

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Aug 16, 2023 – 01:09 AM EDT

PDB ID : 1SMJ

Title: Structure of the A264E mutant of cytochrome P450 BM3 complexed with

palmitoleate

Authors: Joyce, M.G.; Girvan, H.M.; Munro, A.W.; Leys, D.

Deposited on : 2004-03-09

Resolution : 2.75 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.orgA user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.35

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

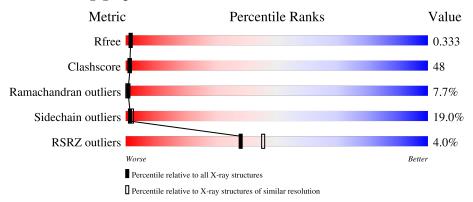
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.75 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution		
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}( ext{Å}))$		
$R_{free}$	130704	1235 (2.78-2.74)		
Clashscore	141614	1277 (2.78-2.74)		
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1257 (2.78-2.74)		
Sidechain outliers	138945	1257 (2.78-2.74)		
RSRZ outliers	127900	1207 (2.78-2.74)		

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain						
1	A	471	34%	44%	16%	<del>.</del> .			
1	В	471	26%	49%	18%	<del>.</del> .			
1	С	471	23%	49%	20%	5% •			
1	D	471	28%	46%	20%	<del>.</del> .			



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 14913 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Bifunctional P-450:NADPH-P450 reductase.

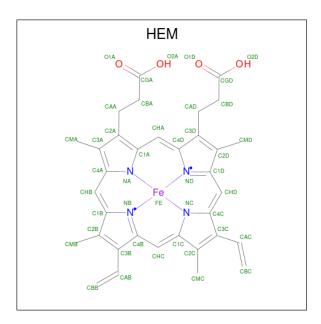
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	Λ	455	Total	С	Ν	О	S	0	0	0
1	A	400	3662	2340	621	684	17	0	0	0
1	В	455	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	Б	455	3670	2344	622	687	17	U		0
1	С	455	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1		455	3670	2344	622	687	17	U		0
1	D	454	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	ש	454	3667	2343	622	685	17	U	U	U

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	264	GLU	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP P14779
В	264	GLU	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP P14779
С	264	GLU	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP P14779
D	264	GLU	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP P14779

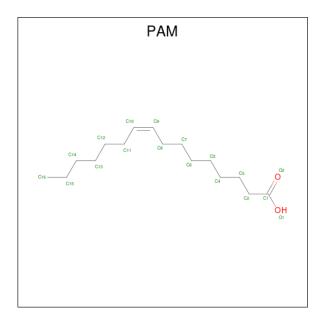
• Molecule 2 is PROTOPORPHYRIN IX CONTAINING FE (three-letter code: HEM) (formula: C<sub>34</sub>H<sub>32</sub>FeN<sub>4</sub>O<sub>4</sub>).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	С	Fe	N	О	0	0
	Λ	1	43	34	1	4	4		0
2	В	1	Total	С	Fe	N	О	0	0
	Б	1	43	34	1	4	4		U
2	С	1	Total	С	Fe	N	О	0	0
	C	1	43	34	1	4	4	0	0
9	D	1	Total	С	Fe	N	О	0	0
2	D	1	43	34	1	4	4		

 $\bullet$  Molecule 3 is PALMITOLEIC ACID (three-letter code: PAM) (formula:  $\mathrm{C_{16}H_{30}O_{2}}).$ 





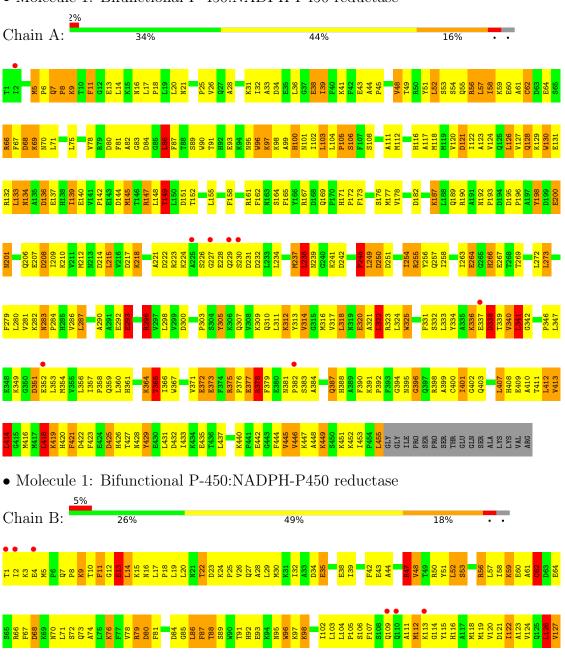
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	
3	A	1	Total C O	0	0	
3	Λ	1	18 16 2	0	U	
3	В	1	1 Total C O		0	
5	Ъ	1	18 16 2	0	U	
3	С	1	Total C O	0	0	
		1	18 16 2	0		
3	D	1	Total C O	0	0	
3	D		18 16 2		U	



