



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

May 13, 2020 – 05:14 pm BST

PDB ID : 3W3A
Title : Crystal structure of V1-ATPase at 3.9 angstrom resolution
Authors : Nagamatsu, Y.; Takeda, K.; Kuranaga, T.; Numoto, N.; Miki, K.
Deposited on : 2012-12-14
Resolution : 3.90 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.11
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

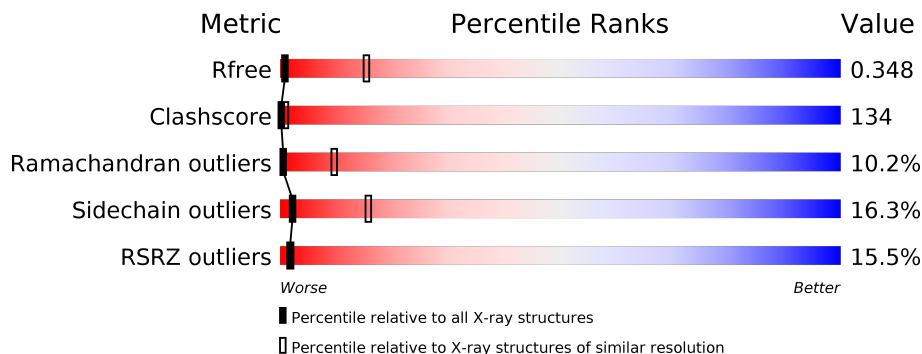
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

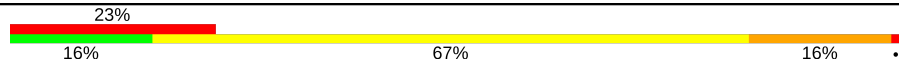
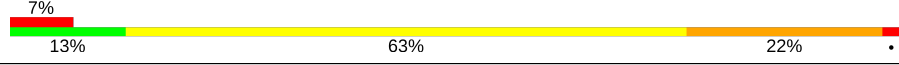
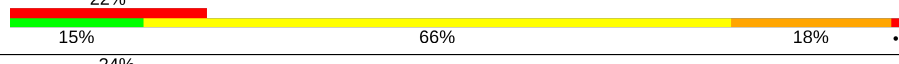
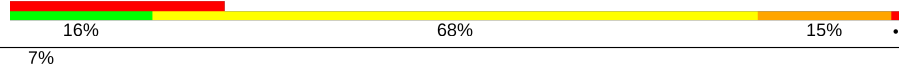
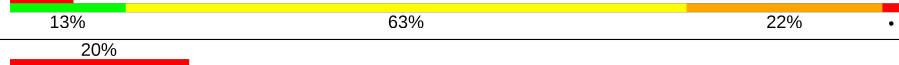
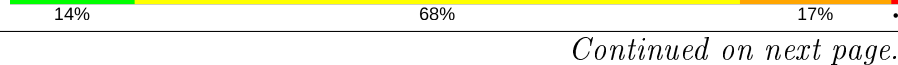
The reported resolution of this entry is 3.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	1002 (4.14-3.66)
Clashscore	141614	1004 (4.12-3.68)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1021 (4.14-3.66)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1014 (4.14-3.66)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1275 (4.20-3.60)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	577	
1	B	577	
1	C	577	
1	I	577	
1	J	577	
1	K	577	

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
2	D	457	
2	E	457	
2	F	457	
2	L	457	
2	M	457	
2	N	457	
3	G	210	
3	O	210	
4	H	100	
4	P	100	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
5	ADP	A	600	-	-	X	-
5	ADP	C	600	-	-	X	-
5	ADP	I	600	-	-	X	-
5	ADP	K	600	-	-	X	-

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 53224 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called V-type ATP synthase alpha chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	577	4473	2854	762	835	22	0	0	0
1	B	577	4473	2854	762	835	22	0	0	0
1	C	577	4473	2854	762	835	22	0	0	0
1	I	577	4473	2854	762	835	22	0	0	0
1	J	577	4473	2854	762	835	22	0	0	0
1	K	577	4473	2854	762	835	22	0	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called V-type ATP synthase beta chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
2	D	457	3579	2266	618	685	10	0	0	0
2	E	457	3579	2266	618	685	10	0	0	0
2	F	457	3579	2266	618	685	10	0	0	0
2	L	457	3579	2266	618	685	10	0	0	0
2	M	457	3579	2266	618	685	10	0	0	0
2	N	457	3579	2266	618	685	10	0	0	0

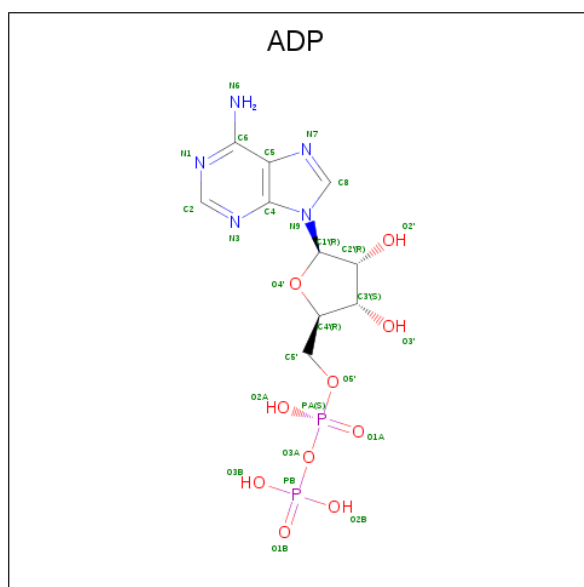
- Molecule 3 is a protein called V-type ATP synthase subunit D.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
3	G	210	Total 1643	C 1033	N 307	O 301	S 2	0	0	0
3	O	210	Total 1643	C 1033	N 307	O 301	S 2	0	0	0

- Molecule 4 is a protein called V-type ATP synthase subunit F.

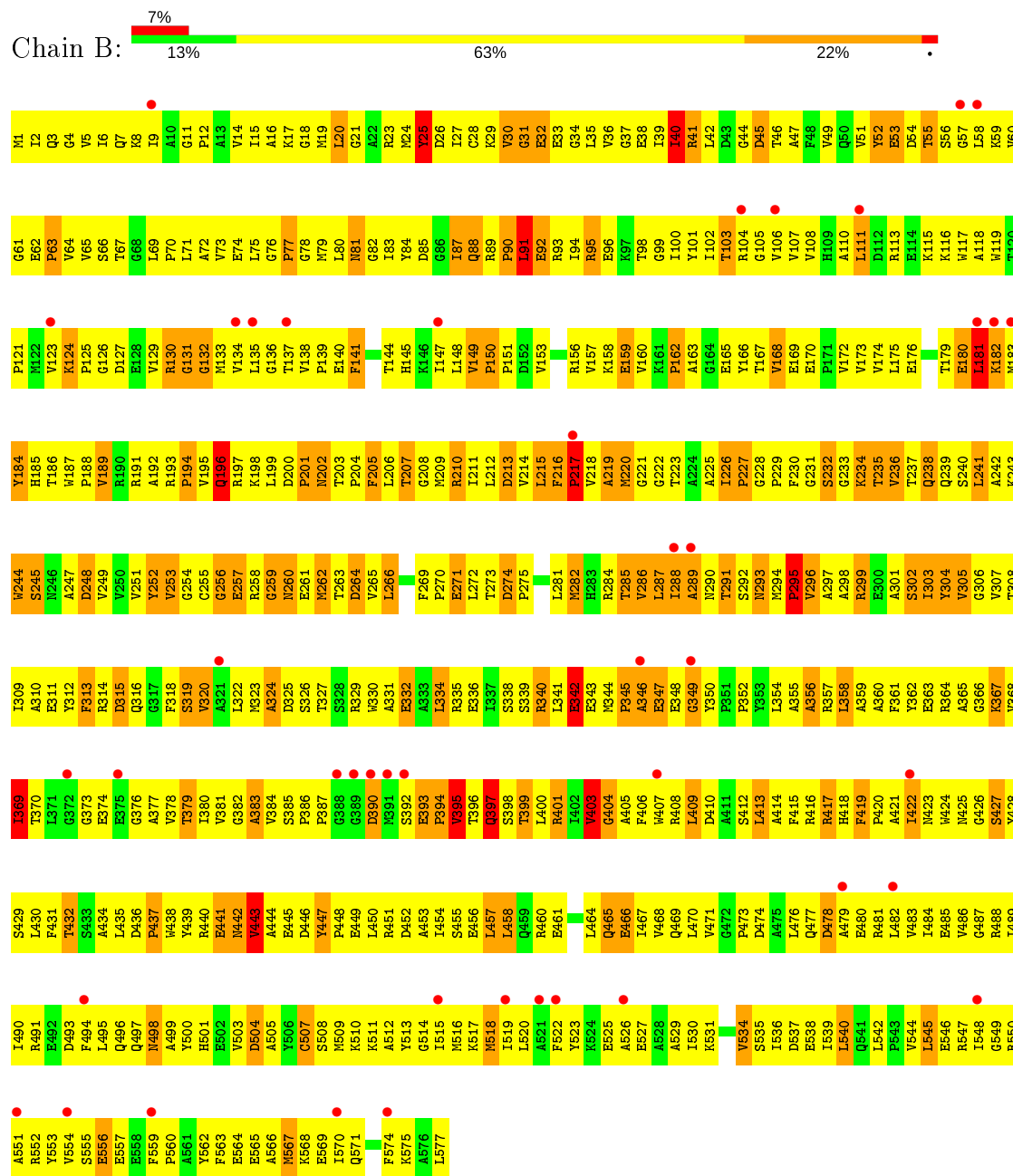
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
4	H	100	Total 759	C 479	N 131	O 146	S 3	0	0	0
4	P	100	Total 759	C 479	N 131	O 146	S 3	0	0	0

- Molecule 5 is ADENOSINE-5'-DIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: ADP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{15}N_5O_{10}P_2$).

