



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Nov 28, 2022 – 11:22 PM JST

PDB ID : 7VC4
EMDB ID : EMD-31888
Title : Tom complex with Tom22 and Tom20 subunits
Authors : Liu, D.S.; Sui, S.F.
Deposited on : 2021-09-01
Resolution : 3.74 Å (reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

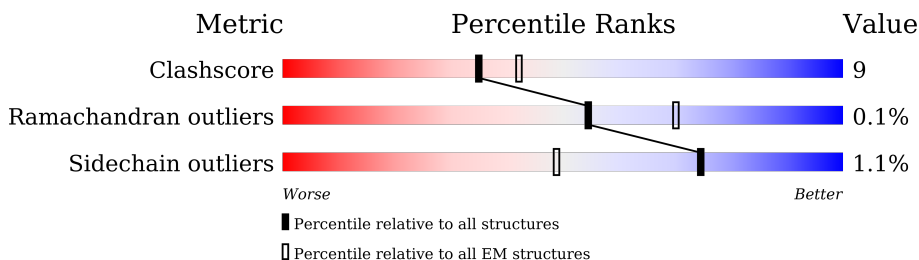
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev43
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ : 1.9.9
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.31.3

1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.74 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



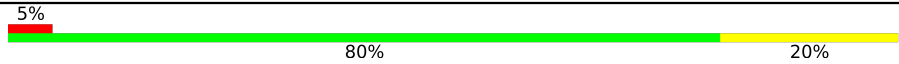

Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	74	
1	F	74	
2	B	361	
2	I	361	
3	C	142	
3	H	142	
4	D	51	
4	E	51	

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
5	G	55	
5	J	55	

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 16311 atoms, of which 8079 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Mitochondrial import receptor subunit TOM6 homolog.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O		
1	A	42	694	225	344	66	59	0	0
1	F	42	696	225	346	66	59	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Mitochondrial import receptor subunit TOM40 homolog.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace	
			Total	C	H	N	O			S
2	B	285	4351	1390	2167	375	409	10	0	0
2	I	285	4338	1390	2154	375	409	10	0	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Mitochondrial import receptor subunit TOM22 homolog.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace	
			Total	C	H	N	O			S
3	C	107	1596	536	743	139	174	4	0	0
3	H	107	1596	536	743	139	174	4	0	0

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Mitochondrial import receptor subunit TOM5 homolog.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace	
			Total	C	H	N	O			S
4	D	34	613	190	325	51	45	2	0	0
4	E	34	613	190	325	51	45	2	0	0

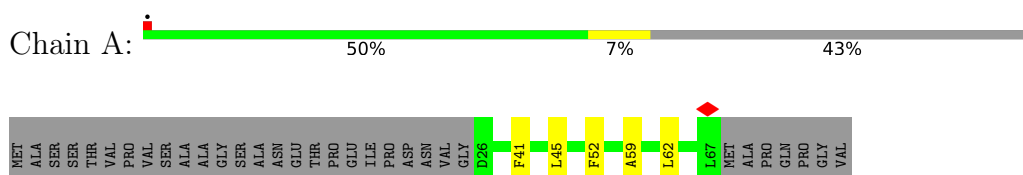
- Molecule 5 is a protein called Mitochondrial import receptor subunit TOM7 homolog.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace	
			Total	C	H	N	O			S
5	G	55	908	294	467	75	70	2	0	0
5	J	55	906	294	465	75	70	2	0	0

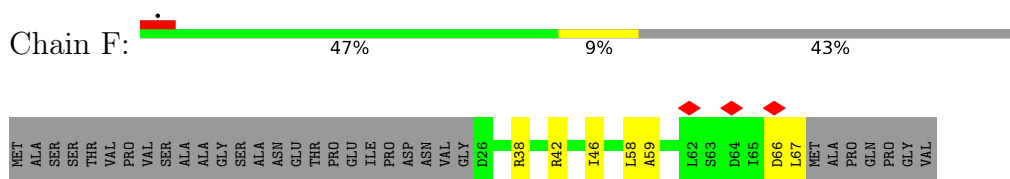
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

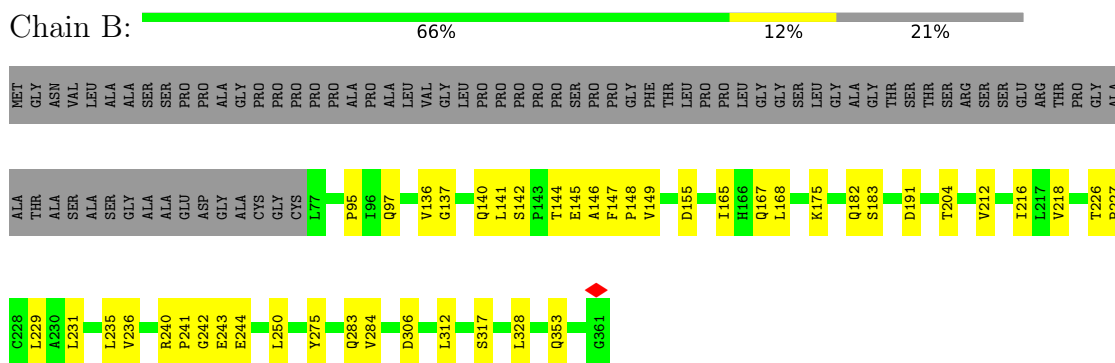
- Molecule 1: Mitochondrial import receptor subunit TOM6 homolog



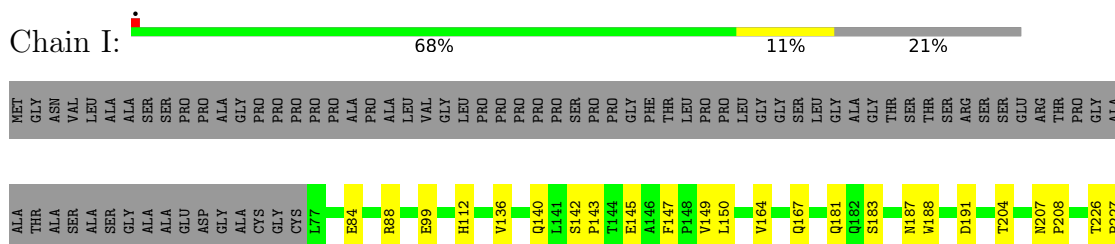
- Molecule 1: Mitochondrial import receptor subunit TOM6 homolog

