.95	123.30
1	D	339	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	-11.68	109.29	123.30
1	G	447	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	-11.12	109.96	123.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	D	447	GLU	Sidechain
1	F	361	HIS	Sidechain
1	F	75	GLU	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4125	0	3995	46	1
1	В	4120	0	3982	57	1
1	С	4097	0	3963	49	4
1	D	4131	0	4001	51	0
1	Е	4075	0	3930	86	3
1	F	4058	0	3875	92	0
1	G	4031	0	3825	131	1
1	Н	4010	0	3792	78	0
2	A	53	0	29	2	0
2	С	53	0	30	1	0
2	D	53	0	30	3	0
2	Е	53	0	29	2	0
2	G	53	0	29	1	0
2	Н	53	0	29	3	0
3	A	16	0	28	3	0
3	В	8	0	14	1	0
3	D	8	0	14	0	0
4	A	6	0	8	0	0
4	С	6	0	8	5	0
5	A	12	0	11	1	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	С	12	0	12	0	0
5	D	12	0	11	2	0
5	E	12	0	12	1	0
5	G	12	0	12	3	0
6	В	65	0	0	3	0
6	F	65	0	0	3	0
7	A	8	0	0	1	0
7	В	5	0	0	0	0
7	С	5	0	0	0	0
7	D	8	0	0	0	0
7	\mathbf{E}	2	0	0	0	0
7	G	4	0	0	0	0
7	Н	1	0	0	1	0
All	All	33232	0	31669	573	5

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

The worst 5 of 573 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:97:ARG:HH12	1:B:526:LEU:CD1	1.25	1.48
1:H:2:THR:OG1	1:H:2:THR:CB	1.87	1.22
1:B:97:ARG:NH1	1:B:526:LEU:CD1	2.04	1.18
1:B:97:ARG:HH12	1:B:526:LEU:HD11	1.06	1.15
1:B:339:GLU:HA	1:B:339:GLU:OE1	1.58	1.04

All (5) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:12:GLU:OE1	1:E:12:GLU:OE1[2_656]	1.76	0.44
1:C:12:GLU:OE2	1:E:12:GLU:OE1[2_656]	1.89	0.31
1:C:12:GLU:CD	1:E:12:GLU:OE1[2_656]	1.98	0.22
1:A:12:GLU:N	1:G:12:GLU:OE2[1_455]	2.02	0.18
1:B:62:SER:OG	1:C:303:GLU:OE2[2_656]	2.16	0.04



5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	\mathbf{ntiles}
1	A	523/526 (99%)	505 (97%)	18 (3%)	0	100	100
1	В	523/526~(99%)	513 (98%)	10 (2%)	0	100	100
1	С	520/526~(99%)	500 (96%)	20 (4%)	0	100	100
1	D	523/526 (99%)	510 (98%)	13 (2%)	0	100	100
1	E	519/526 (99%)	506 (98%)	13 (2%)	0	100	100
1	F	522/526~(99%)	507 (97%)	15 (3%)	0	100	100
1	G	520/526 (99%)	506 (97%)	14 (3%)	0	100	100
1	Н	520/526 (99%)	500 (96%)	19 (4%)	1 (0%)	47	78
All	All	4170/4208 (99%)	4047 (97%)	122 (3%)	1 (0%)	100	100

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	Н	252	GLU

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	431/435~(99%)	424 (98%)	7 (2%)	62 88
1	В	430/435~(99%)	419 (97%)	11 (3%)	46 79
1	С	428/435~(98%)	419 (98%)	9 (2%)	53 84
1	D	433/435 (100%)	424 (98%)	9 (2%)	53 84

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percer	$_{ m tiles}$
1	${ m E}$	424/435 (98%)	415 (98%)	9 (2%)	53	84
1	F	416/435 (96%)	407 (98%)	9 (2%)	52	83
1	G	415/435 (95%)	395 (95%)	20 (5%)	25	58
1	Н	410/435 (94%)	395 (96%)	15 (4%)	34	68
All	All	3387/3480 (97%)	3298 (97%)	89 (3%)	46	79

5 of 89 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	G	28	LYS
1	G	390	HIS
1	G	32	SER
1	G	137	TYR
1	Н	27	ASP

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 10 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	G	74	ASN
1	Н	273	ASN
1	Н	496	HIS
1	С	387	ASN
1	Е	496	HIS