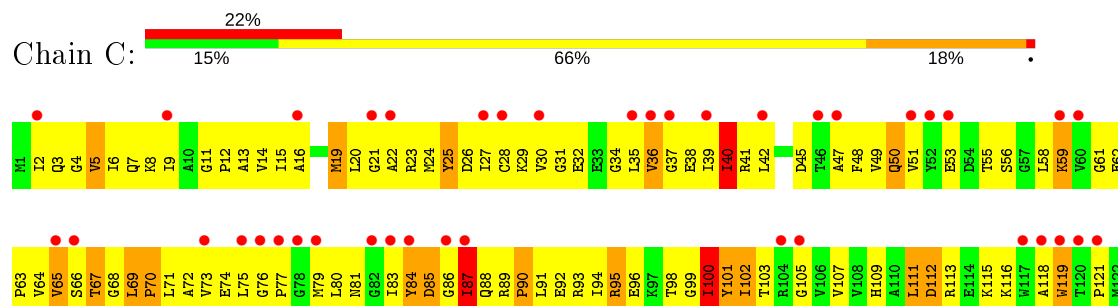


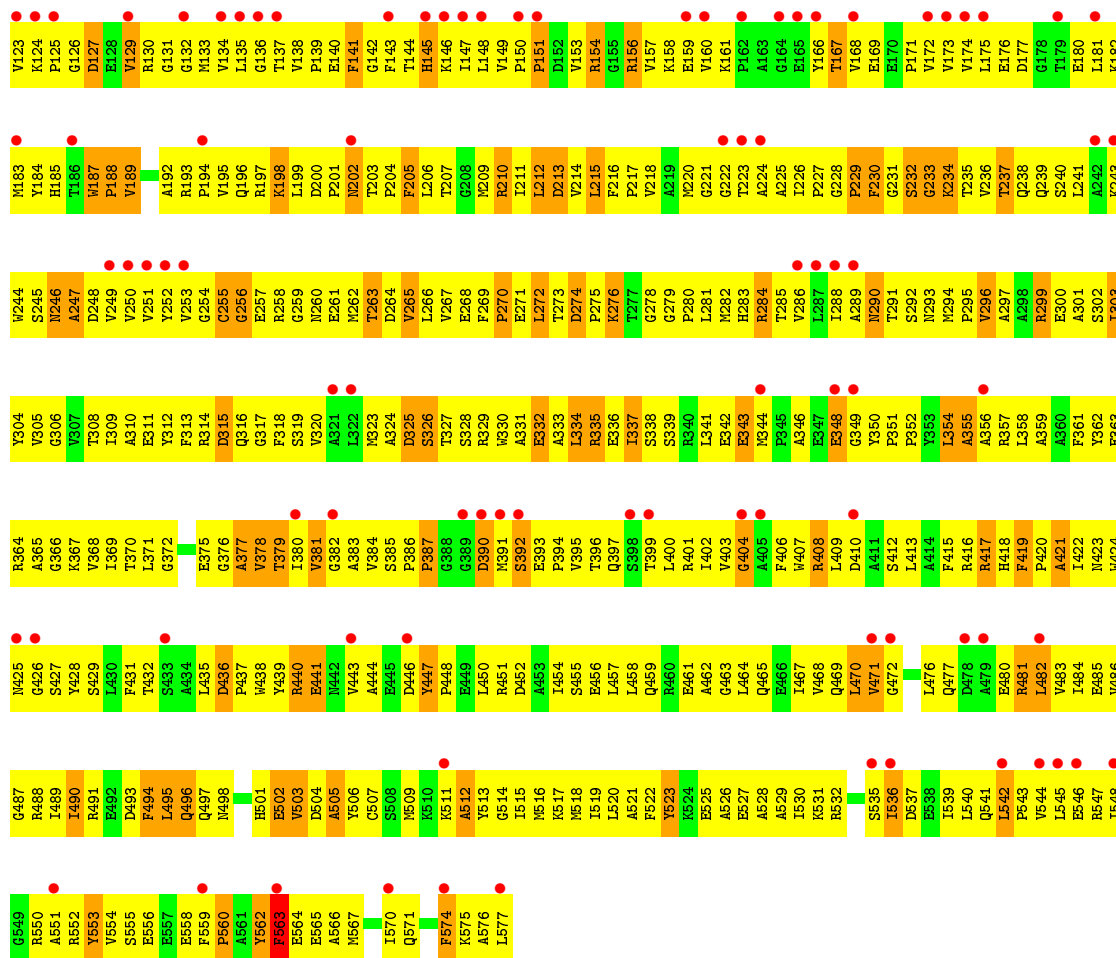
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	P		
5	A	1	Total 27	C 10	N 5	O 10	P 2	0	0
5	C	1	Total 27	C 10	N 5	O 10	P 2	0	0
5	I	1	Total 27	C 10	N 5	O 10	P 2	0	0
5	K	1	Total 27	C 10	N 5	O 10	P 2	0	0

- Molecule 1: V-type ATP synthase alpha chain

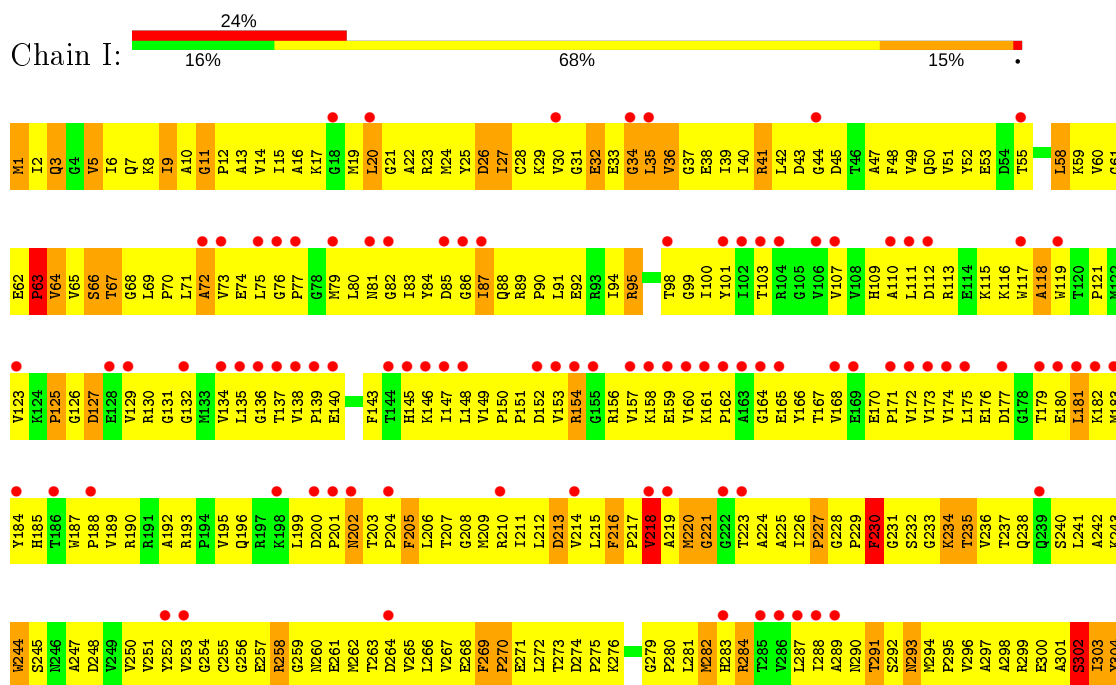


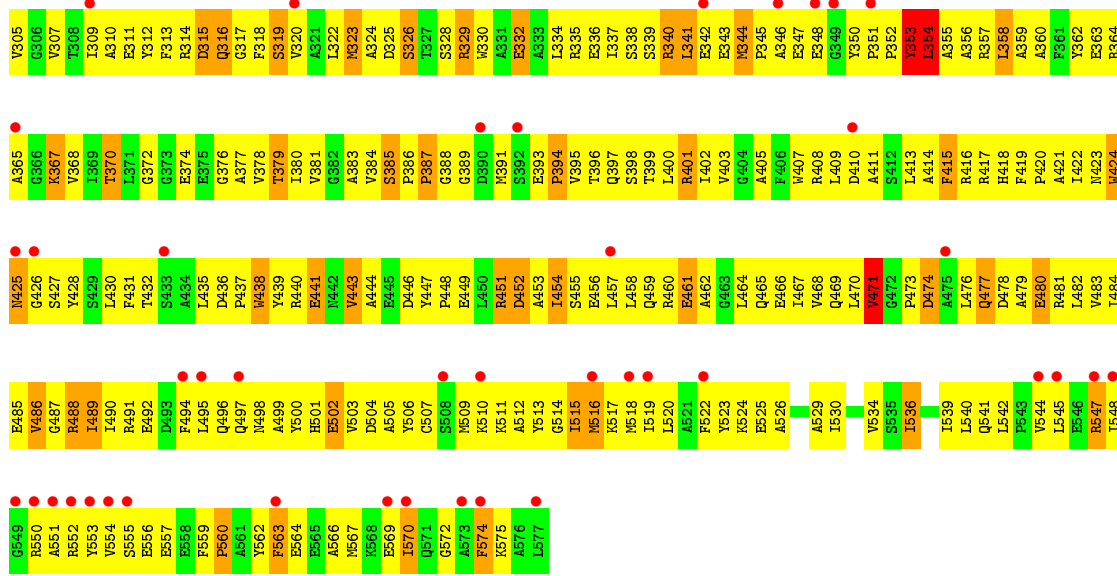
- Molecule 1: V-type ATP synthase alpha chain



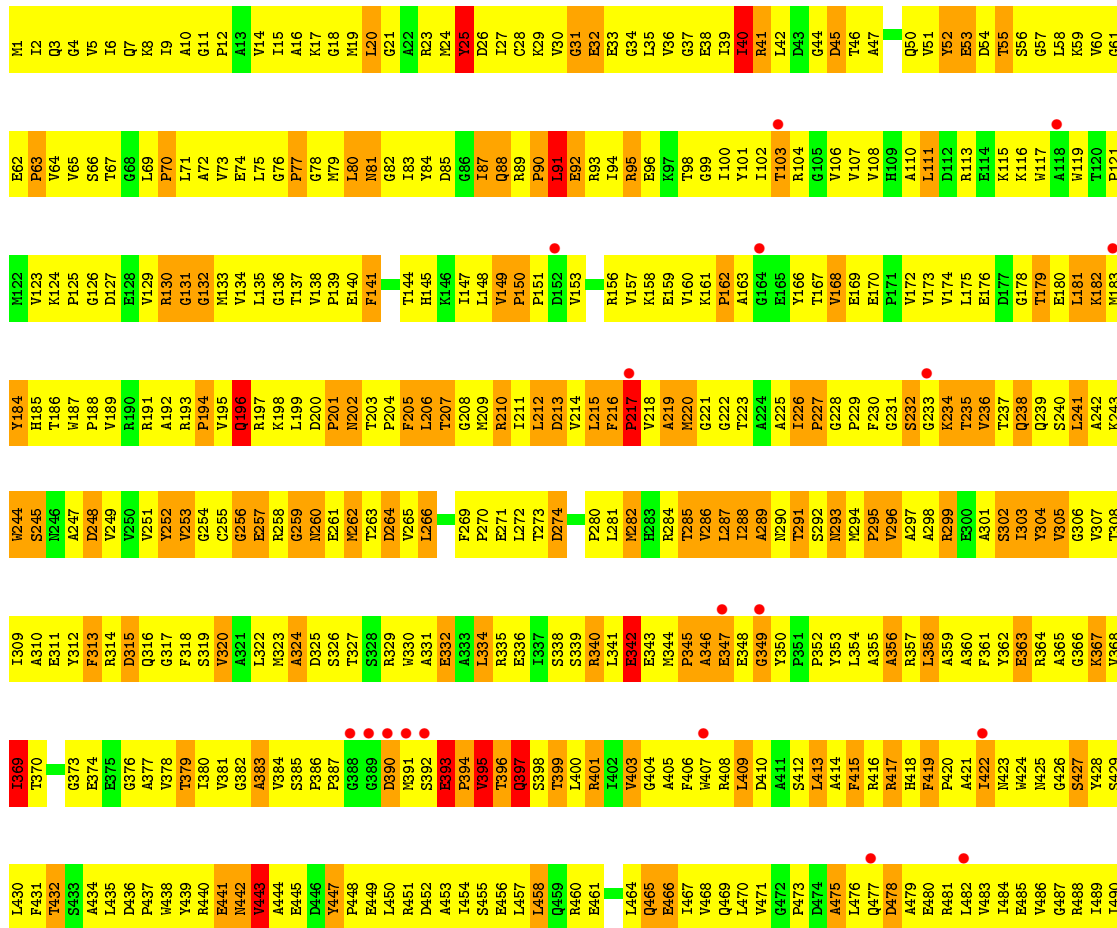
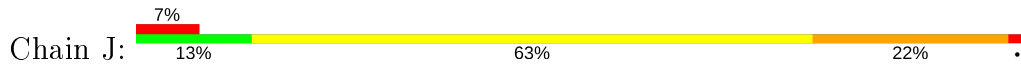


