

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Aug 6, 2020 – 09:26 PM BST

PDB ID : 2X95

Title : Crystal structure of AnCE-lisinopril-tryptophan analogue, lisW-S complex Authors : Akif, M.; Georgiadis, D.; Mahajan, A.; Dive, V.; Sturrock, E.D.; Isaac, R.E.;

Acharya, K.R.

 $Deposited \ on \quad : \quad 2010 \hbox{--} 03 \hbox{--} 14$ 

Resolution : 1.96 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.13.1

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac: 5.8.0158

CCP4: 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

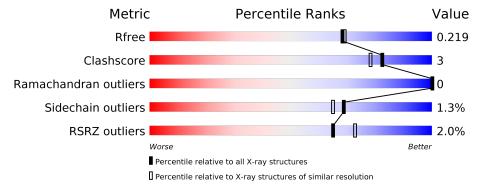
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.13.1

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.96 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar \; resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries, \; resolution \; range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	2580 (1.96-1.96)
Clashscore	141614	2705 (1.96-1.96)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2678 (1.96-1.96)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2678 (1.96-1.96)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2539 (1.96-1.96)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	A	599	94%	6%			
2	В	6	50%	50%			

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
5	NAG	A	1622	-	-	-	X



## 2 Entry composition (i)

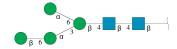
There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5580 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called ANGIOTENSIN CONVERTING ENZYME.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	Λ	598	Total	С	N	О	S	0	9	0
1	$\Lambda$	990	4883	3124	806	933	20	0		

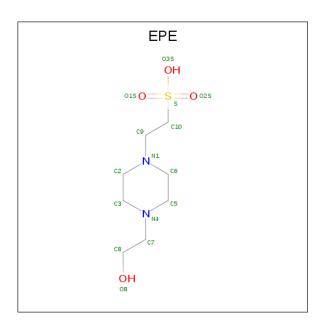
• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-alpha-D-mannopyranose e-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
2	В	6	Total 72	C 40	N 2	O 30	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is 4-(2-HYDROXYETHYL)-1-PIPERAZINE ETHANESULFONIC ACID (three-letter code: EPE) (formula: C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>18</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S).





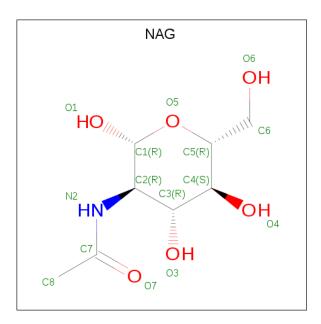
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf		
2	Λ.	1	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	
)	A	1	15	8	2	4	1			
2	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	
)	A	1	15	8	2	4	1			
2	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	
3	3 A	1	15	8	2	4	1	0	U	

• Molecule 4 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total Zn 1 1	0	0

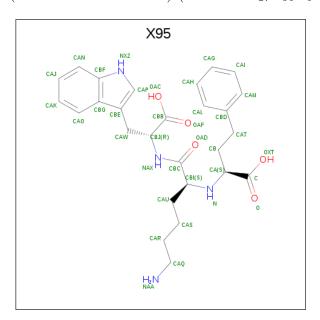
• Molecule 5 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $C_8H_{15}NO_6$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
5	Δ	1	Total	С	N	О	0	0	
		1	14	_	_	5			
5	Λ	1	Total	С	Ν	Ο	0	0	
0	А	1	14	8	1	5	U	0	

• Molecule 6 is (S)-1-N2-(1-CARBOXY-3-PHENYLPROPYL)-L-LYSYL-L-TRYPTOPHAN (three-letter code: X95) (formula:  $C_{27}H_{34}N_4O_5$ ).



$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total C N O 36 27 4 5	0	0



• Molecule 7 is water.

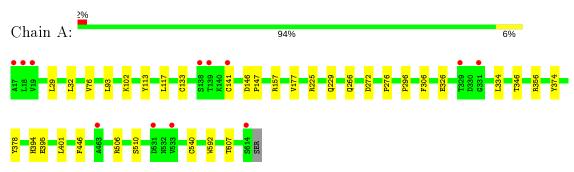
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	515	Total O 515 515	0	0



## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: ANGIOTENSIN CONVERTING ENZYME



