

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Nov 22, 2023 – 03:13 PM JST

PDB ID	:	7WDS
Title	:	Crystal structures of MeBglD2 in complex with various saccharides
Authors	:	Watanabe, M.; Matsuzawa, T.; Nakamichi, Y.; Akita, H.; Yaoi, K.
Deposited on		
Resolution	:	1.68 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

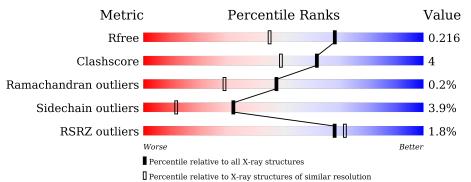
Xtriage (Phenix) EDS buster-report Percentile statistics Refmac CCP4 Ideal geometry (proteins) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019) 5.8.0158 7.0.044 (Gargrove) Engh & Huber (2001) Parkinson et al. (1996)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)		Parkinson et al. (1996) 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.68 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{l} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\textbf{Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
R_{free}	130704	6780 (1.70-1.66)
Clashscore	141614	7310 (1.70-1.66)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	7173 (1.70-1.66)
Sidechain outliers	138945	7172 (1.70-1.66)
RSRZ outliers	127900	6661 (1.70-1.66)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
			2%	
1	А	458	86%	8% •••

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	XYP	А	501	-	Х	-	-



7WDS

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3927 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

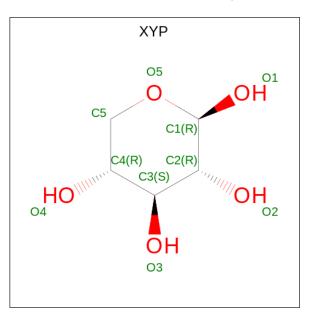
• Molecule 1 is a protein called Beta-glucosidase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	А	444	Total 3603	C 2311	N 626	O 658	S 8	0	1	0

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	0	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP A0A1E1FFN6
А	1	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1E1FFN6
А	456	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1E1FFN6
А	457	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP A0A1E1FFN6

• Molecule 2 is beta-D-xylopyranose (three-letter code: XYP) (formula: $C_5H_{10}O_5$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Ato	oms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	А	1	Total 10	C 5	O 5	0	0

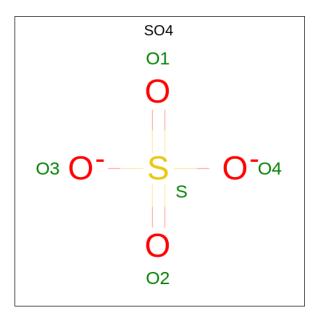
Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	А	1	Total 10	$\begin{array}{c} \mathrm{C} \\ \mathrm{5} \end{array}$	O 5	0	0

• Molecule 3 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O_4S) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{O} & \text{S} \\ 5 & 4 & 1 \end{array}$	0	0
3	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{O} & \text{S} \\ 5 & 4 & 1 \end{array}$	0	0

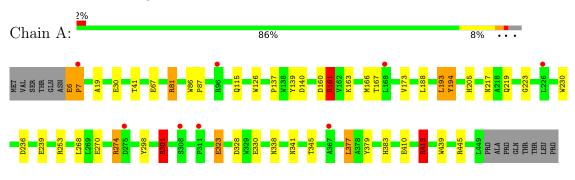
• Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	А	294	Total O 294 294	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: Beta-glucosidase



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	I 4 3 2	Depositor
Cell constants	203.17Å 203.17Å 203.17Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	41.47 - 1.68	Depositor
Resolution (A)	41.47 - 1.68	EDS
% Data completeness	$100.0 \ (41.47 - 1.68)$	Depositor
(in resolution range)	$100.0 \ (41.47 - 1.68)$	EDS
R _{merge}	0.10	Depositor
R _{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$3.12 (at 1.68 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0238	Depositor
D D.	0.165 , 0.229	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.162 , 0.216	DCC
R_{free} test set	3918 reflections $(4.89%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	24.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.000	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.38, 39.1	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L >=0.33, < L^2>=0.17$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	3927	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	31.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.73% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SO4, XYP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Mal Chain		Bond lengths		ond angles
Mol Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	А	0.89	4/3721~(0.1%)	1.06	13/5078~(0.3%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	А	0	1

