

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Nov 4, 2023 – 06:33 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	4WHO
Title	:	Resting Protocate chuate 3,4-dioxygenase (pseudomonas putida) at pH 8.5
Authors	:	Knoot, C.J.; Lipscomb, J.D.
Deposited on		
Resolution	:	1.83 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

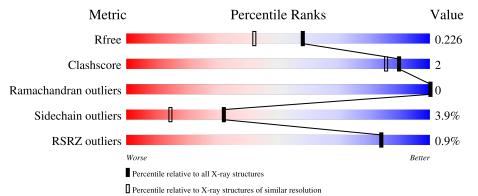
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.36
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.83 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
R_{free}	130704	4003 (1.86-1.82)
Clashscore	141614	4233 (1.86-1.82)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	4185 (1.86-1.82)
Sidechain outliers	138945	4186 (1.86-1.82)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3957 (1.86-1.82)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	А	200	2% 94%	6%
1	С	200	96%	· ·
1	Е	200	3% 92%	6% •
2	В	238	91%	8% •
3	D	238	91%	7% •

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
3	F	238	.% 90%	8%	••



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 11269 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	А	200	Total	С	Ν	Ο	\mathbf{S}	0	0	0
	Л	200	1575	996	277	299	3	0	0	0
1	E	200	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	0	0
	Ľ	200	1575	996	277	299	3	0	0	0
1	C	200	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	0	0
	C	C 200	1575	996	277	299	3	0	0	0

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Protocatechuate 3,4-dioxygenase alpha chain.

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Protocatechuate 3,4-dioxygenase beta chain.

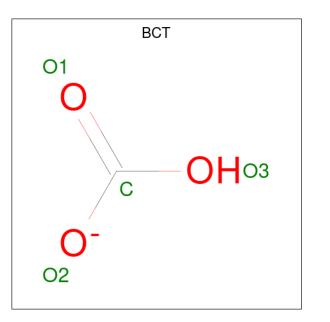
Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	В	236	Total 1869	C 1186	N 341	O 335	${ m S} 7$	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called Protocatechuate 3,4-dioxygenase beta chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
2	Л	237	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	0	0
5	D	231	1876	1190	343	336	7	0	0	
2	Б	236	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	0	0
5	Ľ	230	1868	1186	341	334	7	0	U	0

• Molecule 4 is BICARBONATE ION (three-letter code: BCT) (formula: CHO₃).





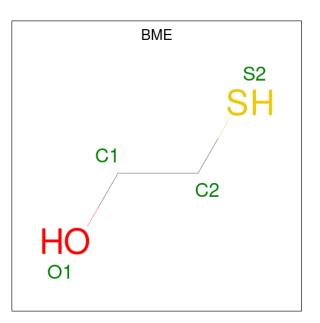
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	А	1	Total 4	С 1	O 3	0	0

• Molecule 5 is FE (III) ION (three-letter code: FE) (formula: Fe).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	В	1	Total Fe 1 1	0	0
5	D	1	Total Fe 1 1	0	0
5	F	1	Total Fe 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 6 is BETA-MERCAPTOETHANOL (three-letter code: BME) (formula: C_2H_6OS).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	В	1	$\begin{array}{cccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} & \text{S} \\ 4 & 2 & 1 & 1 \end{array}$	0	0
6	F	1	$\begin{array}{cccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} & \text{S} \\ 4 & 2 & 1 & 1 \end{array}$	0	0

• Molecule 7 is water.