• Molecule 2: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose





## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	H 3	Depositor
Cell constants	172.64Å 172.64Å 102.41Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $120.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	32.63 - 1.96	Depositor
	32.63 - 1.96	EDS
% Data completeness	87.2 (32.63-1.96)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	83.1 (32.63-1.96)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.08	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.91 (at 1.97Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.5.0072	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.194 , $0.216$	Depositor
·	0.195 , 0.219	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	3418 reflections $(5.03\%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(\mathring{A}^2)$	27.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.006	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.42, 45.2	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L >=0.48, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	$\begin{array}{c} 0.015 \; \text{for} \; -2/3*\text{h-}1/3*\text{k-}4/3*\text{l}, -1/3*\text{h-}2/3*\text{k} + \\ \; 4/3*\text{l}, -1/3*\text{h+}1/3*\text{k} + 1/3*\text{l} \\ 0.013 \; \text{for} \; -\text{h}, 1/3*\text{h-}1/3*\text{k-}4/3*\text{l}, -1/3*\text{h-}2/3*\text{k} \\ \; +1/3*\text{l} \\ 0.008 \; \text{for} \; -1/3*\text{h+}1/3*\text{k} + 4/3*\text{l}, -\text{k}, 2/3*\text{h+}1/3*\text{l} \\ 0.014 \; \text{for} \; -\text{h}, 2/3*\text{h+}1/3*\text{k} + 4/3*\text{l}, 1/3*\text{h+}2/3 \\ \; & *\text{k-}1/3*\text{l} \\ 0.025 \; \text{for} \; -1/3*\text{h-}2/3*\text{k} + 4/3*\text{l}, -2/3*\text{h-}1/3*\text{k} + \\ \; 4/3*\text{l}, 1/3*\text{h-}1/3*\text{k-}1/3*\text{l} \\ 0.013 \; \text{for} \; 1/3*\text{h+}2/3*\text{k-}4/3*\text{l}, -\text{k}, -2/3*\text{h-}1/3* \\ \; & \text{k-}1/3*\text{l} \\ 0.022 \; \text{for} \; \text{h}, -\text{h-k}, -\text{l} \end{array}$	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	5580	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	28.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.29% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $< L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN, BMA, X95, MAN, EPE, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Boı	nd lengths	Bond angles		
		RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5	
1	A	0.39	2/5015~(0.0%)	0.48	0/6796	

#### All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	${f Atoms}$	Z	${ m Observed}( m \AA)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(\mathbf{\AA})$
1	A	346	THR	CB-OG1	5.44	1.54	1.43
1	A	607	THR	CB-OG1	5.27	1.53	1.43

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	Α	4883	0	4677	16	0
2	В	72	0	61	0	0
3	A	45	0	51	8	0
4	A	1	0	0	0	0
5	A	28	0	26	0	0
6	A	36	0	32	4	0
7	A	515	0	0	3	0
All	All	5580	0	4847	25	0



The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

All (25) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{ll}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance} \ ( ext{Å}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
6:A:1623:X95:HAO	6:A:1623:X95:HBJ	1.62	0.80
3:A:1240:EPE:H31	6:A:1623:X95:HAH	1.68	0.75
6:A:1623:X95:NAX	6:A:1623:X95:HAS1	2.03	0.72
1:A:276:PRO:HB3	1:A:592:TRP:CH2	2.35	0.62
1:A:506:ARG:HH22	3:A:1240:EPE:H52	1.69	0.58
1:A:506:ARG:HH12	3:A:1240:EPE:H32	1.72	0.55
3:A:1241:EPE:H32	7:A:2499:HOH:O	2.08	0.53
3:A:1240:EPE:H72	7:A:2419:HOH:O	2.09	0.52
1:A:133:CYS:HA	1:A:141:CYS:HA	1.90	0.52
3:A:1240:EPE:H22	3:A:1241:EPE:H71	1.95	0.49
6:A:1623:X95:CAO	6:A:1623:X95:HBJ	2.29	0.47
1:A:147:PRO:HB3	1:A:356:ARG:HD3	1.96	0.47
1:A:113:TYR:CE2	1:A:117:LEU:HD11	2.50	0.46
3:A:1241:EPE:H101	3:A:1241:EPE:H61	1.39	0.45
1:A:225:ARG:O	1:A:229:GLN:HG2	2.16	0.45
1:A:395:GLU:HB2	1:A:510:SER:HB2	2.00	0.44
1:A:157:ARG:NH2	1:A:272:ASP:OD1	2.49	0.44
1:A:177:VAL:HG13	1:A:177:VAL:O	2.18	0.44
1:A:102:LYS:HD3	7:A:2178:HOH:O	2.18	0.44
1:A:146:ASP:HA	1:A:147:PRO:HA	1.78	0.43
1:A:296:PRO:HG2	1:A:326:GLU:HG2	2.00	0.43
1:A:306:PHE:CD2	1:A:401:LEU:HD13	2.54	0.43
3:A:1240:EPE:H102	3:A:1240:EPE:H62	1.69	0.43
1:A:32:LEU:HD21	1:A:76:VAL:HG13	2.02	0.41
1:A:29:LEU:HD12	1:A:93:LEU:HD22	2.03	0.41

