

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

May 21, 2020 – 05:34 pm BST

PDB ID : 5XOB

Title : Crystal structure of apo TiaS (tRNAIle2 agmatidine synthetase)

Authors : Dong, J. Deposited on : 2017-05-27

Resolution : 2.48 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Xtriage (Phenix)} & : & 1.13 \\ \text{EDS} & : & 2.11 \end{array}$ 

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac: 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove) roteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

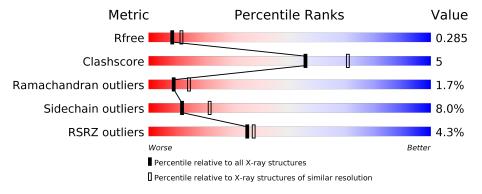
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.48 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned}  ext{Similar resolution} \ (\# ext{Entries},  ext{resolution range}( ext{Å})) \end{aligned}$
$R_{free}$	130704	5857 (2.50-2.46)
Clashscore	141614	6594 (2.50-2.46)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6469 (2.50-2.46)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6471 (2.50-2.46)
RSRZ outliers	127900	5738 (2.50-2.46)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
			4%		
1	Z	420	80%	17%	•••



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3284 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called tRNA(Ile2) 2-agmatinylcytidine synthetase TiaS.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace			
1	Z	417	Total 3282	C 2088	N 558	O 615	P 1	S 20	0	0	0

• Molecule 2 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	Z	1	Total Zn 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 3 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

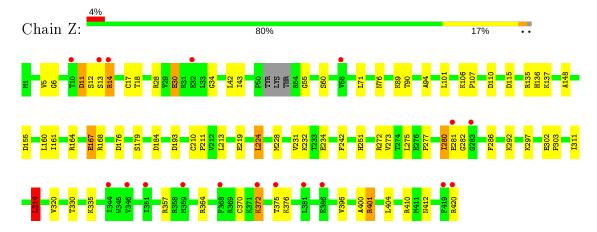
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	Z	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: tRNA(Ile2) 2-agmatinylcytidine synthetase TiaS





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 41 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants	68.93Å 68.93Å 211.10Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	49.29 - 2.48	Depositor
Resolution (A)	49.24 - 2.48	EDS
% Data completeness	98.0 (49.29-2.48)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	98.1 (49.24-2.48)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	3.51 (at 2.48Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.7.0032	Depositor
P. P.	0.245 , $0.294$	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.248 , $0.285$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	959 reflections $(5.15\%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	64.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.560	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.35,64.6	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.51, < L^2>=0.35$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	3284	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	83.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.97% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $< L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: TPO, ZN, MG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

	Mal	Chain	Bond	lengths	$\mathbf{Bond}$	angles
	MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
ſ	1	Z	0.36	0/3336	0.62	0/4511

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	Z	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	Z	17	CYS	Peptide

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	Z	3282	0	3214	33	0
2	Z	1	0	0	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{added})$	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	Z	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	3284	0	3214	33	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All (33) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

	1 4 5 700 0	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${f distance} \; ({f \AA})$	overlap (Å)
1:Z:396:VAL:O	1:Z:401:ARG:NH2	2.03	0.91
1:Z:277:PRO:HA	1:Z:286:PHE:O	1.96	0.64
1:Z:219:GLU:OE2	1:Z:410:ARG:HD2	1.97	0.64
1:Z:311:ILE:O	1:Z:314:LEU:HD22	1.99	0.63
1:Z:396:VAL:CG1	1:Z:400:ALA:HB3	2.31	0.60
1:Z:176:ASP:HB3	1:Z:232:LYS:HB2	1.86	0.58
1:Z:155:ASP:OD2	1:Z:410:ARG:NH2	2.39	0.56
1:Z:396:VAL:HG12	1:Z:400:ALA:HB3	1.89	0.53
1:Z:76:ASN:OD1	1:Z:136:HIS:NE2	2.43	0.51
1:Z:164:ARG:HD2	1:Z:234:GLU:OE2	2.11	0.50
1:Z:11:ASP:HB2	1:Z:18:TPO:O1P	2.11	0.50
1:Z:12:SER:C	1:Z:14:ARG:H	2.16	0.47
1:Z:302:GLU:N	1:Z:303:PRO:CD	2.78	0.47
1:Z:30:GLU:HA	1:Z:34:GLY:O	2.14	0.47
1:Z:251:HIS:HB3	1:Z:404:LEU:HD13	1.97	0.47
1:Z:90:THR:O	1:Z:137:LYS:HE2	2.16	0.46
1:Z:280:ILE:O	1:Z:282:GLY:N	2.49	0.45
1:Z:193:ASP:OD1	1:Z:401:ARG:NH1	2.49	0.45
1:Z:160:LEU:HB2	1:Z:224:LEU:HG	1.98	0.44
1:Z:6:GLY:O	1:Z:94:ALA:HA	2.18	0.44
1:Z:43:ILE:HG13	1:Z:148:ALA:HA	2.00	0.43
1:Z:210:CYS:HB2	1:Z:211:PRO:HD2	1.99	0.43
1:Z:372:LYS:HE3	1:Z:372:LYS:H	1.84	0.43
1:Z:18:TPO:HA	1:Z:18:TPO:O2P	2.19	0.42
1:Z:106:LYS:HB3	1:Z:107:PRO:HD3	2.01	0.42
1:Z:179:SER:OG	1:Z:231:VAL:HA	2.18	0.42
1:Z:184:ASP:OD2	1:Z:420:ARG:NH2	2.51	0.42
1:Z:160:LEU:HD21	1:Z:228:MET:HE3	2.00	0.42
1:Z:161:ILE:HD12	1:Z:242:PHE:CE2	2.55	0.42
1:Z:5:VAL:O	1:Z:60:SER:HA	2.21	0.41
1:Z:273:VAL:HG21	1:Z:314:LEU:HG	2.03	0.41
1:Z:12:SER:C	1:Z:14:ARG:N	2.75	0.40