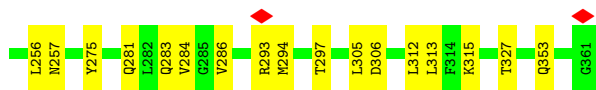


- Molecule 2: Mitochondrial import receptor subunit TOM40 homolog

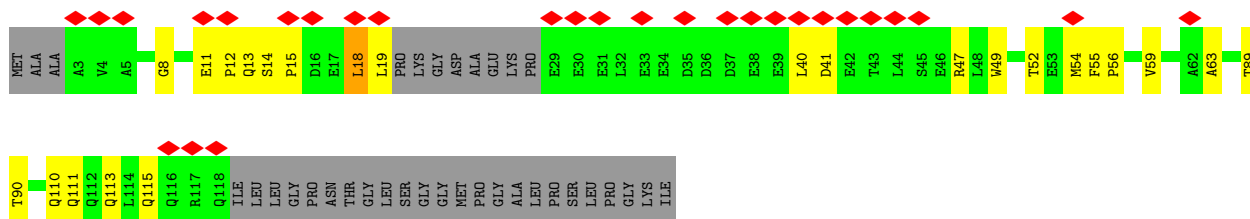


- Molecule 2: Mitochondrial import receptor subunit TOM40 homolog

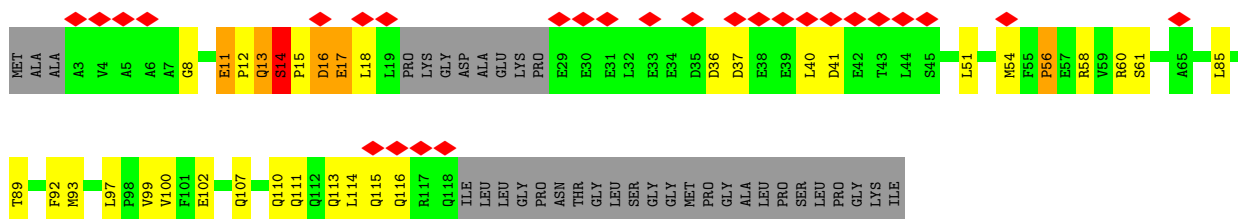




• Molecule 3: Mitochondrial import receptor subunit TOM22 homolog



• Molecule 3: Mitochondrial import receptor subunit TOM22 homolog



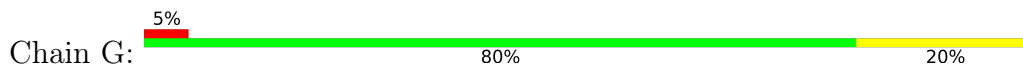
• Molecule 4: Mitochondrial import receptor subunit TOM5 homolog



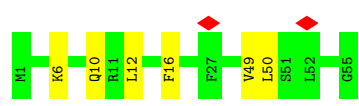
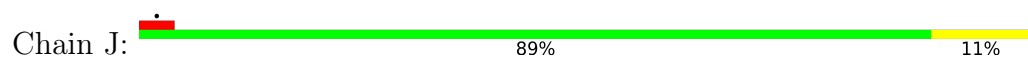
• Molecule 4: Mitochondrial import receptor subunit TOM5 homolog



• Molecule 5: Mitochondrial import receptor subunit TOM7 homolog



• Molecule 5: Mitochondrial import receptor subunit TOM7 homolog



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	347601	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.028	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.006	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.002	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.0112	Depositor
Map size (Å)	277.12, 277.12, 277.12	wwPDB
Map dimensions	256, 256, 256	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.0825, 1.0825, 1.0825	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.38	0/357	0.47	0/483
1	F	0.38	0/357	0.43	0/483
2	B	0.52	0/2234	0.52	0/3031
2	I	0.52	0/2234	0.52	0/3031
3	C	0.41	0/865	0.54	1/1167 (0.1%)
3	H	0.41	0/865	0.56	1/1167 (0.1%)
4	D	0.38	0/291	0.47	0/387
4	E	0.41	0/291	0.49	0/387
5	G	0.44	0/453	0.46	0/609
5	J	0.43	0/453	0.44	0/609
All	All	0.47	0/8400	0.51	2/11354 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	H	56	PRO	N-CA-CB	5.80	110.26	103.30
3	C	56	PRO	N-CA-CB	5.56	109.97	103.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	350	344	346	8	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	F	350	346	346	6	0
2	B	2184	2167	2166	34	0
2	I	2184	2154	2166	31	0
3	C	853	743	815	15	0
3	H	853	743	815	33	0
4	D	288	325	325	7	0
4	E	288	325	325	5	0
5	G	441	467	468	8	0
5	J	441	465	468	3	0
All	All	8232	8079	8240	143	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

All (143) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:312:LEU:HD11	2:B:328:LEU:HD11	1.46	0.95
2:I:293:ARG:NH2	2:I:294:MET:SD	2.45	0.89
2:I:140:GLN:NE2	2:I:142:SER:O	2.16	0.78
2:B:240:ARG:NH1	2:B:243:GLU:OE1	2.19	0.76
3:H:93:MET:HA	3:H:97:LEU:HD13	1.68	0.75
2:I:147:PHE:O	2:I:149:VAL:N	2.21	0.73
2:B:242:GLY:O	2:B:243:GLU:HG3	1.88	0.72
3:C:8:GLY:O	3:C:12:PRO:HD2	1.89	0.71
1:F:42:ARG:O	1:F:46:ILE:HD12	1.91	0.71
3:H:14:SER:HB2	3:H:15:PRO:HD3	1.72	0.70
2:I:150:LEU:HD23	2:I:164:VAL:HG23	1.75	0.69
2:B:144:THR:HG23	2:B:145:GLU:HG3	1.74	0.69
2:I:275:TYR:OH	2:I:283:GLN:NE2	2.25	0.69
3:C:41:ASP:OD2	3:C:47:ARG:NE	2.27	0.67
3:H:97:LEU:HA	3:H:100:VAL:HG12	1.80	0.64
2:B:97:GLN:OE1	2:B:353:GLN:NE2	2.31	0.62
3:C:11:GLU:O	3:C:15:PRO:HD2	1.98	0.62
3:H:8:GLY:O	3:H:12:PRO:HD2	1.99	0.62
3:C:111:GLN:O	3:C:115:GLN:OE1	2.19	0.61
2:I:256:LEU:HD23	2:I:257:ASN:H	1.65	0.60
3:H:111:GLN:O	3:H:115:GLN:OE1	2.20	0.60
3:C:11:GLU:HB2	3:C:12:PRO:HD2	1.84	0.60
5:G:12:LEU:HD21	5:G:16:PHE:CZ	2.36	0.60
3:H:12:PRO:O	3:H:16:ASP:HB2	2.02	0.60