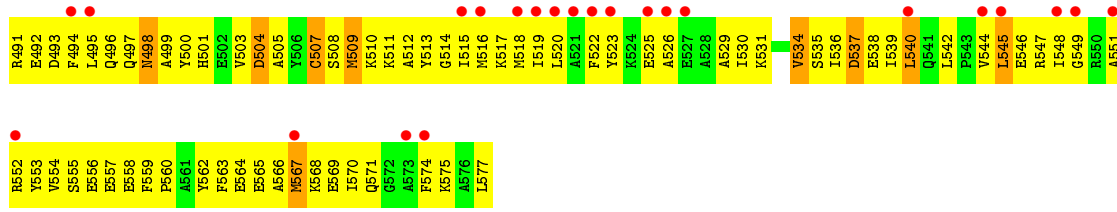
• Molecule 1: V-type ATP synthase alpha chain



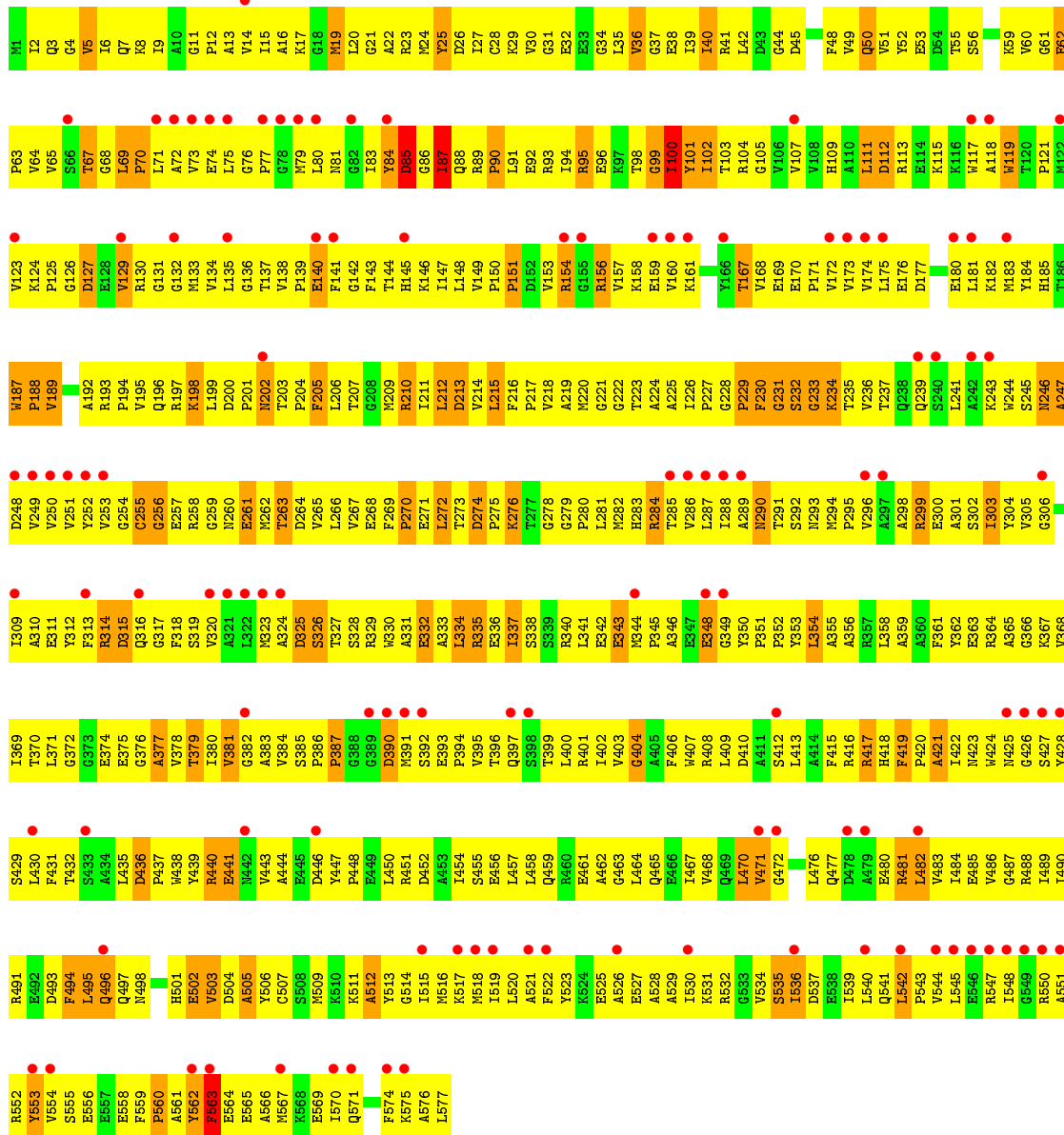
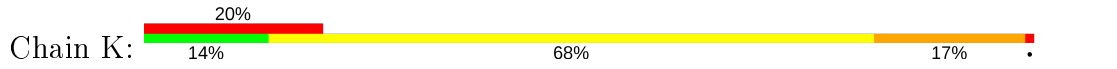


