Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Jun 12, 2024 – 09:20 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	1X7J
Title	:	CRYSTAL STRUCTURE OF ESTROGEN RECEPTOR BETA COMPLEXED WITH GENISTEIN
Authors	:	Manas, E.S.; Xu, Z.B.; Unwalla, R.J.; Somers, W.S.
Deposited on	:	2004-08-14
Resolution	:	2.30 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

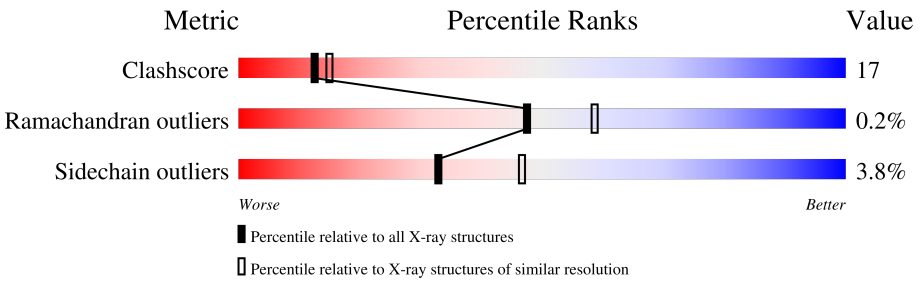
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	NOT EXECUTED
EDS	:	NOT EXECUTED
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	141614	5643 (2.30-2.30)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5575 (2.30-2.30)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5575 (2.30-2.30)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	240	64% 30% 6%
1	B	240	64% 27% • • 6%
2	C	13	46% 31% 23%
2	D	13	54% 23% 23%

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3832 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

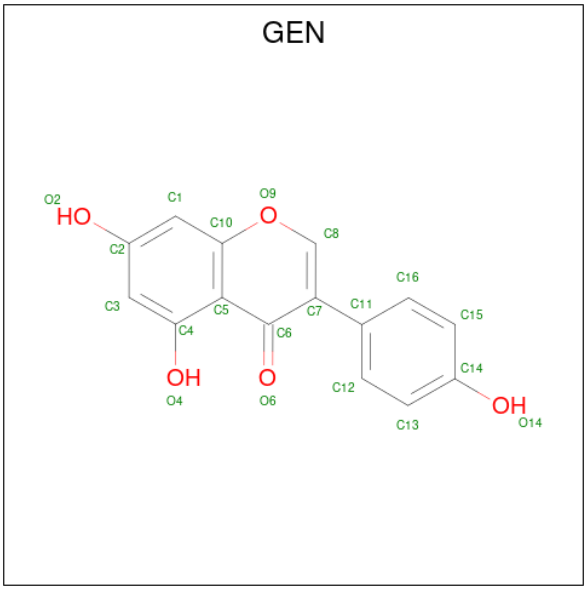
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Estrogen receptor beta.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	225	1776	1141	299	316	20	0	0	0
1	B	225	1776	1141	299	316	20	0	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called STEROID RECEPTOR COACTIVATOR-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O			
2	C	10	81	52	14	15	0	0	0
2	D	10	81	52	14	15	0	0	0

- Molecule 3 is GENISTEIN (three-letter code: GEN) (formula: $C_{15}H_{10}O_5$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	O		
3	A	1	20	15	5	0	0
3	B	1	20	15	5	0	0

- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	O		
4	A	41	41	41	0	0
4	B	37	37	37	0	0

