

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Aug 10, 2020 - 07:47 AM BST

PDB ID	:	2X96
Title	:	Crystal structure of AnCE-RXPA380 complex
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		Acharya, K.R.
Deposited on		
Resolution	:	1.85 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

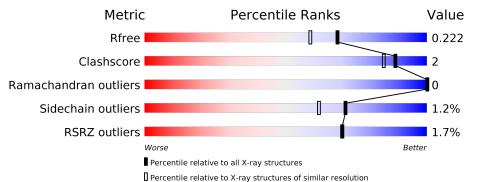
Ū.	:	4.02b-467 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
$\mathrm{EDS}$	:	2.13.1
$\mathrm{buster}$ -report	:	1.1.7(2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
$\operatorname{Refmac}$	:	5.8.0158
$\operatorname{CCP4}$	:	$7.0.044 (\mathrm{Gargrove})$
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.13.1

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.85 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
R <sub>free</sub>	130704	2469 (1.86-1.86)
Clashscore	141614	2625(1.86-1.86)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2592(1.86-1.86)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2592(1.86-1.86)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2436 (1.86-1.86)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of	chain
1	А	598	2% 94%	6%
2	В	6	50%	50%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:



Mol	Type	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	EPE	А	1616	-	-	-	Х
6	NAG	А	1624	-	-	-	Х



## 2 Entry composition (i)

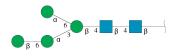
There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5701 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called ANGIOTENSIN CONVERTING ENZYME.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	598	Total 4883	C 3124	N 806	0 033	S 20	0	2	0
1	A	598	4883	3124	806	933	20	0	2	

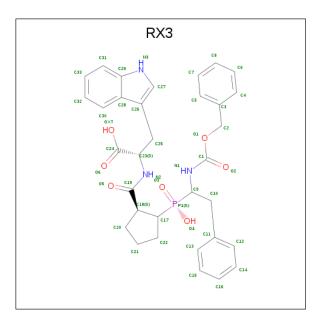
• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-alpha-D-mannopyranos e-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-be ta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	В	6	Total         C         N         O           72         40         2         30	0	0	0

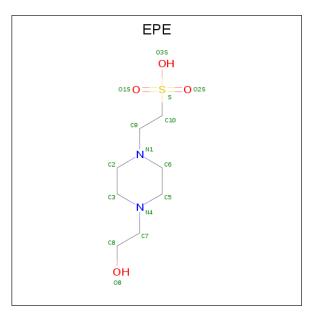
• Molecule 3 is N-({(1S,2R)-2-[(S)-[(1R)-1-{[(BENZYLOXY)CARBONYL]AMINO}-2-PHE NYLETHYL](HYDROXY)PHOSPHORYL]CYCLOPENTYL}CARBONYL)-L-TRYPT OPHAN (three-letter code: RX3) (formula: C<sub>33</sub>H<sub>36</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>7</sub>P).





Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	Λ	1	Total	С	Ν	Ο	Р	0	0
J	A	T	44	33	3	7	1	0	0

• Molecule 4 is 4-(2-HYDROXYETHYL)-1-PIPERAZINE ETHANESULFONIC ACID (three-letter code: EPE) (formula:  $C_8H_{18}N_2O_4S$ ).



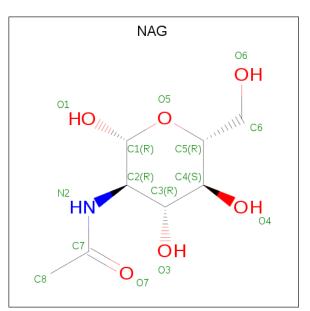
Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	А	1	Total	С	Ν	0	$\mathbf{S}$	0	Ο
	11	Ĩ	15	8	2	4	1	0	0

• Molecule 5 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).



[	Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
	5	А	1	Total Zn 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 6 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $C_8H_{15}NO_6$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total         C         N         O           14         8         1         5	0	0
6	A	1	Total         C         N         O           14         8         1         5	0	0

• Molecule 7 is water.