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

19 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Во	nd angl	es
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	FAD	D	601	1	53,58,58	0.65	0	68,89,89	0.81	1 (1%)
3	HEZ	A	603	-	7,7,7	0.25	0	6,6,6	0.28	0
5	EOL	Е	602	-	12,12,12	2.49	2 (16%)	15,15,15	1.65	3 (20%)
2	FAD	Н	600	1	53,58,58	0.62	0	68,89,89	0.73	1 (1%)
3	HEZ	A	602	-	7,7,7	0.15	0	6,6,6	0.26	0
4	GOL	A	604	-	5,5,5	0.18	0	5,5,5	0.39	0
3	HEZ	В	801	_	7,7,7	0.22	0	6,6,6	0.31	0
6	I7I	F	901	1	65,71,71	0.97	2 (3%)	75,108,108	1.13	6 (8%)
2	FAD	G	601	1	53,58,58	0.66	0	68,89,89	0.80	2 (2%)
4	GOL	С	602	-	5,5,5	0.23	0	5,5,5	0.46	0
6	I7I	В	802	1	65,71,71	1.01	2 (3%)	75,108,108	1.12	7 (9%)
2	FAD	С	601	1	53,58,58	0.60	0	68,89,89	0.80	1 (1%)
5	EOL	С	603	-	12,12,12	2.27	2 (16%)	15,15,15	1.77	4 (26%)
5	EOL	D	603	-	12,12,12	2.41	2 (16%)	15,15,15	1.51	2 (13%)
5	EOL	A	605	-	12,12,12	2.30	2 (16%)	15,15,15	2.06	5 (33%)
5	EOL	G	602	-	12,12,12	2.26	2 (16%)	15,15,15	1.69	3 (20%)
2	FAD	A	601	1	53,58,58	0.63	0	68,89,89	0.80	2 (2%)
3	HEZ	D	602	-	7,7,7	0.13	0	6,6,6	0.20	0
2	FAD	E	601	1	53,58,58	0.61	0	68,89,89	0.77	1 (1%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	FAD	D	601	1	-	3/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
3	HEZ	A	603	-	-	1/5/5/5	-

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	EOL	Е	602	-	-	3/5/5/5	0/1/1/1
2	FAD	Н	600	1	-	6/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
3	HEZ	A	602	-	-	2/5/5/5	-
4	GOL	A	604	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
3	HEZ	В	801	-	-	2/5/5/5	-
6	I7I	F	901	1	-	15/42/62/62	0/6/7/7
2	FAD	G	601	1	-	12/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
4	GOL	С	602	-	-	4/4/4/4	-
6	I7I	В	802	1	-	16/42/62/62	0/6/7/7
2	FAD	С	601	1	-	11/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
5	EOL	С	603	-	-	1/5/5/5	0/1/1/1
5	EOL	D	603	-	-	3/5/5/5	0/1/1/1
5	EOL	A	605	-	-	3/5/5/5	0/1/1/1
5	EOL	G	602	-	-	2/5/5/5	0/1/1/1
2	FAD	A	601	1	-	14/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
3	HEZ	D	602	-	-	4/5/5/5	-
2	FAD	E	601	1	-	8/30/50/50	0/6/6/6

The worst 5 of 14 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	Observed(A)	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
5	D	603	EOL	C7-C2	-7.33	1.38	1.52
5	Е	602	EOL	C7-C2	-7.29	1.38	1.52
5	С	603	EOL	C7-C2	-6.65	1.39	1.52
5	A	605	EOL	C7-C2	-6.36	1.40	1.52
5	G	602	EOL	C7-C2	-6.31	1.40	1.52

The worst 5 of 38 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
5	A	605	EOL	C7-C2-C1	-4.95	111.42	120.56
6	F	901	I7I	C27-C24-N9	-4.15	107.02	111.67
5	С	603	EOL	C7-C2-C1	-4.11	112.98	120.56
5	Е	602	EOL	C7-C2-C1	-3.95	113.28	120.56
5	G	602	EOL	C7-C2-C1	-3.93	113.31	120.56

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 112 torsion outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	601	FAD	N10-C1'-C2'-C3'
2	С	601	FAD	N10-C1'-C2'-C3'
2	G	601	FAD	N10-C1'-C2'-C3'
2	G	601	FAD	C2'-C3'-C4'-O4'
2	G	601	FAD	C2'-C3'-C4'-C5'