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
4:E:18:ARG:O	4:E:22:GLU:OE1	2.19	0.59
2:B:216:ILE:HG22	2:B:216:ILE:O	2.03	0.58
2:B:275:TYR:OH	2:B:283:GLN:NE2	2.34	0.58
2:B:142:SER:OG	2:B:144:THR:HG22	2.03	0.58
3:H:15:PRO:HB3	3:H:40:LEU:HD23	1.84	0.58
2:I:181:GLN:O	2:I:183:SER:N	2.37	0.57
3:C:14:SER:HB2	3:C:15:PRO:CD	2.35	0.57
4:D:18:ARG:O	4:D:22:GLU:OE1	2.23	0.56
2:B:218:VAL:CG2	2:B:236:VAL:HG12	2.35	0.56
2:I:187:ASN:OD1	2:I:188:TRP:N	2.38	0.56
2:I:150:LEU:CD2	2:I:164:VAL:HG23	2.36	0.55
3:H:56:PRO:O	3:H:60:ARG:NE	2.40	0.55
3:H:14:SER:HB2	3:H:15:PRO:CD	2.37	0.54
4:E:33:ILE:O	4:E:37:LEU:HD23	2.08	0.54
2:B:147:PHE:O	2:B:149:VAL:HG23	2.07	0.54
1:A:41:PHE:CZ	1:A:45:LEU:HD21	2.42	0.54
3:H:11:GLU:OE2	3:H:15:PRO:HG2	2.08	0.53
3:H:54:MET:O	3:H:60:ARG:NH1	2.38	0.53
4:D:33:ILE:O	4:D:37:LEU:HD23	2.07	0.53
3:H:11:GLU:HB3	3:H:12:PRO:HD3	1.90	0.53
5:G:40:ALA:HB2	5:G:47:PRO:HD3	1.92	0.52
3:H:92:PHE:CE2	3:H:97:LEU:HD11	2.45	0.52
2:B:312:LEU:HD11	2:B:328:LEU:CD1	2.31	0.52
3:C:49:TRP:O	3:C:52:THR:HG22	2.10	0.52
1:A:45:LEU:HD22	2:I:297:THR:HG21	1.92	0.52
5:J:12:LEU:HD21	5:J:16:PHE:CZ	2.45	0.52
3:H:13:GLN:O	3:H:17:GLU:HB2	2.11	0.51
3:H:12:PRO:HA	3:H:16:ASP:HB2	1.91	0.51
3:H:15:PRO:HG3	3:H:41:ASP:OD2	2.09	0.51
2:I:112:HIS:HA	2:I:136:VAL:HG22	1.92	0.51
1:A:62:LEU:HD12	1:A:62:LEU:O	2.11	0.50
3:H:11:GLU:HB3	3:H:12:PRO:CD	2.42	0.49
3:C:54:MET:SD	3:C:55:PHE:N	2.85	0.49
2:B:250:LEU:HD12	2:B:250:LEU:N	2.28	0.49
4:D:22:GLU:HA	4:D:25:ILE:HG22	1.94	0.49
4:D:30:ASN:O	4:D:33:ILE:HG22	2.13	0.49
1:A:41:PHE:CE2	1:A:45:LEU:HD21	2.49	0.48
3:H:102:GLU:HG3	2:I:312:LEU:HD22	1.95	0.48
2:I:142:SER:HB2	2:I:145:GLU:HB2	1.96	0.48
3:C:11:GLU:HG2	3:C:47:ARG:HD3	1.96	0.48
5:G:49:VAL:HG13	5:G:50:LEU:N	2.29	0.48

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:218:VAL:HG23	2:B:236:VAL:HG12	1.95	0.47
3:H:37:ASP:HB2	3:H:51:LEU:HD22	1.94	0.47
3:C:18:LEU:HD13	3:C:40:LEU:HD23	1.96	0.47
2:B:240:ARG:HB3	2:B:241:PRO:HD2	1.96	0.47
2:B:141:LEU:HD12	2:B:167:GLN:OE1	2.15	0.47
1:A:41:PHE:O	1:A:45:LEU:HD23	2.14	0.46
5:G:50:LEU:HD23	5:G:54:TRP:O	2.14	0.46
3:C:14:SER:HB2	3:C:15:PRO:HD3	1.98	0.46
4:E:22:GLU:HA	4:E:25:ILE:HG12	1.97	0.46
2:B:136:VAL:HG12	2:B:137:GLY:N	2.31	0.46
3:C:110:GLN:O	3:C:113:GLN:NE2	2.48	0.46
1:A:52:PHE:CD1	2:I:286:VAL:HG12	2.51	0.46
1:F:66:ASP:C	1:F:67:LEU:HD12	2.35	0.46
3:H:36:ASP:O	3:H:40:LEU:HD13	2.16	0.46
2:I:313:LEU:HD21	2:I:315:LYS:HE3	1.97	0.46
4:D:26:SER:O	4:D:29:ARG:HG3	2.15	0.46
2:B:229:LEU:HD21	2:B:231:LEU:HG	1.98	0.45
3:H:110:GLN:O	3:H:113:GLN:NE2	2.50	0.45
3:C:59:VAL:O	3:C:63:ALA:HB3	2.17	0.45
2:B:182:GLN:O	2:B:183:SER:HB3	2.16	0.45
2:B:244:GLU:N	2:B:244:GLU:OE1	2.50	0.45
1:F:58:LEU:C	1:F:58:LEU:HD23	2.38	0.44
2:B:147:PHE:O	2:B:149:VAL:N	2.51	0.44
5:G:48:THR:O	5:G:51:SER:CB	2.66	0.44
3:H:18:LEU:HG	3:H:40:LEU:HA	2.00	0.44
2:I:226:THR:HG23	2:I:227:PRO:HD2	2.00	0.44
3:H:97:LEU:N	3:H:97:LEU:HD12	2.33	0.44
2:I:140:GLN:HE22	2:I:143:PRO:HA	1.81	0.44
2:I:99:GLU:HB3	2:I:353:GLN:HE21	1.83	0.43
2:B:284:VAL:HG21	1:F:59:ALA:HB1	2.01	0.43
3:C:89:THR:HG23	3:C:90:THR:N	2.34	0.43
2:B:235:LEU:C	2:B:235:LEU:HD23	2.39	0.43
2:I:281:GLN:O	2:I:305:LEU:HA	2.18	0.43
2:B:165:ILE:HG13	2:B:175:LYS:HG3	2.01	0.43
4:D:34:TYR:CE1	4:D:38:LEU:HD11	2.54	0.42
4:D:19:LYS:HA	4:D:22:GLU:OE1	2.20	0.42
3:H:113:GLN:HA	3:H:116:GLN:HG3	2.01	0.42
5:J:49:VAL:HG13	5:J:50:LEU:N	2.34	0.42
2:B:147:PHE:O	2:B:148:PRO:C	2.56	0.42
3:H:14:SER:CB	3:H:15:PRO:CD	2.98	0.42
5:G:48:THR:O	5:G:51:SER:OG	2.30	0.42

