

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Mar 4, 2024 - 11:01 PM EST

PDB ID : 1Y2W

Title: Crystal structure of the orthorhombic form of the common edible mushroom

(Agaricus bisporus) lectin in complex with T-antigen and N-acetylglucosamine

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H.L.

Deposited on : 2004-11-23

Resolution : 1.74 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

 $Mol Probity \quad : \quad 4.02b\text{--}467$

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.36

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

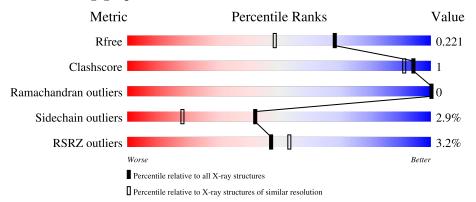
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.74 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} ext{Similar resolution} \ (\# ext{Entries, resolution range}(ext{Å})) \end{aligned}$		
R_{free}	130704	3764 (1.76-1.72)		
Clashscore	141614	3923 (1.76-1.72)		
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3878 (1.76-1.72)		
Sidechain outliers	138945	3878 (1.76-1.72)		
RSRZ outliers	127900	3705 (1.76-1.72)		

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain						
1	A	142	93%	7%					
1	В	142	92%	8%					
2	С	2	100%						
2	D	2	50%	50%					

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard



residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	NGA	С	1	X	-	-	-
2	NGA	D	1	X	-	-	-
3	NAG	A	147	X	-	-	-
4	SER	A	146	-	-	-	X



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2478 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called lectin.

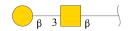
\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Λ	142	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
	142	1135	713	198	222	2	U	U		
1	B	142	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	D	142	1135	713	198	222	2	U		

There are 22 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	64	SER	ILE	SEE REMARK 999	GB 606960
A	134	ASP	-	SEE REMARK 999	GB 606960
A	135	ASN	-	SEE REMARK 999	GB 606960
A	136	LEU	-	SEE REMARK 999	GB 606960
A	137	LYS	-	SEE REMARK 999	GB 606960
A	138	ALA	-	SEE REMARK 999	GB 606960
A	139	ASN	-	SEE REMARK 999	GB 606960
A	140	LEU	-	SEE REMARK 999	GB 606960
A	141	ILE	-	SEE REMARK 999	GB 606960
A	142	ILE	-	SEE REMARK 999	GB 606960
A	143	GLY	-	SEE REMARK 999	GB 606960
В	64	SER	ILE	SEE REMARK 999	GB 606960
В	134	ASP	-	SEE REMARK 999	GB 606960
В	135	ASN	-	SEE REMARK 999	GB 606960
В	136	LEU	-	SEE REMARK 999	GB 606960
В	137	LYS	-	SEE REMARK 999	GB 606960
В	138	ALA	-	SEE REMARK 999	GB 606960
В	139	ASN	-	SEE REMARK 999	GB 606960
В	140	LEU	-	SEE REMARK 999	GB 606960
В	141	ILE	-	SEE REMARK 999	GB 606960
В	142	ILE	-	SEE REMARK 999	GB 606960
В	143	GLY	-	SEE REMARK 999	GB 606960

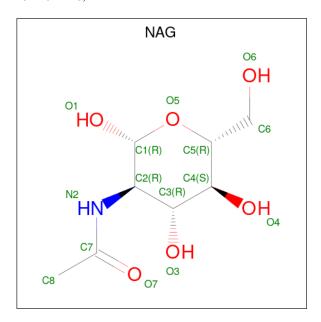
• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-3)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-b eta-D-galactopyranose.





\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	С	2	Total 25				0	0	0
2	D	2	Total 25	C 14	_	O 10	0	0	0

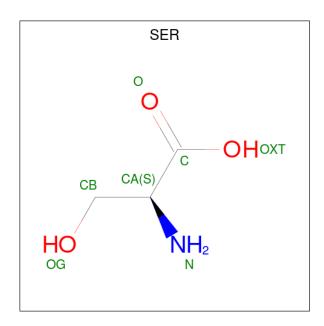
• Molecule 3 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).



