

# wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

Dec 12, 2022 – 07:39 am GMT

PDB ID : 6Y53

EMDB ID : EMD-10689

Title: human 17S U2 snRNP low resolution part

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Deposited on : 2020-02-24

Resolution : 7.10 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*A user guide is available at

<a href="https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp">https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp</a>
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev43

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

MapQ: 1.9.9

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

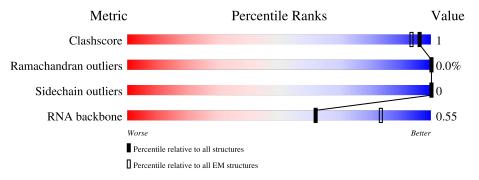
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.31.3

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 7.10 Å.

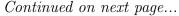
Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	${ m EM\ structures} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826
RNA backbone	4643	859

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion <40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain							
1	a	255	64%	36%						
2	b	225	7%	26%						
3	Z	125	62% 62%	38%						
4	p	1031	38%	62%						
5	6	793	16%	84%						
6	7	464	22%	78%						
7	9	501	62%	38%						





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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
8	0	424	38% 62	%
9	m	240	30% 70%	
10	k	76	97%	•
11	n	119	69%	31%
12	h	118	82%	• 17%
13	1	126	66%	34%
14	j	92	7% 86%	14%
15	i	86	7% 86%	14%
16	q	755	11% 89%	
17	8	895	<b>7</b> % 93%	
18	u	1304	• 98%	
19	2	188	35% 14% •	48%



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 19 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 11306 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called U2 small nuclear ribonucleoprotein A'.

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues		Ato	ms		AltConf	Trace
1	a	162	Total 666	C 342	N 162	O 162	0	0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called U2 small nuclear ribonucleoprotein B".

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	ms		AltConf	Trace
2	b	166	Total 685		N 166	O 166	0	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called Splicing factor 3B subunit 6.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Aton	ns		AltConf	Trace
3	Z	77	Total 317	C 163	N 77	O 77	0	0

• Molecule 4 is a protein called Probable ATP-dependent RNA helicase DDX46.

Mo	Chain	Residues		Ato	ms		AltConf	Trace
4	p	394	Total 1621	C 833	N 394	O 394	0	0

• Molecule 5 is a protein called Splicing factor 3A subunit 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	ms		AltConf	Trace
5	6	123	Total 504	C 258	N 123	O 123	0	0

• Molecule 6 is a protein called Splicing factor 3A subunit 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	ms		AltConf	Trace
6	7	100	Total 421	C 221	N 100	O 100	0	0



• Molecule 7 is a protein called Splicing factor 3A subunit 3.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	ms		AltConf	Trace
7	9	313	Total 1276	C 650	N 313	O 313	0	0

• Molecule 8 is a protein called Splicing factor 3B subunit 4.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	ms		AltConf	Trace
8	0	160	Total	С	N	О	0	0
		100	664	344	160	160		

• Molecule 9 is a protein called Small nuclear ribonucleoprotein-associated proteins B and B'.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Aton	ıs		AltConf	Trace
9	m	71	Total 293	C 151	N 71	O 71	0	0

• Molecule 10 is a protein called Small nuclear ribonucleoprotein G.

M	ol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
1	0	k	74	Total 305	C 157	N 74	O 74	0	0

• Molecule 11 is a protein called Small nuclear ribonucleoprotein Sm D1.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Aton	ıs		AltConf	Trace
11	n	82	Total 337	C 173	N 82	O 82	0	0

• Molecule 12 is a protein called Small nuclear ribonucleoprotein Sm D2.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Aton	ns		AltConf	Trace
12	h	98	Total 404	C 208	N 98	O 98	0	0

• Molecule 13 is a protein called Small nuclear ribonucleoprotein Sm D3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
13	1	83	Total 341	C 175	N 83	O 83	0	0

• Molecule 14 is a protein called Small nuclear ribonucleoprotein E.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
1.4	;	79	Total	С	N	О	0	0
14	J	19	319	161	79	79	0	U

• Molecule 15 is a protein called Small nuclear ribonucleoprotein F.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
15	i	74	Total 308	C 160	N 74	O 74	0	0

• Molecule 16 is a protein called HIV Tat-specific factor 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Aton	ns		AltConf	Trace
16	q	84	Total	C	N	0	3	0
	1		364	188	88	88		

• Molecule 17 is a protein called Splicing factor 3B subunit 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms				Trace
17	8	65	Total 299	C 169	N 65	O 65	0	0

• Molecule 18 is a protein called Splicing factor 3B subunit 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
18	u	21	Total 96	C 54		O 21	0	0

• Molecule 19 is a RNA chain called U2 snRNA.