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	А	323	GLU	CD-OE1	7.77	1.34	1.25
1	А	410	GLU	CD-OE2	5.79	1.32	1.25
1	А	301	ARG	CD-NE	-5.72	1.36	1.46
1	А	30	GLU	CD-OE1	-5.07	1.20	1.25

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

All (13) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	А	301	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-13.32	113.64	120.30
1	А	301	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	13.16	126.88	120.30
1	А	161	ARG	CG-CD-NE	7.25	127.02	111.80
1	А	253	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.09	116.75	120.30
1	А	194	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	6.42	124.85	121.00
1	А	41	THR	OG1-CB-CG2	-6.28	95.56	110.00
1	А	413[A]	ARG	CG-CD-NE	5.83	124.05	111.80
1	А	413[B]	ARG	CG-CD-NE	5.83	124.05	111.80
1	А	140	ASP	CB-CA-C	5.38	121.17	110.40

Continued on next page...



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	А	413[A]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-5.34	117.63	120.30
1	А	413[B]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-5.34	117.63	120.30
1	А	445	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-5.25	117.67	120.30
1	А	81	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.20	117.70	120.30

Continued from previous page...

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	А	298	TYR	Mainchain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	3603	0	3410	29	1
2	А	20	0	0	3	0
3	А	10	0	0	0	0
4	А	294	0	0	5	0
All	All	3927	0	3410	31	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

All (31) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:A:501:XYP:O1	2:A:502:XYP:O3	1.83	0.95
1:A:301:ARG:HD2	1:A:330:GLU:OE1	1.80	0.81
2:A:502:XYP:O4	4:A:601:HOH:O	2.04	0.74
1:A:413[A]:ARG:NH2	2:A:502:XYP:O1	2.19	0.74
1:A:6:GLU:CD	1:A:6:GLU:C	2.49	0.71
1:A:160:ASP:OD1	1:A:161:ARG:NH1	2.26	0.67
1:A:413[B]:ARG:HD2	4:A:688:HOH:O	1.95	0.66
1:A:413[A]:ARG:NH1	4:A:602:HOH:O	2.26	0.65

Continued on next page...



		Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	distance (\AA)	overlap (Å)
1:A:161:ARG:HG3	1:A:161:ARG:HH11	1.62	0.63
1:A:379:TYR:O	1:A:383:HIS:HD2	1.83	0.61
1:A:239:GLU:CD	1:A:239:GLU:H	2.02	0.61
1:A:6:GLU:OE2	1:A:7:PRO:N	2.37	0.57
1:A:6:GLU:OE2	1:A:7:PRO:CD	2.54	0.56
1:A:163:LYS:HE3	1:A:219:GLN:O	2.06	0.55
1:A:167:THR:OG1	1:A:205:HIS:HD2	1.90	0.54
1:A:270:GLU:OE2	1:A:274:ARG:NH1	2.37	0.53
1:A:126:TRP:CH2	1:A:173:VAL:HG11	2.45	0.51
1:A:301:ARG:CD	1:A:330:GLU:OE1	2.58	0.48
1:A:6:GLU:C	1:A:6:GLU:OE2	2.52	0.47
1:A:205:HIS:HE1	4:A:641:HOH:O	1.96	0.47
1:A:341:ASN:O	1:A:345:THR:HG23	2.18	0.44
1:A:217:ASN:OD1	1:A:219:GLN:HB2	2.17	0.44
1:A:139:TYR:CD2	1:A:193:LEU:HG	2.53	0.43
1:A:86:TRP:N	1:A:87:PRO:CD	2.81	0.43
1:A:137:PRO:HG2	1:A:139:TYR:CE1	2.54	0.43
1:A:19:ALA:HA	1:A:81:ARG:O	2.19	0.42
1:A:383:HIS:HE1	4:A:726:HOH:O	2.03	0.42
1:A:377:LEU:HD13	1:A:439:TRP:CD2	2.55	0.41
1:A:230:TRP:CZ3	1:A:338:ASN:HB3	2.56	0.40
1:A:137:PRO:HG2	1:A:139:TYR:CZ	2.57	0.40
1:A:166:MET:HA	1:A:223:GLY:O	2.21	0.40

Continued from previous page...

