

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Sep 17, 2023 – 07:18 AM EDT

PDB ID : 4TNZ

Title : Structure basis of cellular dNTP regulation, SAMHD1-GTP-dATP-dTTP

complex

Authors : Ji, X.; Tang, C.; Zhao, Q.; Wang, W.; Xiong, Y.

Deposited on : 2014-06-05

Resolution : 2.38 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.orgA user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.35.1

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

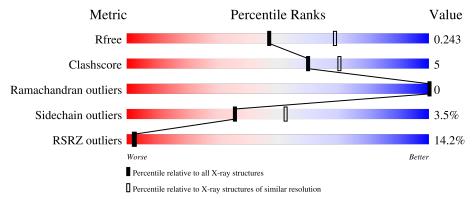
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.38 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries},{\rm resolution\ range}(\mathring{\rm A})) \end{array}$		
R_{free}	130704	5509 (2.40-2.36)		
Clashscore	141614	6082 (2.40-2.36)		
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5973 (2.40-2.36)		
Sidechain outliers	138945	5975 (2.40-2.36)		
RSRZ outliers	127900	5397 (2.40-2.36)		

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
			12%	
1	A	514	83%	10% 7%
			22%	
1	В	514	82%	11% 6%
			5%	
1	С	514	82%	11% 6%
_			13%	
1	D	514	82%	10% • 7%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard



residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	TTP	В	702	-	-	X	-



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 16280 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Deoxynucleoside triphosphate triphosphohydrolase SAMHD1.

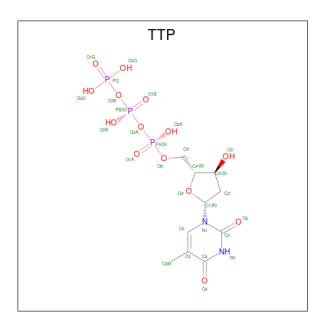
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	C	481	Total	С	N	О	S	0	9	0
1		401	3948	2525	687	715	21	0		
1	Λ	480	Total	С	N	О	S	0	2	0
1	A	400	3940	2521	686	712	21	U		
1	D	480	Total	С	N	О	S	0	1	0
1	ע	400	3934	2518	684	712	20	0		
1	В	481	Total	С	N	О	S	0	1	0
1	Б	401	3939	2520	686	712	21	U	1	0

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
С	206	ARG	HIS	engineered mutation	UNP Q9Y3Z3
С	207	ASN	ASP	engineered mutation	UNP Q9Y3Z3
A	206	ARG	HIS	engineered mutation	UNP Q9Y3Z3
A	207	ASN	ASP	engineered mutation	UNP Q9Y3Z3
D	206	ARG	HIS	engineered mutation	UNP Q9Y3Z3
D	207	ASN	ASP	engineered mutation	UNP Q9Y3Z3
В	206	ARG	HIS	engineered mutation	UNP Q9Y3Z3
В	207	ASN	ASP	engineered mutation	UNP Q9Y3Z3

• Molecule 2 is THYMIDINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: TTP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{17}N_2O_{14}P_3$).





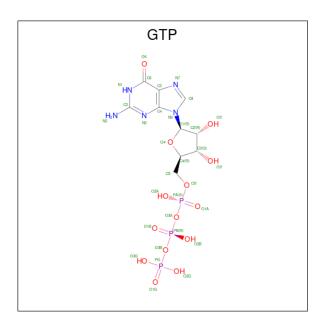
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	С	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
2		1	29	10	2	14	3	U	U
2	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
2	A	1	29	10	2	14	3	U	0
2	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
2	ט	1	29	10	2	14	3	U	0
2	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
2	Б	1	29	10	2	14	3	U	U

• Molecule 3 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	С	2	Total Mg 2 2	0	0
3	A	3	Total Mg 3 3	0	0
3	D	2	Total Mg 2 2	0	0
3	В	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0

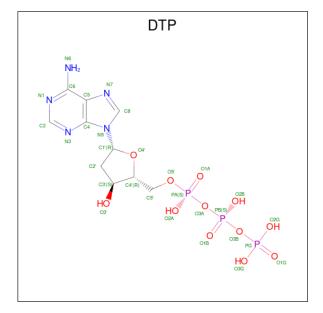
 \bullet Molecule 4 is GUANOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: GTP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{16}N_5O_{14}P_3).$





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	С	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
4		1	32	10	5	14	3	U	0
1	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
4	Α	1	32	10	5	14	3	U	0
1	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
4	D	1	32	10	5	14	3	U	0
4	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
4	Б	1	32	10	5	14	3	U	0

• Molecule 5 is 2'-DEOXYADENOSINE 5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: DTP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{16}N_5O_{12}P_3$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	С	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
9		1	30	10	5	12	3	U	0
5	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
9	A	1	30	10	5	12	3	U	0
5	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
5	ט	1	30	10	5	12	3	U	0
5	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
	Б	1	30	10	5	12	3	U	

• Molecule 6 is water.