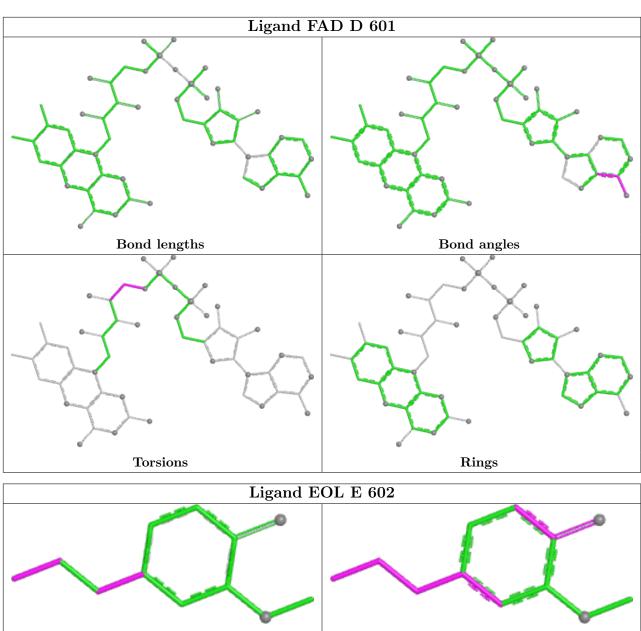
There are no ring outliers.

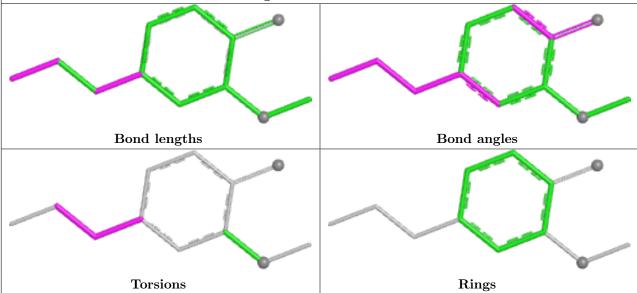
16 monomers are involved in 31 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	D	601	FAD	3	0
3	A	603	HEZ	2	0
5	Е	602	EOL	1	0
2	Н	600	FAD	3	0
3	A	602	HEZ	1	0
3	В	801	HEZ	1	0
6	F	901	I7I	3	0
2	G	601	FAD	1	0
4	С	602	GOL	5	0
6	В	802	I7I	3	0
2	С	601	FAD	1	0
5	D	603	EOL	2	0
5	A	605	EOL	1	0
5	G	602	EOL	3	0
2	A	601	FAD	2	0
2	Е	601	FAD	2	0

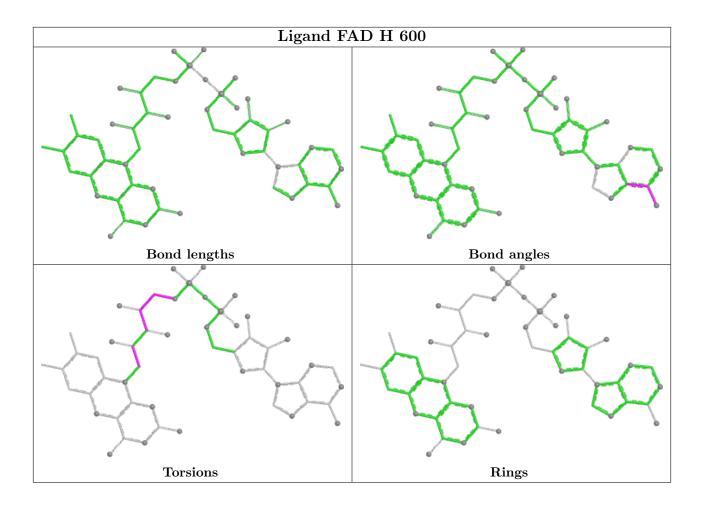
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