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:323:GLU:OE1	1:A:323:GLU:OE1[19_555]	1.98	0.22

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	443/458~(97%)	429 (97%)	13 (3%)	1 (0%)	47 29

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	7	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	А	364/376~(97%)	349~(96%)	15~(4%)	30 11		

All (15) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	6	GLU
1	А	67	GLU
1	А	115	GLN
1	А	161	ARG
1	А	188	LEU
1	А	193	LEU
1	А	194	TYR
1	А	236	ASP
1	А	268	LEU
1	А	274	ARG
1	А	301	ARG
1	А	328	ASP
1	А	377	LEU
1	А	413[A]	ARG
1	А	413[B]	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	115	GLN
1	А	205	HIS
1	А	241	GLN
1	А	357	ASN
1	А	383	HIS

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

4 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Turne	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
	Type	Chain	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	SO4	А	504	-	4,4,4	0.39	0	$6,\!6,\!6$	0.30	0
2	XYP	А	502	-	10,10,10	<mark>3.96</mark>	6 (60%)	14,14,14	3.76	8 (57%)
3	SO4	А	503	-	4,4,4	0.30	0	6,6,6	0.14	0
2	XYP	А	501	-	10,10,10	2.65	8 (80%)	14,14,14	3.74	9 (64%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	XYP	А	502	-	-	-	0/1/1/1
2	XYP	А	501	-	-	-	0/1/1/1

All (14) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	А	502	XYP	O5-C1	7.74	1.53	1.43
2	А	502	XYP	O5-C5	7.18	1.55	1.43
2	А	502	XYP	C1-C2	4.30	1.62	1.52
2	А	501	XYP	O2-C2	3.76	1.51	1.43
2	А	501	XYP	C1-C2	3.42	1.60	1.52
2	А	501	XYP	C4-C3	2.96	1.56	1.52
2	А	502	XYP	O3-C3	2.95	1.49	1.43
2	А	501	XYP	O5-C5	-2.88	1.39	1.43
2	А	501	XYP	C3-C2	2.85	1.59	1.52
2	А	501	XYP	O3-C3	2.79	1.49	1.43
2	А	502	XYP	C5-C4	2.70	1.58	1.52
2	А	501	XYP	O1-C1	2.67	1.48	1.39
2	А	501	XYP	O4-C4	-2.14	1.38	1.43
2	А	502	XYP	O1-C1	2.08	1.46	1.39

All (17) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	А	502	XYP	O5-C1-C2	6.99	119.82	109.43
2	А	501	XYP	O2-C2-C1	6.96	125.29	109.16
2	А	502	XYP	C4-C3-C2	-6.44	99.75	110.89
2	А	501	XYP	O5-C1-C2	-6.19	100.23	109.43
2	А	501	XYP	O1-C1-C2	5.97	125.85	109.03
2	А	502	XYP	O4-C4-C5	4.78	118.93	109.15
2	А	502	XYP	O3-C3-C2	4.70	121.22	110.35
2	А	502	XYP	O5-C5-C4	4.40	117.56	110.77
2	А	502	XYP	O2-C2-C1	4.39	119.34	109.16
2	А	501	XYP	O1-C1-O5	-4.17	98.85	109.72
2	А	501	XYP	C5-C4-C3	3.77	114.29	109.67
2	А	501	XYP	O3-C3-C4	3.69	117.06	109.99
2	А	502	XYP	O3-C3-C4	3.39	116.48	109.99
2	А	501	XYP	O4-C4-C5	-3.30	102.39	109.15
2	А	501	XYP	O5-C5-C4	-2.85	106.37	110.77
2	А	501	XYP	C5-O5-C1	-2.36	108.73	112.71
2	А	502	XYP	C5-C4-C3	-2.16	107.01	109.67

There are no chirality outliers.



There are no torsion outliers.