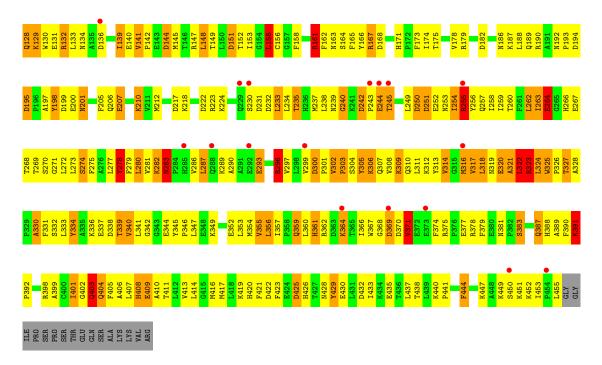
# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

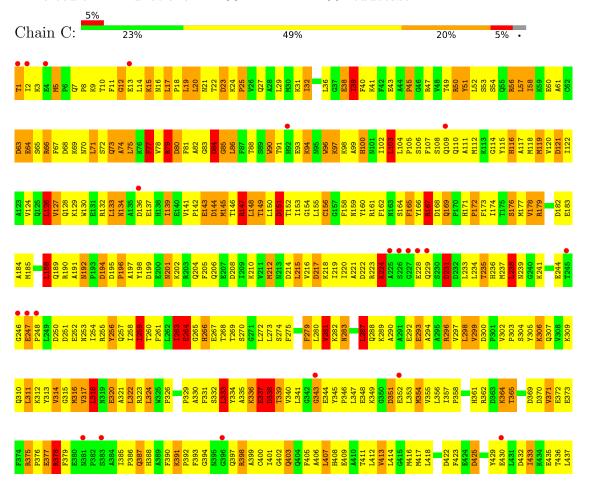
• Molecule 1: Bifunctional P-450:NADPH-P450 reductase







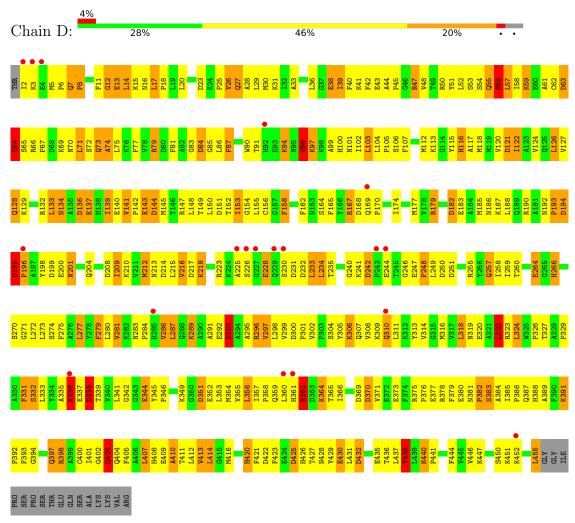
• Molecule 1: Bifunctional P-450:NADPH-P450 reductase







• Molecule 1: Bifunctional P-450:NADPH-P450 reductase





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 2 2 21	Depositor
Cell constants	107.31Å 166.89Å 224.94Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	15.00 - 2.75	Depositor
Resolution (A)	15.00 - 2.75	EDS
% Data completeness	$100.0 \ (15.00 - 2.75)$	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.1 (15.00-2.75)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.07	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.74 (at 2.77Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.1	Depositor
P. P.	0.253 , $0.338$	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.244 , $0.333$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2645 reflections $(5.10\%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	64.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.117	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.31, 57.8	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L > = 0.47, < L^2> = 0.30$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	14913	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	56.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.78% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PAM, HEM