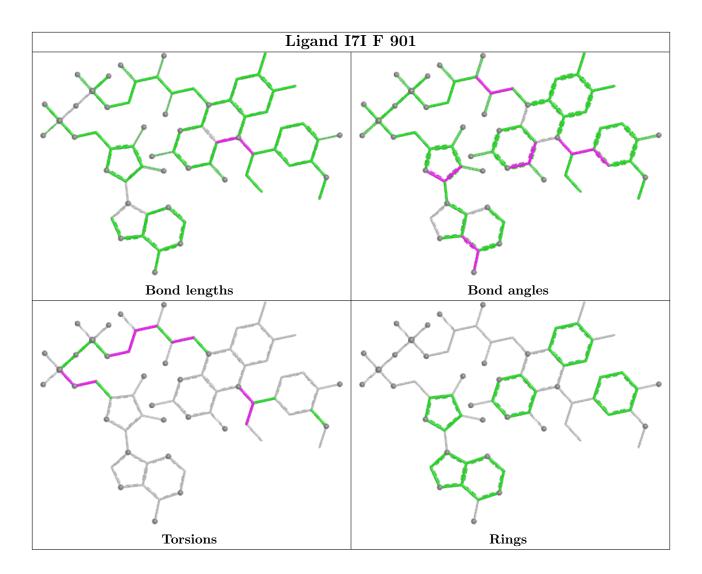




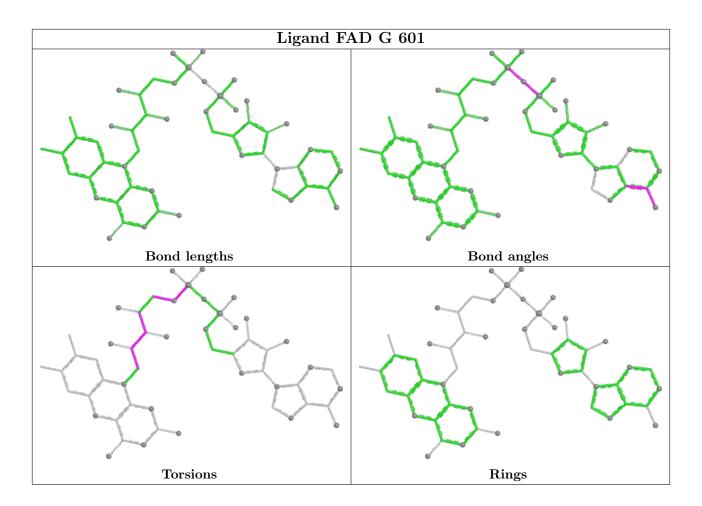




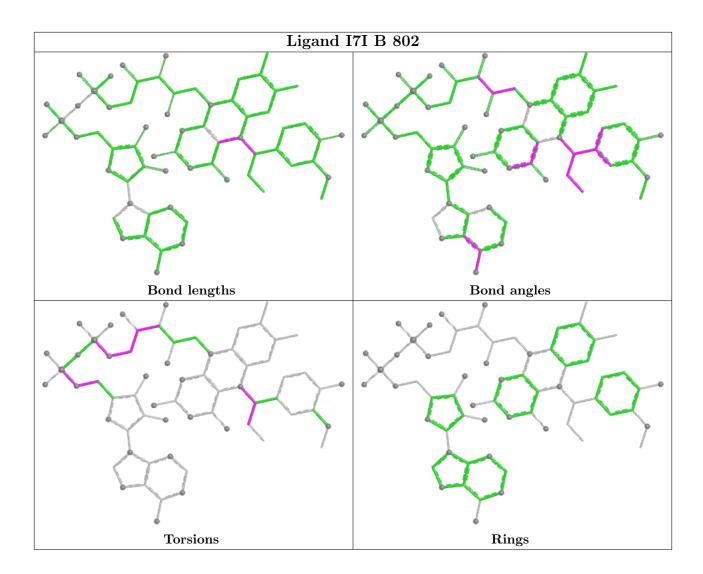




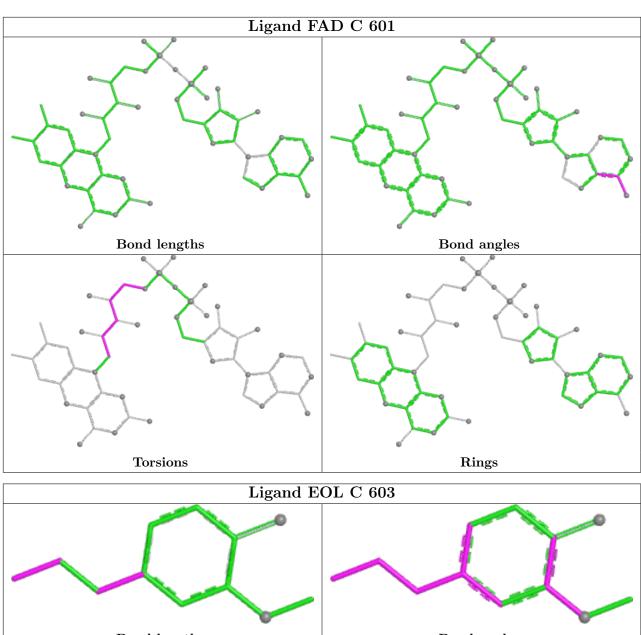


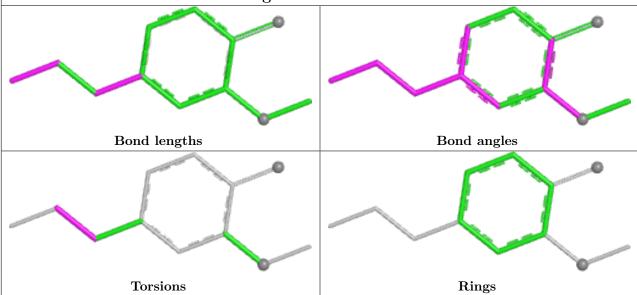




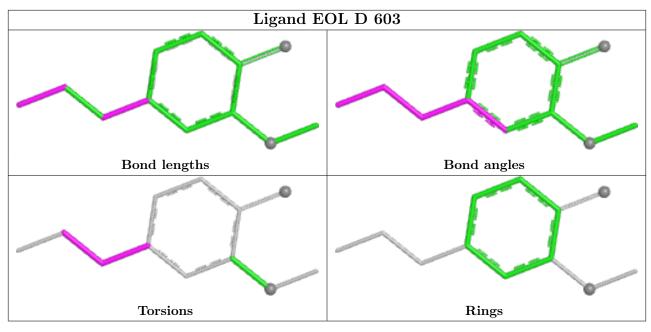


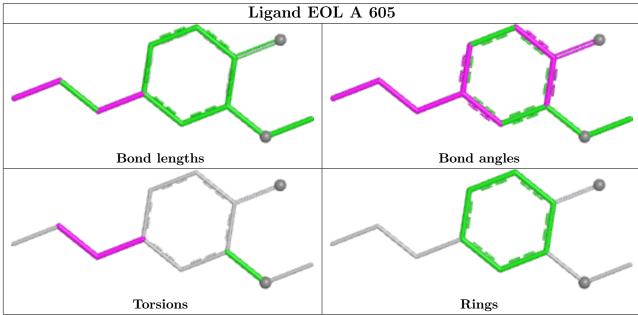




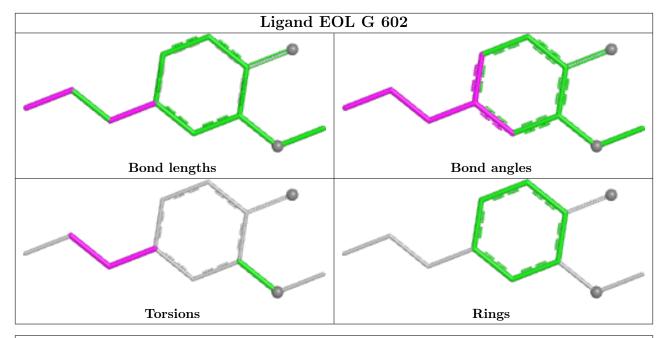


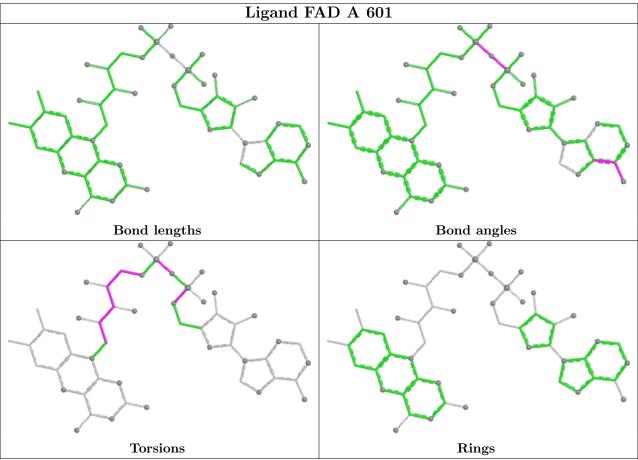




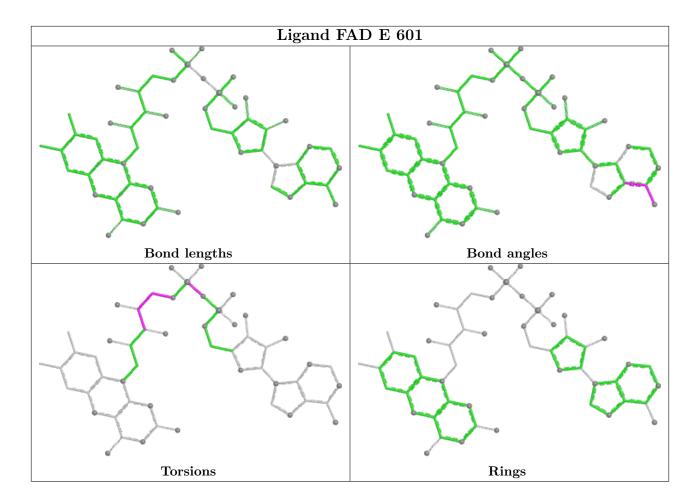












5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	525/526~(99%)	-0.07	5 (0%) 82 77	27, 38, 56, 110	0
1	В	525/526~(99%)	0.06	8 (1%) 73 68	27, 46, 70, 113	0
1	С	522/526~(99%)	0.05	3 (0%) 89 86	30, 42, 62, 91	0
1	D	525/526~(99%)	-0.01	4 (0%) 86 81	25, 40, 63, 95	0
1	E	521/526 (99%)	0.34	20 (3%) 40 30	30, 59, 89, 132	0
1	F	524/526~(99%)	0.57	33 (6%) 20 12	43, 66, 90, 111	0