Mol	Chain	Residues		$\mathbf{A}$	toms			AltConf	Trace
19	2	98	Total 2086	C 933	N 374	O 683	P 96	0	0



Chain p:

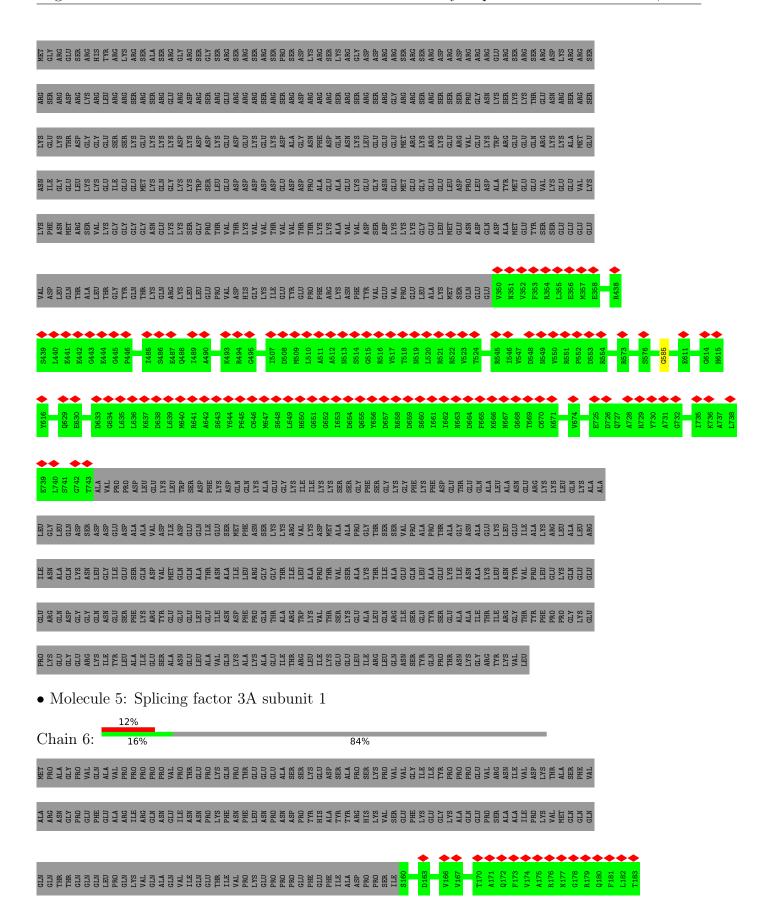
38%

# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

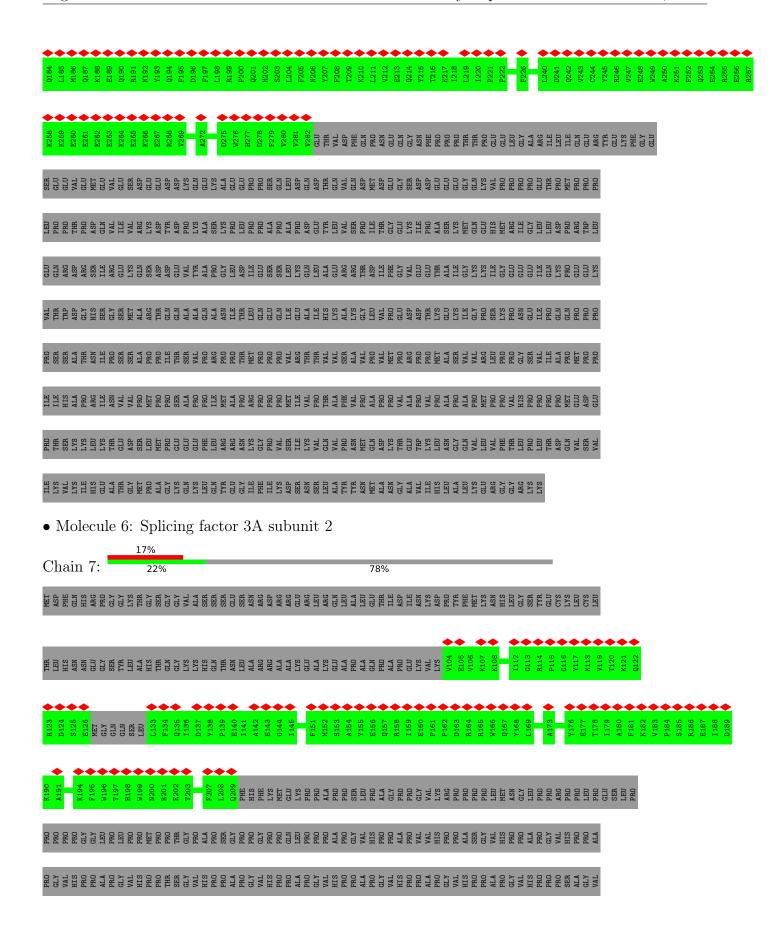
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: U2 small nuclear ribonucleoprotein A' Chain a: • Molecule 2: U2 small nuclear ribonucleoprotein B" Chain b: 26% STATE OF STA • Molecule 3: Splicing factor 3B subunit 6 Chain z: 62% • Molecule 4: Probable ATP-dependent RNA helicase DDX46

