

Sep 27, 2023 – 07:39 AM EDT

PDB ID EMDB ID Title	:	8S9G EMD-40240 SARS-CoV-2 BN.1 spike RBD bound to the human ACE2 ectodomain and the S200 neutralizing antibody Fab fragment
Authors	:	Park, Y.J.; Seattle Structural Genomics Center for Infectious Disease (SSG-CID); Veesler, D.
Deposited on	:	2023-03-28
Resolution	:	3.00  Å(reported)
This is	_ T	All www.DDD EM Validation Donant for a publicly polaceed DDD entry
1 nis is	aı	ull wwPDB EM validation Report for a publicity released PDB entry.
		We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
		A user guide is available at
1	nttp	s://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp

with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis	:	0.0.1. dev 50
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ	:	1.9.9
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.35.1

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f EM} {f structures} \ (\#{f Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq=3, 2, 1$  and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq=5\%$  The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length			Quality of	chain			
1	А	648	12%		81%			8%	11%
2	Е	250	16%	70%	9	•	•	26%	
3	Н	230	13%	53%	·		46%		
4	L	214	9%	46%	•		52%		
5	В	5		40% 60%	-		40%		



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7004 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Processed angiotensin-converting enzyme 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	А	574	Total 4027	C 2612	N 709	0 681	S 25	0	0

There are 51 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	616	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	617	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	618	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	619	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	620	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	621	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	622	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	623	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	624	TRP	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	625	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	626	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	627	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	628	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	629	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	630	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	631	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	632	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	633	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	634	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	635	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	636	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	637	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	638	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	639	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	640	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	641	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	642	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	643	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1



Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	644	TRP	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	645	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	646	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	647	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	648	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	649	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	650	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	651	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	652	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	653	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	654	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	655	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	656	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	657	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	658	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	659	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	660	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	661	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	662	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
A	663	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
A	664	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
А	665	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1
A	666	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BYF1

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Spike glycoprotein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace	
2	Е	185	Total 1314	C 859	N 227	O 220	S 8	0	0

There are 68 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
Е	309	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP P0DTC2
Е	310	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
Е	311	TRP	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
Е	312	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
Е	313	TRP	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
Е	314	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
Е	315	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
Е	316	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
E	317	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2



Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual         Comment		Reference
Е	318	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
Е	319	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
Е	320	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
Е	321	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
Е	322	THR	_	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
Е	323	THR	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
Е	324	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
Е	325	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
Е	326	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
Е	327	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
Е	339	HIS	GLY	conflict	UNP P0DTC2
E	346	THR	ARG	conflict	UNP P0DTC2
E	356	THR	LYS	conflict	UNP P0DTC2
E	371	PHE	SER	conflict	UNP P0DTC2
Е	373	PRO	SER	conflict	UNP P0DTC2
E	375	PHE	SER	conflict	UNP P0DTC2
E	376	ALA	THR	conflict	UNP P0DTC2
E	405	ASN	ASP	conflict	UNP P0DTC2
E	408	SER	ARG	conflict	UNP P0DTC2
Ε	417	ASN	LYS	conflict	UNP P0DTC2
E	440	LYS	ASN	conflict	UNP P0DTC2
E	446	SER	GLY	conflict	UNP P0DTC2
E	460	LYS	ASN	conflict	UNP P0DTC2
E	477	ASN	SER	conflict	UNP P0DTC2
E	478	LYS	THR	conflict	UNP P0DTC2
E	484	ALA	GLU	conflict	UNP P0DTC2
E	490	SER	PHE	conflict	UNP P0DTC2
E	498	ARG	GLN	conflict	UNP P0DTC2
E	501	TYR	ASN	conflict	UNP P0DTC2
E	505	HIS	TYR	conflict	UNP P0DTC2
E	530	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
E	531	THR	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
E	532	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
E	533	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
E	534	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
E	535	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
E	536	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
E	537	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
E	538	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
E	539	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
E	540	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
E	541	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2



Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
Е	542	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
Е	543	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
E	544	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
E	545	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
E	546	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
E	547	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
Е	548	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
E	549	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
Е	550	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
E	551	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
Е	552	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
Е	553	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
Е	554	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
Е	555	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
E	556	TRP	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
E	557	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
Е	558	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2

