

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### May 15, 2024 – 07:02 PM EDT

PDB ID : 2YN1

Title : Crystal Structure of Ancestral Thioredoxin Relative to Last Gamma- Pro-

teobacteria Common Ancestor (LGPCA) from the Precambrian Period

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Deposited on : 2012-10-11

Resolution : 1.30 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.36.2

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

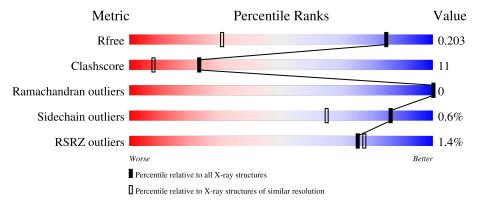
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

### 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\#  ext{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}( ext{Å}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	1058 (1.30-1.30)
Clashscore	141614	1101 (1.30-1.30)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1058 (1.30-1.30)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1058 (1.30-1.30)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1029 (1.30-1.30)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	106	80%	18%	
1	В	106	78%	21%	



## 2 Entry composition (i)

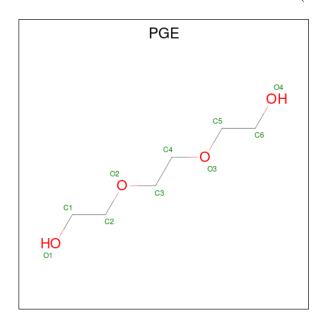
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4121 atoms, of which 1913 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called LGPCA THIOREDOXIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	105	Total 1877	C 595	H 960		O 173	S 6	0	16	0
1	В	105	Total 1832	C 583	H 925	N 142	O 176	S 6	0	13	0

• Molecule 2 is TRIETHYLENE GLYCOL (three-letter code: PGE) (formula:  $C_6H_{14}O_4$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	Λ	1	Total	С	Н	О	0	0
2	Λ	1	24	6	14	4	0	0
2	D	1	Total	С	Н	О	0	0
2	Б	1	24	6	14	4	0	0

• Molecule 3 is water.

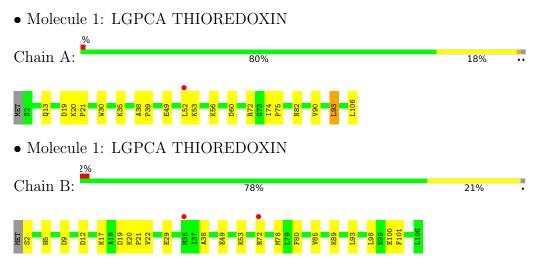


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	204	Total O 207 207	0	3
3	В	154	Total O 157 157	0	3



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	36.09Å 62.91Å 42.91Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $109.17^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	34.09 - 1.30	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	34.09 - 1.30	EDS
% Data completeness	97.2 (34.09-1.30)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	97.1 (34.09-1.30)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.06	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.42 (at 1.30Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (PHENIX.REFINE)	Depositor
P. P.	0.168 , 0.204	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.167 , 0.203	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2194 reflections (5.07%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	12.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.127	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.38, 46.2	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.48, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	4121	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	19.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 10.06% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PGE

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
Moi Ci	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.52	0/963	0.66	0/1296	
1	В	0.51	0/940	0.63	0/1266	
All	All	0.52	0/1903	0.65	0/2562	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	917	960	956	15	3
1	В	907	925	922	27	2
2	A	10	14	14	0	0
2	В	10	14	14	3	0
3	A	207	0	0	7	5
3	В	157	0	0	10	2
All	All	2208	1913	1906	43	6

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 11.