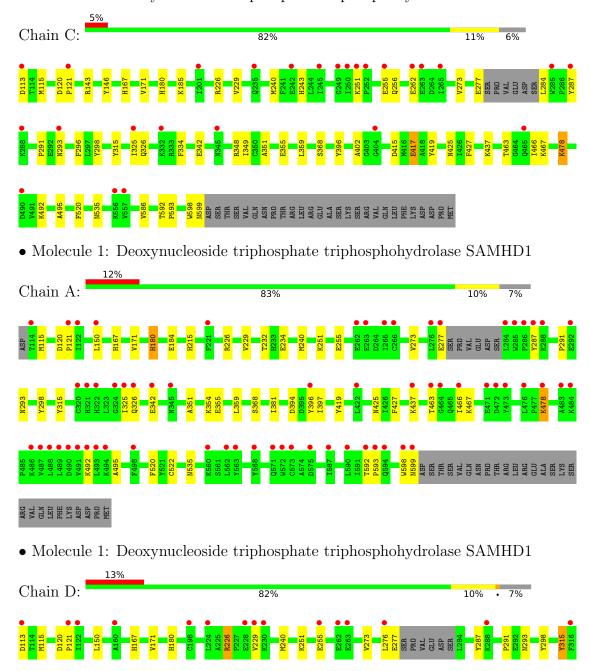
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	С	53	Total O 53 53	0	0
6	A	47	Total O 47 47	0	0
6	D	32	Total O 32 32	0	0
6	В	15	Total O 15 15	0	0



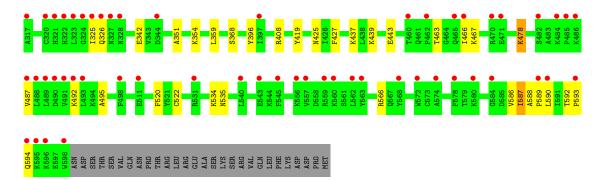
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

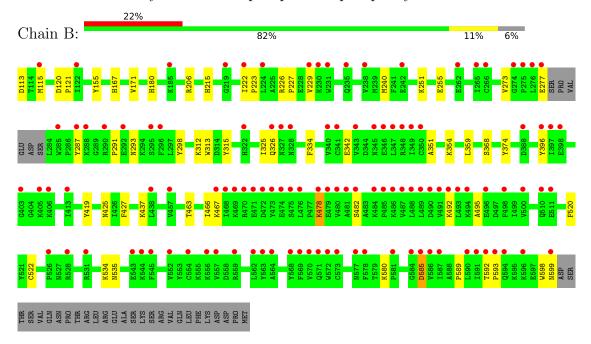
• Molecule 1: Deoxynucleoside triphosphate triphosphohydrolase SAMHD1







• Molecule 1: Deoxynucleoside triphosphate triphosphohydrolase SAMHD1





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	86.13Å 141.75Å 98.47Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 116.29° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	88.29 - 2.38	Depositor
resolution (A)	48.74 - 2.38	EDS
% Data completeness	98.4 (88.29-2.38)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	98.4 (48.74-2.38)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.15	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.35 (at 2.39Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0049	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.212 , 0.243	Depositor
it, it free	0.212 , 0.243	DCC
R_{free} test set	4158 reflections $(5.01%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	45.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.511	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.36, 58.1	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L >=0.50, < L^2>=0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.019 for h,-k,-h-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	16280	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	78.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.57% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: TTP, GTP, MG, DTP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.59	0/4032	0.69	0/5442	
1	В	0.54	0/4031	0.68	$1/5441 \ (0.0\%)$	
1	С	0.62	0/4040	0.70	0/5453	
1	D	0.58	0/4026	0.68	1/5434~(0.0%)	
All	All	0.58	0/16129	0.69	$2/21770 \ (0.0\%)$	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	В	585	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	7.34	124.91	118.30
1	D	226	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	5.10	122.85	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3940	0	3926	31	0
1	В	3939	0	3925	37	0
1	С	3948	0	3930	40	0
1	D	3934	0	3920	44	0
2	A	29	0	13	4	0

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Mol	Chain		H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	В	29	0	13	9	0
2	С	29	0	13	1	0
2	D	29	0	13	3	0
3	A	3	0	0	0	0
3	В	1	0	0	0	0
3	С	2	0	0	0	0
3	D	2	0	0	0	0
4	A	32	0	12	0	0
4	В	32	0	12	0	0
4	С	32	0	12	1	0
4	D	32	0	12	0	0
5	A	30	0	12	1	0
5	В	30	0	12	1	0
5	С	30	0	12	0	0
5	D	30	0	12	1	0
6	A	47	0	0	3	0
6	В	15	0	0	1	0
6	С	53	0	0	7	0
6	D	32	0	0	2	0
All	All	16280	0	15849	148	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