• Molecule 3 is a protein called S309 Fab Heavy chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace	
3	Н	124	Total 837	C 538	N 150	0 144	${ m S}{ m 5}$	0	0

• Molecule 4 is a protein called S309 Fab Light chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
4	L	103	Total 696	C 446	N 128	O 120	${ m S} { m 2}$	0	0

• Molecule 5 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-beta-D-mannopyranos e-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acet amido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	I	Aton	ns		AltConf	Trace
5	В	5	Total 60	С 34	N 2	O 24	0	0



• Molecule 6 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $C_8H_{15}NO_6$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
6	Δ	1	Total C N O	0
0	Л	T	14  8  1  5	0
6	Δ	1	Total C N O	0
0	Л	T	14  8  1  5	0
6	Δ	1	Total C N O	0
0	Л	T	14  8  1  5	0
6	Λ	1	Total C N O	0
0	Л	T	14  8  1  5	0
6	F	1	Total C N O	0
0	Ц	I	14  8  1  5	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Processed angiotensin-converting enzyme 2



GLN V2 Q3	S7 G8 A9 E10	V11 K12 K13	P14 G15 A16 S17 V18	K19 A24 P28	F29	Q65 TT4 S75 T76	R84 R85 L86 R87	888 Y95 I111	V125 SER SER ALA ALA SER THR THR TYS	GLY PRO SER VAL PHE PRO LEU ALA	SER
SER LYS SER THR SER	GLY GLY THR ALA ALA	LEU CYS LEU	VAL LYS ASP TYR PHE	PRO PRO VAL VAL SER	TRP ASN SER GLY ALA LEU	THR SER GLY VAL HIS THR	PRO ALA VAL LEU GLN SER	SER GLY LEU TYR SER LEU	SER SER VAL THR VAL VAL	SER SER	
SER LEU GLY THR	THR TYR ILE CYS ASN	VAL ASN HIS LYS	PRO SER ASN THR LYS	VAL ASP LYS LYS VAL GLU PRO	LYS SER CYS						
• Mole	ecule 4:	S309	Fab Li	ght chain							
Chain	9% L:	, D	46%		·		52%				
GLU I2 S7	P8 G9 L11	512 L13 514 P15	G16 G16 E17 R18 A19	R24 T32 G42	043 A44 669 T70	IT6 S77 R78 L79	E80 P81 q90 V104	GLU ILE LYS ARG THR VAT	ALA ALA ALA PRO SER VAL PHE TLE	PHE PRO PRO SER ASP GLU GLU	
LEU LYS SER GLY THR	ALA SER VAL VAL CYS	LEU LEU ASN ASN	PHE TYR PRO ARG GLU	LYS VAL GLN TRP LYS VAL	ASP ASN ALA LEU GLN SER	GLY ASN SER GLN GLU SER	THR GLU GLU ASP SER LYS	ASP SER THR TYR SER LEU	SER SER LEU LEU SER	LYS ALA	
ASP TYR GLU LYS HTS	LYS VAL TYR ALA CYS	GLU VAL THR HIS	GLN GLY LEU SER SER	VAL VAL LYS SER PHE ASN	ARG GLY GLU CYS						

 • Molecule 5: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)] 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose e

Chain B:	40% 60%	40%
(G1 (G2 (A3 (N4 (N4 )) (C5		
NA NA BM MA FU		



# 4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	1852290	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE	Depositor
	CORRECTION	
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{\AA}^2)$	60	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	500	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	3500	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 ( $6k \ge 4k$ )	Depositor
Maximum map value	9.005	Depositor
Minimum map value	-7.715	Depositor
Average map value	-0.001	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.133	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.9	Depositor
Map size (Å)	256.0, 256.0, 256.0	wwPDB
Map dimensions	256, 256, 256	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.0, 1.0, 1.0	Depositor