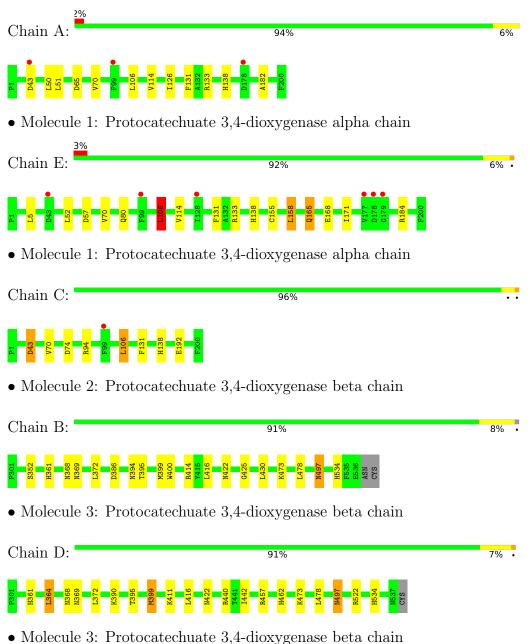
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	А	131	Total O 131 131	0	0
7	Е	106	Total O 106 106	0	0
7	С	140	Total O 140 140	0	0
7	В	175	Total O 175 175	0	0
7	D	194	Total O 194 194	0	0
7	F	170	Total O 170 170	0	0



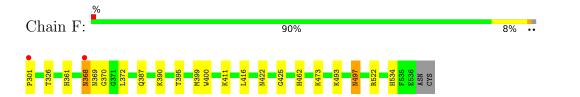
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Protocatechuate 3,4-dioxygenase alpha chain









4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	I 2 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants	128.09Å 140.64Å 168.66Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	32.45 - 1.83	Depositor
Resolution (A)	32.45 - 1.83	EDS
% Data completeness	90.7 (32.45-1.83)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	90.7(32.45-1.83)	EDS
R _{merge}	0.16	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$5.31 (at 1.83 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.7.0029	Depositor
B B.	0.180 , 0.216	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.194 , 0.226	DCC
R_{free} test set	6090 reflections $(5.03%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	13.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.073	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.42, 56.4	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L >=0.48, < L^2>=0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	11269	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	22.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.80% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CSO, BCT, BME, FE

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bo	ond angles
IVIOI	Unam	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	А	0.60	0/1615	0.75	0/2199
1	С	0.59	0/1615	0.79	3/2199~(0.1%)
1	Е	0.57	0/1615	0.76	3/2199~(0.1%)
2	В	0.64	0/1917	0.79	1/2608~(0.0%)
3	D	0.60	0/1932	0.78	1/2630~(0.0%)
3	F	0.60	0/1924	0.75	0/2619
All	All	0.60	0/10618	0.77	8/14454~(0.1%)

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 8 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	С	106	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.68	128.37	115.30
1	С	74	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.64	123.37	118.30
1	Е	184	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.62	123.11	120.30
2	В	386	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.42	123.18	118.30
1	Е	57	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.36	123.12	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	1575	0	1510	6	0
1	С	1575	0	1510	3	0
1	Е	1575	0	1510	8	0
2	В	1869	0	1825	6	0
3	D	1876	0	1832	7	0
3	F	1868	0	1826	9	0
4	А	4	0	0	0	0
5	В	1	0	0	0	0
5	D	1	0	0	0	0
5	F	1	0	0	0	0
6	В	4	0	6	0	0
6	F	4	0	6	0	0
7	А	131	0	0	0	0
7	В	175	0	0	0	1
7	С	140	0	0	0	0
7	D	194	0	0	0	0
7	Е	106	0	0	0	0
7	F	170	0	0	0	1
All	All	11269	0	10025	36	2

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

The worst 5 of 36 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:65:ASP:OD2	1:A:133:ARG:HD3	1.81	0.81
1:E:165:GLN:H	1:E:165:GLN:HE21	1.35	0.74
1:C:70:VAL:HG11	1:C:106:LEU:HD21	1.76	0.68
1:E:168:GLU:HA	1:E:171:ILE:HD12	1.76	0.65
3:D:369:ASN:H	3:D:422:ASN:HD22	1.51	0.56

All (2) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
7:B:740:HOH:O	7:B:740:HOH:O[2_555]	1.97	0.23
7:F:728:HOH:O	7:F:728:HOH:O[3_555]	2.12	0.08