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	В	ond lengths	Bond angles		
		RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	1.67	$36/3747 \ (1.0\%)$	1.59	47/5068 (0.9%)	
1	В	1.55	23/3755~(0.6%)	1.48	39/5078 (0.8%)	
1	С	1.63	38/3755 (1.0%)	1.57	57/5078 (1.1%)	
1	D	1.45	$14/3752 \ (0.4\%)$	1.51	49/5072 (1.0%)	
All	All	1.58	111/15009 (0.7%)	1.54	192/20296 (0.9%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	3
1	В	0	4
1	С	0	1
All	All	0	8

The worst 5 of 111 bond length outliers are listed below:

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type	${f Atoms}$	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ilde{\mathbf{A}})$
1	В	244	GLU	CD-OE2	13.82	1.40	1.25
1	С	373	GLU	CD-OE2	13.80	1.40	1.25
1	С	373	GLU	CD-OE1	13.44	1.40	1.25
1	В	244	GLU	CD-OE1	12.02	1.38	1.25
1	С	247	GLU	CD-OE2	10.70	1.37	1.25

The worst 5 of 192 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$  \ \mathbf{Ideal}(^o)  $
1	С	23	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	16.00	132.70	118.30

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	250	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	14.22	131.10	118.30
1	С	23	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	-13.91	105.78	118.30
1	A	322	LEU	CB-CG-CD2	-12.58	89.62	111.00
1	С	351	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	12.05	129.15	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 8 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	283	ASN	Peptide
1	A	292	GLU	Peptide
1	A	341	LEU	Peptide
1	В	283	ASN	Peptide
1	В	303	PRO	Peptide

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3662	0	3625	312	2
1	В	3670	0	3635	359	1
1	С	3670	0	3636	393	1
1	D	3667	0	3636	337	0
2	A	43	0	30	14	0
2	В	43	0	30	15	0
2	С	43	0	30	4	0
2	D	43	0	30	13	0
3	A	18	0	29	3	0
3	В	18	0	29	0	0
3	С	18	0	29	6	0
3	D	18	0	29	2	0
All	All	14913	0	14768	1423	2

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 48.

The worst 5 of 1423 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.



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Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} \operatorname{Clash} \ \operatorname{overlap}\ (\mathring{\mathbf{A}}) \end{aligned}$
1:C:107:PHE:CD2	1:C:401:ILE:HG22	1.45	1.49
1:C:85:GLY:HA2	1:C:257:GLN:NE2	1.50	1.24
1:C:100:HIS:CE1	1:C:104:LEU:HD22	1.72	1.22
1:B:313:TYR:HA	1:B:316:MET:CE	1.71	1.20
1:B:281:VAL:CG1	1:B:425:ASP:HB2	1.71	1.20

All (2) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:A:250:ASP:OD2	1:C:23:ASP:OD2[2_664]	1.70	0.50
1:A:207:GLU:OE2	1:B:207:GLU:OE2[6_664]	2.04	0.16

#### Torsion angles (i) 5.3

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	453/471 (96%)	358 (79%)	66 (15%)	29 (6%)	1	1
1	В	453/471 (96%)	326 (72%)	89 (20%)	38 (8%)	1	0
1	С	453/471 (96%)	307 (68%)	102 (22%)	44 (10%)	0	0
1	D	452/471 (96%)	351 (78%)	72 (16%)	29 (6%)	1	1
All	All	1811/1884 (96%)	1342 (74%)	329 (18%)	140 (8%)	1	0

5 of 140 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	342	GLY
1	A	365	THR
1	A	377	GLU
1	A	425	ASP
1	A	452	LYS



#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles				
1	A	397/413 (96%)	327 (82%)	70 (18%)		2	3		
1	В	399/413 (97%)	320 (80%)	79 (20%)		1	1		
1	С	399/413 (97%)	327 (82%)	72 (18%)		1	2		
1	D	399/413 (97%)	317 (79%)	82 (21%)		1	1		
All	All	1594/1652 (96%)	1291 (81%)	303 (19%)		1	2		

5 of 303 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	65	SER
1	D	370	ASP
1	D	121	ASP
1	D	233	LEU
1	D	438	THR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 57 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	310	GLN
1	D	404	GLN
1	С	134	ASN
1	D	403	GLN
1	D	171	HIS