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:H:60:ARG:HG3	3:H:61:SER:N	2.34	0.42
2:B:182:GLN:O	2:B:183:SER:CB	2.68	0.42
5:G:48:THR:N	5:G:51:SER:OG	2.52	0.42
3:H:13:GLN:HG3	3:H:14:SER:N	2.35	0.42
3:H:111:GLN:O	3:H:114:LEU:HB3	2.20	0.42
2:B:191:ASP:OD1	2:B:204:THR:HG23	2.19	0.42
2:I:84:GLU:O	2:I:88:ARG:HG2	2.18	0.42
2:I:136:VAL:O	2:I:136:VAL:HG23	2.19	0.42
2:I:256:LEU:O	2:I:257:ASN:C	2.58	0.42
1:A:59:ALA:HB1	2:I:284:VAL:HG21	2.01	0.42
2:B:306:ASP:O	2:B:306:ASP:OD1	2.37	0.42
2:B:140:GLN:HA	2:B:146:ALA:HA	2.02	0.42
3:C:11:GLU:HB2	3:C:12:PRO:CD	2.49	0.41
2:I:306:ASP:OD1	2:I:306:ASP:N	2.53	0.41
2:B:226:THR:HB	2:B:227:PRO:HD2	2.02	0.41
4:E:26:SER:O	4:E:29:ARG:HG2	2.20	0.41
5:G:6:LYS:O	5:G:9:LYS:HB3	2.20	0.41
2:B:240:ARG:O	2:B:241:PRO:C	2.59	0.41
1:F:42:ARG:O	1:F:46:ILE:CD1	2.66	0.41
4:E:34:TYR:CE1	4:E:38:LEU:HD11	2.55	0.41
3:H:13:GLN:HG3	3:H:14:SER:H	1.85	0.41
3:H:85:LEU:O	3:H:89:THR:HG22	2.21	0.41
1:A:52:PHE:CE1	2:I:286:VAL:HG12	2.56	0.41
2:B:95:PRO:HD2	2:B:317:SER:HB3	2.03	0.41
3:H:107:GLN:O	3:H:110:GLN:HG3	2.21	0.41
2:I:313:LEU:O	2:I:313:LEU:HD23	2.21	0.41
5:J:6:LYS:O	5:J:10:GLN:OE1	2.39	0.41
2:I:191:ASP:HB2	2:I:204:THR:HG22	2.03	0.41
2:I:207:ASN:N	2:I:208:PRO:CD	2.84	0.41
2:B:155:ASP:OD1	2:B:155:ASP:C	2.59	0.40
3:H:13:GLN:HE21	3:H:13:GLN:HB2	1.62	0.40
2:I:147:PHE:CE2	2:I:167:GLN:OE1	2.75	0.40
3:H:99:VAL:HG11	2:I:305:LEU:HD21	2.02	0.40
2:B:168:LEU:HD12	2:B:168:LEU:N	2.37	0.40
2:B:212:VAL:O	2:B:212:VAL:HG12	2.21	0.40
1:F:38:ARG:HG3	1:F:38:ARG:O	2.21	0.40
2:I:315:LYS:HB2	2:I:327:THR:HG22	2.03	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	40/74 (54%)	39 (98%)	1 (2%)	0	100	100
1	F	40/74 (54%)	36 (90%)	4 (10%)	0	100	100
2	B	283/361 (78%)	259 (92%)	24 (8%)	0	100	100
2	I	283/361 (78%)	264 (93%)	19 (7%)	0	100	100
3	C	103/142 (72%)	100 (97%)	3 (3%)	0	100	100
3	H	103/142 (72%)	98 (95%)	4 (4%)	1 (1%)	15	51
4	D	32/51 (63%)	32 (100%)	0	0	100	100
4	E	32/51 (63%)	32 (100%)	0	0	100	100
5	G	53/55 (96%)	51 (96%)	2 (4%)	0	100	100
5	J	53/55 (96%)	52 (98%)	1 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	1022/1366 (75%)	963 (94%)	58 (6%)	1 (0%)	54	83

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	H	14	SER

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	35/59 (59%)	35 (100%)	0	100	100
1	F	35/59 (59%)	35 (100%)	0	100	100

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
2	B	237/288 (82%)	237 (100%)	0	100	100
2	I	237/288 (82%)	237 (100%)	0	100	100
3	C	90/115 (78%)	87 (97%)	3 (3%)	38	64
3	H	90/115 (78%)	84 (93%)	6 (7%)	16	48
4	D	33/48 (69%)	33 (100%)	0	100	100
4	E	33/48 (69%)	32 (97%)	1 (3%)	41	65
5	G	46/46 (100%)	46 (100%)	0	100	100
5	J	46/46 (100%)	46 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	882/1112 (79%)	872 (99%)	10 (1%)	74	85

All (10) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	C	13	GLN
3	C	18	LEU
3	C	19	LEU
4	E	46	LYS
3	H	11	GLU
3	H	13	GLN
3	H	14	SER
3	H	16	ASP
3	H	17	GLU
3	H	58	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	271	HIS
3	H	13	GLN
2	I	140	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