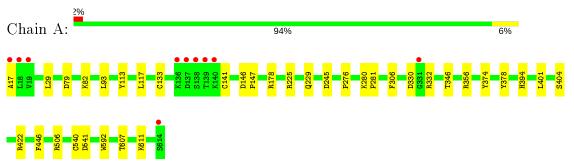
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	А	658	Total O 658 658	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: ANGIOTENSIN CONVERTING ENZYME



 $\label{eq:mannopyranose-(1-6)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]} beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2$ 

Chain B:	50%	50%
1402 1402 1414 14145 14145 1416		



## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	Н 3	Depositor
Cell constants	$173.07 \text{\AA}$ 173.07 Å 101.58 Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $120.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	32.71 - 1.85	Depositor
Resolution (A)	32.71 - 1.85	EDS
% Data completeness	91.1 (32.71-1.85)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	65.9(32.71 - 1.85)	EDS
R <sub>merge</sub>	0.09	Depositor
R <sub>sym</sub>	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$3.17 (at 1.85 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.5.0072	Depositor
D D	0.194 , $0.215$	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.198 , $0.222$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	3180 reflections $(4.98%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	28.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.142	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.39 , $41.2$	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$<  L  > = 0.49, < L^2 > = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	$\begin{array}{c} 0.017 \ {\rm for} \ -2/3^{*}{\rm h-1}/3^{*}{\rm k-4}/3^{*}{\rm l,-1}/3^{*}{\rm h-2}/3^{*}{\rm k+} \\ 4/3^{*}{\rm l,-1}/3^{*}{\rm h+1}/3^{*}{\rm k+1}/3^{*}{\rm l} \\ 0.013 \ {\rm for} \ -{\rm h,1}/3^{*}{\rm h-1}/3^{*}{\rm k-4}/3^{*}{\rm l,-1}/3^{*}{\rm h-2}/3^{*}{\rm k} \\ +1/3^{*}{\rm l} \\ 0.005 \ {\rm for} \ -{\rm 1}/3^{*}{\rm h+1}/3^{*}{\rm k}{\rm +4}/3^{*}{\rm l,-k}{\rm ,2}/3^{*}{\rm h+1}/ \\ 3^{*}{\rm k+1}/3^{*}{\rm l} \\ 0.015 \ {\rm for} \ -{\rm h,2}/3^{*}{\rm h+1}/3^{*}{\rm k}{\rm +4}/3^{*}{\rm l,-k}{\rm ,2}/3^{*}{\rm h+2}/3 \\ \\ 8^{*}{\rm k-1}/3^{*}{\rm l} \\ 0.038 \ {\rm for} \ -{\rm 1}/3^{*}{\rm h-2}/3^{*}{\rm k}{\rm +4}/3^{*}{\rm l,-2}/3^{*}{\rm h-1}/3^{*}{\rm k}{\rm -4}/3^{*}{\rm l,-1}/3^{*}{\rm l} \\ 0.034 \ {\rm for} \ 1/3^{*}{\rm h+2}/3^{*}{\rm k-4}/3^{*}{\rm l,-k}{\rm ,-2}/3^{*}{\rm h-1}/3^{*} \\ \\ 0.181 \ {\rm for} \ {\rm h,-h-k,-l} \end{array}$	Xtriage
$\mathbf{F}_o, \mathbf{F}_c$ correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	5701	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	29.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.82% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN, BMA, NAG, RX3, EPE, MAN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Boi	nd lengths	Bond	angles
	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	А	0.38	2/5015~(0.0%)	0.47	0/6796

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
1	А	346	THR	CB-OG1	5.44	1.54	1.43
1	А	607	THR	CB-OG1	5.31	1.53	1.43

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	4883	0	4677	18	0
2	В	72	0	61	0	0
3	А	44	0	31	1	0
4	А	15	0	17	3	0
5	А	1	0	0	0	0
6	А	28	0	26	0	0
7	А	658	0	0	4	0
All	All	5701	0	4812	19	0