5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	А	198/200~(99%)	192~(97%)	6 (3%)	0	100	100
1	\mathbf{C}	198/200~(99%)	192~(97%)	6 (3%)	0	100	100
1	Ε	198/200~(99%)	193~(98%)	5(2%)	0	100	100
2	В	233/238~(98%)	228~(98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100
3	D	235/238~(99%)	231~(98%)	4 (2%)	0	100	100
3	F	234/238~(98%)	231 (99%)	3 (1%)	0	100	100
All	All	1296/1314~(99%)	1267 (98%)	29 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percent	iles
1	А	163/163~(100%)	161~(99%)	2(1%)	71 6	1
1	С	163/163~(100%)	161 (99%)	2 (1%)	71 6	1
1	Ε	163/163~(100%)	158~(97%)	5(3%)	40 2	3
2	В	199/201~(99%)	189~(95%)	10 (5%)	24 8	8
3	D	201/202~(100%)	189 (94%)	12~(6%)	19 5	5
3	F	200/202~(99%)	189 (94%)	11 (6%)	21	7
All	All	1089/1094~(100%)	1047~(96%)	42 (4%)	32 1	4

5 of 42 residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	D	497	ASN
3	F	411	LYS
3	D	522	ARG
3	F	372	LEU
3	F	473	LYS

Sometimes side chains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 20 such side chains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	F	361	HIS
3	F	422	ASN
3	F	503	GLN
3	F	497	ASN
2	В	497	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		Bond angles			
WIOI	туре	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
2	CSO	В	429	2	$3,\!6,\!7$	1.17	0	$0,\!6,\!8$	-	-

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	CSO	В	429	2	-	0/1/5/7	-



There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 6 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 3 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol '	Type	Chain	Res	Link	B	ond leng	gths	Bond angles		
	туре			LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
6	BME	В	602	-	3,3,3	0.41	0	1,2,2	1.15	0
4	BCT	А	301	-	2,3,3	1.03	0	2,3,3	0.78	0
6	BME	F	601	-	3,3,3	0.19	0	1,2,2	0.20	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	BME	В	602	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
6	BME	F	601	-	-	1/1/1/1	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	F	601	BME	O1-C1-C2-S2
6	В	602	BME	O1-C1-C2-S2

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle RSRZ \rangle$	#RSRZ>2	$OWAB(A^2)$	$\mathbf{Q}{<}0.9$
1	А	200/200~(100%)	-0.23	3 (1%) 73 73	14, 20, 35, 53	0
1	С	200/200~(100%)	-0.33	1 (0%) 91 91	14, 20, 33, 46	0
1	Ε	200/200~(100%)	0.00	6 (3%) 50 47	15, 24, 40, 61	0
2	В	235/238~(98%)	-0.38	0 100 100	14, 18, 30, 40	0
3	D	237/238~(99%)	-0.41	0 100 100	15, 19, 31, 44	0
3	F	236/238~(99%)	-0.29	2 (0%) 86 86	14, 20, 31, 46	0
All	All	1308/1314~(99%)	-0.28	12 (0%) 84 84	14, 20, 34, 61	0

The worst 5 of 12 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	Е	178	ASP	3.2
3	F	301	PRO	3.2
1	А	178	ASP	3.0
1	Е	128	ILE	2.5
1	С	99	PHE	2.4

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
2	CSO	В	429	7/8	0.95	0.08	$17,\!20,\!28,\!29$	0



6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
4	BCT	А	301	4/4	0.93	0.12	$39,\!41,\!44,\!48$	0
6	BME	В	602	4/4	0.94	0.14	23,33,36,44	0
6	BME	F	601	4/4	0.95	0.11	24,31,35,43	0
5	FE	В	601	1/1	0.99	0.04	$17,\!17,\!17,\!17$	1
5	FE	F	602	1/1	0.99	0.08	19,19,19,19	1
5	FE	D	600	1/1	1.00	0.06	18,18,18,18	1

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