# 5 Model quality (i)

# 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FUC, BMA, NAG, MAN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain Bo		nd lengths	Bond	angles
	Unam	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	А	0.55	1/4144~(0.0%)	0.57	0/5680
2	Ε	0.51	0/1352	0.62	0/1851
3	Н	0.45	0/861	0.57	0/1178
4	L	0.44	0/712	0.61	0/975
All	All	0.52	1/7069~(0.0%)	0.58	0/9684

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	$\mathrm{Ideal}(\mathrm{\AA})$
1	А	178	PRO	N-CD	8.74	1.60	1.47

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	4027	0	3268	47	0
2	Е	1314	0	1084	11	0
3	Н	837	0	650	4	0
4	L	696	0	596	11	0
5	В	60	0	52	0	0
6	А	56	0	52	0	0



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	Е	14	0	13	0	0
All	All	7004	0	5715	64	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All (64) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom 1	Atom 2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	distance (Å)	overlap (Å)
1:A:455:MET:CE	1:A:481:LYS:HG2	1.61	1.29
1:A:209:VAL:HG11	1:A:565:PRO:HB3	1.24	1.16
3:H:111:ILE:HG12	4:L:32:THR:HG23	1.27	1.12
1:A:394:ASN:HB3	1:A:562:LYS:HE2	1.15	1.10
1:A:455:MET:HE1	1:A:481:LYS:HG2	1.10	1.06
1:A:455:MET:CE	1:A:481:LYS:CG	2.48	0.91
2:E:345:THR:CB	4:L:32:THR:HG21	2.01	0.90
1:A:209:VAL:CG1	1:A:565:PRO:HB3	2.01	0.90
1:A:208:GLU:OE2	1:A:210:ASN:ND2	2.06	0.87
1:A:451:PRO:CB	1:A:485:VAL:HG12	2.04	0.87
1:A:394:ASN:CB	1:A:562:LYS:HE2	2.03	0.87
1:A:455:MET:SD	1:A:481:LYS:HA	2.15	0.86
2:E:345:THR:CA	4:L:32:THR:HG21	2.05	0.86
2:E:345:THR:HA	4:L:32:THR:HG21	1.56	0.86
2:E:417:ASN:HD22	2:E:417:ASN:C	1.86	0.77
1:A:209:VAL:O	1:A:209:VAL:HG12	1.85	0.77
3:H:111:ILE:CG1	4:L:32:THR:HG23	2.13	0.75
1:A:451:PRO:HB2	1:A:485:VAL:HG12	1.69	0.74
1:A:455:MET:SD	1:A:481:LYS:CA	2.77	0.72
1:A:285:PHE:HE1	1:A:436:ILE:HB	1.55	0.71
1:A:455:MET:SD	1:A:481:LYS:HG2	2.33	0.68
2:E:417:ASN:O	2:E:417:ASN:ND2	2.18	0.68
2:E:474:GLN:HG3	2:E:474:GLN:O	1.94	0.67
1:A:188:ASN:O	1:A:192:ARG:HG2	1.94	0.66
1:A:455:MET:HE1	1:A:481:LYS:CG	2.06	0.65
1:A:54:ILE:HB	1:A:341:LYS:HD2	1.81	0.62
2:E:345:THR:CB	4:L:32:THR:CG2	2.76	0.62
1:A:407:ILE:HG13	1:A:408:MET:N	2.15	0.60
1:A:177:ARG:NH2	1:A:470:LYS:O	2.33	0.60
1:A:451:PRO:HB3	1:A:485:VAL:HG12	1.84	0.59
2:E:345:THR:HA	4:L:32:THR:CG2	2.31	0.59
1:A:455:MET:SD	1:A:481:LYS:CG	2.92	0.58