62%





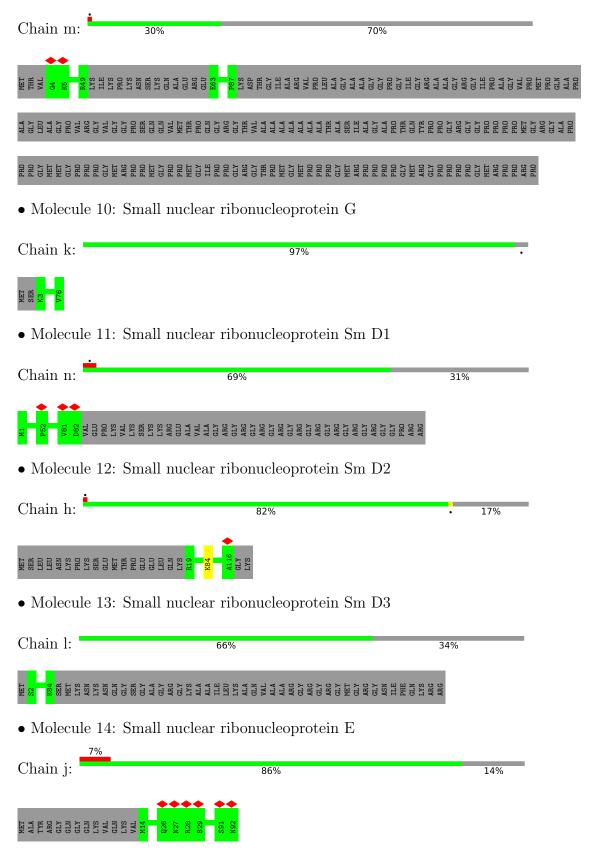






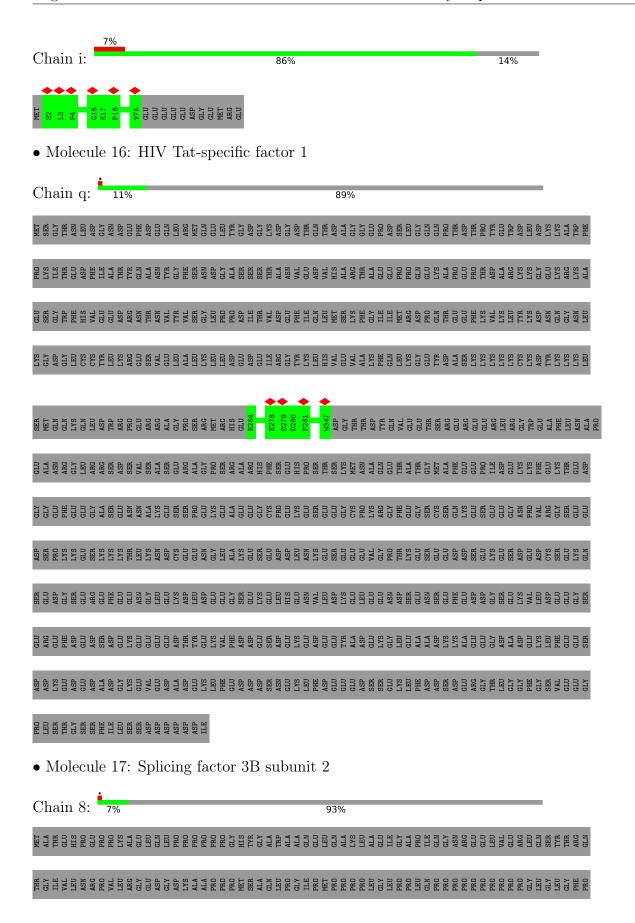
• Molecule 9: Small nuclear ribonucleoprotein-associated proteins B and B'



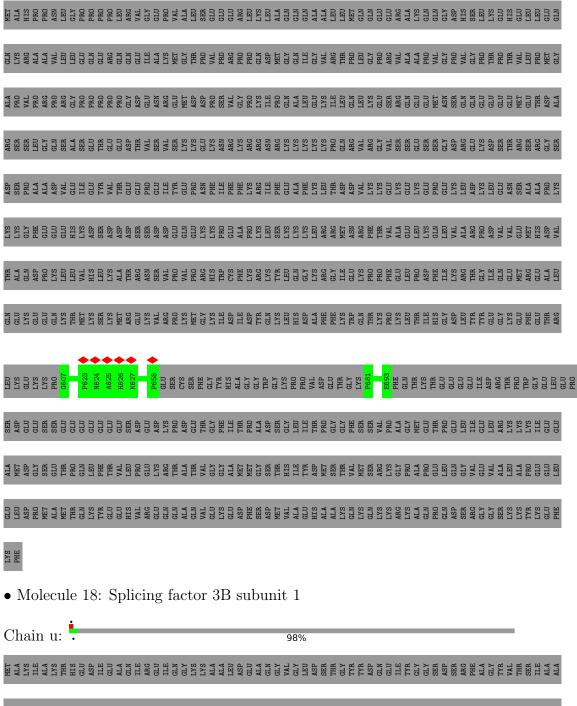


• Molecule 15: Small nuclear ribonucleoprotein F









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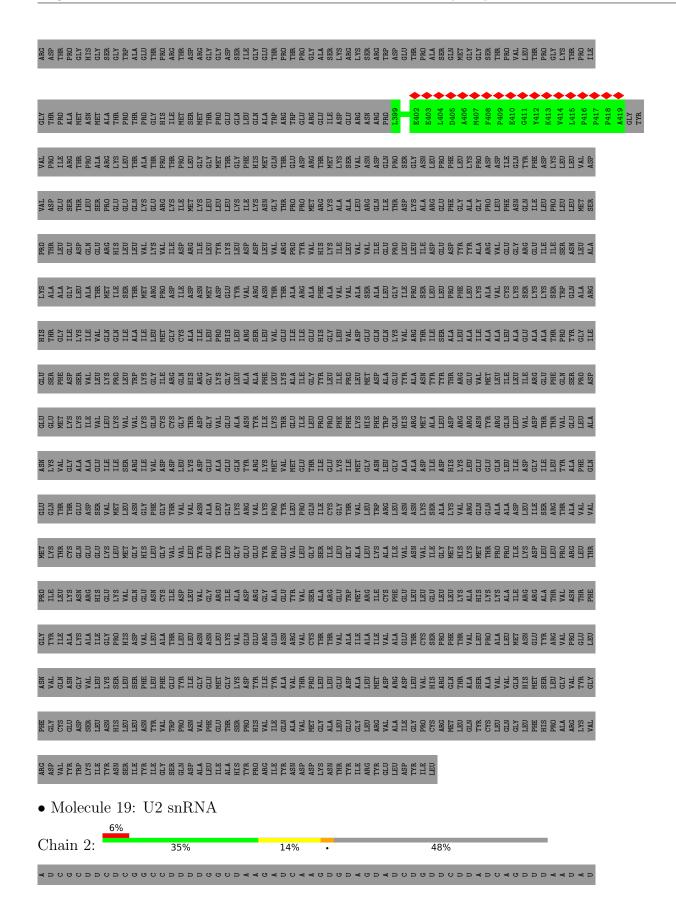
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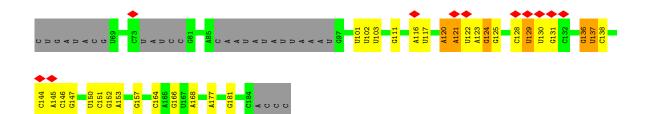
 ALA
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 TTR
 GLN
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# 4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	120070	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE	Depositor
	CORRECTION	
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{Å}^2)$	72	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	FEI FALCON III (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.054	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.012	Depositor
Average map value	0.001	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.004	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.013	Depositor
Map size (Å)	348.0, 348.0, 348.0	wwPDB
Map dimensions	300, 300, 300	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.16, 1.16, 1.16	Depositor



# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Во	ond angles
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	a	0.24	0/671	0.49	0/849
2	b	0.23	0/689	0.46	0/869
3	Z	0.24	0/319	0.46	0/403
4	p	0.28	0/1635	0.48	0/2072
5	6	0.23	0/507	0.41	0/640
6	7	0.24	0/426	0.50	0/543
7	9	0.23	0/1282	0.41	0/1615
8	О	0.24	0/670	0.45	0/850
9	m	0.24	0/294	0.49	0/370
10	k	0.24	0/307	0.51	0/388
11	n	0.23	0/339	0.51	0/428
12	h	0.26	0/407	0.57	0/515
13	1	0.25	0/343	0.51	0/433
14	j	0.23	0/319	0.49	0/399
15	i	0.25	0/311	0.51	0/395
16	q	0.26	0/367	0.44	0/465
17	8	0.25	0/310	0.46	0/409
18	u	0.23	0/99	0.40	0/130
19	2	0.32	0/2330	0.98	9/3627~(0.2%)
All	All	0.26	0/11625	0.63	9/15400 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
12	h	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 9 bond angle outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
19	2	120	A	C6-N1-C2	-7.93	113.84	118.60
19	2	120	A	N1-C2-N3	6.20	132.40	129.30
19	2	136	G	C2-N3-C4	6.16	114.98	111.90
19	2	129	U	N1-C2-O2	5.75	126.82	122.80
19	2	136	G	N3-C4-C5	-5.43	125.88	128.60

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
12	h	84	LYS	Peptide

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	a	666	0	209	0	0
2	b	685	0	226	0	0
3	Z	317	0	104	0	0
4	р	1621	0	551	0	0
5	6	504	0	150	0	0
6	7	421	0	148	0	0
7	9	1276	0	386	0	0
8	О	664	0	230	0	0
9	m	293	0	99	0	0
10	k	305	0	105	0	0
11	n	337	0	110	0	0
12	h	404	0	131	0	0
13	l	341	0	112	0	0
14	j	319	0	92	0	0
15	i	308	0	115	0	0
16	q	364	0	118	0	0
17	8	299	0	156	0	0
18	u	96	0	46	0	0
19	2	2086	0	1061	10	0
All	All	11306	0	4149	10	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including



hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

The worst 5 of 10 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
19:2:150:U:H3	19:2:181:G:H1	1.31	0.78
19:2:151:C:H2'	19:2:152:G:H8	1.74	0.53
19:2:120:A:N1	19:2:137:U:O4	2.43	0.51
19:2:120:A:N1	19:2:137:U:C4	2.82	0.47
19:2:124:G:H2'	19:2:125:G:C8	2.49	0.47