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

8 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Iol Type Chain Res		Link	В	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
IVIOI	туре	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	PAM	D	4465	-	17,17,17	1.19	1 (5%)	17,17,17	1.36	2 (11%)
3	PAM	A	1465	-	17,17,17	1.20	2 (11%)	17,17,17	1.24	1 (5%)
2	HEM	D	472	1	41,50,50	2.01	9 (21%)	45,82,82	2.34	18 (40%)
2	HEM	С	472	1	41,50,50	1.97	13 (31%)	45,82,82	2.82	20 (44%)
3	PAM	С	3465	-	17,17,17	1.29	1 (5%)	17,17,17	1.34	3 (17%)
2	HEM	A	472	1	41,50,50	1.74	11 (26%)	45,82,82	2.73	19 (42%)
3	PAM	В	2465	-	17,17,17	1.27	2 (11%)	17,17,17	1.39	2 (11%)
2	HEM	В	472	1	41,50,50	2.36	12 (29%)	45,82,82	2.38	19 (42%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	PAM	D	4465	-	-	10/15/15/15	1
3	PAM	A	1465	-	-	5/15/15/15	-
2	HEM	D	472	1	-	4/12/54/54	-
2	HEM	С	472	1	-	5/12/54/54	-
3	PAM	С	3465	-	-	6/15/15/15	-
2	HEM	A	472	1	-	3/12/54/54	-
3	PAM	В	2465	-	-	12/15/15/15	-
2	HEM	В	472	1	-	3/12/54/54	-



The worst	5	of	51	bond	length	outliers	are	listed	below:
TIIC WOLD	$\mathbf{\mathcal{I}}$	$O_{\mathbf{I}}$	-	Oliu	10115011	Outiloid	COL C	IIDUCA	OCIOW.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(A)	$Ideal(\AA)$
2	С	472	HEM	C3D-C2D	6.52	1.50	1.36
2	D	472	HEM	C3D-C2D	5.86	1.49	1.36
2	В	472	HEM	C3C-C2C	-5.72	1.32	1.40
2	D	472	HEM	C3C-C2C	-5.48	1.32	1.40
2	D	472	HEM	CAA-C2A	5.45	1.60	1.52

The worst 5 of 84 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	С	472	HEM	C4B-CHC-C1C	-7.00	113.32	122.56
2	A	472	HEM	C4C-CHD-C1D	6.74	131.46	122.56
2	A	472	HEM	CMD-C2D-C1D	6.56	135.03	125.04
2	В	472	HEM	CBA-CAA-C2A	-6.35	101.79	112.62
2	С	472	HEM	CAD-CBD-CGD	-6.29	100.06	113.60

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 48 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	D	4465	PAM	C10-C11-C12-C13
3	D	4465	PAM	C12-C13-C14-C15
3	A	1465	PAM	C1-C2-C3-C4
3	D	4465	PAM	C1-C2-C3-C4
3	В	2465	PAM	C11-C10-C9-C8

There are no ring outliers.

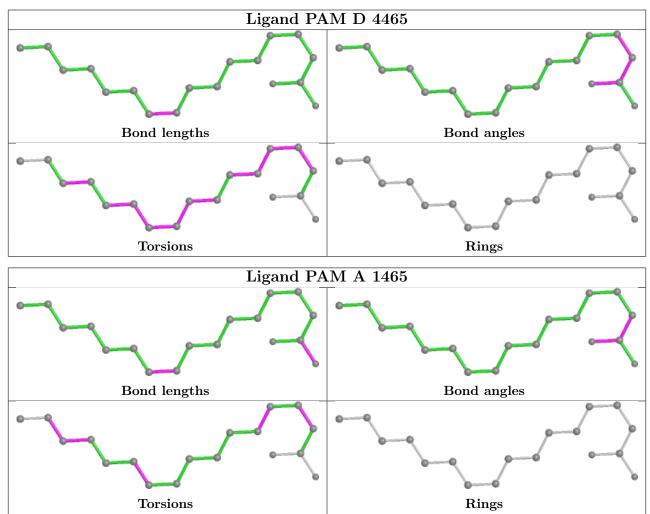
7 monomers are involved in 57 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	D	4465	PAM	2	0
3	A	1465	PAM	3	0
2	D	472	HEM	13	0
2	С	472	HEM	4	0
3	С	3465	PAM	6	0
2	A	472	HEM	14	0
2	В	472	HEM	15	0