The worst 5 of 148 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ (\rm \mathring{A}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)	
1:D:566:ARG:CG	1:D:587:ILE:HD11	1.71	1.20	
1:D:566:ARG:HG2	1:D:587:ILE:HD11	1.25	1.12	
1:D:566:ARG:CB	1:D:587:ILE:HD11	1.82	1.10	
1:D:566:ARG:HB3	1:D:587:ILE:CD1	1.88	1.04	
1:D:566:ARG:HB3	1:D:587:ILE:HD11	1.45	0.95	

There are no symmetry-related clashes.



5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	478/514 (93%)	470 (98%)	8 (2%)	0	100	100
1	В	478/514 (93%)	469 (98%)	9 (2%)	0	100	100
1	\mathbf{C}	479/514 (93%)	471 (98%)	8 (2%)	0	100	100
1	D	477/514 (93%)	468 (98%)	9 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	1912/2056 (93%)	1878 (98%)	34 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percer	$_{ m tiles}$
1	A	428/459 (93%)	416 (97%)	12 (3%)	43	61
1	В	428/459 (93%)	413 (96%)	15 (4%)	36	52
1	С	429/459 (94%)	414 (96%)	15 (4%)	36	52
1	D	427/459 (93%)	410 (96%)	17 (4%)	31	47
All	All	1712/1836 (93%)	1653 (97%)	59 (3%)	36	53

5 of 59 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	115	MET
1	В	478	LYS
1	D	368	SER

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	467	LYS
1	В	277	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 12 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	571	GLN
1	D	594	GLN
1	В	364	HIS
1	В	235	GLN
1	A	235	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 20 ligands modelled in this entry, 8 are monoatomic - leaving 12 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

	Mol	Type	ype Chain	Chain	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
		Туре		nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2		
	5	DTP	В	701	3	26,32,32	1.21	3 (11%)	30,50,50	1.19	3 (10%)		



Mal	Mol Type		Res	Link	Вс	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	gles
MIOI	туре	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	TTP	D	702	3	26,30,30	1.23	4 (15%)	39,47,47	2.13	9 (23%)
2	TTP	A	703	3	26,30,30	1.38	6 (23%)	39,47,47	2.48	9 (23%)
4	GTP	В	704	3	26,34,34	1.13	1 (3%)	32,54,54	1.60	6 (18%)
4	GTP	A	705	3	26,34,34	1.02	1 (3%)	32,54,54	2.07	13 (40%)
4	GTP	D	704	3	26,34,34	1.33	3 (11%)	32,54,54	1.82	9 (28%)
2	TTP	В	702	3	26,30,30	1.36	4 (15%)	39,47,47	2.54	12 (30%)
2	TTP	С	701	3	26,30,30	1.31	3 (11%)	39,47,47	2.29	11 (28%)
4	GTP	С	703	3	26,34,34	1.37	2 (7%)	32,54,54	1.78	6 (18%)
5	DTP	С	704	3	26,32,32	0.94	1 (3%)	30,50,50	1.33	3 (10%)
5	DTP	A	701	3	26,32,32	1.30	5 (19%)	30,50,50	1.35	5 (16%)
5	DTP	D	705	3	26,32,32	0.95	1 (3%)	30,50,50	1.52	7 (23%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	DTP	В	701	3	-	2/18/34/34	0/3/3/3
2	TTP	D	702	3	-	7/22/34/34	0/2/2/2
2	TTP	A	703	3	-	5/22/34/34	0/2/2/2
4	GTP	В	704	3	-	3/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
4	GTP	A	705	3	-	6/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
4	GTP	D	704	3	-	6/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
2	TTP	В	702	3	-	6/22/34/34	0/2/2/2
2	TTP	С	701	3	-	5/22/34/34	0/2/2/2
4	GTP	С	703	3	-	5/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
5	DTP	С	704	3	-	2/18/34/34	0/3/3/3
5	DTP	A	701	3	-	5/18/34/34	0/3/3/3
5	DTP	D	705	3	-	6/18/34/34	0/3/3/3

The worst 5 of 34 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
4	С	703	GTP	C6-N1	-4.16	1.31	1.37
2	В	702	TTP	C4-C5	3.75	1.51	1.44
4	D	704	GTP	C6-N1	-3.53	1.32	1.37

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	Observed(A)	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
2	D	702	TTP	C2-N1	3.15	1.43	1.38
4	D	704	GTP	C2'-C1'	-3.05	1.49	1.53