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	a	160/255~(63%)	160 (100%)	0	0	100	100
2	b	160/225 (71%)	158 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
3	Z	75/125~(60%)	75 (100%)	0	0	100	100
4	р	392/1031 (38%)	379 (97%)	12 (3%)	1 (0%)	41	77
5	6	$121/793\ (15\%)$	121 (100%)	0	0	100	100
6	7	96/464 (21%)	94 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
7	9	309/501~(62%)	302 (98%)	7 (2%)	0	100	100
8	О	156/424~(37%)	153 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
9	m	67/240 (28%)	67 (100%)	0	0	100	100
10	k	72/76~(95%)	72 (100%)	0	0	100	100
11	n	80/119 (67%)	79 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
12	h	96/118 (81%)	91 (95%)	5 (5%)	0	100	100
13	1	81/126 (64%)	79 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	$_{ m ntiles}$
14	j	77/92 (84%)	77 (100%)	0	0	100	100
15	i	72/86 (84%)	71 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
16	q	86/755 (11%)	86 (100%)	0	0	100	100
17	8	61/895 (7%)	60 (98%)	1 (2%)	0	100	100
18	u	19/1304 (2%)	19 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	$2180/7629 \ (29\%)$	2143 (98%)	36 (2%)	1 (0%)	100	100

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	p	585	GLY

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	a	6/218 (3%)	6 (100%)	0	100	100
2	b	7/195~(4%)	7 (100%)	0	100	100
3	Z	3/109 (3%)	3 (100%)	0	100	100
4	p	15/892~(2%)	15 (100%)	0	100	100
5	6	4/709~(1%)	4 (100%)	0	100	100
6	7	7/382~(2%)	7 (100%)	0	100	100
7	9	8/446~(2%)	8 (100%)	0	100	100
8	О	8/336~(2%)	8 (100%)	0	100	100
9	m	3/177~(2%)	3 (100%)	0	100	100
10	k	3/66~(4%)	3 (100%)	0	100	100
11	n	3/101 (3%)	3 (100%)	0	100	100
12	h	4/110~(4%)	4 (100%)	0	100	100
13	1	3/101 (3%)	3 (100%)	0	100	100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
14	j	1/84 (1%)	1 (100%)	0	100	100
15	i	4/74~(5%)	4 (100%)	0	100	100
16	q	4/661 (1%)	4 (100%)	0	100	100
17	8	13/776 (2%)	13 (100%)	0	100	100
18	u	4/1104 (0%)	4 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	100/6541 (2%)	100 (100%)	0	100	100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Backbone Outliers	Pucker Outliers
19	2	95/188 (50%)	21 (22%)	0

5 of 21 RNA backbone outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
19	2	101	U
19	2	102	U
19	2	103	U
19	2	111	G
19	2	116	A

There are no RNA pucker outliers to report.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



# 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

# 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



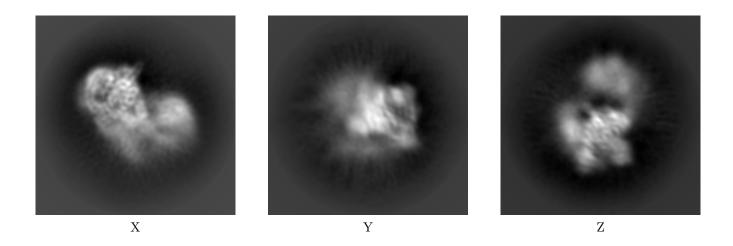
# 6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-10689. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