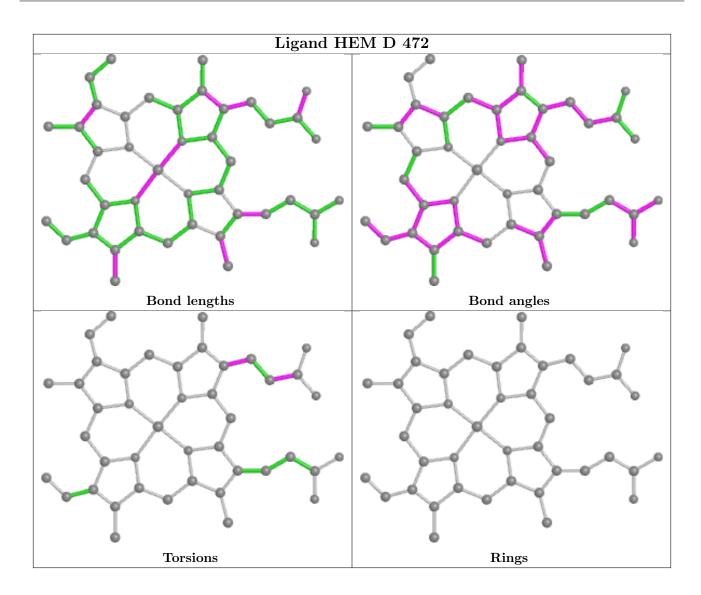
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is



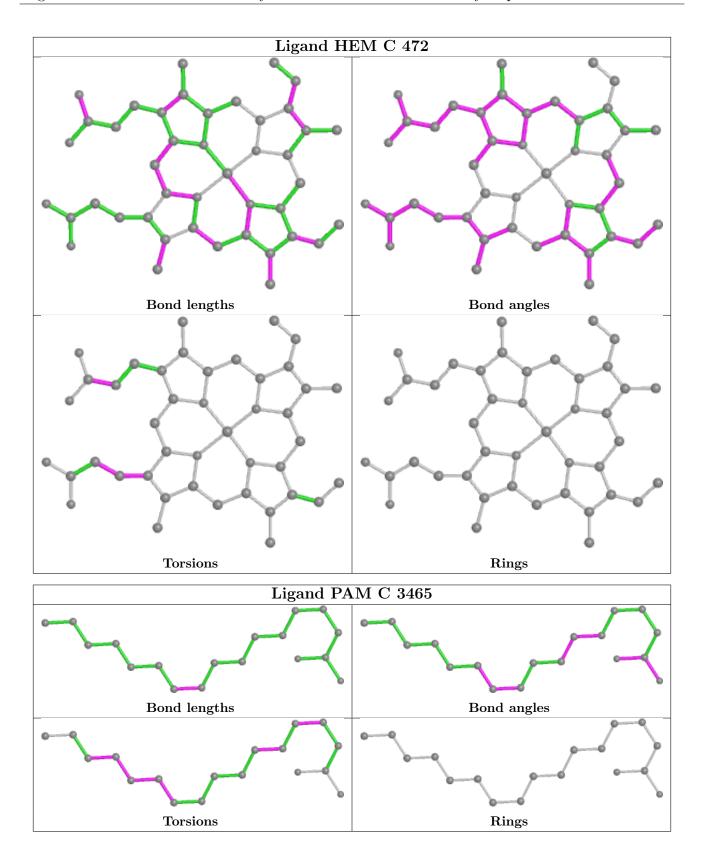
within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