The worst 5 of 93 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	В	702	TTP	PB-O3B-PG	-6.99	108.83	132.83
2	A	703	TTP	C4-N3-C2	-6.39	119.08	127.35
2	С	701	TTP	C4-N3-C2	-6.14	119.40	127.35
2	С	701	TTP	N3-C2-N1	5.79	122.58	114.89
2	В	702	TTP	C4-N3-C2	-5.68	120.00	127.35

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 58 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	С	701	TTP	C5'-O5'-PA-O2A
2	С	701	TTP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
2	A	703	TTP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A
2	A	703	TTP	C5'-O5'-PA-O2A
2	D	702	TTP	PB-O3A-PA-O5'

There are no ring outliers.

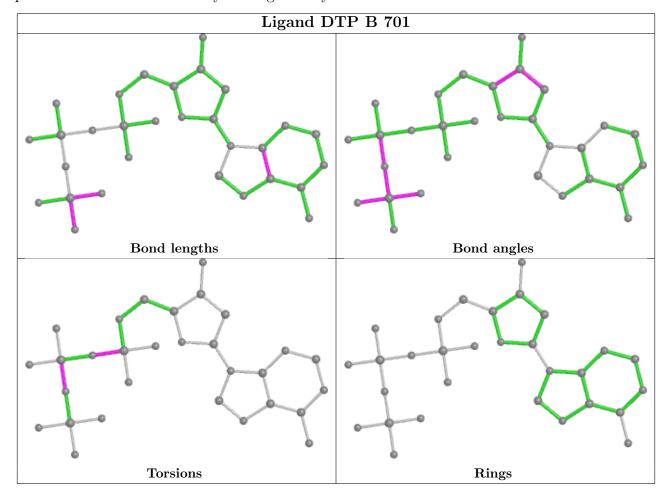
8 monomers are involved in 21 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	В	701	DTP	1	0
2	D	702	TTP	3	0
2	A	703	TTP	4	0
2	В	702	TTP	9	0
2	С	701	TTP	1	0
4	С	703	GTP	1	0
5	A	701	DTP	1	0
5	D	705	DTP	1	0

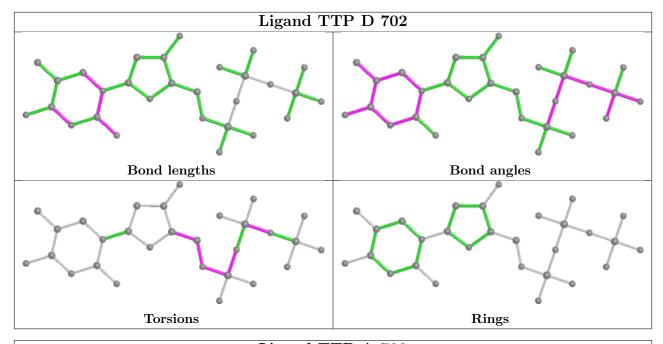
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be

