

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

May 21, 2020 – 06:24 pm BST

PDB ID 3VPK

Title : Crystal Structure of 6-Guanidinohexanoyl Trypsin Authors Masuda, Y.; Nitanai, Y.; Mizutani, R.; Noguchi, S.

2012-03-05 Deposited on

1.94 Å(reported) Resolution

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity 4.02b-467

> 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020) Mogul

Xtriage (Phenix) 1.13 EDS 2.11

Percentile statistics 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

> Refmac 5.8.0158

CCP4 7.0.044 (Gargrove) Engh & Huber (2001)

Ideal geometry (proteins) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) Parkinson et al. (1996)

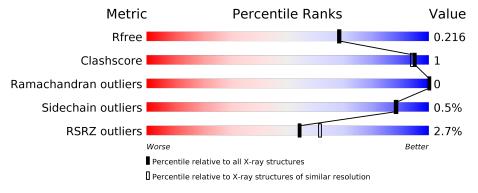
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) 2.11

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.94 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar \; resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries, \; resolution \; range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	4310 (1.96-1.92)
Clashscore	141614	1023 (1.94-1.94)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1007 (1.94-1.94)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1007 (1.94-1.94)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4250 (1.96-1.92)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
		222	3%	
1	A	223	95%	5%



2 Entry composition (i)

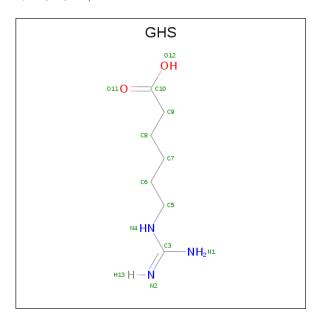
There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1811 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Cationic trypsin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Λ	223	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	A	223	1629	1012	279	324	14	U	U	0

• Molecule 2 is 6-carbamimidamidohexanoic acid (three-letter code: GHS) (formula: $C_7H_{15}N_3O_2$).



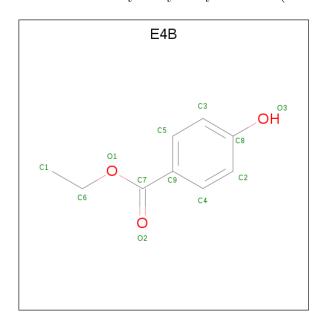
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf		
2	A	1	Total 11	C 7	N 3	O 1	0	0

• Molecule 3 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total Ca 1 1	0	0



• Molecule 4 is ethyl 4-hydroxybenzoate (three-letter code: E4B) (formula: C₉H₁₀O₃).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total C O 12 9 3	0	0

• Molecule 5 is water.

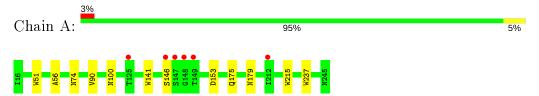
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	158	Total O 158 158	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Cationic trypsin





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source	
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor	
Cell constants	63.78	Danasitan	
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor	
Resolution (Å)	25.61 - 1.94	Depositor	
Resolution (A)	23.52 - 1.94	EDS	
% Data completeness	98.1 (25.61-1.94)	Depositor	
(in resolution range)	98.1 (23.52-1.94)	EDS	
R_{merge}	0.08	Depositor	
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor	
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	6.15 (at 1.93Å)	Xtriage	
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.5.0110	Depositor	
D D.	0.185 , 0.217	Depositor	
R, R_{free}	0.184 , 0.216	DCC	
R_{free} test set	1050 reflections $(5.14%)$	wwPDB-VP	
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	24.7	Xtriage	
Anisotropy	0.087	Xtriage	
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.34 , 42.5	EDS	
L-test for twinning ²	$< L >=0.48, < L^2>=0.31$	Xtriage	
Estimated twinning fraction	0.021 for k,h,-l	Xtriage	
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS	
Total number of atoms	1811	wwPDB-VP	
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	26.0	wwPDB-VP	

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 7.41% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $< L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



 $^{^{1} {\}rm Intensities}$ estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: E4B, CA, GHS

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Boı	nd lengths	Bond	angles
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.58	4/1660~(0.2%)	0.58	0/2250

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\operatorname{\AA})$
1	A	141	TRP	CD2-CE2	5.90	1.48	1.41
1	A	51	TRP	CD2-CE2	5.28	1.47	1.41
1	A	237	TRP	CD2-CE2	5.16	1.47	1.41
1	A	215	TRP	CD2-CE2	5.01	1.47	1.41

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1629	0	1587	4	0
2	A	11	0	13	0	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
4	A	12	0	9	1	0
5	A	158	0	0	0	0
All	All	1811	0	1609	4	0



The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All (4) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned} ext{Interatomic} \ ext{distance} & (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$	$egin{array}{c} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{array}$
1:A:100:ASN:HD21	1:A:179:ASN:HD22	1.36	0.72
1:A:56:ALA:HB1	1:A:90:VAL:HG13	1.84	0.59
1:A:175:GLN:HG2	4:A:302:E4B:H3	1.85	0.59
1:A:74:ASN:ND2	1:A:153:ASP:OD1	2.37	0.56

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	A	221/223 (99%)	218 (99%)	3 (1%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles			
1	A	184/184 (100%)	183 (100%)	1 (0%)		88	88	

All (1) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	146	SER

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	100	ASN
1	A	101	ASN
1	A	175	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Т	Гуре Chain	Dag	Res Link	Bo	Bond lengths			ond ang	les
MIOI	Type		nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
4	E4B	A	302	-	12,12,12	1.42	1 (8%)	15,15,15	0.99	1 (6%)
2	GHS	A	300	1	10,10,11	0.36	0	9,10,12	0.84	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the



Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	E4B	A	302	-	-	6/7/7/7	0/1/1/1
2	GHS	A	300	1	-	2/7/8/9	-

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	${f Observed(\AA)}$	$oxed{Ideal(A)}$
4	A	302	E4B	C9-C7	-4.25	1.40	1.50

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

	Mol	Chain	${f Res}$	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^{o})$
Ī	4	A	302	E4B	O1-C7-C9	2.46	116.43	112.14

There are no chirality outliers.

All (8) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	300	GHS	C7-C8-C9-C10
4	A	302	E4B	O1-C7-C9-C4
4	A	302	E4B	O2-C7-C9-C5
4	A	302	E4B	O1-C7-C9-C5
4	A	302	E4B	O2-C7-C9-C4
4	A	302	E4B	O2-C7-O1-C6
4	A	302	E4B	C9-C7-O1-C6
2	A	300	GHS	C6-C7-C8-C9

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	302 E4		1	0

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.



5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	#RS	\mathbf{SRZ}	>2	$OWAB(\AA^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	$223/223 \ (100\%)$	0.03	6 (2%)	54	61	15, 24, 36, 59	0

All (6) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	147	SER	6.7
1	A	149	THR	4.3
1	A	146	SER	2.6
1	A	212	ILE	2.4
1	A	148	GLY	2.3
1	A	125	THR	2.3

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B\text{-factors}}({f \AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
4	E4B	A	302	12/12	0.71	0.23	53,63,67,69	0

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B\text{-factors}}({f \AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
2	GHS	A	300	11/12	0.93	0.12	26,32,34,35	0
3	CA	A	301	1/1	0.99	0.03	23,23,23,23	0

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