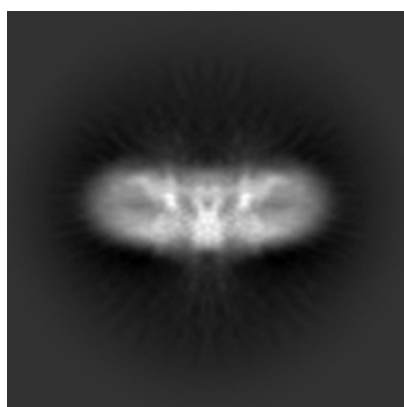
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-31888. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

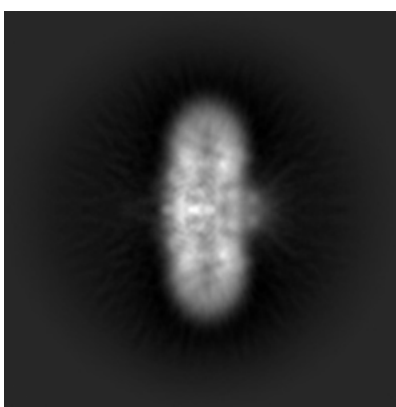
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

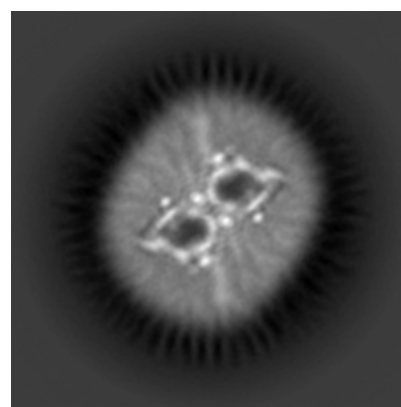
6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

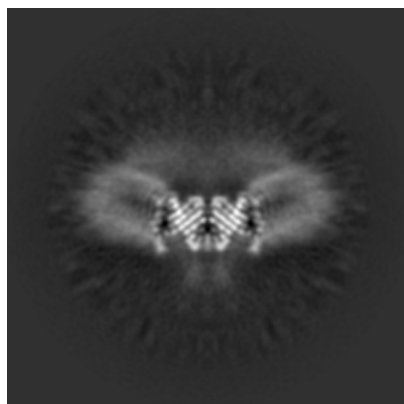


Z

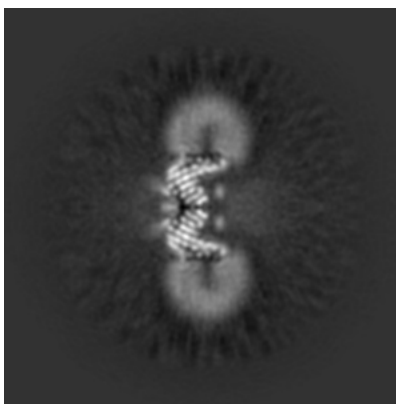
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

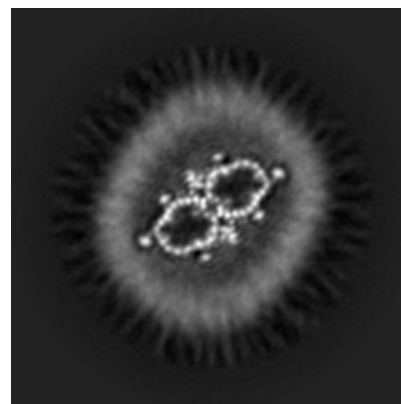
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 128



Y Index: 128

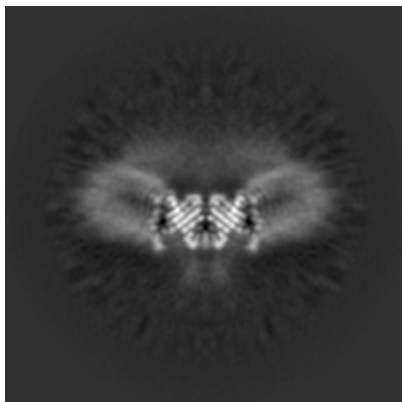


Z Index: 128

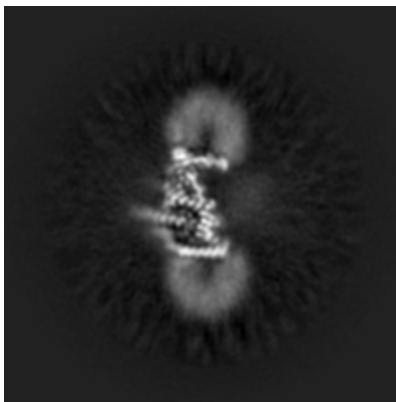
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

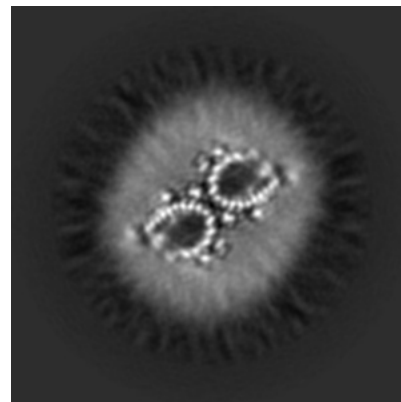
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 128



Y Index: 133



Z Index: 115

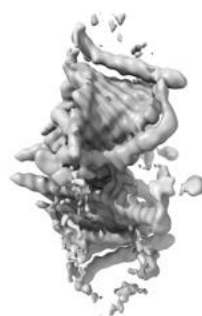
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

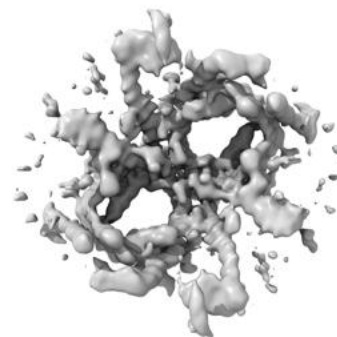
6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.0112. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