\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total 15	C 8	N 1	O 6	0	0

• Molecule 4 is SERINE (three-letter code: SER) (formula: $C_3H_7NO_3$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total 7		N 1		0	0
4	В	1	Total 7	C 3	N 1	O 3	0	0

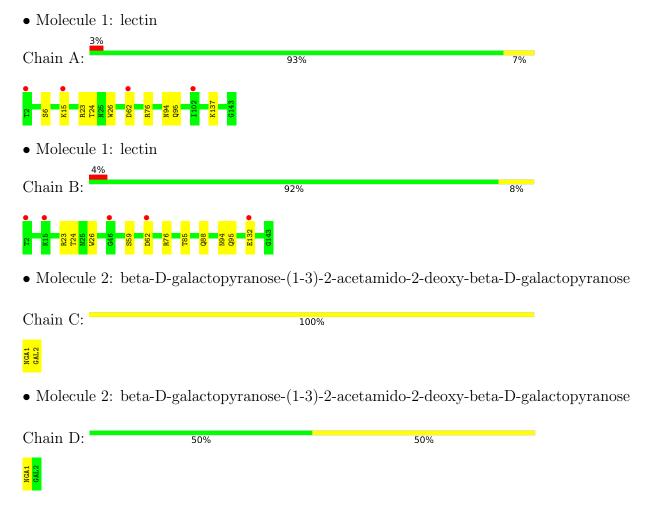
• Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	69	Total O 69 69	0	0
5	В	60	Total O 60 60	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 2 2 21	Depositor
Cell constants	91.90Å 96.80Å 75.16Å	Donogitor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	23.00 - 1.74	Depositor
resolution (A)	23.06 - 1.74	EDS
% Data completeness	98.7 (23.00-1.74)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	98.6 (23.06-1.74)	EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.06	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.26 (at 1.74Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.1.24	Depositor
Ρ. Р.	0.194 , 0.218	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.199 , 0.221	DCC
R_{free} test set	1729 reflections (5.05%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	14.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.382	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.45, 36.4	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L > = 0.49, < L^2> = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.018 for -k,-h,-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	2478	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	15.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.54% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GAL, NAG, NGA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI		RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.34	0/1159	0.64	1/1573 (0.1%)	
1	В	0.33	0/1159	0.65	1/1573 (0.1%)	
All	All	0.34	0/2318	0.65	2/3146 (0.1%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	62	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	6.19	123.87	118.30
1	В	62	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.01	122.81	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1135	0	1089	4	0
1	В	1135	0	1089	4	0
2	С	25	0	22	0	0
2	D	25	0	22	0	0
3	A	15	0	15	0	0
4	A	7	0	3	0	0
4	В	7	0	3	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	A	69	0	0	0	0
5	В	60	0	0	0	0
All	All	2478	0	2243	6	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All (6) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:85:THR:H	1:B:88:GLN:HE21	1.41	0.68
1:A:23:ARG:HG2	1:B:23:ARG:HG2	1.93	0.50
1:A:26:TRP:CZ3	1:A:95:GLN:HG2	2.49	0.48
1:A:6:SER:HB2	1:A:137:LYS:HD3	1.97	0.47
1:B:26:TRP:HZ3	1:B:95:GLN:HE21	1.68	0.41
1:A:24:THR:HG22	1:B:24:THR:HG22	2.02	0.41

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	140/142 (99%)	136 (97%)	4 (3%)	0	100	100
1	В	140/142 (99%)	138 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
All	All	280/284 (99%)	274 (98%)	6 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.



5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentile	es
1	A	121/121 (100%)	118 (98%)	3 (2%)	47 24	
1	В	121/121 (100%)	117 (97%)	4 (3%)	38 14	
All	All	242/242 (100%)	235 (97%)	7 (3%)	42 18	

All (7) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	15	LYS
1	A	76	ARG
1	A	94	ASN
1	В	59	SER
1	В	76	ARG
1	В	94	ASN
1	В	132	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (6) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	95	GLN
1	A	139	ASN
1	В	88	GLN
1	В	95	GLN
1	В	109	ASN
1	В	139	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

4 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trino	Гуре Chain Res Li		Bond lengths			Bond angles			
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
2	NGA	С	1	4,2	14,14,15	0.39	0	17,19,21	3.55	10 (58%)
2	GAL	С	2	2	11,11,12	0.56	0	15,15,17	0.93	1 (6%)
2	NGA	D	1	4,2	14,14,15	0.35	0	17,19,21	3.57	11 (64%)
2	GAL	D	2	2	11,11,12	0.64	0	15,15,17	0.89	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NGA	С	1	4,2	1/1/5/7	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	GAL	С	2	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	NGA	D	1	4,2	1/1/5/7	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	GAL	D	2	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (22) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	D	1	NGA	C1-O5-C5	8.76	124.06	112.19
2	С	1	NGA	C1-O5-C5	8.40	123.57	112.19
2	С	1	NGA	C3-C4-C5	5.66	120.33	110.24
2	С	1	NGA	O5-C1-C2	5.44	119.89	111.29
2	D	1	NGA	C3-C4-C5	5.24	119.58	110.24
2	D	1	NGA	O5-C1-C2	4.98	119.16	111.29
2	С	1	NGA	O4-C4-C3	-4.14	100.77	110.35
2	D	1	NGA	C4-C3-C2	4.14	117.08	111.02
2	D	1	NGA	O4-C4-C3	-4.13	100.79	110.35
2	С	1	NGA	C4-C3-C2	3.87	116.69	111.02