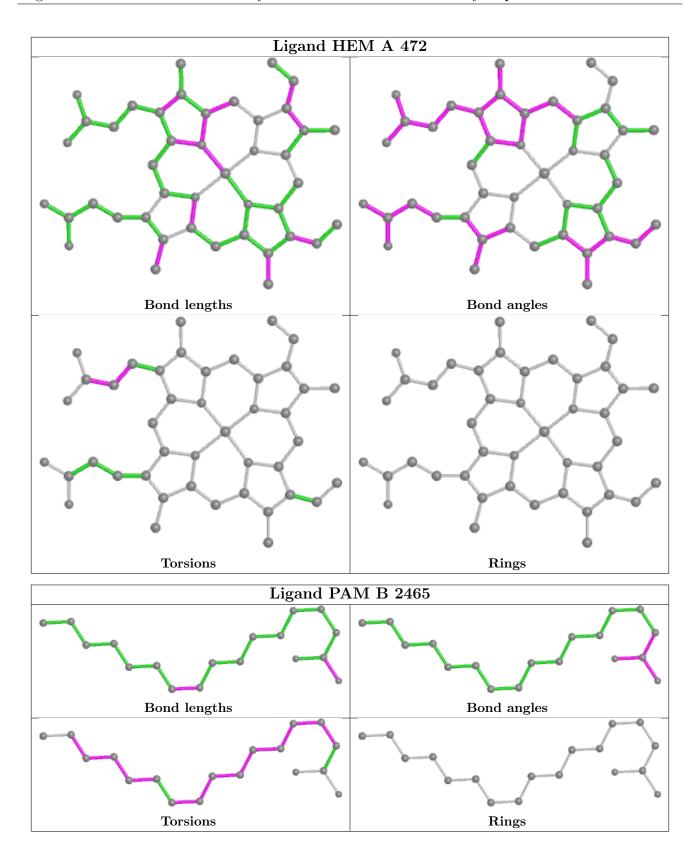




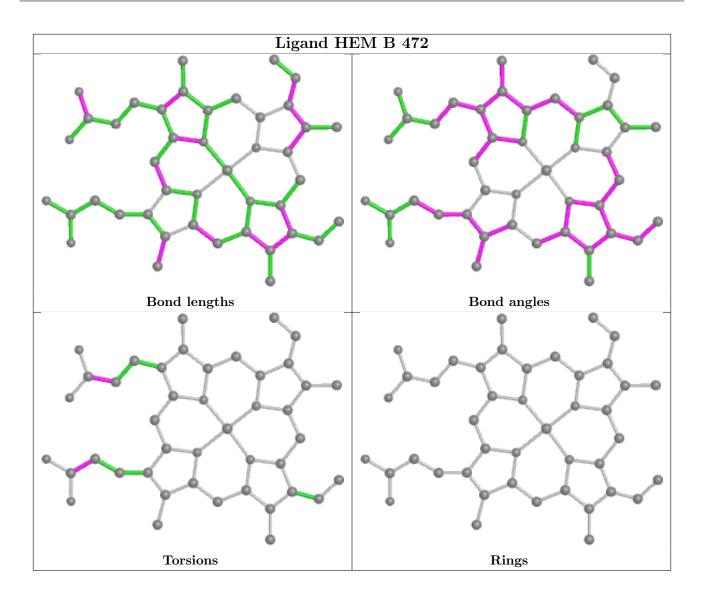












# 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

## 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	455/471 (96%)	-0.15	8 (1%) 68 76	24, 46, 66, 87	0
1	В	455/471 (96%)	0.17	23 (5%) 28 34	31, 58, 83, 96	0
1	С	455/471 (96%)	0.18	23 (5%) 28 34	32, 58, 80, 90	0
1	D	454/471 (96%)	0.21	19 (4%) 36 43	38, 62, 80, 92	0
All	All	1819/1884 (96%)	0.10	73 (4%) 38 45	24, 56, 80, 96	0

The worst 5 of 73 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	1	THR	7.1
1	С	1	THR	6.3
1	D	2	ILE	5.4
1	В	229	GLN	5.3
1	В	292	GLU	4.4

