

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Feb 4, 2024 – 09:14 PM EST

PDB ID : 1WDN

Title : GLUTAMINE-BINDING PROTEIN

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Deposited on : 1997-05-17

Resolution : 1.94 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.36

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

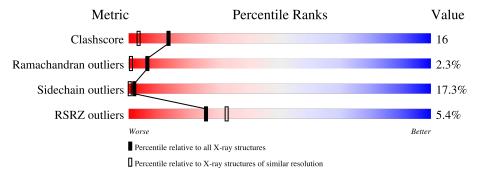
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.94 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
Clashscore	141614	1023 (1.94-1.94)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1007 (1.94-1.94)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1007 (1.94-1.94)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4250 (1.96-1.92)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of o	chain	
			5%		
1	A	226	60%	28%	9% ••



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1871 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

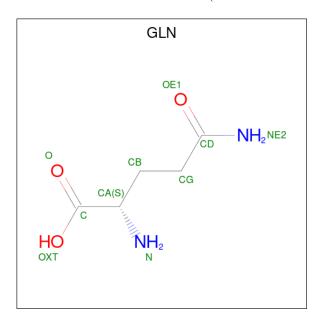
• Molecule 1 is a protein called GLUTAMINE BINDING PROTEIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	Δ	223	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	11	220	1740	1115	286	336	3			

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
Α	23	LEU	LYS	conflict	UNP P10344

• Molecule 2 is GLUTAMINE (three-letter code: GLN) (formula: $C_5H_{10}N_2O_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	A	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	
2	A	1	Total 9	C 5	N 2	O 2	0	0

• Molecule 3 is water.



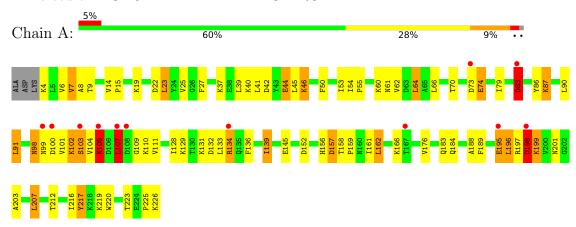
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	122	Total O 122 122	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: GLUTAMINE BINDING PROTEIN





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants	66.70Å 91.00Å 34.70Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	6.00 - 1.94	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	37.59 - 1.92	EDS
% Data completeness	(Not available) (6.00-1.94)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	90.4 (37.59-1.92)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.08	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	3.80 (at 1.92Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	X-PLOR 3.1	Depositor
D D.	0.200 , 0.300	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.231 , (Not available)	DCC
R_{free} test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	20.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.434	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.36, 93.1	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L > = 0.49, < L^2> = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.91	EDS
Total number of atoms	1871	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	23.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 10.56% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Boı	nd lengths	Bo	nd angles
IVIOI	Cham	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	Α	0.74	3/1772~(0.2%)	0.77	$4/2392 \ (0.2\%)$

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintenain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	7

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	${f Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\mathring{A}})$	Ideal(Å)
1	A	195	GLU	CG-CD	13.01	1.71	1.51
1	A	195	GLU	CB-CG	11.64	1.74	1.52
1	A	83	ASP	CB-CG	6.23	1.64	1.51

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	83	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	11.36	128.53	118.30
1	A	195	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	-9.52	111.87	123.30
1	A	198	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	7.26	124.84	118.30
1	A	107	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.39	127.70	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 7 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	102	LYS	Peptide
1	A	103	SER	Peptide, Mainchain
1	A	105	LYS	Peptide

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	195	GLU	Mainchain
1	A	86	TYR	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1740	0	1746	57	0
2	A	9	0	7	0	0
3	A	122	0	0	4	0
All	All	1871	0	1753	57	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 16.

The worst 5 of 57 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance (Å)} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:A:91:LEU:HD13	1:A:161:ILE:HD11	1.55	0.88
1:A:103:SER:CB	1:A:105:LYS:HG3	2.10	0.81
1:A:74:GLU:HG3	3:A:409:HOH:O	1.86	0.76
1:A:107:LEU:HA	1:A:128:ILE:HG23	1.75	0.67
1:A:158:THR:HB	1:A:159:PRO:HD3	1.80	0.63

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	l Chain Analysed		Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	221/226 (98%)	201 (91%)	15 (7%)	5 (2%)	6 1	

All (5) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	199	LYS
1	A	105	LYS
1	A	107	LEU
1	A	198	ASP
1	A	225	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	184/186 (99%)	152 (83%)	32 (17%)	2 0

5 of 32 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	196	LEU
1	A	207	LEU
1	A	83	ASP
1	A	74	GLU
1	A	223	THR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	98	ASN
1	A	183	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Type Chain		Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
IVIOI	Type	Chain	$\mid \operatorname{Res} \mid \operatorname{Li} $	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	GLN	A	227	-	7,8,9	0.54	0	4,9,11	0.25	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	GLN	A	227	-	-	1/6/7/9	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	227	GLN	OE1-CD-CG-CB

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle { m RSRZ} \rangle$	# RSRZ > 2		$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9	
1	A	223/226 (98%)	0.37	12 (5%)	25	32	11, 20, 38, 51	0

The worst 5 of 12 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	107	LEU	8.4
1	A	108	ASP	6.2
1	A	83	ASP	3.9
1	A	73	ASP	3.8
1	A	198	ASP	3.2

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
2	GLN	A	227	9/10	0.91	0.11	5,8,12,13	0



6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