● Molecule 1: V-type ATP synthase alpha chain

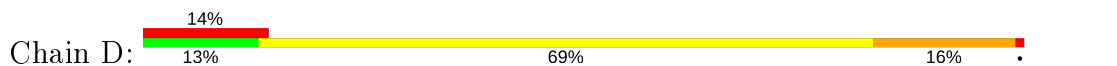


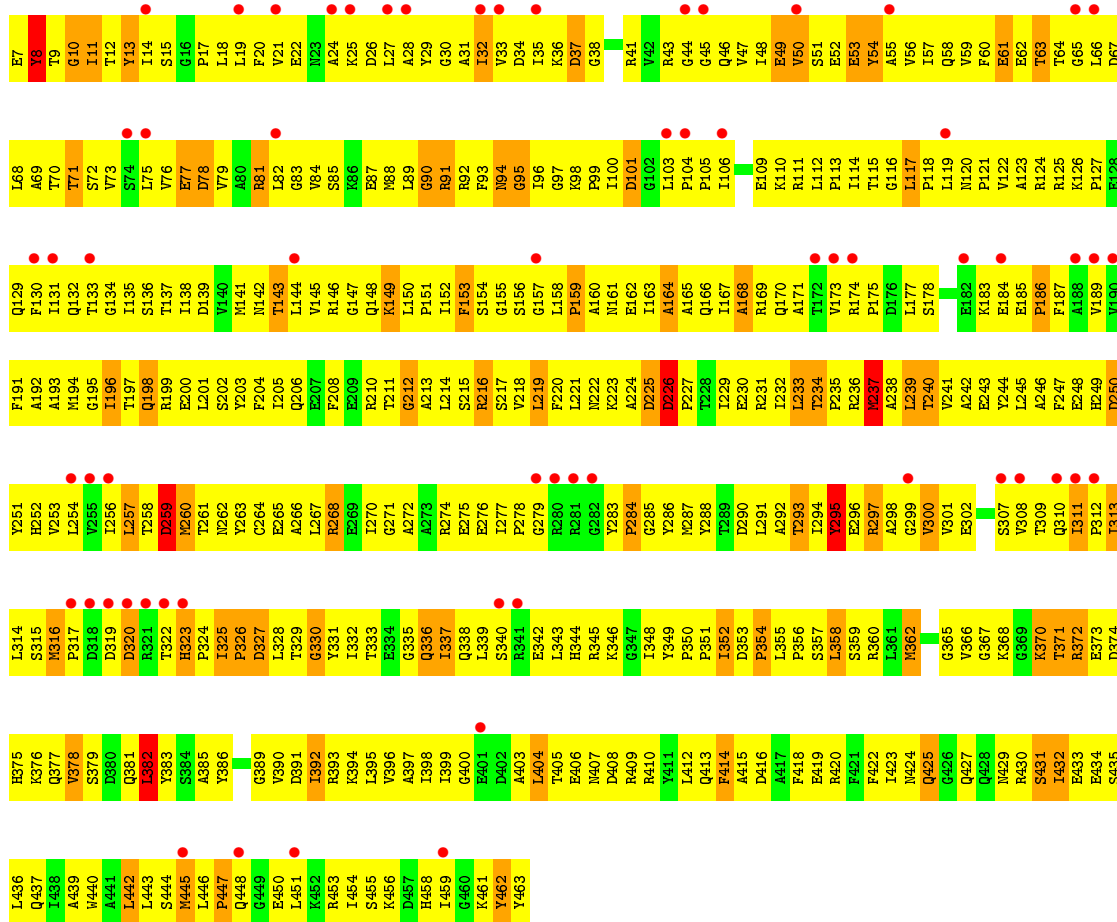


● Molecule 1: V-type ATP synthase alpha chain

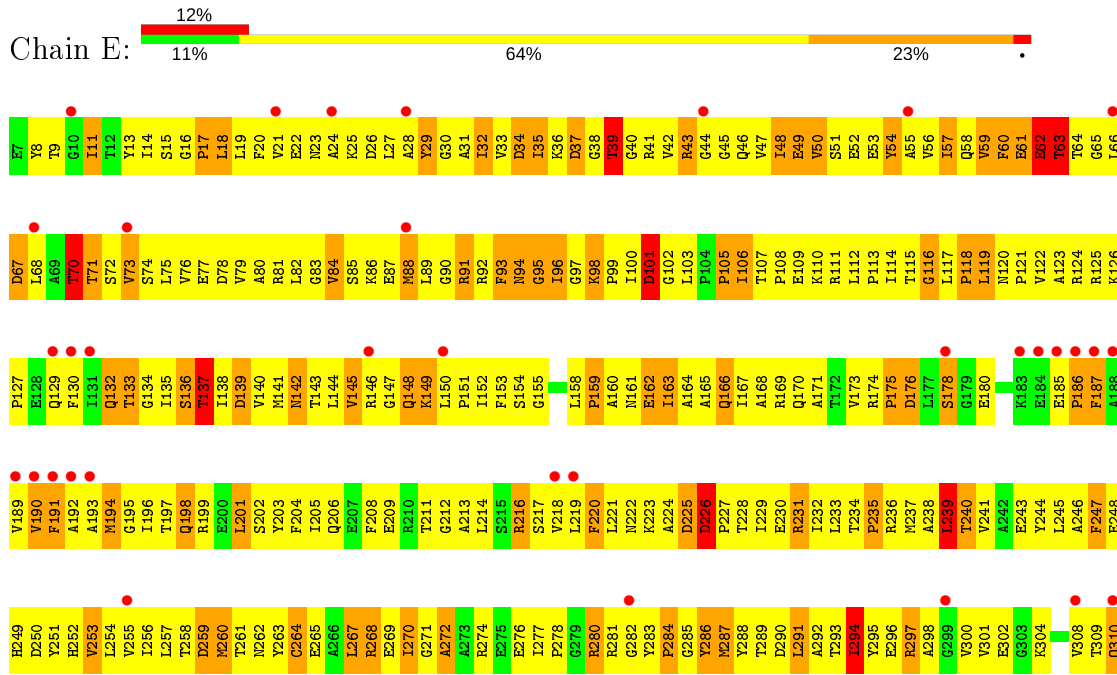


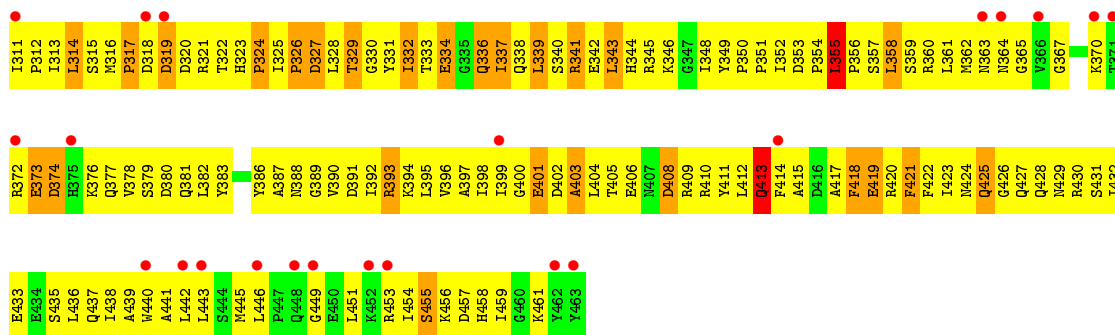
● Molecule 2: V-type ATP synthase beta chain



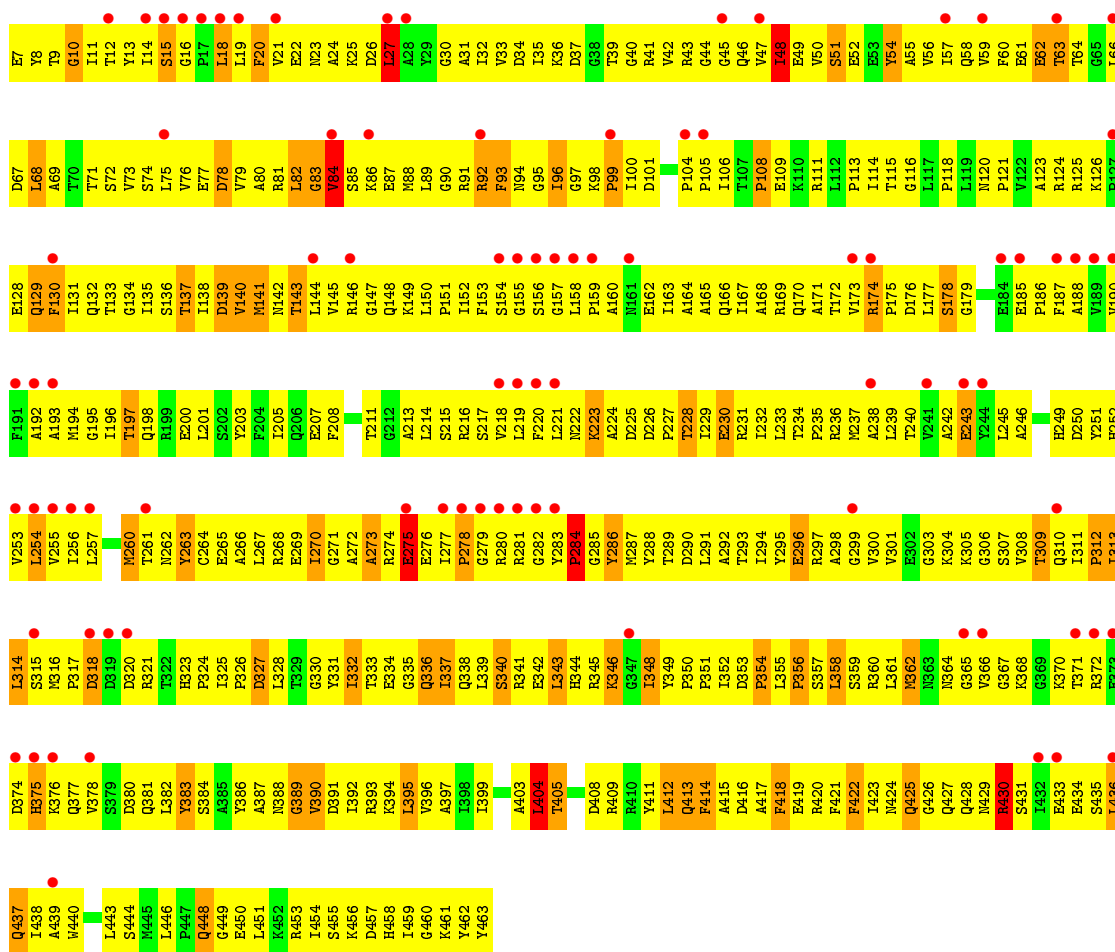


● Molecule 2: V-type ATP synthase beta chain

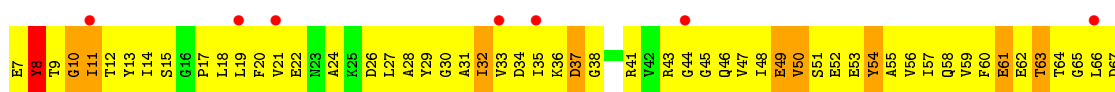
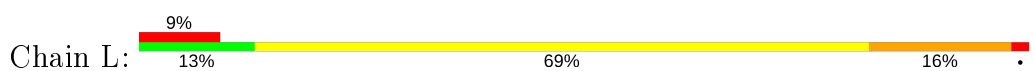