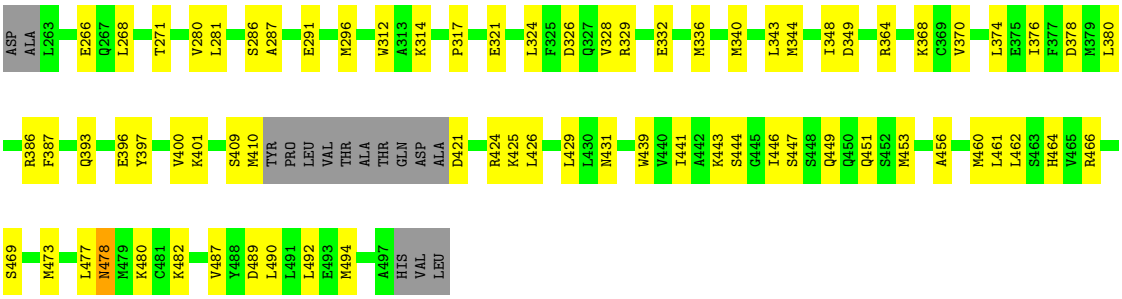
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

• Molecule 1: Estrogen receptor beta

Chain A: 64% 30% 6%



• Molecule 1: Estrogen receptor beta

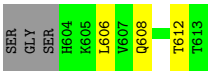
Chain B: 64% 27% • • 6%

• Molecule 2: STEROID RECEPTOR COACTIVATOR-1

Chain C: 46% 31% 23%

• Molecule 2: STEROID RECEPTOR COACTIVATOR-1

Chain D: 54% 23% 23%


SER
GLY
SER
H604
K605
L606
V607
Q608
T612
T613

4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	52.23Å 87.67Å 100.11Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	15.00 – 2.30	Depositor
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	98.6 (15.00-2.30)	Depositor
R_{merge}	0.06	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.06	Depositor
Refinement program	CNS 1.1	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.232 , 0.282	Depositor
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
Total number of atoms	3832	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	30.0	wwPDB-VP

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GEN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$
1	A	0.31	0/1807	0.55	0/2438
1	B	0.30	0/1807	0.57	3/2438 (0.1%)
2	C	0.35	0/81	0.58	0/108
2	D	0.35	0/81	0.58	0/108
All	All	0.31	0/3776	0.56	3/5092 (0.1%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	B	371	GLU	CG-CD-OE2	-8.12	102.07	118.30
1	B	371	GLU	CG-CD-OE1	7.56	133.42	118.30
1	B	371	GLU	CA-CB-CG	5.62	125.77	113.40

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1776	0	1855	64	0
1	B	1776	0	1855	66	0
2	C	81	0	90	4	0
2	D	81	0	90	2	0

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	20	0	10	0	0
3	B	20	0	10	0	0
4	A	41	0	0	8	0
4	B	37	0	0	3	0
All	All	3832	0	3910	129	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 17.

All (129) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:421:ASP:HA	1:B:424:ARG:HH21	1.25	1.00
1:A:340:MET:HE1	1:A:469:SER:HA	1.45	0.94
1:A:368:LYS:HG2	1:A:374:LEU:HD22	1.55	0.88
1:A:489:ASP:HB3	2:C:605:LYS:HE2	1.56	0.86
1:B:340:MET:HE1	1:B:469:SER:N	1.95	0.82
1:B:386:ARG:HG2	1:B:461:LEU:HD21	1.63	0.80
1:B:421:ASP:HA	1:B:424:ARG:NH2	1.98	0.79
1:A:386:ARG:HG2	1:A:461:LEU:HD21	1.63	0.78
1:A:329:ARG:HH22	1:A:409:SER:HB2	1.49	0.77
1:B:409:SER:HB3	4:B:35:HOH:O	1.84	0.76
1:A:291:GLU:HG3	1:A:370:VAL:HG22	1.69	0.75
1:B:329:ARG:HH11	1:B:329:ARG:HB3	1.51	0.74
1:A:268:LEU:O	1:A:271:THR:HG22	1.87	0.73
1:A:340:MET:CE	1:A:469:SER:HA	2.17	0.73
1:A:421:ASP:O	1:A:425:LYS:HG2	1.90	0.71
1:B:425:LYS:O	1:B:429:LEU:HD13	1.90	0.70
1:A:336:MET:HG3	1:A:340:MET:CE	2.22	0.70
1:B:408:SER:C	1:B:410:MET:H	1.96	0.69
1:A:336:MET:HG3	1:A:340:MET:HE1	1.75	0.67
1:B:368:LYS:HD3	1:B:374:LEU:HD13	1.76	0.66
1:A:271:THR:HG21	1:A:317:PRO:HG2	1.80	0.64
1:A:400:VAL:HG13	1:A:462:LEU:HD21	1.78	0.64
1:A:487:VAL:HG12	1:A:492:LEU:HB2	1.80	0.64
1:B:363:ASP:HB3	1:B:365:ASP:OD2	1.98	0.64
1:B:364:ARG:NH1	1:B:374:LEU:HD21	2.12	0.63
1:B:364:ARG:CZ	1:B:374:LEU:HD11	2.29	0.62
1:A:477:LEU:HB2	4:A:62:HOH:O	1.99	0.62
1:A:343:LEU:HG	4:A:69:HOH:O	2.01	0.60
1:A:326:ASP:HA	1:A:329:ARG:HG2	1.84	0.60