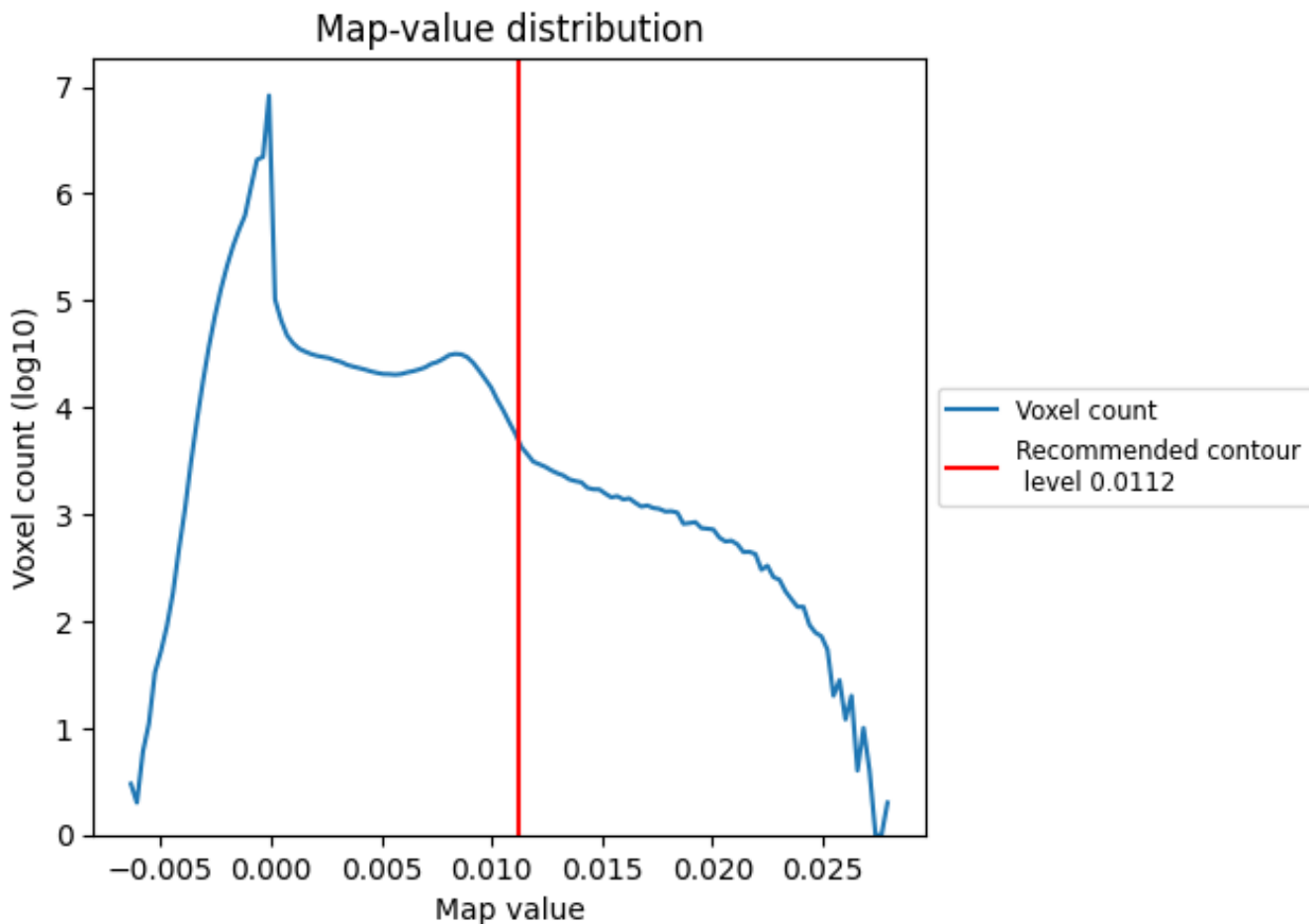
6.5 Mask visualisation

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

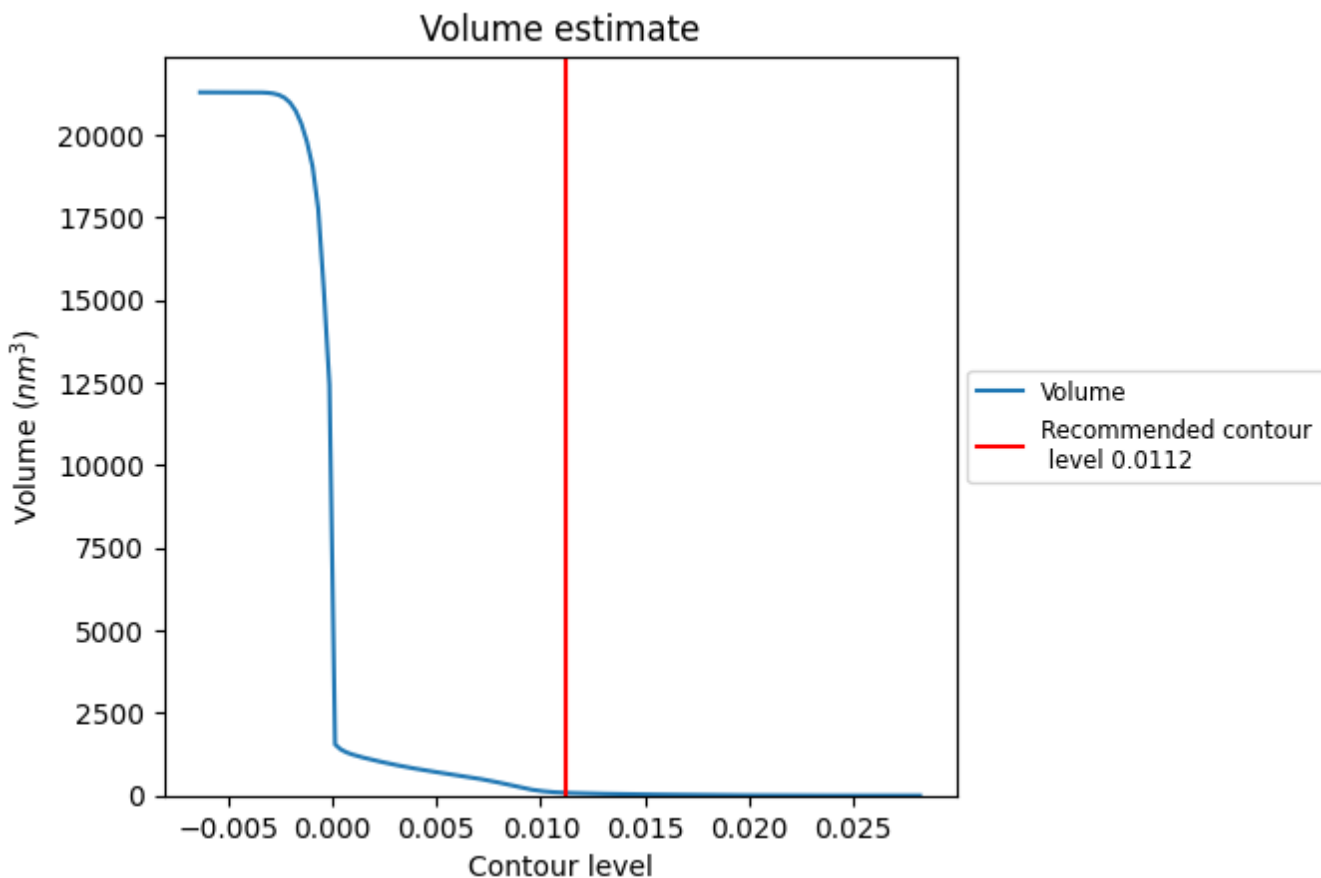
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