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

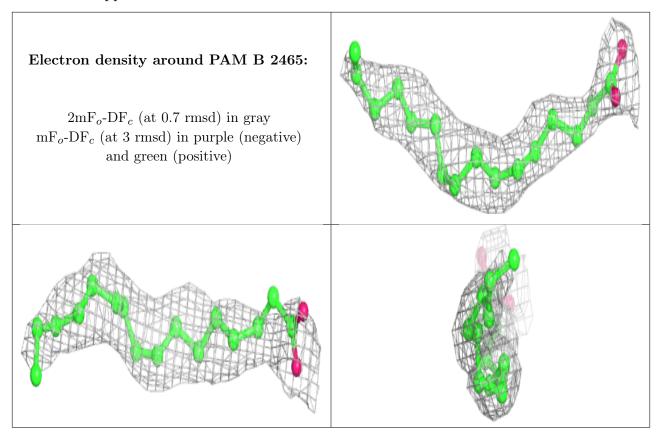
## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	PAM	В	2465	18/18	0.89	0.21	57,68,74,76	0
3	PAM	D	4465	18/18	0.91	0.22	45,59,78,79	0
3	PAM	С	3465	18/18	0.92	0.20	43,50,71,73	0
3	PAM	A	1465	18/18	0.92	0.15	30,45,62,64	0
2	HEM	С	472	43/43	0.97	0.14	23,30,48,54	0
2	HEM	D	472	43/43	0.97	0.14	29,40,55,60	0
2	HEM	В	472	43/43	0.97	0.14	27,35,59,68	0
2	HEM	A	472	43/43	0.98	0.13	18,27,38,43	0

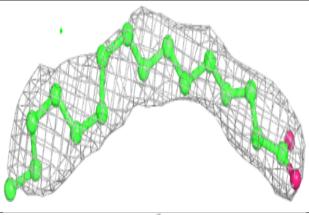
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

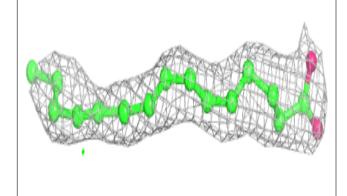


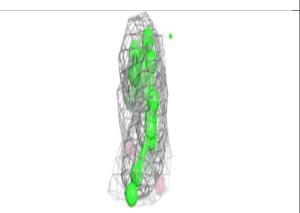


#### Electron density around PAM D 4465:

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

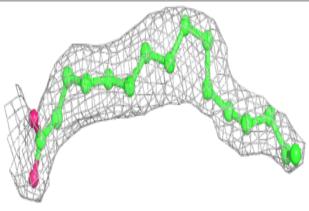


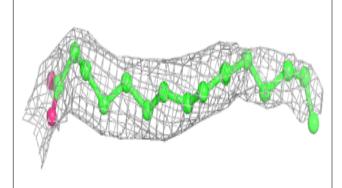


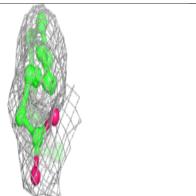


#### Electron density around PAM C 3465:

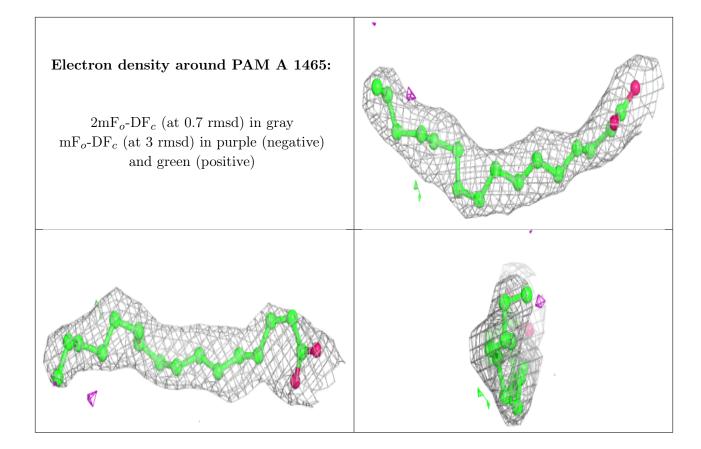
 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