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:449:GLN:HE21	1:A:453:MET:HG2	1.67	0.59
1:A:386:ARG:HG3	1:A:461:LEU:HD11	1.85	0.59
1:A:456:ALA:O	1:A:460:MET:HG3	2.03	0.59
1:B:332:GLU:CD	1:B:497:ALA:HB1	2.24	0.59
1:A:400:VAL:CG1	1:A:462:LEU:HD21	2.34	0.58
1:B:370:VAL:HB	1:B:373:ILE:CG2	2.33	0.58
1:B:421:ASP:HB3	1:B:424:ARG:HB2	1.84	0.58
1:A:280:VAL:C	1:A:281:LEU:HD12	2.24	0.58
1:B:332:GLU:OE2	1:B:497:ALA:HB1	2.03	0.57
1:A:376:ILE:O	1:A:380:LEU:HG	2.05	0.56
1:B:439:TRP:CZ2	1:B:443:LYS:HD2	2.39	0.56
1:B:306:LEU:O	1:B:310:ILE:HG12	2.05	0.56
2:D:608:GLN:O	2:D:612:THR:HB	2.06	0.56
1:A:480:LYS:HG3	1:A:487:VAL:HG21	1.88	0.55
1:B:365:ASP:O	1:B:368:LYS:HG2	2.06	0.55
1:A:328:VAL:O	1:A:332:GLU:HG3	2.06	0.54
1:A:443:LYS:NZ	1:A:443:LYS:HB3	2.22	0.54
1:A:426:LEU:HD21	4:A:42:HOH:O	2.07	0.54
1:A:431:ASN:ND2	4:A:61:HOH:O	2.42	0.53
1:B:371:GLU:O	1:B:371:GLU:HG2	2.08	0.53
1:B:295:MET:HA	1:B:295:MET:HE2	1.91	0.53
1:B:340:MET:HE1	1:B:468:ALA:C	2.29	0.52
1:B:341:MET:HA	1:B:344:MET:HE2	1.90	0.52
1:B:328:VAL:O	1:B:332:GLU:HG3	2.09	0.52
1:B:446:ILE:HD12	1:B:450:GLN:HB3	1.92	0.51
1:B:295:MET:HE1	1:B:298:LEU:HD12	1.91	0.51
1:B:488:TYR:HA	1:B:492:LEU:HB2	1.93	0.51
1:A:336:MET:O	1:A:340:MET:HE2	2.11	0.51
1:B:284:ARG:NH1	1:B:366:GLU:OE2	2.43	0.51
1:B:431:ASN:O	1:B:435:ASP:HB2	2.09	0.51
1:B:364:ARG:C	1:B:364:ARG:HD3	2.31	0.51
1:B:408:SER:O	1:B:410:MET:N	2.39	0.50
1:A:324:LEU:HD13	1:A:324:LEU:O	2.11	0.50
1:B:408:SER:C	1:B:410:MET:N	2.63	0.50
1:A:489:ASP:CB	2:C:605:LYS:HE2	2.37	0.50
1:B:494:MET:SD	2:D:606:LEU:HD22	2.52	0.50
1:A:466:ARG:HG2	1:A:466:ARG:HH11	1.77	0.50
1:B:466:ARG:O	1:B:469:SER:HB3	2.12	0.49
1:B:309:MET:HE1	1:B:338:VAL:HB	1.95	0.49
1:B:295:MET:HB3	1:B:485:VAL:HG21	1.94	0.49
1:B:370:VAL:HB	1:B:373:ILE:HG21	1.95	0.49