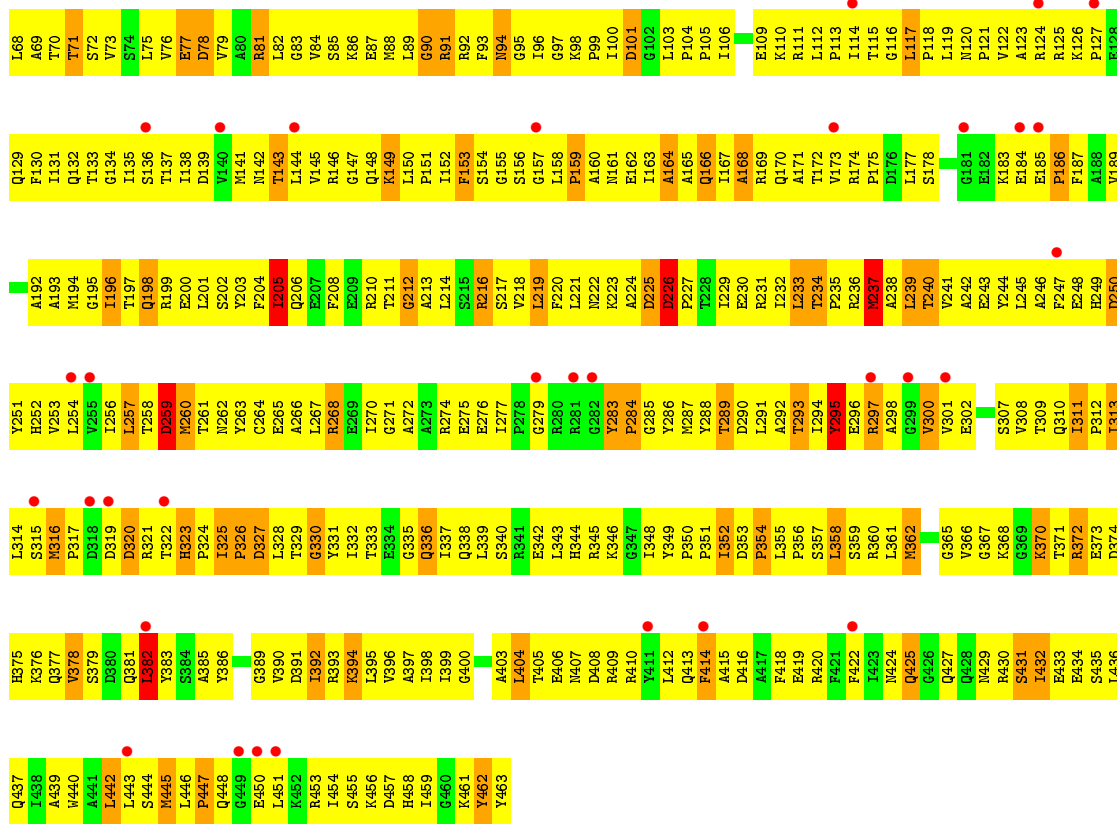


• Molecule 2: V-type ATP synthase beta chain

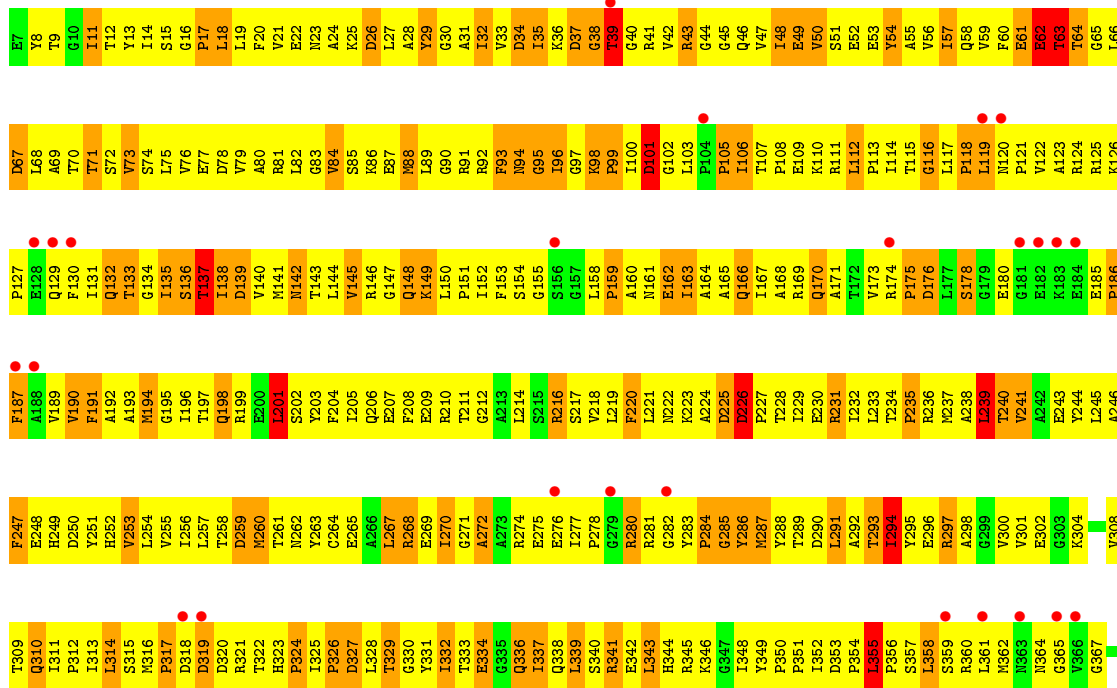
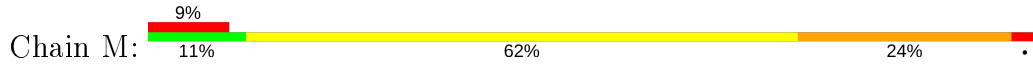


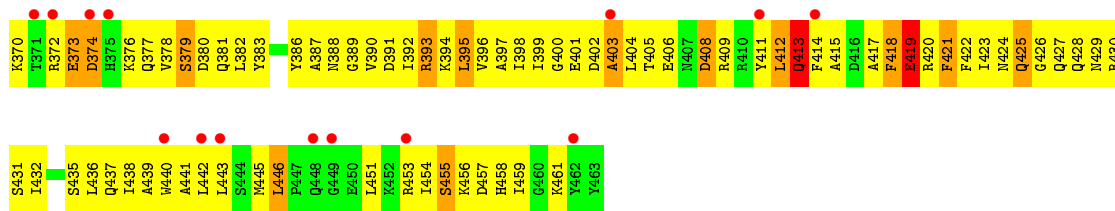
• Molecule 2: V-type ATP synthase beta chain