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was



analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	598/599 (100%)	593 (99%)	5 (1%)	0	100 100		

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	521/521 (100%)	514 (99%)	7 (1%)	69 65		

All (7) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	266	GLN
1	A	334	LEU
1	A	374	TYR
1	A	378	TYR
1	A	394	HIS
1	A	446	PHE
1	A	540	CYS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	${f Res}$	Type
1	A	377	GLN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

6 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Mol Type Chain		Res	Link	Вс	nd leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
10101	Type	Chain	res	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	NAG	В	1	1,2	14,14,15	0.51	0	17,19,21	0.57	0
2	NAG	В	2	2	14,14,15	0.52	0	17,19,21	1.31	2 (11%)
2	BMA	В	3	2	11,11,12	0.60	0	15,15,17	0.80	0
2	MAN	В	4	2	11,11,12	0.52	0	15,15,17	1.10	1 (6%)
2	BMA	В	5	2	11,11,12	0.59	0	15,15,17	0.96	2 (13%)
2	MAN	В	6	2	11,11,12	0.58	0	15,15,17	0.78	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	В	1	1,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	В	2	2	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	BMA	В	3	2	1	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	В	4	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	BMA	В	5	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	В	6	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	В	4	MAN	C1-O5-C5	3.49	116.93	112.19
2	В	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.86	116.07	112.19
2	В	2	NAG	C2-N2-C7	2.83	126.93	122.90
2	В	5	BMA	C1-C2-C3	2.41	112.63	109.67
2	В	5	BMA	C1-O5-C5	2.18	115.15	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.

All (9) torsion outliers are listed below:

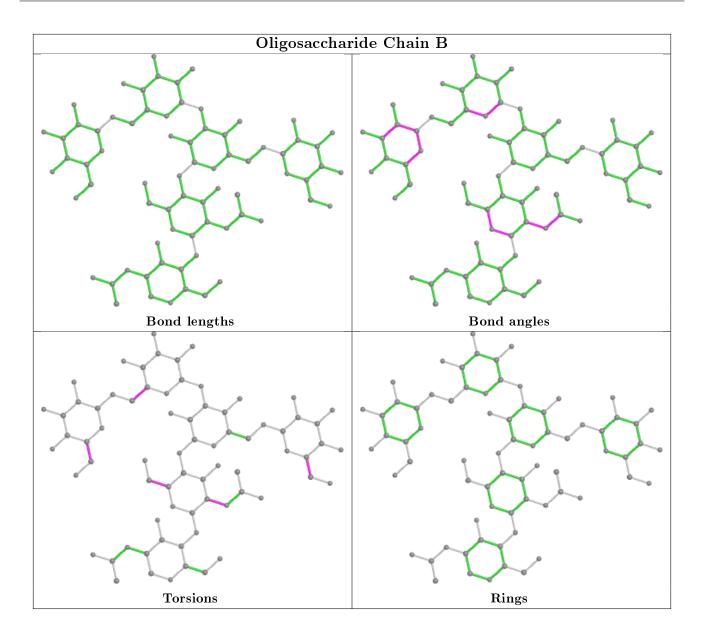
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	В	6	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	В	5	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	В	6	MAN	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	В	5	BMA	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	В	4	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	В	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	В	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	В	2	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
2	В	4	MAN	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.





### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 7 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 6 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
5	NAG	A	1621	1	14,14,15	0.54	0	17,19,21	0.76	0



Mol	Trino	Chain	Res	Link	Во	ond leng	ths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	ites	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	EPE	A	1240	-	15,15,15	0.82	1 (6%)	18,20,20	1.93	6 (33%)
3	EPE	A	1241	-	15,15,15	0.84	1 (6%)	18,20,20	1.93	6 (33%)
5	NAG	A	1622	1	14,14,15	0.59	0	17,19,21	0.69	0
3	EPE	A	1242	_	15,15,15	0.87	1 (6%)	18,20,20	1.86	5 (27%)
6	X95	A	1623	4	31,38,38	0.92	1 (3%)	35,50,50	1.16	3 (8%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	NAG	A	1621	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	EPE	A	1240	-	-	2/9/19/19	0/1/1/1
3	EPE	A	1241	-	-	5/9/19/19	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	A	1622	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	EPE	A	1242	_	-	2/9/19/19	0/1/1/1
6	X95	A	1623	4	-	9/25/34/34	0/3/3/3

