

# Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Jan 4, 2021 – 10:05 AM GMT

PDB ID : 6TTC

Title: Haddock model of NDM-1/myricetin complex

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This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

ShiftChecker : 2.16

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

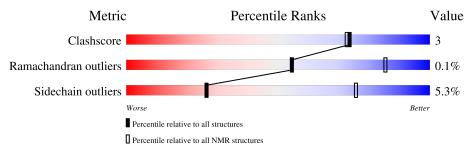
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.16

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $SOLUTION\ NMR$ 

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 39%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	NMR archive
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	228	84%	10%	6%



# 2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 4 models. Model 1 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models).

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues					
Well-defined core	Residue rang	ge (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model	
1	A:46-A:63, (215)	A:73-A:269	0.16	1	

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 1 clusters and 1 single-model cluster was found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 3
Single-model clusters	4



# 3 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3363 atoms, of which 1647 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

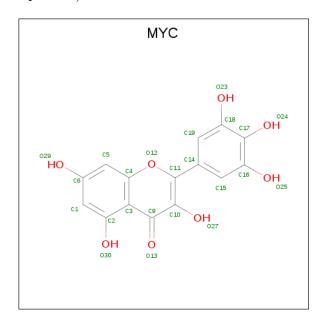
• Molecule 1 is a protein called Metallo beta lactamase NDM-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues		$\mathbf{Atoms}$				Trace	
1	Λ	220	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0
	A	228	3332	1063	1641	299	321	8	0

• Molecule 2 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms
9	Λ	9	Total Zn
	A	2	$2 \qquad 2$

• Molecule 3 is 3.5.7-TRIHYDROXY-2-(3.4.5-TRIHYDROXYPHENYL)-4H-CHROMEN-4-ONE (three-letter code: MYC) (formula:  $C_{15}H_{10}O_8$ ) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			
9	Λ	1	Total	С	Н	О
၂ ၁	A	1	29	15	6	8

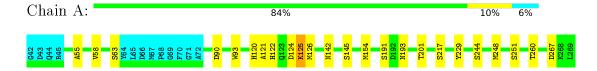


# 4 Residue-property plots (i)

### 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Metallo beta lactamase NDM-1

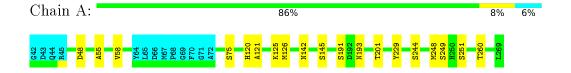


### 4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

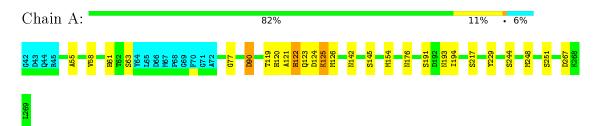
#### 4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1 (medoid)

• Molecule 1: Metallo beta lactamase NDM-1



#### 4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

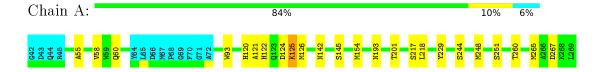
• Molecule 1: Metallo beta lactamase NDM-1





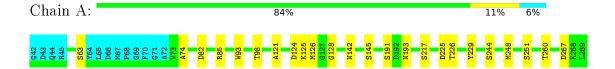
### 4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

• Molecule 1: Metallo beta lactamase NDM-1



### 4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

• Molecule 1: Metallo beta lactamase NDM-1





# 5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: simulated annealing.

Of the 200 calculated structures, 4 were deposited, based on the following criterion:  $target\ function$ .

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
HADDOCK	structure calculation	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	$working\_cs.cif$
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	993
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	993
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	39%



# 6 Model quality (i)

## 6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN, MYC

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	1592	1551	1551	8±1
2	A	2	0	0	0±0
3	A	23	6	4	3±1
All	All	6468	6228	6220	42

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\operatorname{Clash}(\mathring{\mathrm{A}})$	$\operatorname{Distance}(\mathring{\mathrm{A}})$	Models	
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
3:A:303:MYC:O27	3:A:303:MYC:H15	0.82	1.73	2	3
3:A:303:MYC:H15	3:A:303:MYC:O27	0.75	1.78	4	1
2:A:301:ZN:ZN	3:A:303:MYC:O13	0.63	1.47	3	2
3:A:303:MYC:O27	3:A:303:MYC:C15	0.61	2.49	4	2
3:A:303:MYC:C15	3:A:303:MYC:O27	0.57	2.48	2	2
1:A:120:HIS:CE1	1:A:125:LYS:HG3	0.57	2.35	1	3
1:A:248:MET:SD	1:A:251:SER:HB2	0.56	2.40	4	4
1:A:55:ALA:HB3	1:A:58:VAL:HB	0.56	1.78	3	3
1:A:122:HIS:HB3	1:A:124:ASP:OD1	0.55	2.01	2	1
1:A:121:ALA:HA	1:A:126:MET:SD	0.54	2.43	2	4