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:421:ASP:CB	1:B:424:ARG:HE	2.26	0.48
1:B:482:LYS:HB3	1:B:484:VAL:HG23	1.93	0.48
1:B:265:PRO:HB3	1:B:436:ALA:HA	1.95	0.48
1:A:478:ASN:HD21	1:A:482:LYS:HE2	1.78	0.48
1:A:329:ARG:HH22	1:A:409:SER:CB	2.21	0.47
1:B:295:MET:HB2	1:B:485:VAL:HG11	1.96	0.47
1:B:456:ALA:O	1:B:460:MET:HG3	2.15	0.47
1:A:281:LEU:HD12	1:A:281:LEU:N	2.30	0.46
1:A:441:ILE:HG22	1:A:451:GLN:HG2	1.97	0.46
1:A:336:MET:HG3	1:A:340:MET:HE2	1.94	0.46
1:A:326:ASP:OD1	1:A:329:ARG:HD3	2.14	0.46
1:B:471:LYS:HB3	1:B:471:LYS:HZ2	1.81	0.46
1:A:344:MET:HE3	1:A:344:MET:HB2	1.81	0.45
1:A:268:LEU:O	1:A:271:THR:CG2	2.61	0.45
1:B:365:ASP:OD2	1:B:366:GLU:N	2.50	0.44
1:A:490:LEU:O	1:A:494:MET:HG2	2.17	0.44
1:B:344:MET:HE1	1:B:465:VAL:HG13	2.00	0.44
1:B:484:VAL:O	1:B:485:VAL:HG13	2.17	0.44
1:A:393:GLN:HB2	1:A:396:GLU:HG3	2.00	0.43
1:A:466:ARG:HG2	1:A:466:ARG:NH1	2.32	0.43
1:A:466:ARG:O	1:A:469:SER:HB3	2.18	0.43
1:B:326:ASP:O	1:B:330:LEU:HG	2.19	0.43
1:B:450:GLN:HG3	4:B:40:HOH:O	2.19	0.43
1:A:340:MET:HE1	1:A:469:SER:CA	2.30	0.43
1:A:409:SER:HB3	4:A:42:HOH:O	2.17	0.43
1:A:286:SER:O	1:A:287:ALA:HB2	2.18	0.43
4:A:61:HOH:O	1:B:453:MET:HG3	2.18	0.43
1:A:421:ASP:N	4:A:78:HOH:O	2.51	0.43
1:B:340:MET:HE1	1:B:469:SER:CA	2.49	0.42
4:A:61:HOH:O	1:B:453:MET:CG	2.67	0.42
1:B:315:LYS:HD3	4:B:49:HOH:O	2.19	0.42
1:A:464:HIS:HA	1:B:410:MET:HE1	2.00	0.42
1:B:355:ILE:HD13	1:B:361:VAL:HG13	2.01	0.42
1:A:348:ILE:CG2	1:A:349:ASP:N	2.82	0.42
1:B:421:ASP:HB3	1:B:424:ARG:HE	1.85	0.42
1:A:364:ARG:HD2	1:A:378:ASP:OD1	2.19	0.42
1:B:410:MET:HE3	1:B:410:MET:HA	2.00	0.42
1:A:314:LYS:NZ	2:C:612:THR:O	2.53	0.42
1:A:326:ASP:O	1:A:329:ARG:HG2	2.20	0.42
1:A:326:ASP:HA	1:A:329:ARG:HD3	2.02	0.41
1:A:410:MET:HB3	1:A:410:MET:HE2	1.97	0.41