The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

All (19) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
		distance (Å)	overlap (Å)
1:A:404:SER:HB2	1:A:541:ASP:HA	1.84	0.59
1:A:276:PRO:HB3	1:A:592:TRP:CH2	2.42	0.55
1:A:506:ARG:HH12	4:A:1616:EPE:H32	1.72	0.54
1:A:113:TYR:CE2	1:A:117:LEU:HD11	2.44	0.52
1:A:306:PHE:CD2	1:A:401:LEU:HD13	2.46	0.51
1:A:133:CYS:HA	1:A:141:CYS:HA	1.91	0.51
1:A:280:LYS:HB3	1:A:281:PRO:HD2	1.93	0.51
1:A:506:ARG:HH22	4:A:1616:EPE:H52	1.76	0.49
3:A:1615:RX3:H14	4:A:1616:EPE:H31	1.96	0.47
1:A:147:PRO:HB3	1:A:356:ARG:HD3	1.98	0.46
1:A:17:ALA:HB3	7:A:2002:HOH:O	2.16	0.45
1:A:611:LYS:HD3	7:A:2632:HOH:O	2.17	0.44
1:A:330:ASP:OD1	1:A:332:ARG:HD3	2.18	0.44
1:A:79:ASP:HA	1:A:82:LYS:HD3	1.98	0.44
1:A:29:LEU:HD12	1:A:93:LEU:HD22	2.00	0.44
1:A:225:ARG:O	1:A:229:GLN:HG2	2.18	0.43
1:A:178:ARG:NH1	7:A:2229:HOH:O	2.51	0.42
1:A:422:ARG:NH1	7:A:2481:HOH:O	2.46	0.42
1:A:146:ASP:HA	1:A:147:PRO:HA	1.79	0.41

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	А	598/598~(100%)	$591 \ (99\%)$	7(1%)	0	100 100	)

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.



#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	analysed Rotameric		Percentiles	
1	А	521/520~(100%)	515~(99%)	6 (1%)	71 62	

All (6) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Type
1	А	245	ASP
1	А	374	TYR
1	А	378	TYR
1	А	394	HIS
1	А	446	PHE
1	А	540	CYS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

6 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the



expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).



Mol	Tune	Tuno Chain Ros		Cype Chain	n Res	es Link	Bo	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
	туре	Cham	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2			
2	NAG	В	1	1,2	14, 14, 15	0.48	0	17,19,21	0.67	0			
2	NAG	В	2	2	14, 14, 15	0.47	0	17,19,21	1.29	2 (11%)			
2	BMA	В	3	2	11, 11, 12	0.61	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	0.85	0			
2	MAN	В	4	2	11, 11, 12	0.60	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	0.90	0			
2	BMA	В	5	2	11,11,12	0.52	0	15,15,17	1.29	2 (13%)			
2	MAN	В	6	2	11, 11, 12	0.62	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	0.96	2 (13%)			

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	В	1	1,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	В	2	2	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	BMA	В	3	2	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	В	4	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	BMA	В	5	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	В	6	2	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (6) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	В	5	BMA	C1-O5-C5	3.79	117.33	112.19
2	В	2	NAG	C2-N2-C7	3.00	127.17	122.90
2	В	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.80	115.98	112.19
2	В	6	MAN	C1-C2-C3	2.31	112.51	109.67
2	В	5	BMA	C1-C2-C3	2.21	112.38	109.67
2	В	6	MAN	C1-O5-C5	2.01	114.91	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.

All (9) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	В	5	BMA	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	В	5	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	В	4	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	В	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	В	4	MAN	C4-C5-C6-O6

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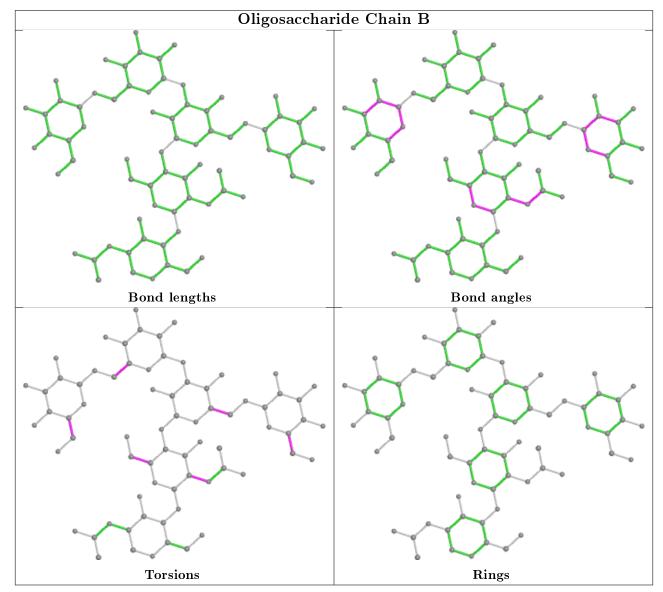
001111	naca jion	i preou	Jus puye	• • •
Mol	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Type	Atoms
2	В	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	В	2	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
2	В	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	В	6	MAN	C4-C5-C6-O6

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There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.





## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 5 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 4 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Mol Type	Chain F	ain Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	$\mathbf{ths}$	Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
6	NAG	А	1623	1	14, 14, 15	0.57	0	17,19,21	0.63	0
3	RX3	А	1615	5	40,48,48	1.86	3 (7%)	$50,\!67,\!67$	2.11	11 (22%)
4	EPE	А	1616	-	15, 15, 15	0.86	1(6%)	18,20,20	1.93	<mark>5 (27%)</mark>
6	NAG	А	1624	1	14, 14, 15	0.58	0	17,19,21	0.69	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	NAG	А	1623	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	RX3	А	1615	5	-	15/32/51/51	0/5/5/5
4	EPE	А	1616	-	-	2/9/19/19	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	А	1624	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
3	А	1615	RX3	C9-N1	-8.89	1.36	1.46
3	А	1615	RX3	O1-C1	5.21	1.45	1.35
4	А	1616	EPE	C10-S	2.84	1.81	1.77
3	А	1615	RX3	P1-O4	-2.19	1.50	1.54

All (16) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
3	А	1615	RX3	P1-C9-C10	8.33	125.07	110.99
3	А	1615	RX3	C17-P1-C9	5.23	121.64	106.88

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Mol	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
3	А	1615	RX3	C10-C9-N1	4.95	117.21	111.39
4	А	1616	EPE	C5-N4-C3	4.86	119.76	108.83
3	А	1615	RX3	C22-C17-C18	3.87	111.55	104.45
3	А	1615	RX3	O1-C1-O2	-3.56	117.41	124.25
3	А	1615	RX3	C2-O1-C1	3.50	123.74	115.93
4	А	1616	EPE	C7-N4-C3	3.24	119.53	111.23
4	А	1616	EPE	C7-N4-C5	3.24	119.53	111.23
3	А	1615	RX3	O1-C1-N1	3.23	117.07	110.50
3	А	1615	RX3	C18-C19-N2	-2.80	112.65	116.00
3	А	1615	RX3	O4-P1-C9	2.54	112.57	106.87
4	А	1616	EPE	O1S-S-C10	2.49	109.91	106.92
3	А	1615	RX3	C30-C28-C29	2.39	121.34	118.17
3	А	1615	RX3	O4-P1-C17	-2.33	101.63	106.87
4	А	1616	EPE	O3S-S-C10	2.19	109.31	105.77

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There a	are no chi	irality o	outliers.	
All $(21)$	) torsion	outliers	s are list	ed below:
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	А	1615	RX3	C10-C9-P1-O3
3	А	1615	RX3	C18-C17-P1-O4
3	А	1615	RX3	C18-C17-P1-C9
3	А	1615	RX3	P1-C9-N1-C1
3	А	1615	RX3	C11-C10-C9-N1
3	А	1615	RX3	C17-C18-C19-O5
3	А	1615	RX3	C17-C18-C19-N2
6	А	1624	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	А	1615	RX3	N1-C1-O1-C2
3	А	1615	RX3	C20-C18-C19-O5
3	А	1615	RX3	O2-C1-O1-C2
6	А	1623	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	А	1615	RX3	C20-C18-C19-N2
3	А	1615	RX3	C25-C23-N2-C19
6	А	1624	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	А	1616	EPE	N4-C7-C8-O8
4	А	1616	EPE	C8-C7-N4-C3
3	А	1615	RX3	C18-C17-P1-O3
3	А	1615	RX3	N1-C9-P1-O3
3	А	1615	RX3	C24-C23-N2-C19
6	А	1623	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

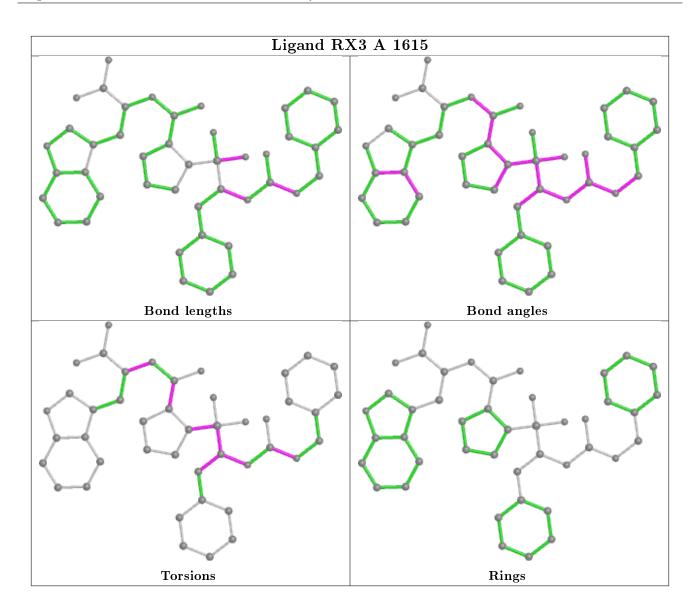


Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	А	1615	RX3	1	0
4	А	1616	EPE	3	0