#### 6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

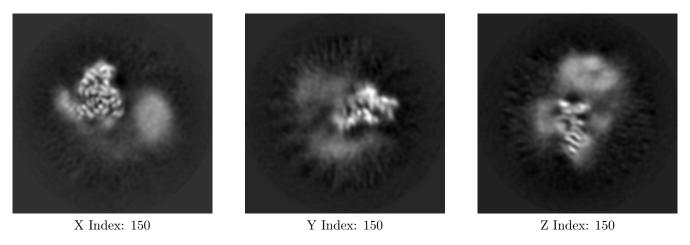
#### 6.1.1 Primary map



The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

#### 6.2 Central slices (i)

#### 6.2.1 Primary map

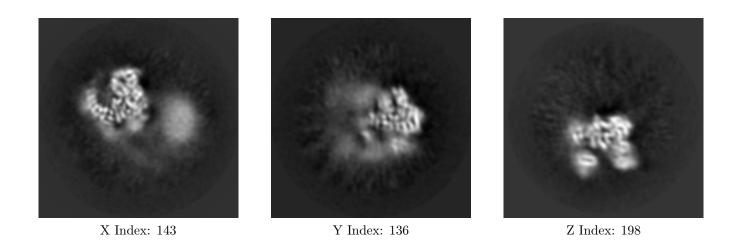




The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

#### 6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

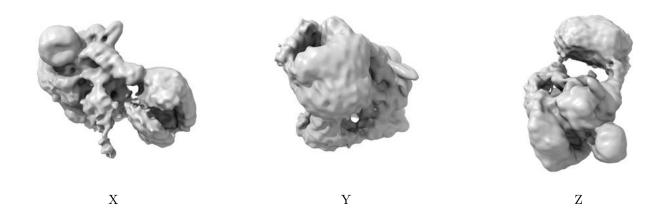
#### 6.3.1 Primary map



The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

# 6.4 Orthogonal surface views (i)

#### 6.4.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.013. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.



# 6.5 Mask visualisation (i)

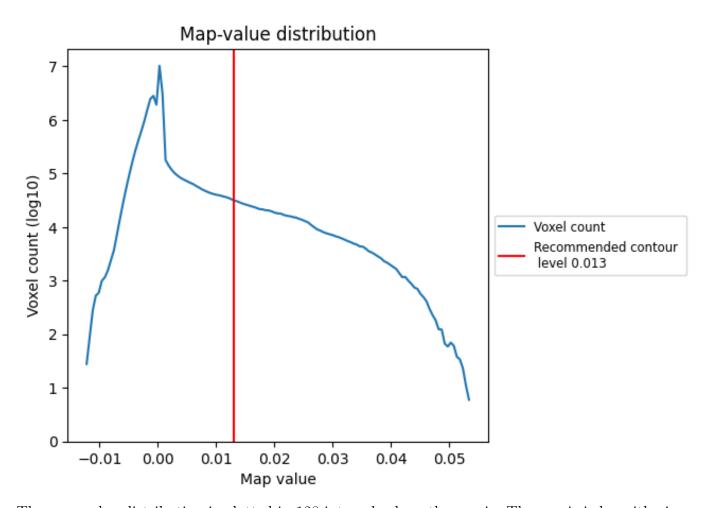
This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.



# 7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

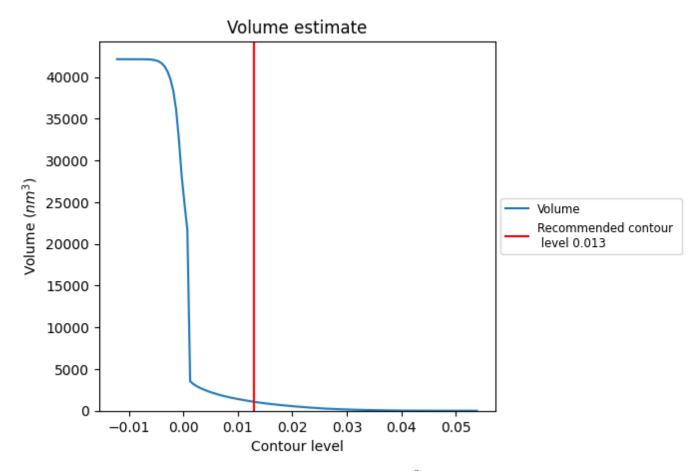
## 7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.



#### 7.2 Volume estimate (i)

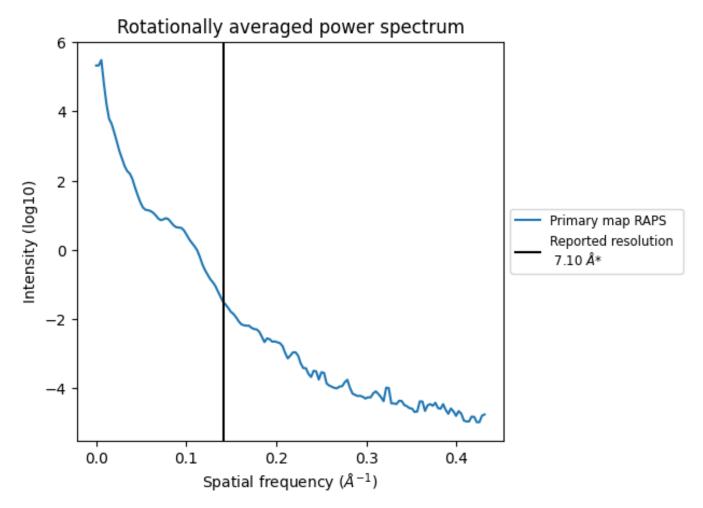


The volume at the recommended contour level is  $1071~\mathrm{nm}^3$ ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of  $967~\mathrm{kDa}$ .