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
2	С	1	NGA	O4-C4-C5	-3.35	100.98	109.30
2	D	1	NGA	C2-N2-C7	-3.29	118.22	122.90
2	D	1	NGA	O5-C5-C6	3.09	112.04	107.20
2	D	1	NGA	O5-C5-C4	3.02	118.17	110.83
2	С	1	NGA	O5-C5-C4	2.92	117.94	110.83
2	С	1	NGA	C2-N2-C7	-2.83	118.88	122.90
2	D	1	NGA	O4-C4-C5	-2.82	102.30	109.30
2	С	1	NGA	C1-C2-N2	2.79	115.26	110.49
2	D	1	NGA	O3-C3-C4	2.52	116.18	110.35
2	С	1	NGA	O5-C5-C6	2.42	111.00	107.20
2	С	2	GAL	O5-C5-C6	2.36	110.91	107.20
2	D	1	NGA	C1-C2-N2	2.25	114.33	110.49

All (2) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
2	С	1	NGA	C1
2	D	1	NGA	C1

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

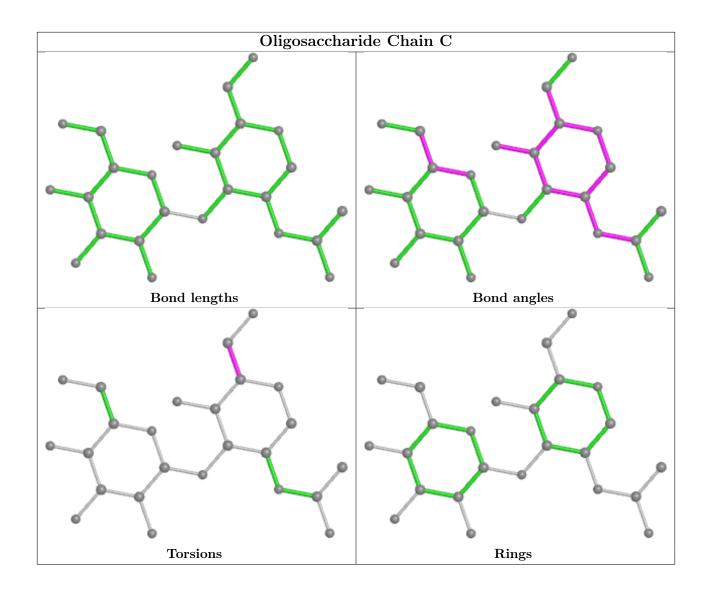
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	С	1	NGA	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	D	1	NGA	O5-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

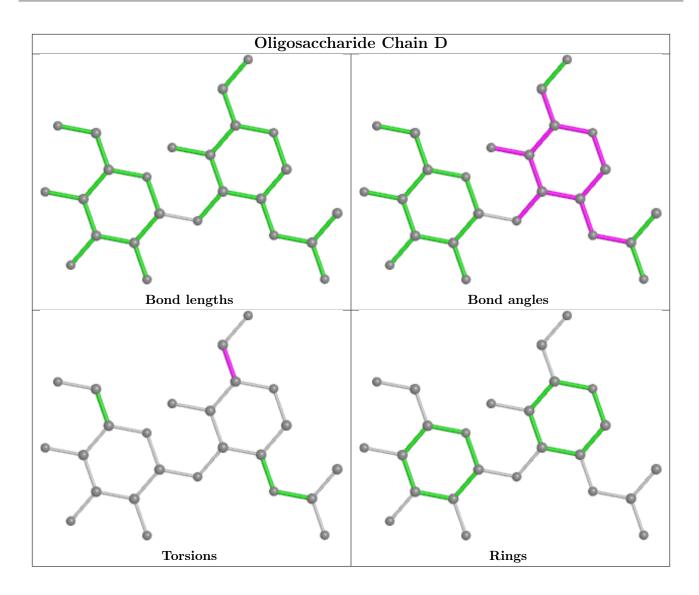
No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.