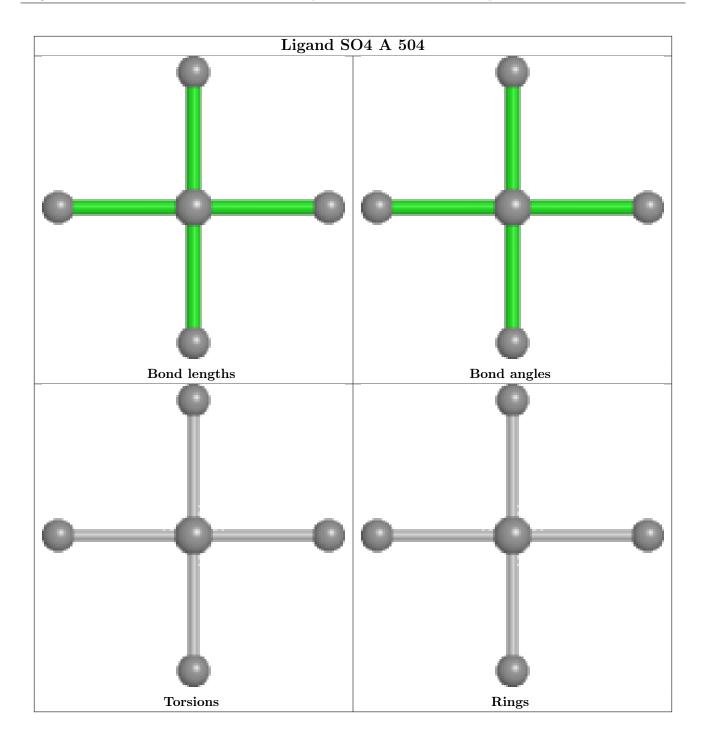
There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

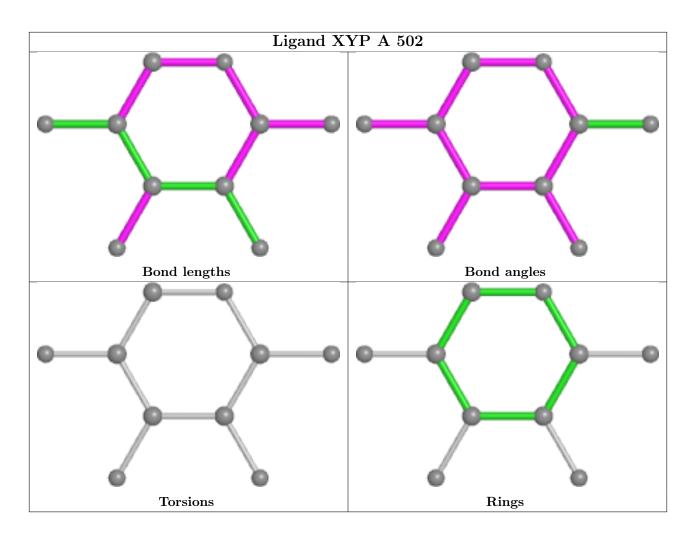
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	А	502	XYP	3	0
2	А	501	XYP	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and sufficient the outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