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:329:ARG:HB3	1:B:329:ARG:NH1	2.29	0.41
2:C:613:THR:HG22	2:C:613:THR:OXT	2.19	0.41
1:B:399:CYS:O	1:B:403:MET:HG3	2.20	0.41
1:A:266:GLU:HB2	1:A:439:TRP:CZ2	2.55	0.41
1:A:340:MET:CE	1:A:469:SER:CA	2.94	0.41
1:B:471:LYS:HB3	1:B:471:LYS:NZ	2.35	0.41
1:A:444:SER:OG	1:A:446:ILE:HG12	2.20	0.41
1:A:460:MET:SD	1:B:430:LEU:HD11	2.60	0.41
1:B:309:MET:HE1	1:B:335:TRP:HA	2.02	0.41
1:A:410:MET:HE1	1:B:464:HIS:HA	2.02	0.41
1:A:312:TRP:CZ2	1:A:401:LYS:HD2	2.55	0.40
1:A:344:MET:HE1	1:A:387:PHE:HE2	1.86	0.40
1:A:397:TYR:OH	1:A:401:LYS:HE2	2.21	0.40
1:B:386:ARG:HG2	1:B:461:LEU:CD2	2.40	0.40
1:A:326:ASP:HA	1:A:329:ARG:CG	2.51	0.40
1:B:316:ILE:HD12	1:B:405:LEU:HD23	2.04	0.40
1:B:476:LEU:HG	1:B:495:LEU:HD11	2.03	0.40
1:B:493:GLU:O	1:B:497:ALA:HB2	2.21	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	221/240 (92%)	213 (96%)	8 (4%)	0	100 100
1	B	221/240 (92%)	213 (96%)	7 (3%)	1 (0%)	29 35
2	C	8/13 (62%)	8 (100%)	0	0	100 100
2	D	8/13 (62%)	8 (100%)	0	0	100 100
All	All	458/506 (90%)	442 (96%)	15 (3%)	1 (0%)	47 58

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	409	SER

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	203/215 (94%)	196 (97%)	7 (3%)	37	51
1	B	203/215 (94%)	195 (96%)	8 (4%)	32	46
2	C	10/12 (83%)	9 (90%)	1 (10%)	7	9
2	D	10/12 (83%)	10 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	426/454 (94%)	410 (96%)	16 (4%)	33	47

All (16) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	296	MET
1	A	321	GLU
1	A	424	ARG
1	A	429	LEU
1	A	447	SER
1	A	473	MET
1	A	478	ASN
1	B	371	GLU
1	B	386	ARG
1	B	409	SER
1	B	410	MET
1	B	424	ARG
1	B	449	GLN
1	B	490	LEU
1	B	495	LEU
2	C	604	HIS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (8) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	407	ASN
1	A	449	GLN
1	A	470	ASN
1	A	478	ASN
1	B	407	ASN
1	B	467	HIS
1	B	483	ASN
2	C	604	HIS

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
3	GEN	B	202	-	17,22,22	2.47	9 (52%)	22,32,32	3.04	11 (50%)
3	GEN	A	201	-	17,22,22	2.45	8 (47%)	22,32,32	3.05	11 (50%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns.

'-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	GEN	B	202	-	-	0/0/4/4	0/3/3/3
3	GEN	A	201	-	-	0/0/4/4	0/3/3/3