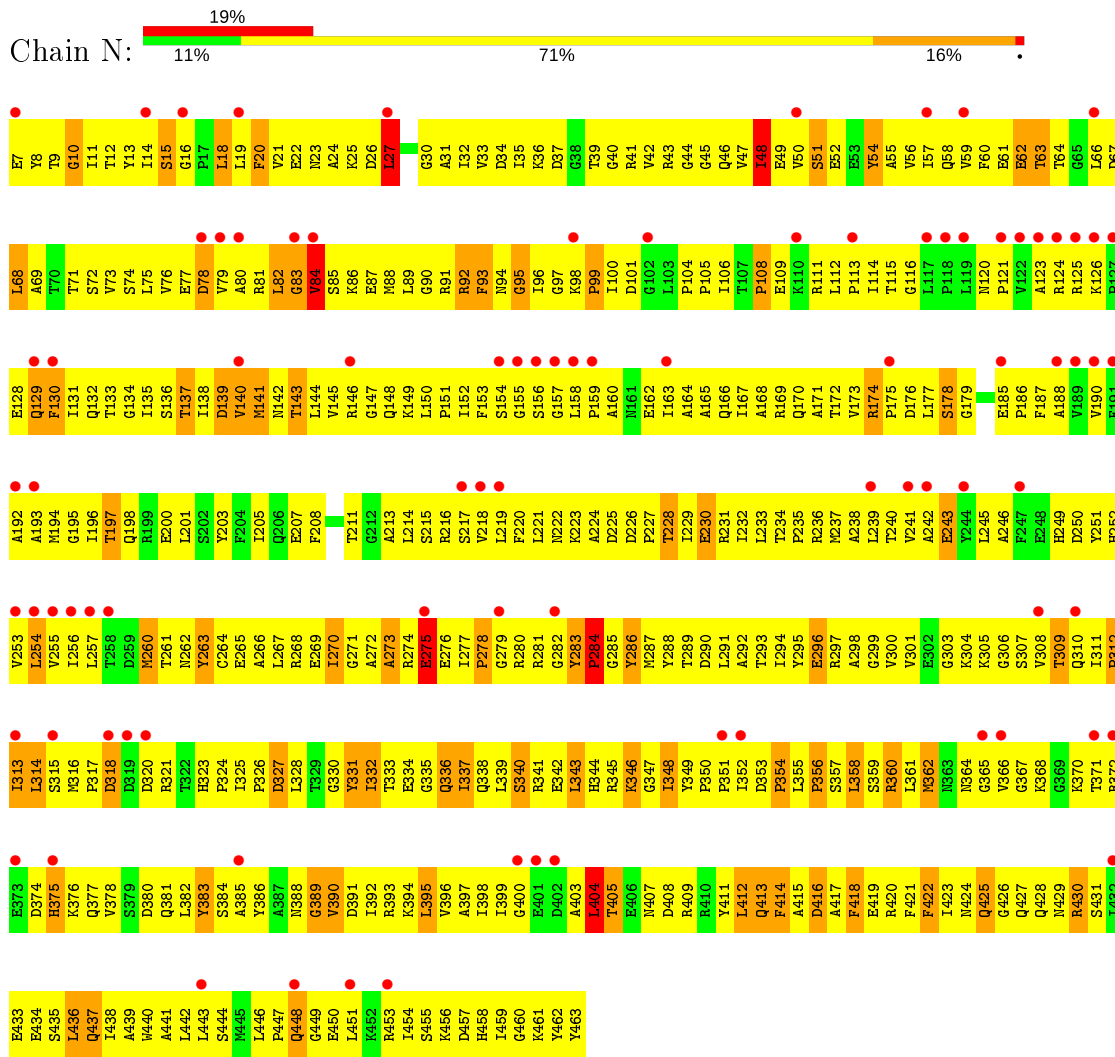


• Molecule 2: V-type ATP synthase beta chain

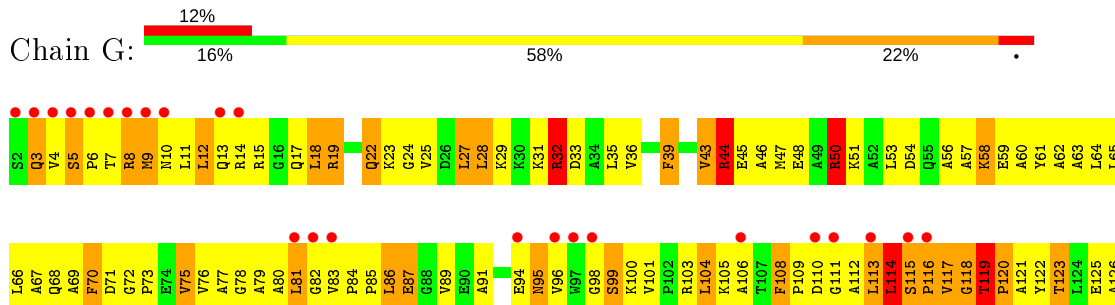


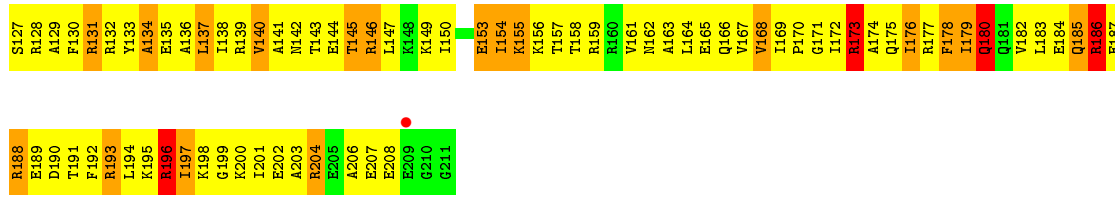


● Molecule 2: V-type ATP synthase beta chain

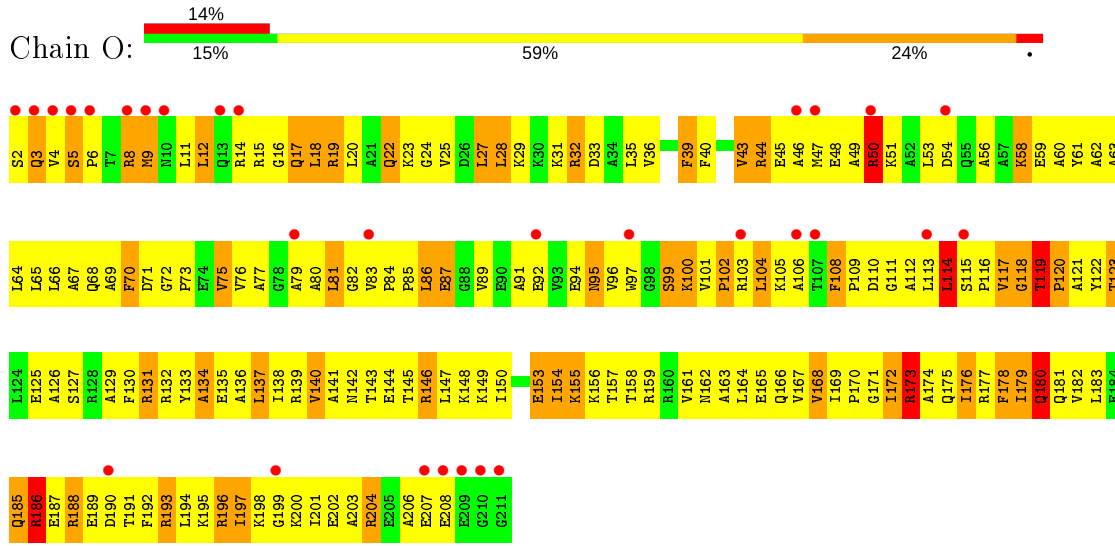


● Molecule 3: V-type ATP synthase subunit D

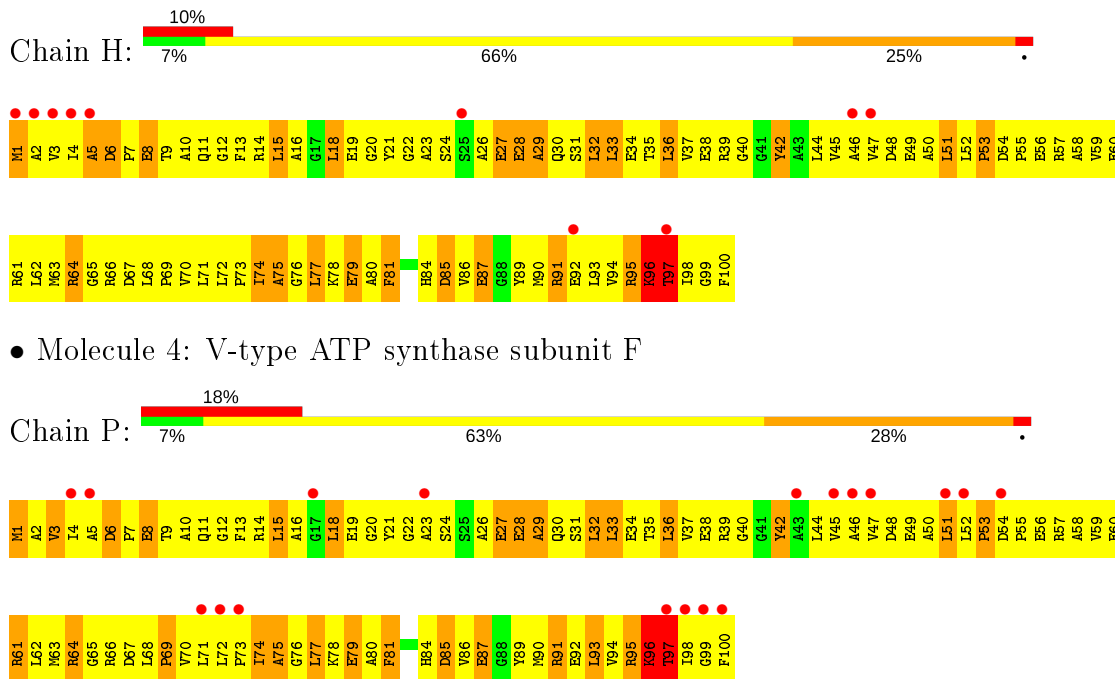




• Molecule 3: V-type ATP synthase subunit D



• Molecule 4: V-type ATP synthase subunit F



• Molecule 4: V-type ATP synthase subunit F

4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 3 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	382.14Å 382.14Å 148.25Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	49.90 – 3.90 67.65 – 3.90	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	90.2 (49.90-3.90) 90.2 (67.65-3.90)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.10	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.99 (at 3.89Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	CNS 1.3	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.328 , 0.381 0.318 , 0.348	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	2943 reflections (2.90%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	139.2	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.123	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.35 , 999.0	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.32$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.15$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.197 for -h,-k,l	Xtrriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.91	EDS
Total number of atoms	53224	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	341.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.19% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ADP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.51	1/4569 (0.0%)	0.68	1/6198 (0.0%)
1	B	0.62	0/4569	0.86	4/6198 (0.1%)
1	C	0.54	1/4569 (0.0%)	0.72	1/6198 (0.0%)
1	I	0.49	0/4569	0.68	2/6198 (0.0%)
1	J	0.65	2/4569 (0.0%)	0.87	4/6198 (0.1%)
1	K	0.55	1/4569 (0.0%)	0.73	4/6198 (0.1%)
2	D	0.48	0/3646	0.69	1/4938 (0.0%)
2	E	0.54	0/3646	0.76	2/4938 (0.0%)
2	F	0.48	0/3646	0.71	1/4938 (0.0%)
2	L	0.47	0/3646	0.70	1/4938 (0.0%)
2	M	0.58	0/3646	0.78	4/4938 (0.1%)
2	N	0.47	0/3646	0.71	2/4938 (0.0%)
3	G	0.60	0/1663	1.39	24/2235 (1.1%)
3	O	0.55	0/1663	1.42	23/2235 (1.0%)
4	H	0.65	0/770	1.27	6/1040 (0.6%)
4	P	0.58	0/770	1.26	7/1040 (0.7%)
All	All	0.54	5/54156 (0.0%)	0.82	87/73366 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
2	L	0	1
2	N	0	2
All	All	0	3

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	C	255	CYS	CB-SG	8.86	1.97	1.82
1	A	576	ALA	CA-CB	-6.14	1.39	1.52
1	K	255	CYS	CB-SG	5.70	1.92	1.82
1	J	393	GLU	CB-CG	5.61	1.62	1.52
1	J	475	ALA	CA-CB	-5.24	1.41	1.52

The worst 5 of 87 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	O	50	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-15.90	112.35	120.30
3	O	50	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	15.14	127.87	120.30
3	O	44	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-15.05	112.78	120.30
4	P	91	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-14.47	113.07	120.30
3	O	32	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-14.40	113.10	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	L	283	TYR	Sidechain
2	N	283	TYR	Sidechain
2	N	331	TYR	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4473	0	4491	1133	0
1	B	4473	0	4491	1334	0
1	C	4473	0	4491	1201	0
1	I	4473	0	4491	1159	0
1	J	4473	0	4491	1418	1
1	K	4473	0	4491	1186	0
2	D	3579	0	3598	900	0
2	E	3579	0	3598	1188	0
2	F	3579	0	3598	945	0
2	L	3579	0	3598	917	0
2	M	3579	0	3598	1207	0

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	N	3579	0	3598	990	0
3	G	1643	0	1718	509	0
3	O	1643	0	1718	512	0
4	H	759	0	764	279	0
4	P	759	0	764	295	0
5	A	27	0	12	32	0
5	C	27	0	12	19	0
5	I	27	0	12	32	0
5	K	27	0	12	23	0
All	All	53224	0	53546	14280	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 134.

The worst 5 of 14280 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:J:475:ALA:CB	4:P:98:ILE:HB	1.37	1.50
1:J:475:ALA:HB2	4:P:98:ILE:CB	1.42	1.47
2:L:322:THR:HG21	3:O:15:ARG:NH1	1.51	1.25
2:E:94:ASN:HD22	2:E:95:GLY:N	1.34	1.24
2:M:94:ASN:HD22	2:M:95:GLY:N	1.36	1.24

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:J:156:ARG:NH1	1:J:156:ARG:NH1[5_555]	1.86	0.34

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	575/577 (100%)	431 (75%)	96 (17%)	48 (8%)	1	14
1	B	575/577 (100%)	370 (64%)	134 (23%)	71 (12%)	0	5
1	C	575/577 (100%)	423 (74%)	98 (17%)	54 (9%)	0	12
1	I	575/577 (100%)	426 (74%)	103 (18%)	46 (8%)	1	15
1	J	575/577 (100%)	367 (64%)	137 (24%)	71 (12%)	0	5
1	K	575/577 (100%)	423 (74%)	104 (18%)	48 (8%)	1	14
2	D	455/457 (100%)	305 (67%)	108 (24%)	42 (9%)	1	12
2	E	455/457 (100%)	302 (66%)	98 (22%)	55 (12%)	0	6
2	F	455/457 (100%)	315 (69%)	98 (22%)	42 (9%)	1	12
2	L	455/457 (100%)	306 (67%)	109 (24%)	40 (9%)	1	13
2	M	455/457 (100%)	298 (66%)	95 (21%)	62 (14%)	0	4
2	N	455/457 (100%)	318 (70%)	94 (21%)	43 (10%)	0	11
3	G	208/210 (99%)	147 (71%)	38 (18%)	23 (11%)	0	8
3	O	208/210 (99%)	145 (70%)	40 (19%)	23 (11%)	0	8
4	H	98/100 (98%)	66 (67%)	20 (20%)	12 (12%)	0	6
4	P	98/100 (98%)	63 (64%)	24 (24%)	11 (11%)	0	7
All	All	6792/6824 (100%)	4705 (69%)	1396 (21%)	691 (10%)	0	10

5 of 691 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	11	GLY
1	A	36	VAL
1	A	63	PRO
1	A	227	PRO
1	A	230	PHE

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	468/468 (100%)	400 (86%)	68 (14%)	3	19
1	B	468/468 (100%)	377 (81%)	91 (19%)	1	9
1	C	468/468 (100%)	403 (86%)	65 (14%)	3	21
1	I	468/468 (100%)	401 (86%)	67 (14%)	3	20
1	J	468/468 (100%)	380 (81%)	88 (19%)	1	11
1	K	468/468 (100%)	409 (87%)	59 (13%)	4	23
2	D	384/384 (100%)	331 (86%)	53 (14%)	3	21
2	E	384/384 (100%)	309 (80%)	75 (20%)	1	9
2	F	384/384 (100%)	330 (86%)	54 (14%)	3	21
2	L	384/384 (100%)	330 (86%)	54 (14%)	3	21
2	M	384/384 (100%)	310 (81%)	74 (19%)	1	10
2	N	384/384 (100%)	330 (86%)	54 (14%)	3	21
3	G	166/166 (100%)	127 (76%)	39 (24%)	1	5
3	O	166/166 (100%)	131 (79%)	35 (21%)	1	7
4	H	76/76 (100%)	59 (78%)	17 (22%)	1	6
4	P	76/76 (100%)	56 (74%)	20 (26%)	0	4
All	All	5596/5596 (100%)	4683 (84%)	913 (16%)	2	16

5 of 913 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	G	22	GLN
1	I	425	ASN
2	N	376	LYS
3	G	100	LYS
1	I	3	GLN

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 164 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	F	413	GLN
1	I	397	GLN
2	N	310	GLN
2	F	427	GLN
3	G	166	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

4 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
5	ADP	A	600	-	24,29,29	1.72	5 (20%)	29,45,45	1.87	7 (24%)
5	ADP	C	600	-	24,29,29	1.75	5 (20%)	29,45,45	1.73	6 (20%)
5	ADP	I	600	-	24,29,29	1.71	5 (20%)	29,45,45	1.90	8 (27%)
5	ADP	K	600	-	24,29,29	1.74	5 (20%)	29,45,45	1.85	4 (13%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	ADP	A	600	-	-	8/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
5	ADP	C	600	-	-	9/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
5	ADP	I	600	-	-	8/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
5	ADP	K	600	-	-	9/12/32/32	0/3/3/3