1	G	522/526~(99%)	0.78	50 (9%) 8 4	38, 69, 96, 130	0
1	Н	522/526~(99%)	0.64	38 (7%) 15 8	47, 75, 99, 123	0
All	All	4186/4208 (99%)	0.29	161 (3%) 40 30	25, 53, 89, 132	0

The worst 5 of 161 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	525	ASN	10.1
1	A	526	LEU	6.6
1	Н	8	GLY	6.1
1	F	523	GLY	5.8
1	Н	2	THR	4.6

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

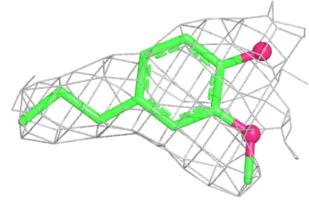
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}({ m \AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
4	GOL	С	602	6/6	0.76	0.35	36,39,40,41	0
4	GOL	A	604	6/6	0.79	0.29	52,55,56,56	0
3	HEZ	A	603	8/8	0.88	0.31	55,58,68,72	0
5	EOL	D	603	12/12	0.91	0.22	55,57,61,62	0
6	I7I	F	901	65/65	0.91	0.24	44,55,62,71	0
5	EOL	G	602	12/12	0.92	0.27	49,51,60,60	0
5	EOL	A	605	12/12	0.93	0.19	36,38,40,42	0
5	EOL	С	603	12/12	0.93	0.23	42,46,47,49	0