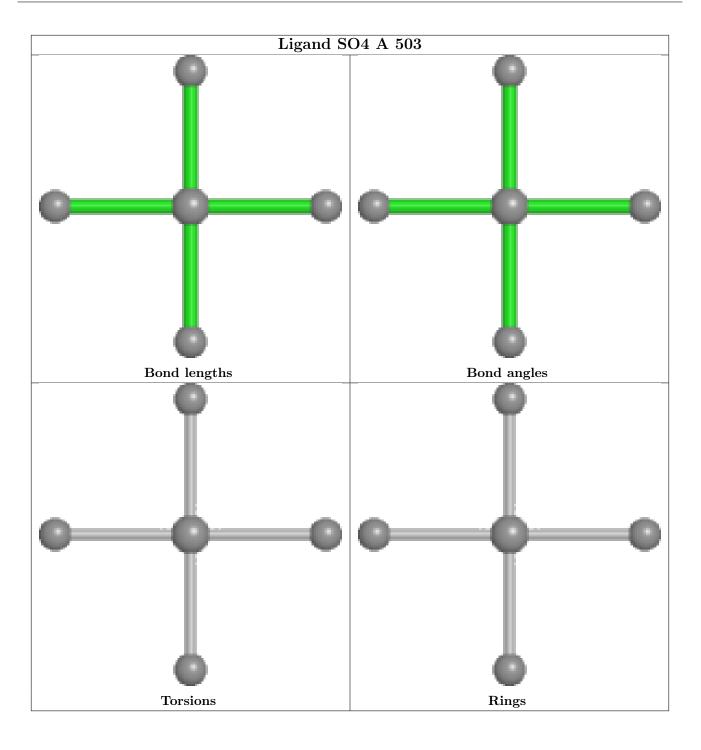




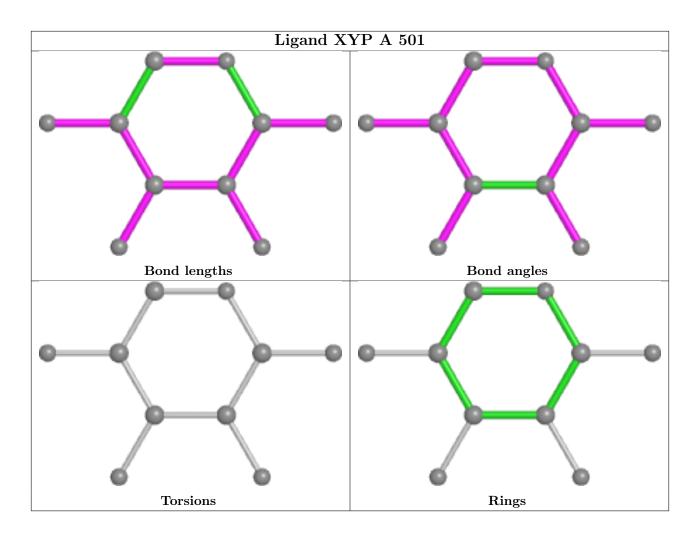












5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	#RS	SRZ>	>2	$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	А	444/458~(96%)	-0.31	8 (1%)	68	72	20, 28, 48, 102	0

All (8) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	А	7	PRO	7.0
1	А	367	ALA	3.2
1	А	226	LEU	2.4
1	А	96	ARG	2.3
1	А	275	ASP	2.2
1	А	168	LEU	2.2
1	А	311	PRO	2.1
1	А	308	SER	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

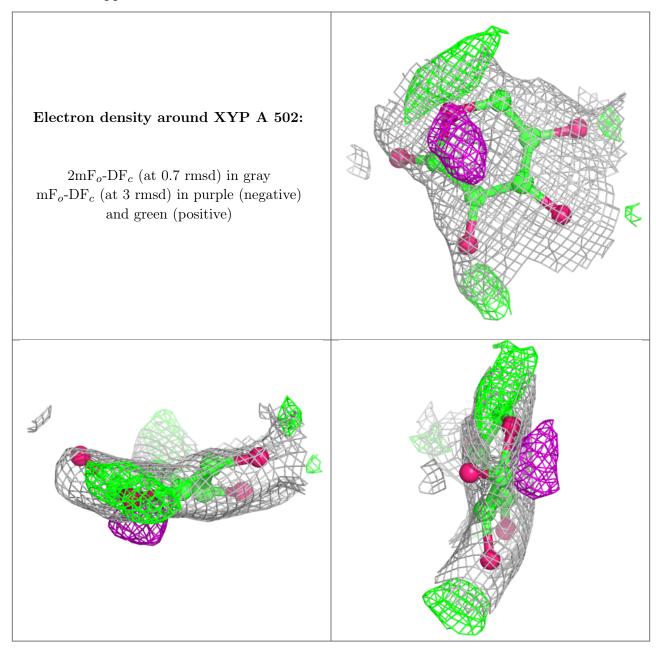
6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