The worst 5 of 20 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
5	C	600	ADP	C2-N3	5.25	1.40	1.32
5	A	600	ADP	C2-N3	5.19	1.40	1.32
5	K	600	ADP	C2-N3	5.16	1.40	1.32
5	I	600	ADP	C2-N3	4.92	1.40	1.32
5	I	600	ADP	C2-N1	3.58	1.40	1.33

The worst 5 of 25 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	K	600	ADP	N3-C2-N1	-6.83	118.00	128.68
5	C	600	ADP	N3-C2-N1	-6.62	118.34	128.68
5	I	600	ADP	N3-C2-N1	-6.48	118.55	128.68
5	A	600	ADP	N3-C2-N1	-6.27	118.88	128.68
5	K	600	ADP	PA-O3A-PB	-3.53	120.71	132.83

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 34 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	600	ADP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A
5	C	600	ADP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A
5	C	600	ADP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
5	I	600	ADP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A
5	K	600	ADP	PA-O3A-PB-O2B

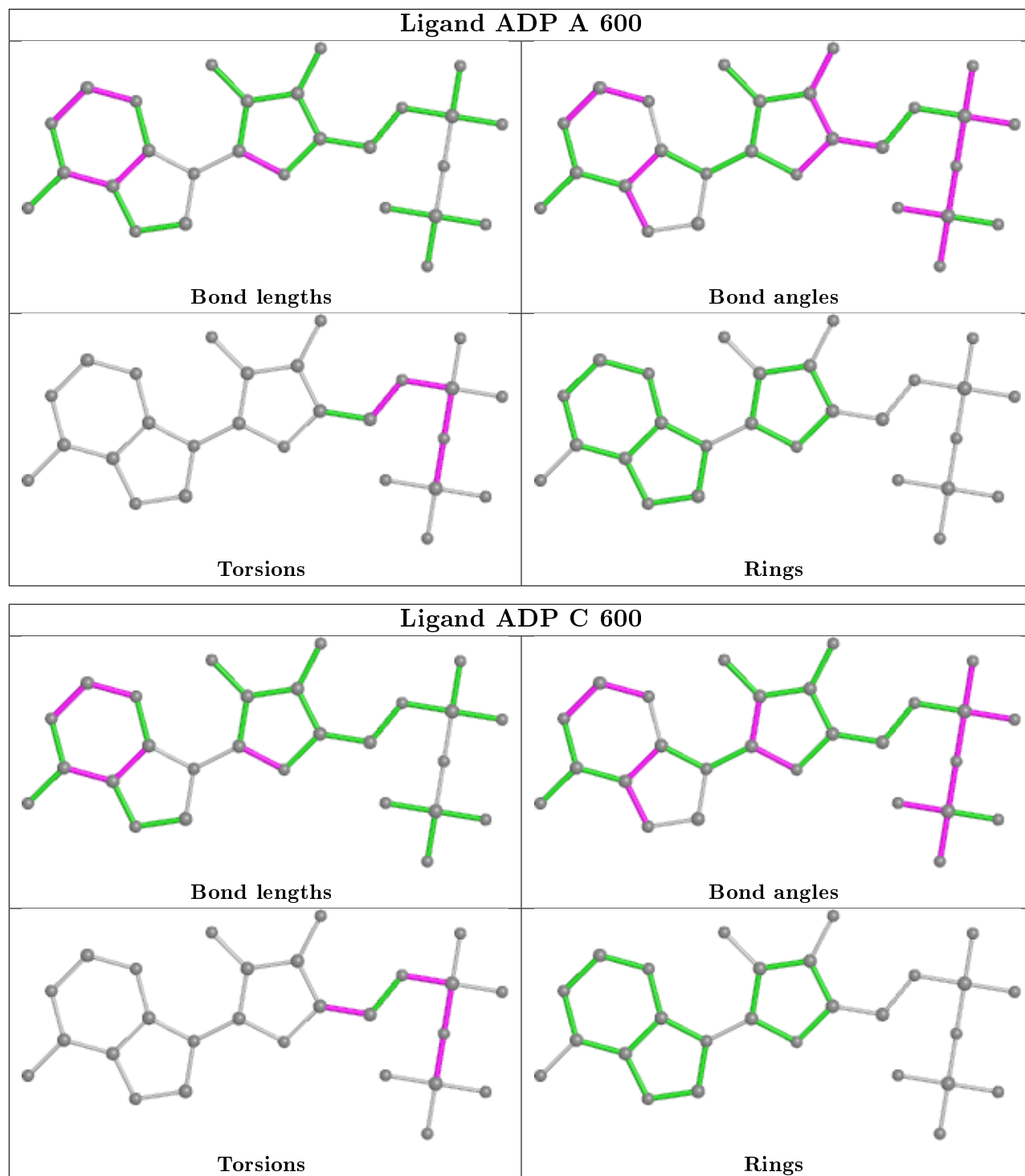
There are no ring outliers.

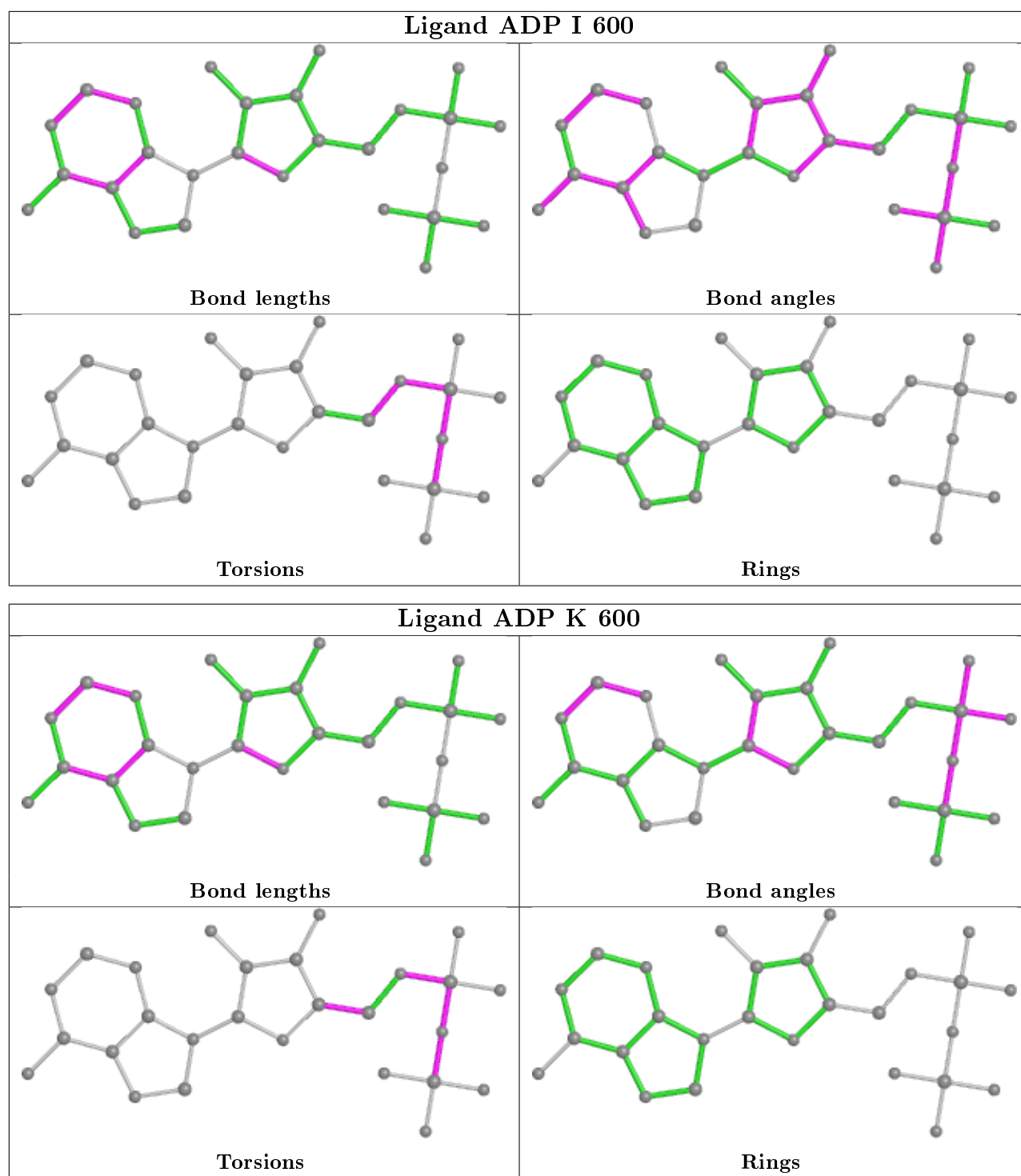
4 monomers are involved in 106 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	A	600	ADP	32	0
5	C	600	ADP	19	0
5	I	600	ADP	32	0
5	K	600	ADP	23	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring

in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers [\(i\)](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q<0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	577/577 (100%)	1.15	135 (23%) 0 0	115, 374, 620, 740	0
1	B	577/577 (100%)	0.03	43 (7%) 14 10	83, 244, 430, 549	0
1	C	577/577 (100%)	1.05	128 (22%) 0 0	108, 349, 549, 646	0
1	I	577/577 (100%)	1.31	138 (23%) 0 0	116, 375, 619, 740	0
1	J	577/577 (100%)	0.02	41 (7%) 16 11	77, 243, 428, 549	0
1	K	577/577 (100%)	1.01	117 (20%) 1 1	110, 349, 549, 646	0
2	D	457/457 (100%)	0.49	63 (13%) 2 3	96, 320, 526, 650	0
2	E	457/457 (100%)	0.33	56 (12%) 4 4	110, 287, 495, 630	0
2	F	457/457 (100%)	0.95	87 (19%) 1 1	140, 348, 547, 662	0
2	L	457/457 (100%)	0.21	39 (8%) 10 8	97, 320, 525, 649	0
2	M	457/457 (100%)	0.16	39 (8%) 10 8	112, 286, 495, 630	0
2	N	457/457 (100%)	0.85	88 (19%) 1 1	141, 348, 548, 662	0
3	G	210/210 (100%)	0.45	25 (11%) 4 4	114, 342, 586, 705	0
3	O	210/210 (100%)	0.45	30 (14%) 2 2	114, 340, 586, 705	0
4	H	100/100 (100%)	0.09	10 (10%) 7 6	48, 337, 574, 695	0
4	P	100/100 (100%)	0.49	18 (18%) 1 1	50, 336, 575, 695	0
All	All	6824/6824 (100%)	0.62	1057 (15%) 2 2	48, 324, 549, 740	0