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



# 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)



<sup>\*</sup>Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.141  $\rm \AA^{-1}$ 



# 8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

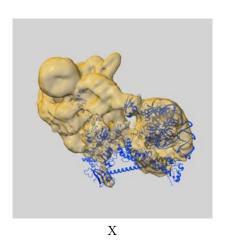
This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

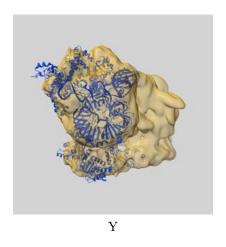


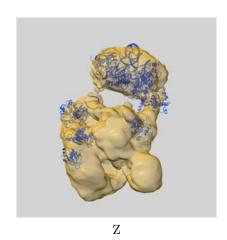
# 9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-10689 and PDB model 6Y53. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 7.

# 9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



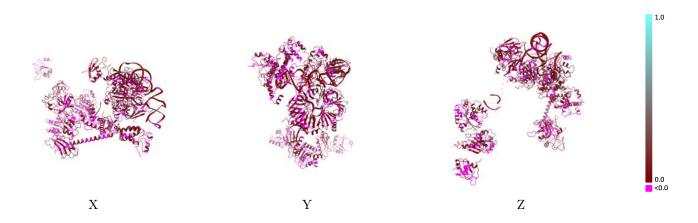




The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.013 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

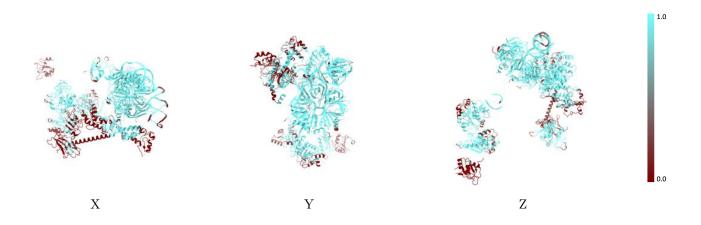


## 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

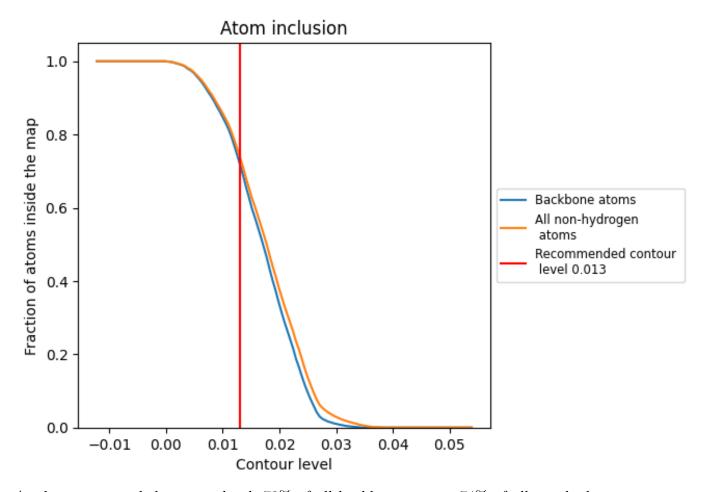
## 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.013).



# 9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 72% of all backbone atoms, 74% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.



# 9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.013) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.7403	0.0570
2	0.8691	0.0700
6	0.1984	0.0030
7	0.1948	0.0480
8	0.8829	0.0680
9	0.5893	0.0480
a	0.9850	0.1140
b	0.9153	0.1170
h	0.9827	0.0630
i	0.9091	0.0510
j	0.9216	0.0350
k	1.0000	0.0770
l	1.0000	0.0660
m	0.9761	0.1140
n	0.9525	0.0180
О	0.6280	0.0290
р	0.6724	0.0380
q	0.9282	0.0730
u	0.0938	-0.1340
Z	0.0032	0.0310