#### All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\operatorname{\AA})$
3	A	1242	EPE	C10-S	2.90	1.81	1.77
3	A	1241	EPE	C10-S	2.82	1.81	1.77
3	A	1240	EPE	C10-S	2.76	1.81	1.77
6	A	1623	X95	CBJ-NAX	2.50	1.49	1.46

All (20) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
3	A	1241	EPE	C5-N4-C3	4.94	119.95	108.83
3	A	1240	EPE	C5-N4-C3	4.92	119.90	108.83
3	A	1242	EPE	C5-N4-C3	4.85	119.75	108.83
6	A	1623	X95	CBJ-NAX-CBC	4.35	129.70	123.19
3	A	1241	EPE	C7-N4-C5	3.40	119.94	111.23
3	A	1240	EPE	C7-N4-C3	3.39	119.89	111.23
3	A	1241	EPE	C7-N4-C3	3.38	119.89	111.23
3	A	1240	EPE	C7-N4-C5	3.37	119.85	111.23
3	A	1242	EPE	C7-N4-C5	3.22	119.46	111.23
3	A	1242	EPE	C7-N4-C3	3.17	119.33	111.23

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^o)$
6	A	1623	X95	CAW-CBJ-NAX	2.81	114.11	109.01
3	A	1242	EPE	O3S-S-C10	2.34	109.55	105.77
3	A	1242	EPE	O1S-S-C10	2.30	109.68	106.92
3	A	1240	EPE	O3S-S-C10	2.28	109.46	105.77
6	A	1623	X95	CAW-CBE-CAP	-2.27	125.17	127.97
3	A	1241	EPE	O3S-S-C10	2.26	109.42	105.77
3	A	1240	EPE	O1S-S-C10	2.13	109.48	106.92
3	A	1241	EPE	O1S-S-C10	2.11	109.45	106.92
3	A	1240	EPE	O2S-S-C10	2.11	109.45	106.92
3	A	1241	EPE	O2S-S-C10	2.09	109.43	106.92

There are no chirality outliers.

All (22) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	1240	EPE	S-C10-C9-N1
3	A	1241	EPE	C10-C9-N1-C6
3	A	1241	EPE	S-C10-C9-N1
3	A	1242	EPE	N4-C7-C8-O8
6	A	1623	X95	C-CA-CB-CAT
6	A	1623	X95	CBB-CBJ-NAX-CBC
6	A	1623	X95	N-CA-CB-CAT
5	A	1621	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	A	1241	EPE	N4-C7-C8-O8
5	A	1622	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	A	1621	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	A	1241	EPE	C8-C7-N4-C3
3	A	1241	EPE	C10-C9-N1-C2
5	A	1622	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
6	A	1623	X95	CBJ-CAW-CBE-CAP
6	A	1623	X95	OAD-CBC-CBI-N
3	A	1242	EPE	C8-C7-N4-C3
6	A	1623	X95	NAX-CBC-CBI-N
6	A	1623	X95	CB-CAT-CBD-CAM
3	A	1240	EPE	C8-C7-N4-C3
6	A	1623	X95	CB-CAT-CBD-CAL
6	A	1623	X95	CAR-CAS-CAU-CBI

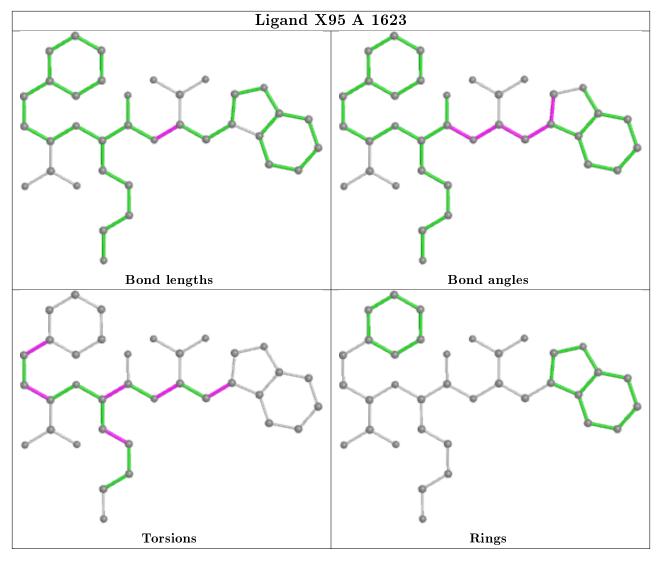
There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 11 short contacts:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	1240	EPE	6	0
3	A	1241	EPE	3	0
6	A	1623	X95	4	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