2	FAD	G	601	53/53	0.93	0.21	46,56,62,63	0
2	FAD	Н	600	53/53	0.93	0.17	51,64,82,87	0
3	HEZ	A	602	8/8	0.93	0.22	42,43,45,46	0
3	HEZ	В	801	8/8	0.94	0.59	38,40,43,44	0
2	FAD	E	601	53/53	0.94	0.19	39,54,63,68	0
3	HEZ	D	602	8/8	0.95	0.27	33,33,34,34	0
6	I7I	В	802	65/65	0.95	0.21	32,42,56,62	0
5	EOL	Ε	602	12/12	0.95	0.20	46,49,58,59	0
2	FAD	С	601	53/53	0.96	0.19	31,38,42,43	0
2	FAD	D	601	53/53	0.96	0.20	28,34,41,43	0
2	FAD	A	601	53/53	0.96	0.19	26,32,36,40	0

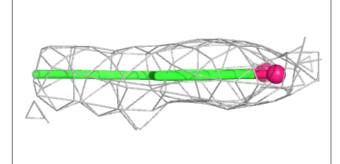
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

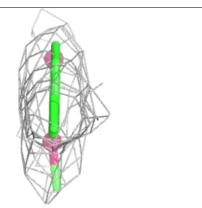


Electron density around EOL D 603:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

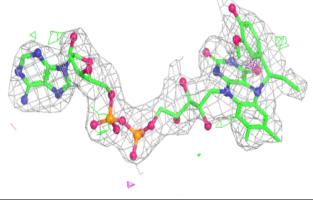


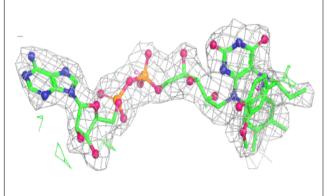


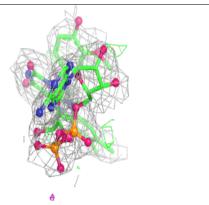


Electron density around I7I F 901:

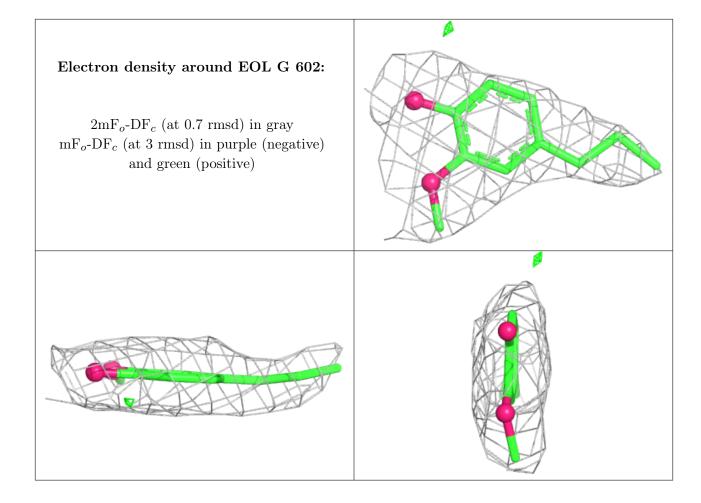
 $2 {
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



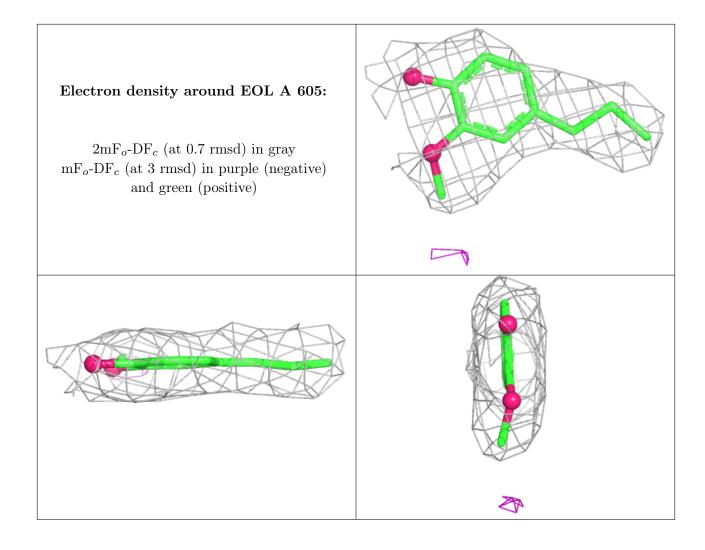








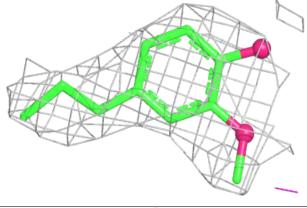


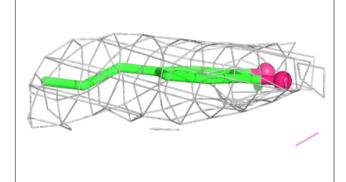


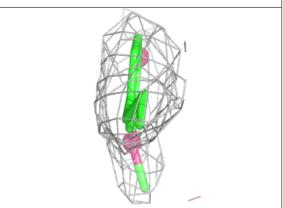


Electron density around EOL C 603:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

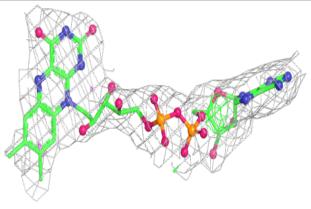


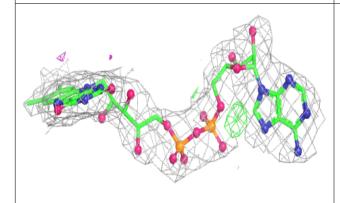


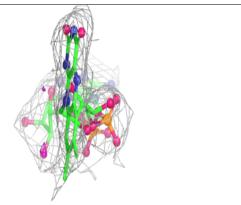


Electron density around FAD G 601:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



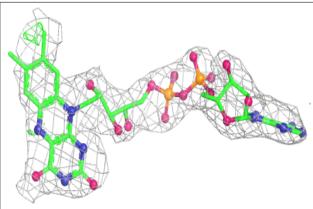


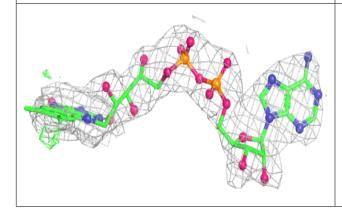


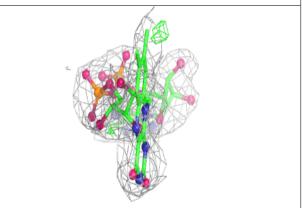


Electron density around FAD H 600:

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

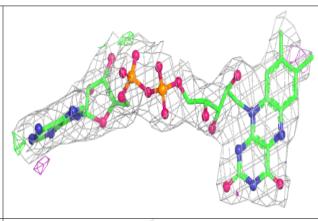


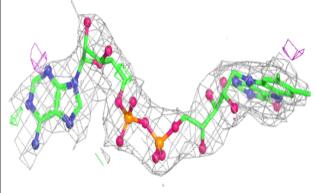


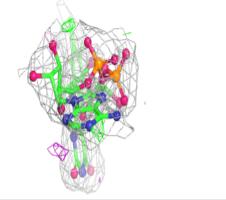


Electron density around FAD E 601:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



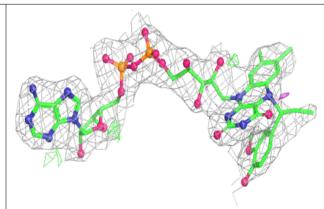


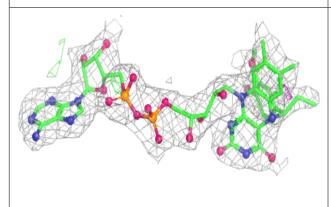


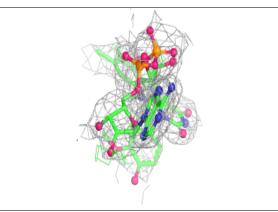


Electron density around I7I B 802:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

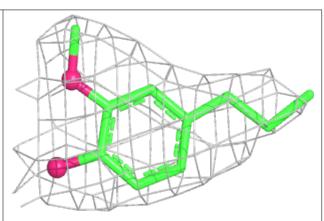


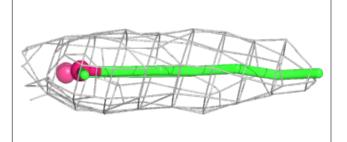


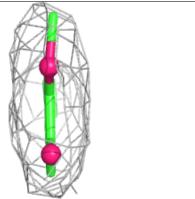


Electron density around EOL E 602:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



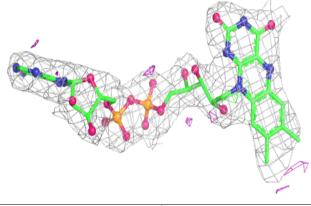


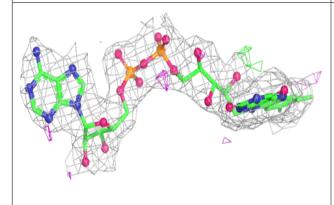


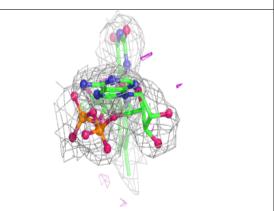


Electron density around FAD C 601:

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

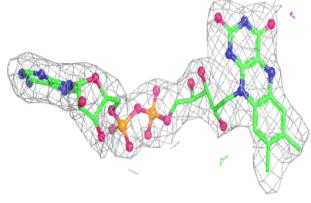


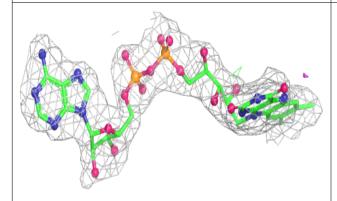


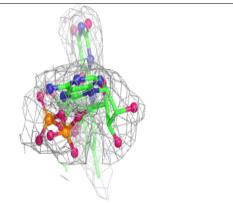


Electron density around FAD D 601:

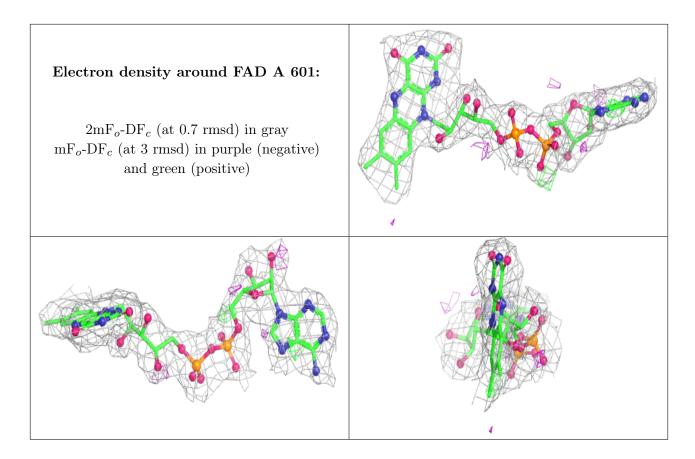
 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)











6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