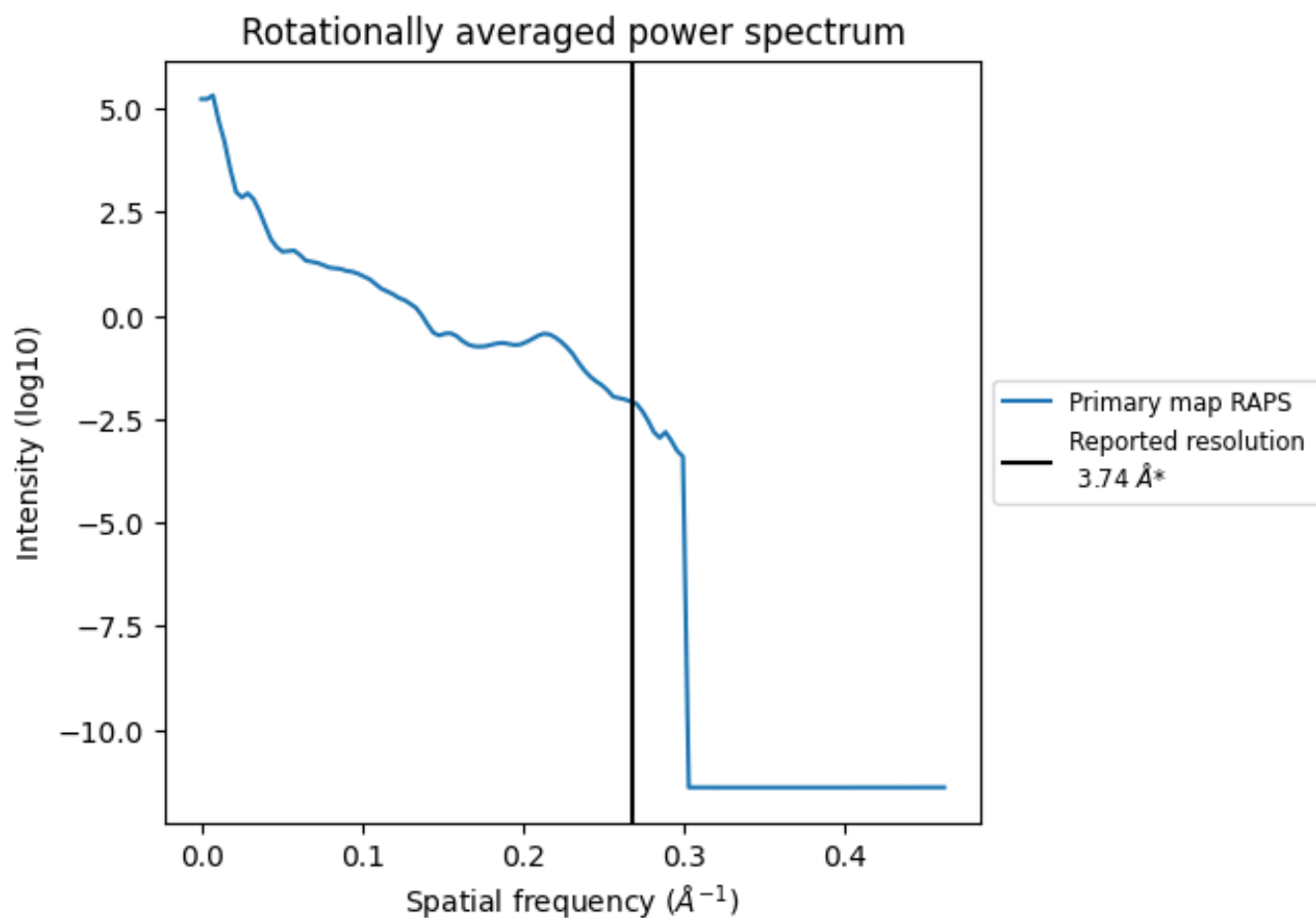
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 82 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 74 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.267 \AA^{-1}