All (17) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	A	201	GEN	C16-C15	4.24	1.45	1.36
3	B	202	GEN	C5-C10	4.19	1.46	1.41
3	B	202	GEN	C16-C15	4.00	1.45	1.36
3	A	201	GEN	C5-C10	3.82	1.45	1.41
3	A	201	GEN	C1-C10	3.75	1.44	1.38
3	B	202	GEN	C1-C10	3.50	1.44	1.38
3	A	201	GEN	C1-C2	3.15	1.42	1.37
3	B	202	GEN	C12-C13	3.15	1.43	1.36
3	B	202	GEN	C3-C2	3.11	1.43	1.39
3	B	202	GEN	C1-C2	3.08	1.42	1.37
3	A	201	GEN	C15-C14	2.94	1.44	1.39
3	A	201	GEN	C3-C2	2.94	1.43	1.39
3	B	202	GEN	C15-C14	2.91	1.44	1.39
3	A	201	GEN	C12-C13	2.90	1.42	1.36
3	B	202	GEN	C4-C5	2.34	1.47	1.43
3	A	201	GEN	C4-C5	2.29	1.47	1.43
3	B	202	GEN	C3-C4	2.15	1.42	1.37

All (22) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
3	B	202	GEN	C12-C11-C16	6.76	124.89	118.81
3	A	201	GEN	C12-C11-C16	6.67	124.81	118.81
3	A	201	GEN	C16-C15-C14	-4.79	114.91	120.08
3	B	202	GEN	C16-C15-C14	-4.67	115.03	120.08
3	A	201	GEN	C4-C5-C10	4.32	122.57	117.78
3	B	202	GEN	O9-C10-C5	4.28	125.84	121.21
3	B	202	GEN	C4-C5-C10	4.17	122.40	117.78
3	B	202	GEN	C1-C2-C3	4.14	124.56	120.82
3	A	201	GEN	O9-C10-C5	4.14	125.69	121.21
3	A	201	GEN	C1-C2-C3	4.10	124.52	120.82
3	A	201	GEN	C15-C14-C13	4.03	126.17	119.77
3	B	202	GEN	C15-C14-C13	3.97	126.09	119.77
3	A	201	GEN	C1-C10-C5	-3.79	119.03	123.11
3	A	201	GEN	C5-C6-C7	-3.66	114.21	120.62

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
3	B	202	GEN	C5-C6-C7	-3.66	114.21	120.62
3	B	202	GEN	C1-C10-C5	-3.59	119.25	123.11
3	B	202	GEN	C13-C12-C11	-3.57	115.52	120.84
3	A	201	GEN	C13-C12-C11	-3.49	115.62	120.84
3	B	202	GEN	C3-C4-C5	-3.28	117.00	120.55
3	A	201	GEN	C3-C4-C5	-3.21	117.07	120.55
3	A	201	GEN	C2-C1-C10	-2.39	117.00	120.37
3	B	202	GEN	C2-C1-C10	-2.33	117.08	120.37

There are no chirality outliers.

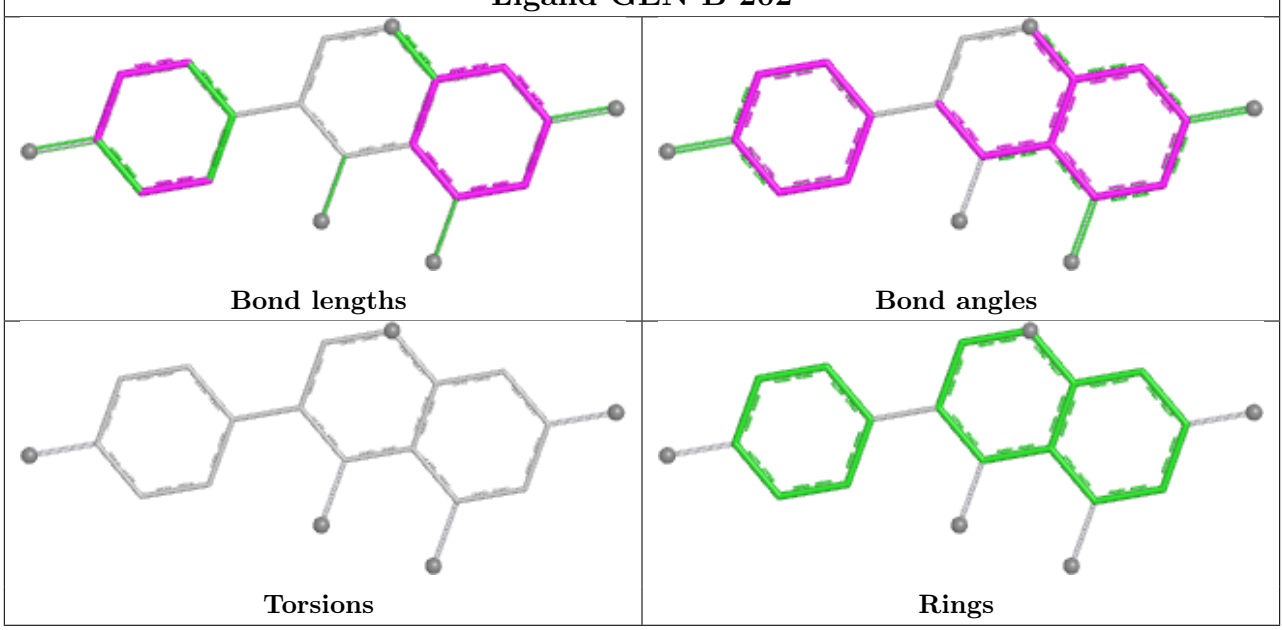
There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