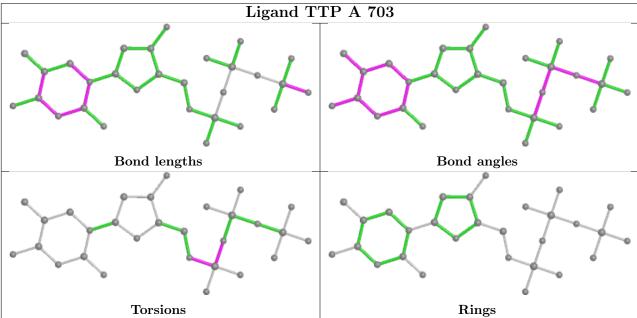


highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

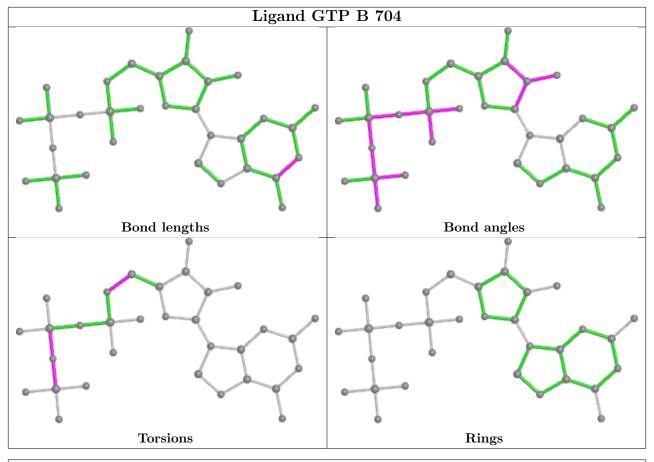


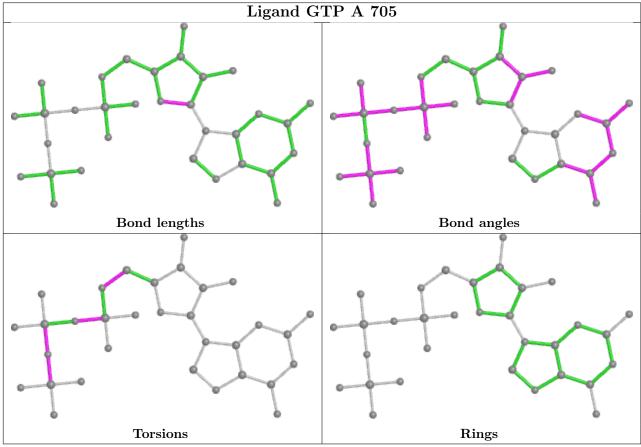




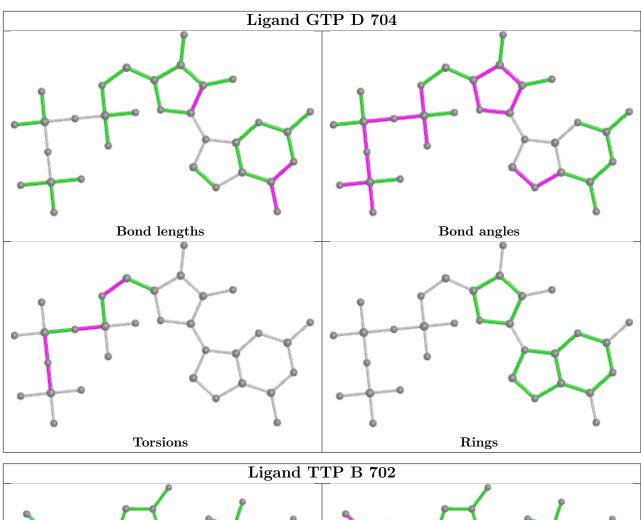


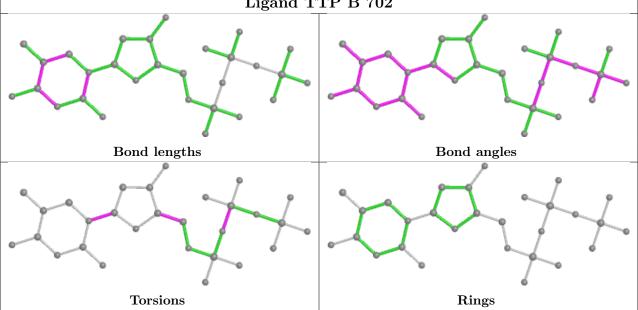




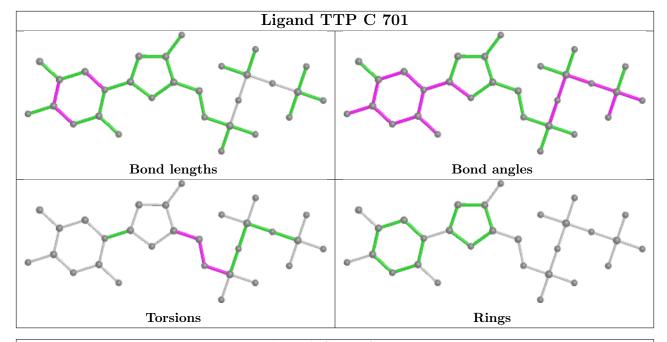


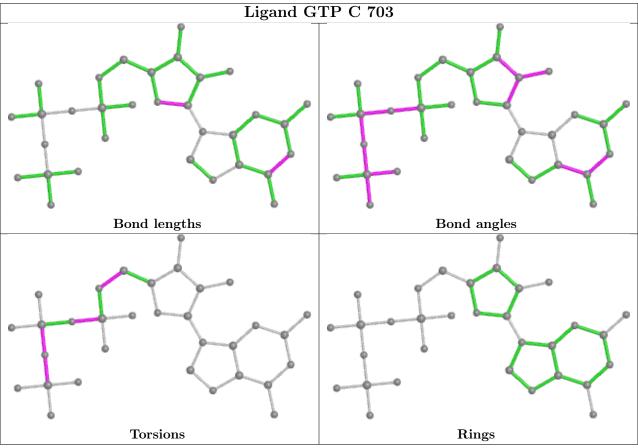




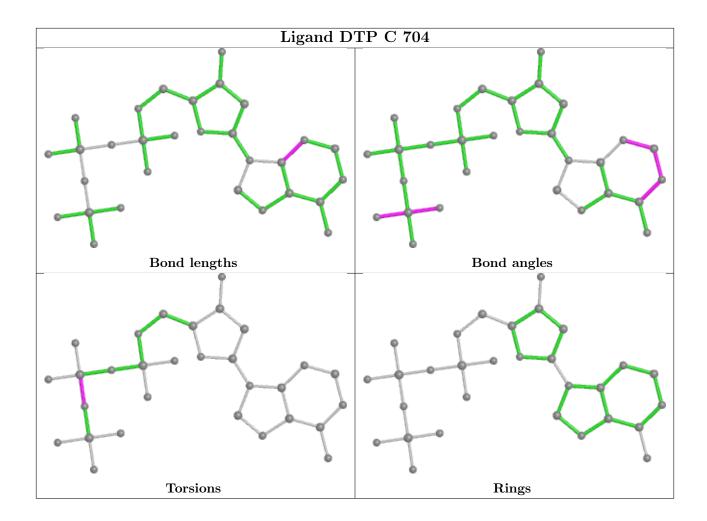




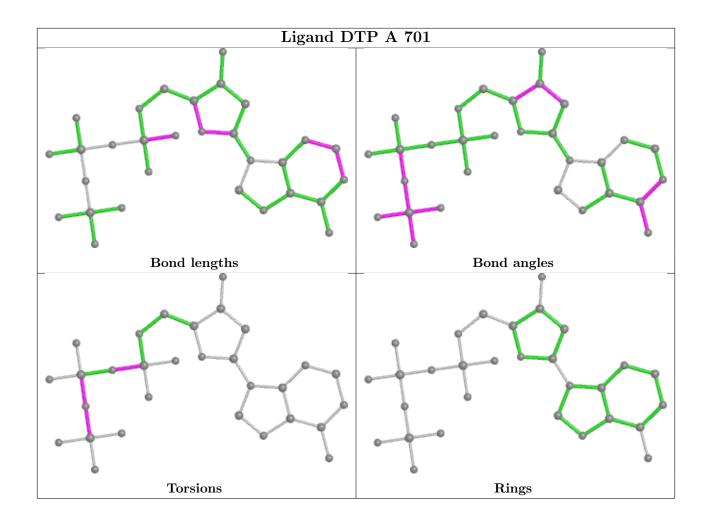




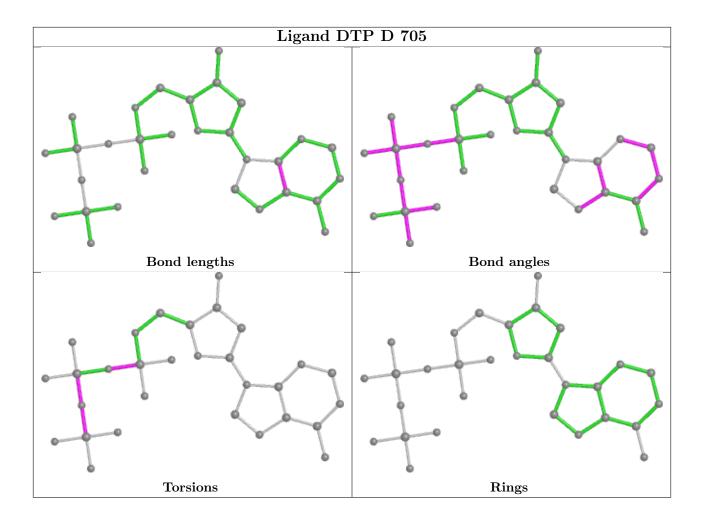












5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	480/514 (93%)	0.78	63 (13%) 3 3	31, 73, 120, 159	0
1	В	481/514 (93%)	1.46	114 (23%) 0 0	40, 94, 159, 200	0
1	С	481/514 (93%)	0.47	26 (5%) 25 28	33, 63, 106, 136	0
1	D	480/514 (93%)	0.81	69 (14%) 2 2	34, 74, 119, 155	0
All	All	1922/2056 (93%)	0.88	272 (14%) 2 3	31, 75, 134, 200	0

The worst 5 of 272 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	480	VAL	9.9
1	В	573	CYS	9.4
1	В	485	PRO	9.2
1	В	493	LEU	8.4
1	В	481	ALA	8.3