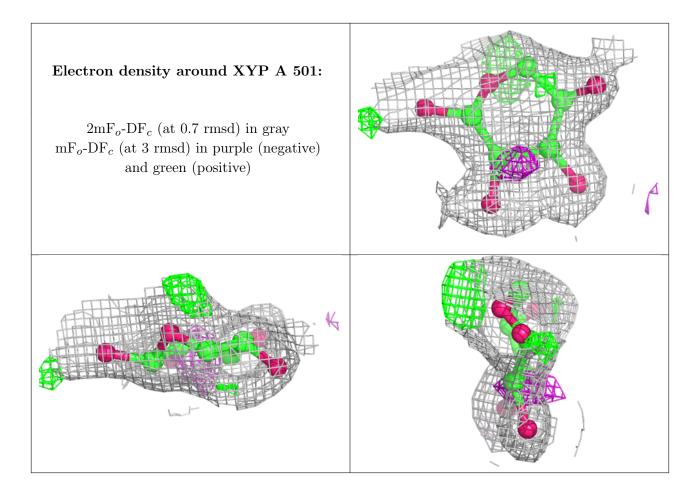


Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	XYP	А	502	10/10	0.80	0.25	61,73,91,93	0
2	XYP	А	501	10/10	0.87	0.20	42,56,64,69	0
3	SO4	А	503	5/5	0.93	0.31	77,78,84,100	0
3	SO4	А	504	5/5	0.99	0.11	41,45,51,53	0

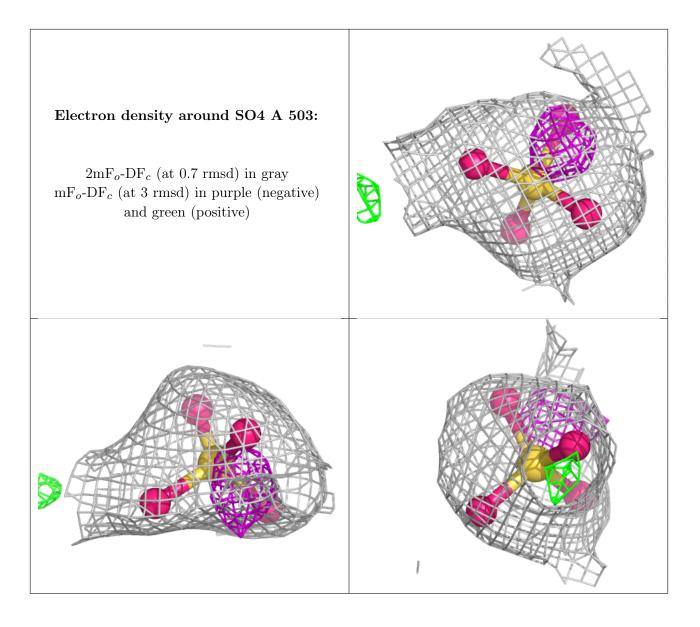
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



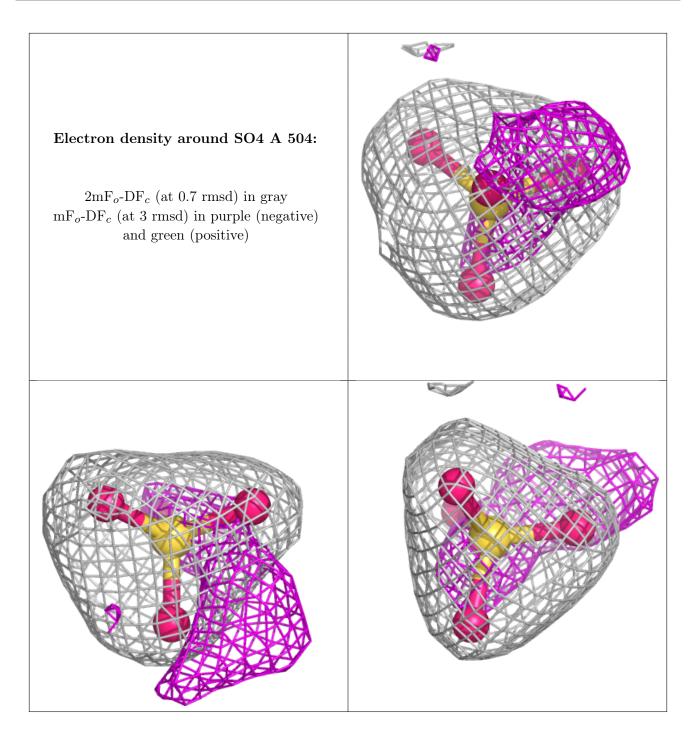












6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