2 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and sufficient the outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

## 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	#RSRZ $>$ 2	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	А	598/598~(100%)	-0.42	10 (1%) 70 70	18, 27, 39, 47	7 (1%)

All (10) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	А	139	THR	4.7
1	А	614	SER	3.9
1	А	17	ALA	3.3
1	А	19	VAL	3.0
1	А	140	LYS	2.9
1	А	138	SER	2.4
1	А	136	LYS	2.4
1	А	18	LEU	2.2
1	А	331	GLY	2.2
1	А	137	ASP	2.2

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathbf{A}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	MAN	В	6	11/12	0.81	0.29	$60,\!62,\!62,\!62$	0
2	BMA	В	5	11/12	0.86	0.18	60,62,62,63	0

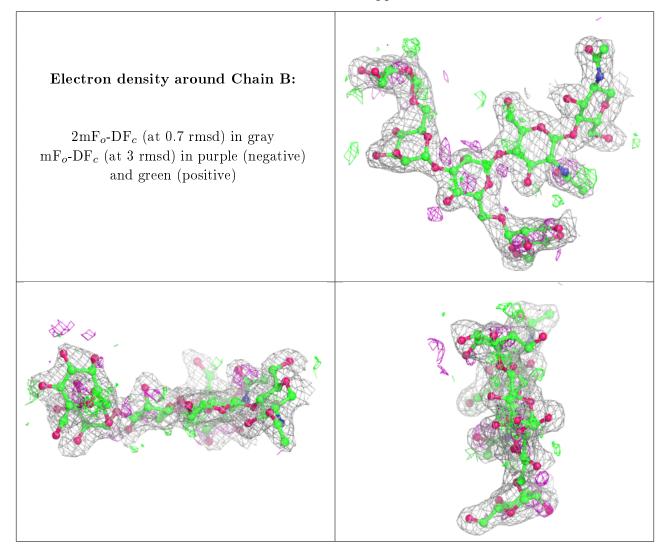
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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B} ext{-factors}({ m \AA}^2)$	$Q{<}0.9$			
2	BMA	В	3	11/12	0.87	0.25	$49,\!53,\!56,\!58$	0			
2	MAN	В	4	11/12	0.90	0.12	$55,\!56,\!58,\!59$	0			
2	NAG	В	2	14/15	0.93	0.12	$36,\!39,\!41,\!45$	0			
2	NAG	В	1	14/15	0.98	0.06	$27,\!29,\!30,\!33$	0			

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The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



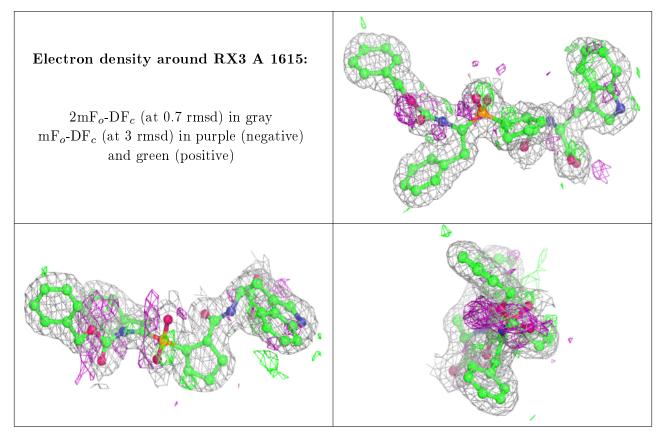
### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	$\mathbf{RSR}$	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathbf{A}^2)$	$\mathbf{Q}{<}0.9$
6	NAG	А	1624	14/15	0.64	0.49	$44,\!45,\!45,\!45$	14
4	EPE	А	1616	15/15	0.66	0.47	$118,\!118,\!119,\!119$	0
6	NAG	А	1623	14/15	0.84	0.30	33,33,34,34	14
3	RX3	А	1615	44/44	0.96	0.15	27,29,34,37	0
5	ZN	А	1617	1/1	1.00	0.07	22,22,22,22	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