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Atom-1			$egin{aligned}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
1:Z:370:CYS:HB3	1:Z:375:THR:OG1	2.22	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	Z	412/420 (98%)	389 (94%)	16 (4%)	7 (2%)	9 14

#### All (7) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	Z	14	ARG
1	Z	281	GLU
1	Z	314	LEU
1	Z	55	GLY
1	Z	13	SER
1	Z	292	LYS
1	Z	167	GLU

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	Z	348/367 (95%)	320 (92%)	28 (8%)	12 21	



All (28) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	Z	11	ASP
1	Z	28	ARG
1	Z	30	GLU
1	Z	42	LEU
1	Z	71	LEU
1	Z	89	LYS
1	Z	101	LEU
1	Z	110	ASP
1	Z	115	ASP
1	Z	135	ARG
1	Z	167	GLU
1	Z	168	ARG
1	Z	213	LEU
1	Z	224	LEU
1	Z	272	ARG
1	Z	275	LEU
1	Z	280	ILE
1	Z	297	LYS
1	Z	314	LEU
1	Z	320	VAL
1	Z	330	THR
1	Z	335	LYS
1	Z	357	ARG
1	Z	364	ARG
1	Z	372	LYS
1	Z	376	LYS
1	Z	401	ARG
1	Z	412	ASN

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.



In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	ol Type Chain Res Link		Link	B	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	туре	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts   RMS		# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	$\mid \# Z  > 2 \mid$
1	TPO	Z	18	1,3	8,10,11	0.81	0	10,14,16	1.27	1 (10%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	TPO	Z	18	1,3	-	3/9/11/13	-

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
1	Z	18	TPO	CB-CA-N	-2.65	96.97	114.41

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	Z	18	TPO	CA-CB-OG1-P
1	Z	18	TPO	CB-OG1-P-O1P
1	Z	18	TPO	CB-OG1-P-O2P

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	Z	18	TPO	2	0



#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

#### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	Z	416/420 (99%)	0.32	18 (4%) 35 37	57, 80, 118, 145	0

All (18) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type	RSRZ
1	Z	372	LYS	6.8
1	Z	13	SER	4.0
1	Z	68	VAL	3.8
1	Z	420	ARG	3.3
1	Z	375	THR	3.2
1	Z	359	MET	3.0
1	Z	283	GLY	2.8
1	Z	419	PHE	2.7
1	Z	351	ILE	2.7
1	Z	368	PHE	2.4
1	Z	14	ARG	2.4
1	Z	386	GLU	2.3
1	Z	344	ILE	2.3
1	Z	381	LEU	2.2
1	Z	346	VAL	2.2
1	Z	32	GLU	2.1
1	Z	281	GLU	2.1
1	Z	10	THR	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



M	Iol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
	1	TPO	Z	18	11/12	0.92	0.18	81,88,98,104	0

#### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
3	MG	Z	502	1/1	0.93	0.17	88,88,88,88	0
2	ZN	Z	501	1/1	1.00	0.09	85,85,85,85	0

## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