### 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$		$OWAB(\AA^2)$	Q < 0.9	
1	A	598/599 (99%)	-0.11	12 (2%)	65	73	16, 26, 37, 51	7 (1%)

All (12) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	17	ALA	5.9
1	A	19	VAL	5.3
1	A	18	LEU	5.2
1	A	139	THR	5.1
1	A	614	SER	4.1
1	A	331	GLY	3.8
1	A	141	CYS	2.9
1	A	533	VAL	2.5
1	A	531	ASP	2.4
1	A	463	ALA	2.3
1	A	329	THR	2.2
1	A	138	SER	2.2

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

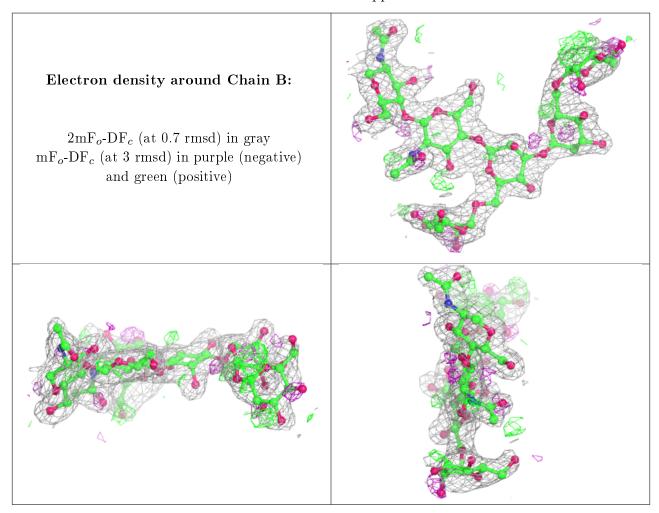
### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
2	MAN	В	6	11/12	0.80	0.35	57,59,59,59	0
2	MAN	В	4	11/12	0.80	0.23	53,54,56,58	0
2	BMA	В	5	11/12	0.81	0.25	60,61,61,62	0
2	BMA	В	3	11/12	0.91	0.19	47,50,52,55	0
2	NAG	В	2	14/15	0.94	0.13	34,37,39,42	0
2	NAG	В	1	14/15	0.97	0.09	25,27,29,31	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



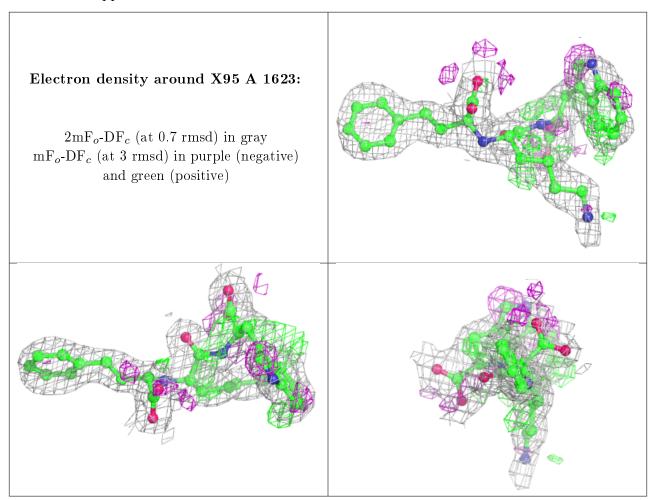
### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B\text{-factors}}({f \AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
5	NAG	A	1622	14/15	0.64	0.42	44,45,45,45	14
5	NAG	A	1621	14/15	0.72	0.32	34,35,36,36	14
3	EPE	A	1240	15/15	0.73	0.39	95,96,97,97	0
3	EPE	A	1242	15/15	0.88	0.15	54,56,57,58	0
6	X95	A	1623	36/36	0.91	0.19	27,31,40,40	0
3	EPE	A	1241	15/15	0.92	0.18	51,52,53,53	0
4	ZN	A	1615	1/1	1.00	0.07	20,20,20,20	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