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	$\mathbf{Distance}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}})$	Models	
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:93:TRP:CH2	1:A:124:ASP:HB3	0.53	2.38	3	1
1:A:124:ASP:O	1:A:125:LYS:HE2	0.52	2.04	4	1
1:A:122:HIS:CE1	3:A:303:MYC:H1	0.49	2.42	3	1
1:A:218:LEU:HG	1:A:265:MET:SD	0.48	2.48	3	1
1:A:119:THR:O	1:A:194:ILE:HG12	0.46	2.10	2	1
1:A:82:ASP:O	1:A:85:ARG:HG2	0.46	2.11	4	1
1:A:142:ASN:HB3	1:A:145:SER:OG	0.45	2.11	3	4
1:A:75:SER:HA	1:A:249:SER:O	0.45	2.10	1	1
1:A:123:GLN:HA	1:A:154:MET:SD	0.45	2.51	2	1
1:A:225:ASP:O	1:A:229:TYR:HB2	0.45	2.12	4	1
1:A:98:THR:OG1	1:A:128:GLY:HA3	0.44	2.12	4	1
1:A:63:SER:O	1:A:74:ALA:HA	0.43	2.13	4	1
1:A:93:TRP:CZ3	1:A:124:ASP:HB3	0.41	2.50	4	1
1:A:61:HIS:NE2	1:A:77:GLY:HA3	0.41	2.31	2	1

### 6.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	214/228 (94%)	203±2 (95±1%)	$11\pm 2 \ (5\pm 1\%)$	0±0 (0±0%)	54 85
All	All	856/912 (94%)	813 (95%)	42 (5%)	1 (0%)	54 85

All 1 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below.

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	90	ASP	1

### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	161/170 (95%)	$153\pm2 \ (95\pm1\%)$	9±2 (5±1%)	26 75
All	All	644/680 (95%)	610 (95%)	34 (5%)	26 75

All 16 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	193	ASN	4
1	A	244	SER	4
1	A	229	TYR	3
1	A	267	ASP	3
1	A	191	SER	3
1	A	260	THR	3
1	A	217	SER	3
1	A	125	LYS	2
1	A	201	THR	2
1	A	90	ASP	1
1	A	154	MET	1
1	A	226	THR	1
1	A	176	ASN	1
1	A	122	HIS	1
1	A	63	SER	1
1	A	60	GLN	1

### 6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.



There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

## 6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

# 6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 39% for the well-defined parts and 38% for the entire structure.

#### 7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working\_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: starch\_output

### 7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	993
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	993
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

## 7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	${\bf Correction}\pm{\bf precision},ppm$	Suggested action
$^{13}\mathrm{C}_{\alpha}$	220	$0.12 \pm 0.14$	None needed ( $< 0.5 \text{ ppm}$ )
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	160	$0.21 \pm 0.14$	None needed ( $< 0.5 \text{ ppm}$ )
<sup>13</sup> C′	201	$-0.06 \pm 0.08$	None needed ( $< 0.5 \text{ ppm}$ )
$^{15}N$	206	$0.65 \pm 0.29$	Should be applied

## 7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 39%, i.e. 940 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2430. 0 out of 31 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}{ m H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	790/1055~(75%)	196/420~(47%)	398/430 (93%)	196/205~(96%)
Sidechain	150/1168 (13%)	0/677~(0%)	150/446 (34%)	0/45 (0%)

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	Total	$^{1}\mathbf{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Aromatic	0/207~(0%)	0/112~(0%)	0/82~(0%)	0/13 (0%)
Overall	940/2430 (39%)	196/1209~(16%)	548/958 (57%)	$196/263 \ (75\%)$

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 38%, i.e. 993 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2580. 0 out of 32 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	833/1118 (75%)	206/445~(46%)	$421/456 \ (92\%)$	$206/217 \ (95\%)$
Sidechain	160/1238~(13%)	0/719~(0%)	$160/470 \ (34\%)$	0/49 (0%)
Aromatic	0/224~(0%)	0/121~(0%)	0/90 (0%)	0/13 (0%)
Overall	993/2580 (38%)	206/1285~(16%)	581/1016 (57%)	206/279 (74%)

#### 7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

### 7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports random coil index values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