5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Во	ond leng	ths	Bond angles		
MIOI				Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
4	SER	A	146	2	5,6,6	0.96	1 (20%)	5,7,7	1.67	2 (40%)
4	SER	В	146	2	5,6,6	0.99	1 (20%)	5,7,7	1.57	2 (40%)
3	NAG	A	147	-	15,15,15	0.42	0	21,21,21	0.58	0



In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	SER	A	146	2	-	0/6/6/6	-
4	SER	В	146	2	-	0/6/6/6	=
3	NAG	A	147	-	1/1/6/7	0/6/26/26	0/1/1/1

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	Observed(A)	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
4	В	146	SER	OXT-C	-2.07	1.23	1.30
4	A	146	SER	OXT-C	-2.05	1.23	1.30

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
4	A	146	SER	OXT-C-O	-2.93	117.44	124.09
4	В	146	SER	OXT-C-O	-2.65	118.06	124.09
4	В	146	SER	OXT-C-CA	2.22	120.93	113.38
4	A	146	SER	OXT-C-CA	2.19	120.83	113.38

All (1) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	
3	A	147	NAG	C1	

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	142/142 (100%)	0.15	4 (2%) 53 58	10, 14, 19, 24	0
1	В	142/142 (100%)	0.29	5 (3%) 44 49	11, 15, 21, 25	0
All	All	284/284 (100%)	0.22	9 (3%) 47 53	10, 15, 20, 25	0

All (9) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	2	THR	3.9
1	A	2	THR	2.9
1	A	15	LYS	2.9
1	В	46	GLY	2.5
1	В	62	ASP	2.5
1	В	15	LYS	2.4
1	A	62	ASP	2.2
1	В	132	GLU	2.2
1	A	102	ILE	2.0

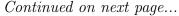
6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mo	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{A}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	NGA	D	1	14/15	0.84	0.14	19,20,22,22	0

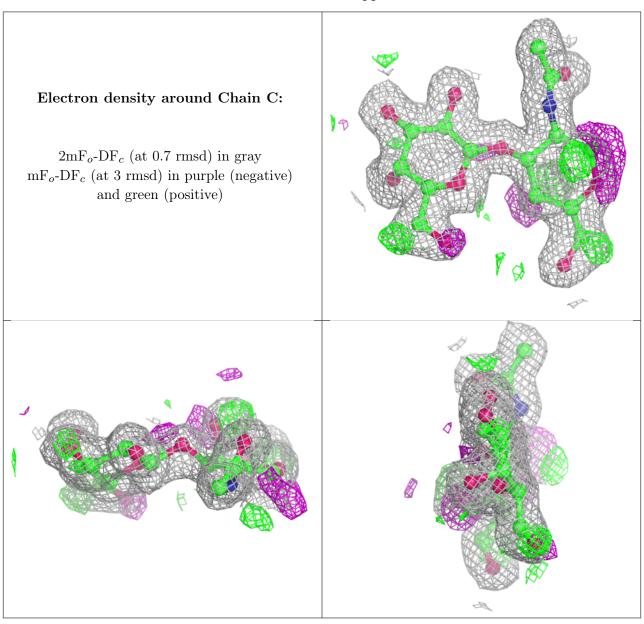




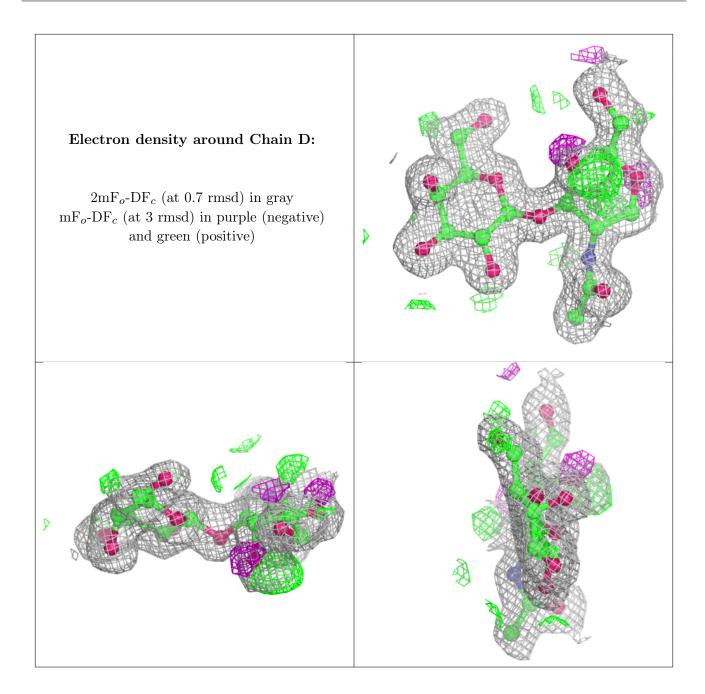
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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
2	NGA	С	1	14/15	0.85	0.15	16,17,19,19	0
2	GAL	С	2	11/12	0.89	0.12	15,16,18,21	0
2	GAL	D	2	11/12	0.91	0.10	18,19,20,21	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.







6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
4	SER	В	146	7/7	0.47	0.35	28,30,30,30	0
4	SER	A	146	7/7	0.50	0.44	27,30,30,31	0
3	NAG	A	147	15/15	0.91	0.09	14,15,17,18	0



6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