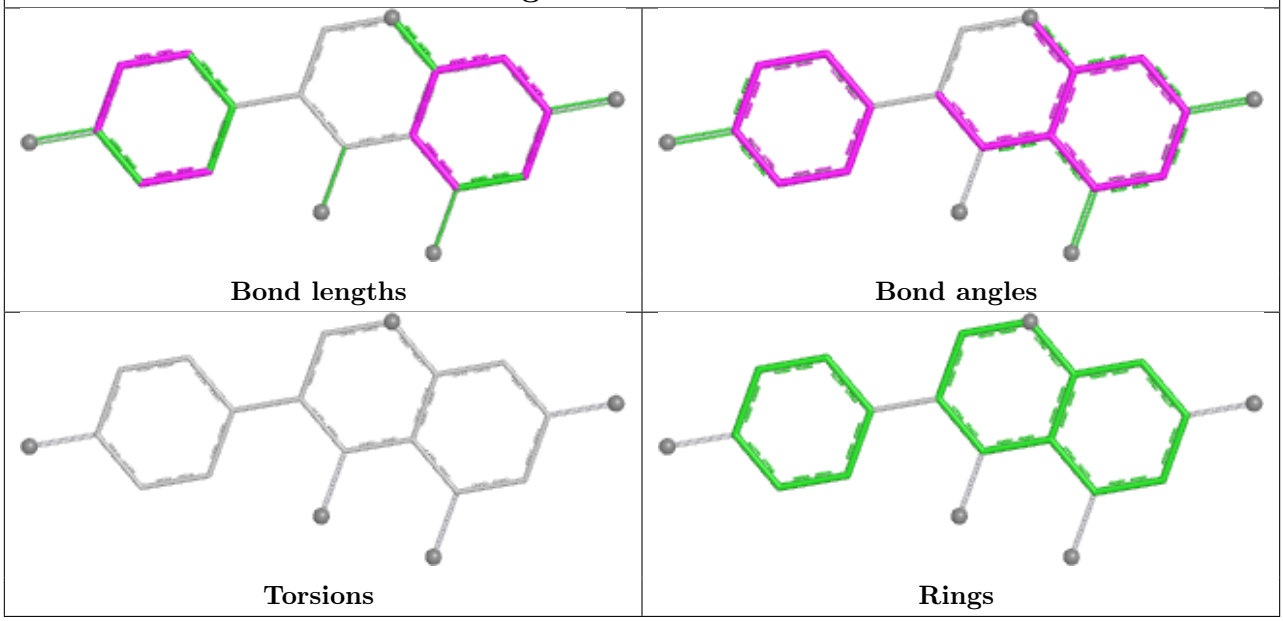
No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

Ligand GEN B 202



Ligand GEN A 201



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.