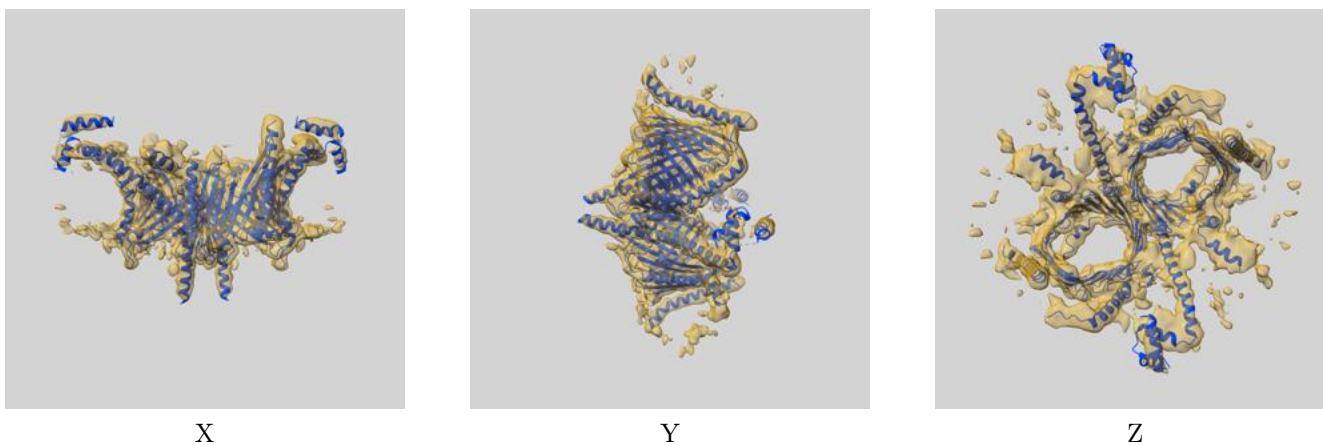
8 Fourier-Shell correlation

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

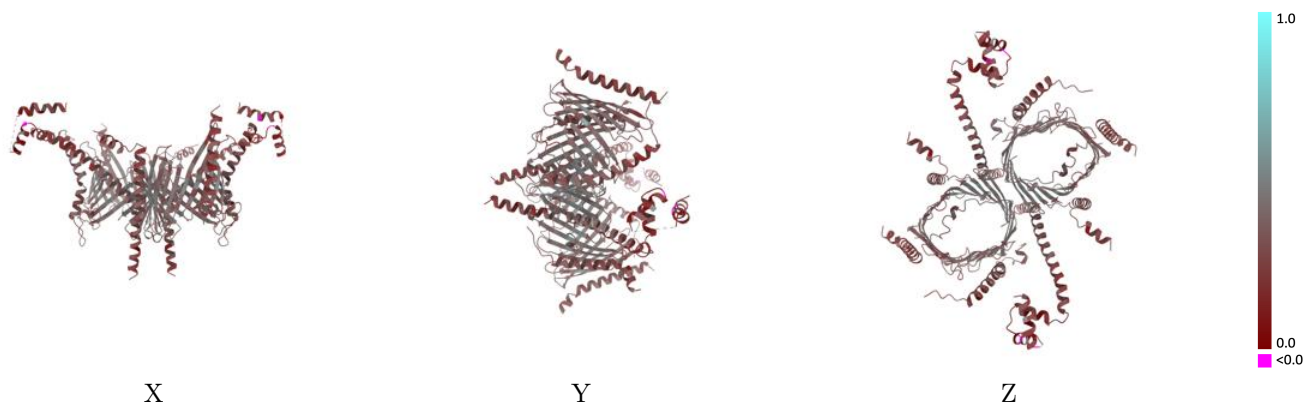
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-31888 and PDB model 7VC4. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 6.

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.0112 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



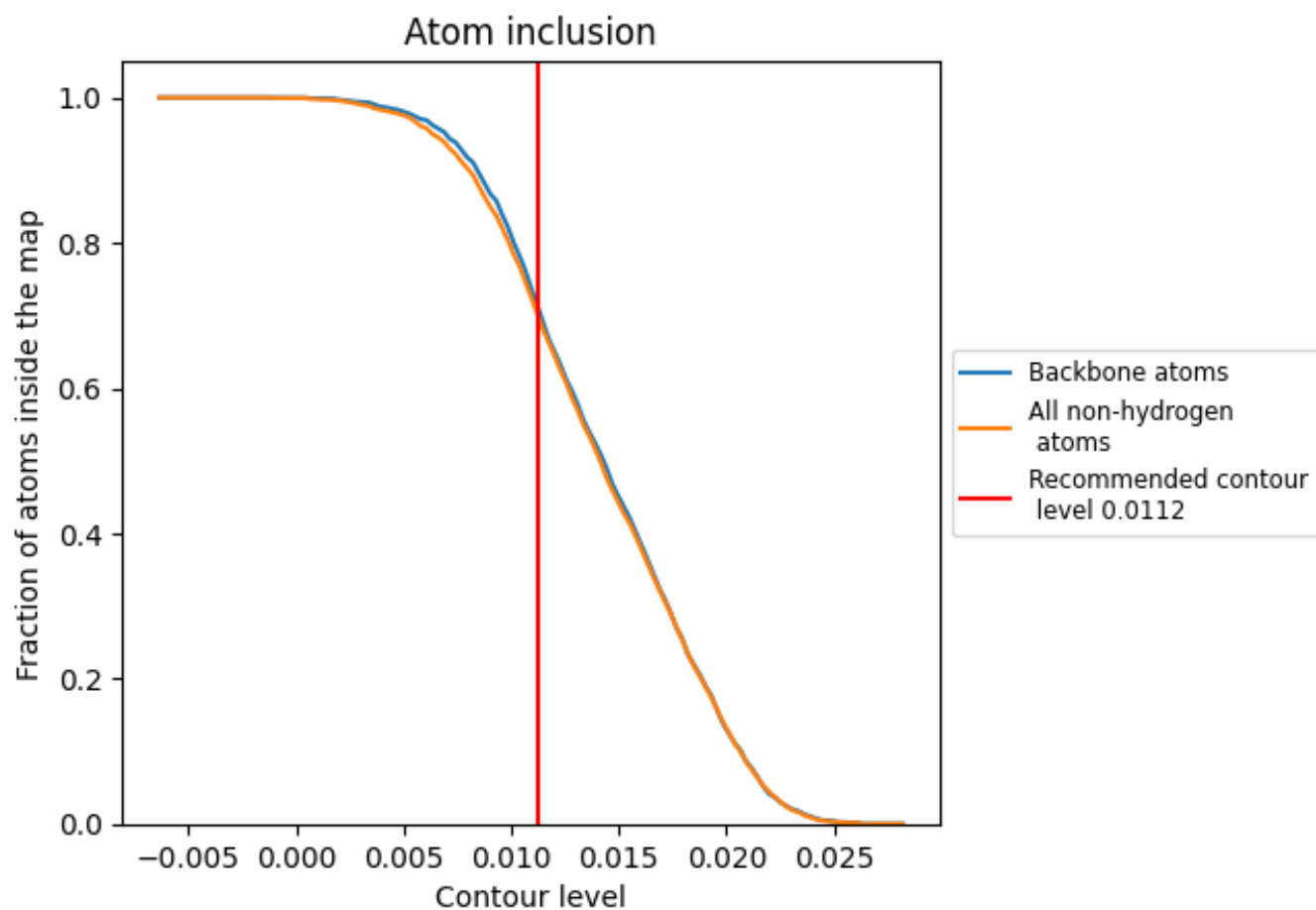
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.0112).























9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 72% of all backbone atoms, 70% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.0112) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.7040	 0.3310
A	 0.7642	 0.2960
B	 0.7632	 0.3790
C	 0.5549	 0.2530
D	 0.6989	 0.2580
E	 0.6810	 0.2530
F	 0.7313	 0.2960
G	 0.7130	 0.3150
H	 0.5656	 0.2510
I	 0.7678	 0.3830
J	 0.6991	 0.3100