The worst 5 of 1057 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	I	181	LEU	16.7
2	N	365	GLY	16.1
1	A	106	VAL	16.0
1	I	103	THR	15.2
1	C	86	GLY	15.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

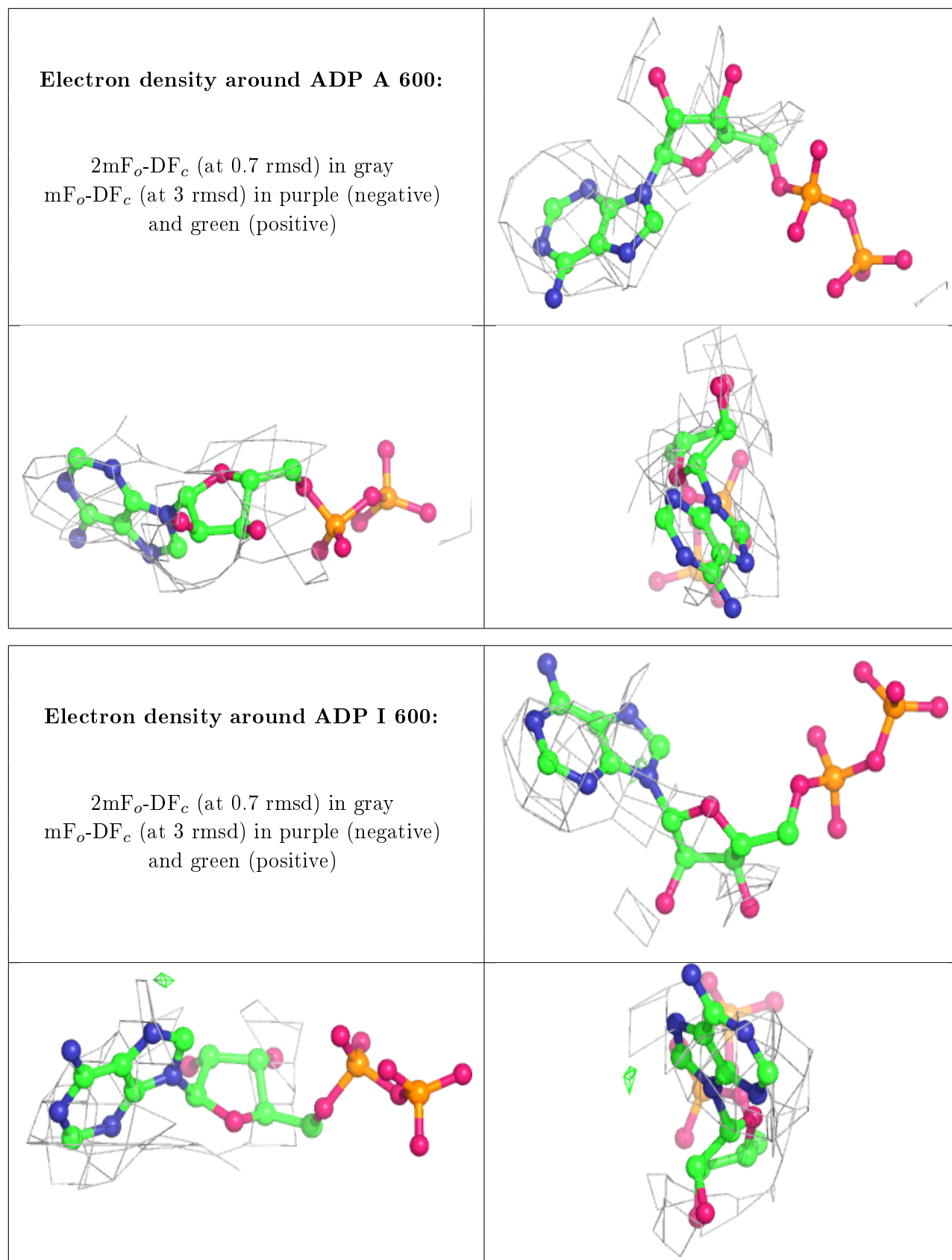
There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

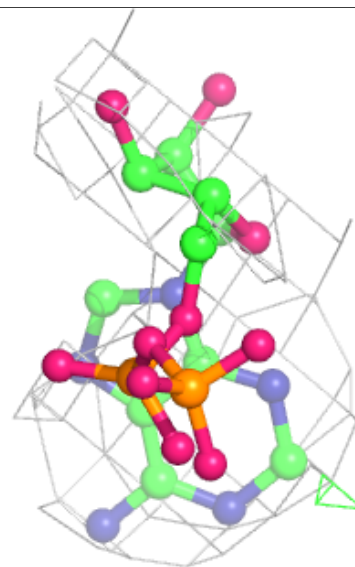
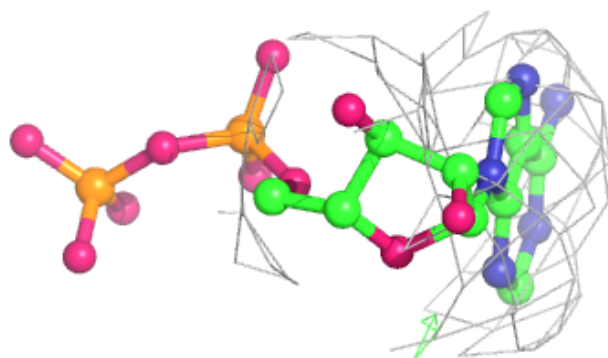
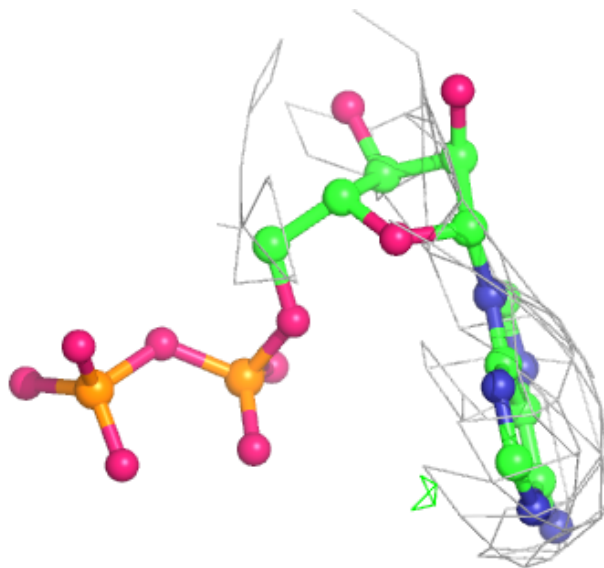
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
5	ADP	A	600	27/27	0.95	0.29	10,308,489,668	0
5	ADP	I	600	27/27	0.95	0.27	10,309,489,667	0
5	ADP	C	600	27/27	0.96	0.21	10,228,551,718	0
5	ADP	K	600	27/27	0.96	0.25	10,225,552,718	0

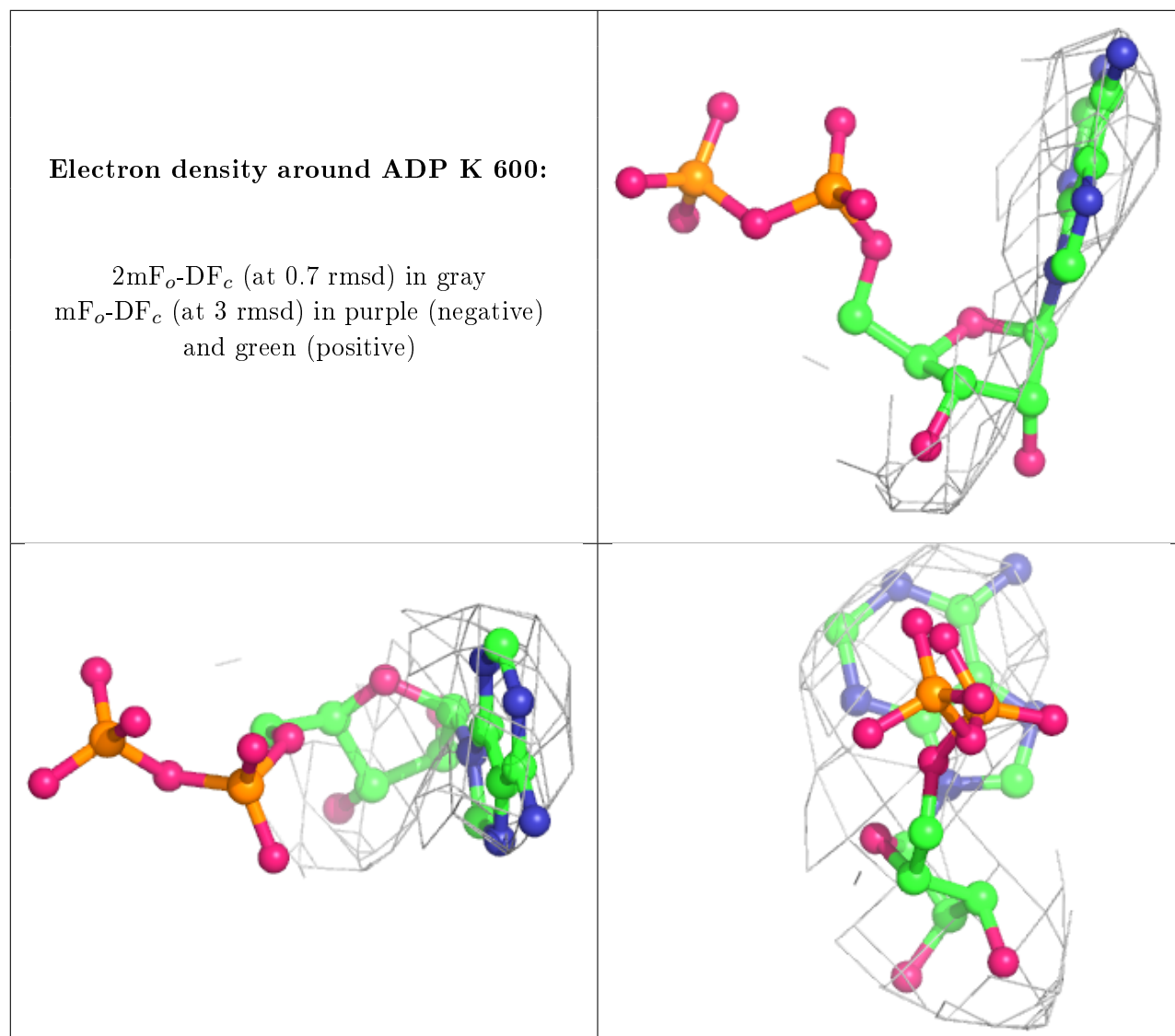
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



Electron density around ADP C 600:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)





6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.