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



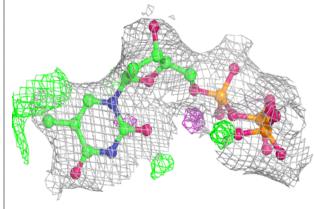
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	MG	С	702	1/1	0.54	0.27	77,77,77,77	0
3	MG	A	704	1/1	0.81	0.17	85,85,85,85	0
3	MG	В	703	1/1	0.81	0.27	92,92,92,92	0
2	TTP	В	702	29/29	0.87	0.17	77,86,112,129	0
3	MG	D	703	1/1	0.89	0.34	85,85,85,85	0
3	MG	С	705	1/1	0.91	0.12	77,77,77,77	0
2	TTP	С	701	29/29	0.93	0.15	40,56,96,101	0
2	TTP	A	703	29/29	0.93	0.14	50,66,100,108	0
2	TTP	D	702	29/29	0.93	0.15	48,65,100,100	0
3	MG	A	706	1/1	0.95	0.08	76,76,76,76	0
3	MG	D	701	1/1	0.95	0.12	52,52,52,52	0
3	MG	A	702	1/1	0.96	0.08	54,54,54,54	0
4	GTP	В	704	32/32	0.96	0.16	54,64,80,83	0
4	GTP	D	704	32/32	0.97	0.12	44,54,68,71	0
5	DTP	D	705	30/30	0.97	0.17	49,57,69,74	0
5	DTP	A	701	30/30	0.98	0.17	31,35,41,44	0
4	GTP	A	705	32/32	0.98	0.13	38,45,53,54	0
5	DTP	В	701	30/30	0.98	0.16	43,49,60,61	0
5	DTP	С	704	30/30	0.99	0.15	31,42,52,53	0
4	GTP	С	703	32/32	0.99	0.13	36,41,47,50	0

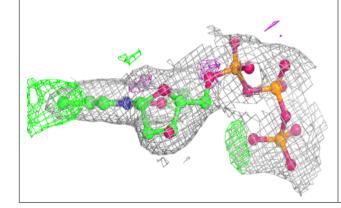
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

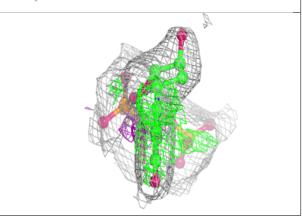


Electron density around TTP B 702:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

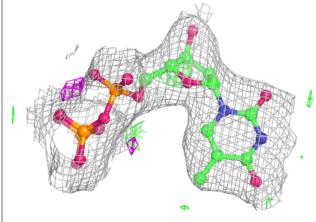


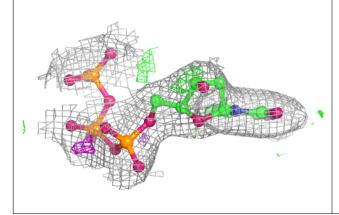


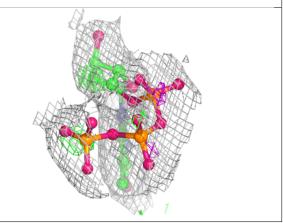


Electron density around TTP C 701:

 $2 {
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



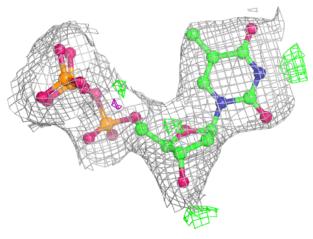


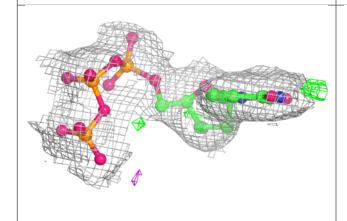


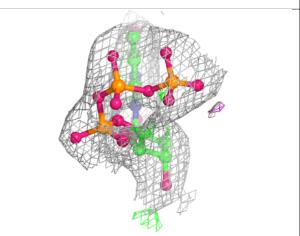


Electron density around TTP A 703:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

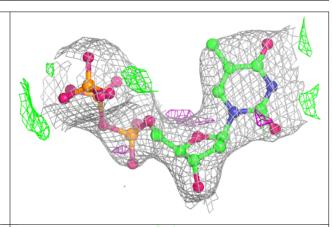


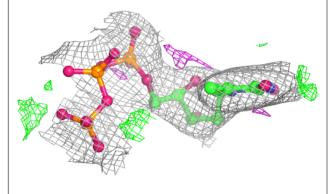


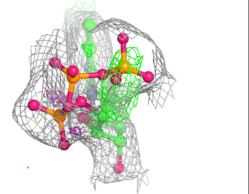


Electron density around TTP D 702:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



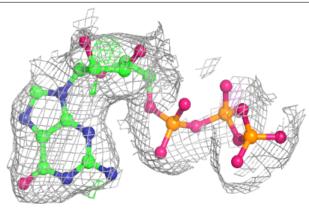


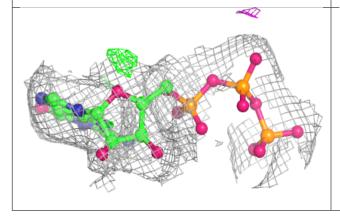


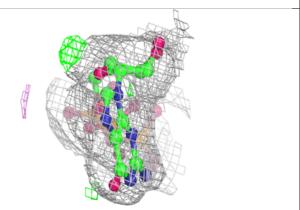


Electron density around GTP B 704:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