All (43) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash



#### magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance}({\rm \AA})$	overlap (Å)
1:A:72[B]:ARG:NH1	3:A:2158[B]:HOH:O	1.89	1.05
1:B:29[A]:GLU:OE1	3:B:2052:HOH:O	1.92	0.86
1:B:100[B]:GLU:OE2	3:B:2145:HOH:O	1.92	0.85
1:A:35[A]:LYS:HE2	3:A:2081:HOH:O	1.85	0.75
1:A:49[A]:GLU:OE2	3:A:2005:HOH:O	2.04	0.74
2:B:1107:PGE:O4	3:B:2154:HOH:O	2.12	0.67
1:B:78[B]:MET:HE3	1:B:85:VAL:CG2	2.25	0.67
1:A:60:ASP:OD2	3:A:2130:HOH:O	2.11	0.67
1:B:2[A]:SER:OG	3:B:2006:HOH:O	2.14	0.66
1:B:12:ASP:OD2	1:B:17:LYS:NZ	2.26	0.66
1:B:93:LEU:CD1	1:B:98:LEU:HB2	2.26	0.66
2:B:1107:PGE:H32	3:B:2153:HOH:O	1.98	0.61
1:B:78[B]:MET:CE	1:B:85:VAL:CG2	2.80	0.60
1:B:93:LEU:HD11	1:B:98:LEU:HB2	1.84	0.59
1:B:89:LYS:HG2	1:B:101:PHE:CE1	2.38	0.59
1:B:20[A]:LYS:NZ	3:B:2035:HOH:O	2.24	0.59
1:B:78[B]:MET:HE2	1:B:80:PHE:CE1	2.41	0.55
1:B:78[B]:MET:CE	1:B:85:VAL:HG22	2.37	0.54
1:A:30:TRP:CH2	1:B:2[A]:SER:N	2.75	0.54
1:B:78[B]:MET:HE3	1:B:85:VAL:HG21	1.90	0.53
1:B:78[B]:MET:CE	1:B:85:VAL:HG21	2.40	0.52
1:B:19:ASP:OD1	3:B:2030:HOH:O	2.19	0.51
1:B:20[A]:LYS:HB2	1:B:21:PRO:HD2	1.93	0.51
1:B:20[A]:LYS:HB2	1:B:21:PRO:CD	2.41	0.50
2:B:1107:PGE:H1	3:B:2153:HOH:O	2.13	0.48
1:A:13[B]:GLN:HG3	3:A:2037:HOH:O	2.14	0.48
1:A:74:ILE:HA	1:A:75:PRO:C	2.36	0.46
1:A:52[B]:LEU:HD13	1:A:53:LYS:C	2.37	0.45
1:B:78[B]:MET:HE3	1:B:85:VAL:HG22	1.98	0.45
1:A:52[B]:LEU:HD13	1:A:53:LYS:N	2.32	0.45
1:B:100[A]:GLU:OE1	3:B:2146:HOH:O	2.21	0.45
1:A:52[A]:LEU:HD13	1:A:106:LEU:HD21	1.99	0.45
1:A:93:LEU:H	1:A:93:LEU:HD23	1.83	0.44
1:B:78[B]:MET:HE3	1:B:85:VAL:CG1	2.49	0.43
1:B:78[B]:MET:HE2	1:B:80:PHE:CZ	2.54	0.43
1:A:20[A]:LYS:HB2	1:A:21:PRO:HD2	2.01	0.42
1:B:22:VAL:HA	1:B:53:LYS:O	2.20	0.42
1:B:9[B]:ASP:CG	3:B:2012:HOH:O	2.58	0.41
1:B:2[B]:SER:OG	1:B:49[B]:GLU:OE2	2.37	0.41
1:A:56:LYS:HE2	3:A:2125:HOH:O	2.20	0.41
1:A:38:ALA:HB3	1:A:39:PRO:HD3	2.04	0.40

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Atom-1			Clash overlap (Å)	
1:A:90[A]:VAL:CG1	1:B:5:HIS:CD2	3.04	0.40	
3:A:2158[B]:HOH:O	1:B:38:ALA:HB1	2.21	0.40	

All (6) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${ m distance}({ m \AA})$	overlap (Å)
3:A:2033:HOH:O	3:B:2030:HOH:O[2_646]	1.78	0.42
1:A:35[B]:LYS:NZ	3:A:2046:HOH:O[2_656]	2.06	0.14
1:B:72[B]:ARG:NH1	3:A:2106:HOH:O[1_554]	2.07	0.13
1:A:82:ASN:OD1	3:A:2081:HOH:O[2_646]	2.11	0.09
1:A:19[B]:ASP:OD1	3:B:2031:HOH:O[2_646]	2.12	0.08
1:B:72[B]:ARG:NH1	3:A:2104:HOH:O[1_554]	2.19	0.01

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	A	119/106 (112%)	117 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
1	В	115/106 (108%)	113 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	234/212 (110%)	230 (98%)	4 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was



analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	103/89 (116%)	102 (99%)	1 (1%)	76	48	
1	В	101/89 (114%)	101 (100%)	0	100	100	
All	All	204/178 (115%)	203 (100%)	1 (0%)	86	69	

All (1) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	
1	A	93	LEU	

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	B	ond leng	$_{ m gths}$	В	ond ang	gles
MIOI	Type	Chain	n nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	PGE	A	1107	-	9,9,9	0.65	0	8,8,8	0.65	0



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	$\mathbf{B}_{0}$	ond leng	$\operatorname{gths}$	В	ond ang	gles
IVIOI	Туре	Chain	rtes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	PGE	В	1107	-	9,9,9	0.65	0	8,8,8	0.66	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	PGE	A	1107	-	-	0/7/7/7	-
2	PGE	В	1107	-	=	3/7/7/7	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	В	1107	PGE	O3-C5-C6-O4
2	В	1107	PGE	C3-C4-O3-C5
2	В	1107	PGE	O2-C3-C4-O3

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	В	1107	PGE	3	0

#### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

#### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



### 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	105/106 (99%)	-0.16	1 (0%) 82 83	7, 14, 22, 30	0
1	В	105/106 (99%)	-0.06	2 (1%) 66 67	8, 15, 24, 31	0
All	All	210/212 (99%)	-0.11	3 (1%) 75 77	7, 15, 24, 31	0

#### All (3) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	72[A]	ARG	2.4
1	В	36[A]	MET	2.0
1	A	52[A]	LEU	2.0

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	PGE	В	1107	10/10	0.71	0.21	23,29,38,39	0
2	PGE	A	1107	10/10	0.87	0.12	17,23,28,29	0



## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