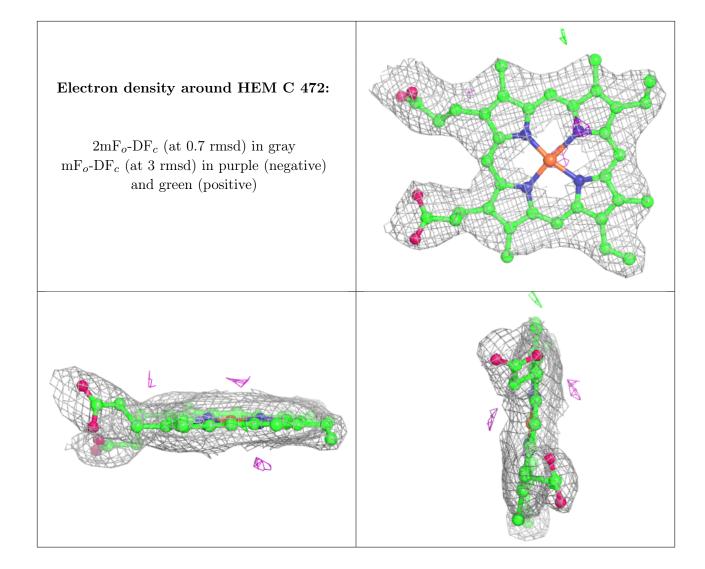




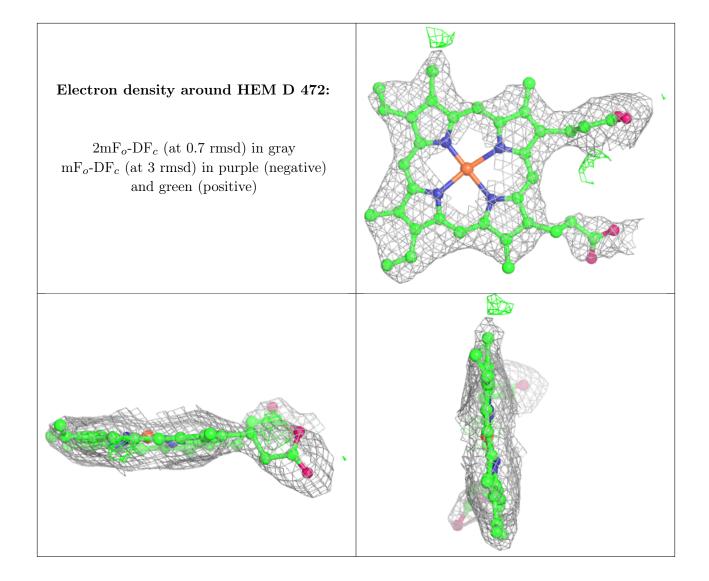




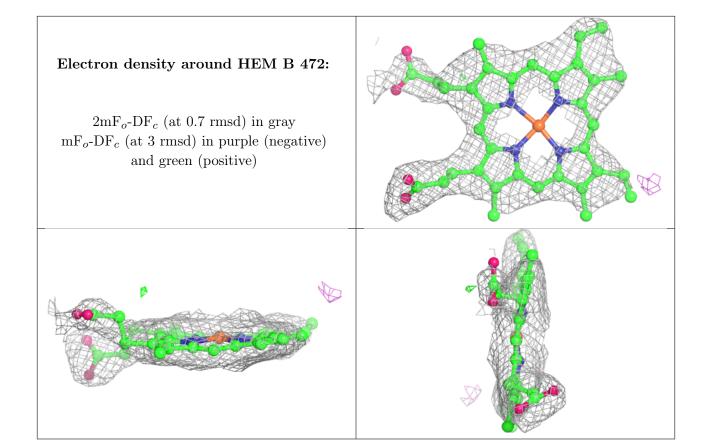




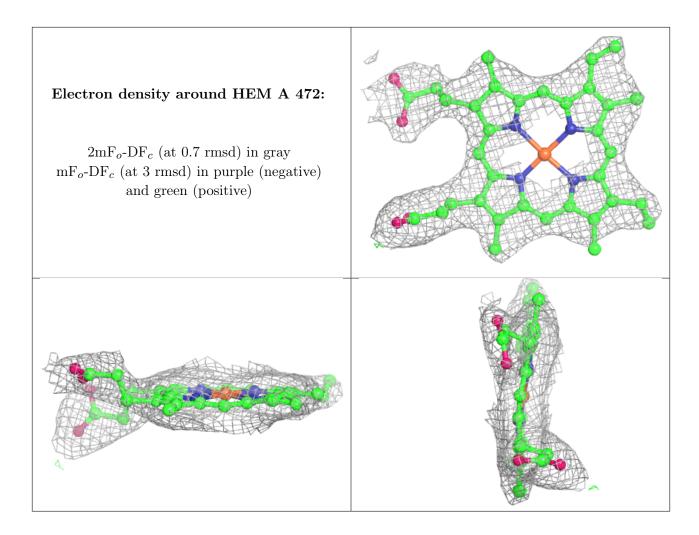












# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