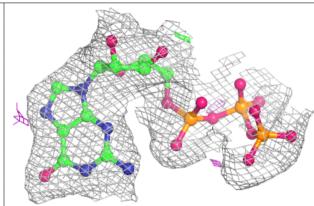


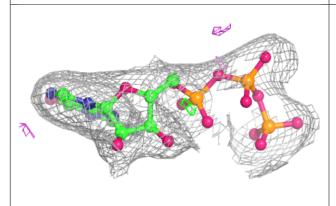


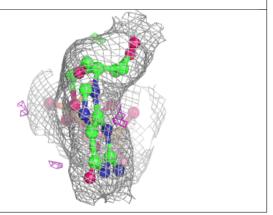


Electron density around GTP D 704:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



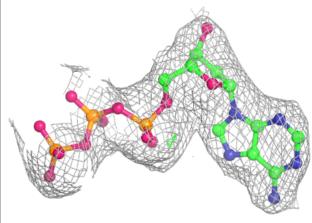


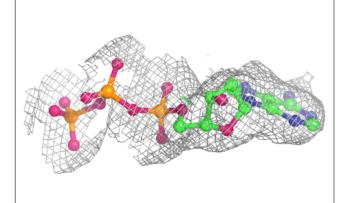


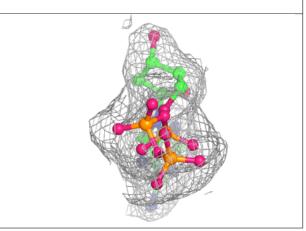


Electron density around DTP D 705:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

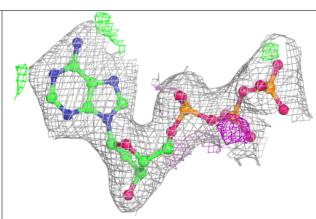


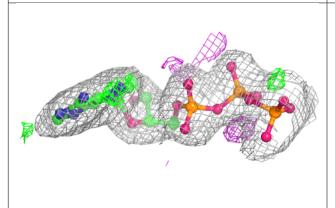


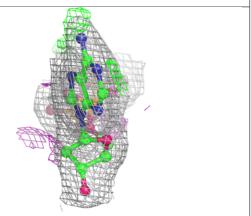


Electron density around DTP A 701:

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



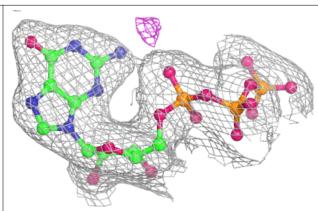


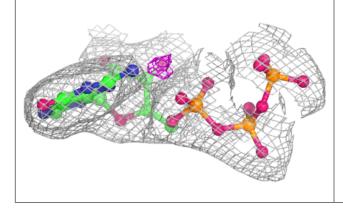


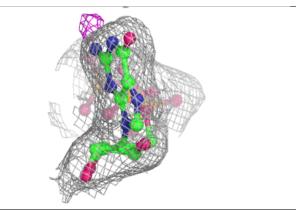


Electron density around GTP A 705:

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

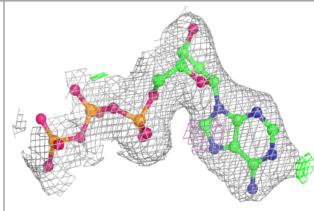


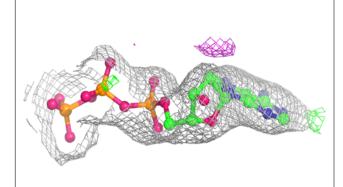


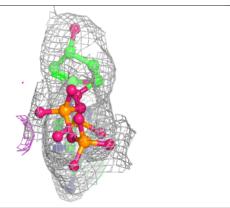


Electron density around DTP B 701:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



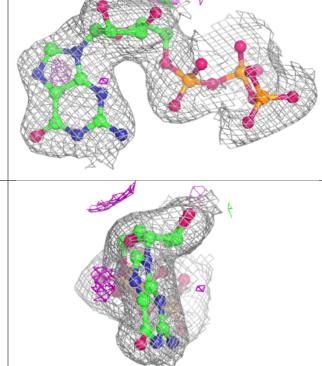


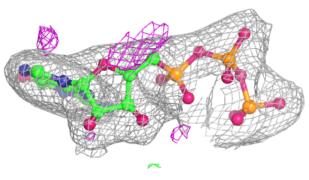




Electron density around GTP C 703:

 $2 {
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)







6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