EMD-40240,	8S9G
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	1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	distance (Å)	overlap (Å)
1:A:455:MET:SD	1:A:481:LYS:N	2.77	0.58
1:A:212:VAL:O	1:A:216:ASP:OD1	2.24	0.56
1:A:209:VAL:HG11	1:A:565:PRO:CB	2.17	0.56
1:A:285:PHE:CE1	1:A:433:GLU:HA	2.42	0.55
1:A:332:MET:HE1	1:A:359:LEU:HG	1.89	0.54
1:A:52:THR:HA	1:A:342:ALA:HB1	1.89	0.54
1:A:465:LYS:O	1:A:467:GLU:N	2.41	0.54
2:E:453:TYR:OH	2:E:493:GLN:HG2	2.08	0.54
1:A:589:GLU:N	1:A:590:PRO:CD	2.72	0.51
2:E:417:ASN:C	2:E:417:ASN:ND2	2.58	0.51
1:A:407:ILE:HD11	1:A:408:MET:HE3	1.92	0.51
1:A:177:ARG:HH22	1:A:473:TRP:HB2	1.75	0.50
1:A:54:ILE:HG12	1:A:341:LYS:O	2.12	0.49
1:A:209:VAL:CG1	1:A:209:VAL:O	2.56	0.49
1:A:450:LEU:N	1:A:451:PRO:CD	2.77	0.48
3:H:111:ILE:HG12	4:L:32:THR:CG2	2.20	0.48
1:A:499:ASP:N	1:A:500:PRO:HD2	2.29	0.48
3:H:95:TYR:CE2	4:L:44:ALA:HB2	2.50	0.47
1:A:455:MET:HE3	1:A:481:LYS:CG	2.43	0.46
1:A:52:THR:HA	1:A:342:ALA:CB	2.46	0.46
1:A:116:LEU:O	1:A:120:LEU:HG	2.16	0.45
1:A:582:ARG:N	1:A:583:PRO:CD	2.79	0.44
1:A:345:HIS:O	1:A:346:PRO:C	2.55	0.43
4:L:79:LEU:HD23	4:L:79:LEU:HA	1.89	0.43
1:A:398:GLU:HG3	1:A:514:ARG:HB3	2.00	0.43
2:E:457:ARG:NE	2:E:459:SER:O	2.52	0.43
1:A:192:ARG:NE	1:A:197:GLU:O	2.52	0.43
1:A:343:VAL:O	1:A:359:LEU:HD21	2.19	0.42
4:L:90:GLN:HG2	4:L:91:GLN:N	2.35	0.42
1:A:209:VAL:CG1	1:A:565:PRO:CB	2.86	0.42
1:A:407:ILE:CD1	1:A:408:MET:HE3	2.50	0.41
1:A:459:TRP:CG	1:A:477:TRP:HE3	2.38	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM



entries.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Favoured Allowed C		Perce	ntiles
1	А	570/648~(88%)	555~(97%)	13~(2%)	2(0%)	34	72
2	Ε	179/250~(72%)	175~(98%)	4(2%)	0	100	100
3	Н	122/230~(53%)	120~(98%)	2(2%)	0	100	100
4	L	101/214~(47%)	99~(98%)	2(2%)	0	100	100
All	All	972/1342~(72%)	949~(98%)	21 (2%)	2(0%)	50	82

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type		
1	А	466	GLY		
1	А	346	PRO		

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles			
1	А	287/563~(51%)	285~(99%)	2(1%)	84	94		
2	Ε	101/218~(46%)	96~(95%)	5 (5%)	24	60		
3	Н	52/192~(27%)	52~(100%)	0	100	100		
4	L	51/185~(28%)	51 (100%)	0	100	100		
All	All	491/1158 (42%)	484 (99%)	7 (1%)	68	88		

All (7) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	183	TYR
1	А	559	ARG
2	Е	351	TYR
2	Е	354	ASN



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	Е	417	ASN
2	Е	474	GLN
2	Е	493	GLN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	51	ASN
2	Е	474	GLN
2	Е	493	GLN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

5 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Turne	Chain	Dog	Tiple	Bond lengths			Bond angles			
	туре	Unann	nes	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
5	NAG	В	1	2,5	14,14,15	0.86	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.11	2 (11%)	
5	NAG	В	2	5	14,14,15	1.07	1 (7%)	17,19,21	0.98	1 (5%)	
5	BMA	В	3	5	11,11,12	0.64	0	15,15,17	0.76	0	
5	MAN	В	4	5	11,11,12	1.02	0	15,15,17	0.57	0	
5	FUC	В	5	5	10,10,11	1.00	0	14,14,16	0.57	0	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral



centers	analysed,	the	number	of	these	observed	in	the	model	and	the	numb	er	define	d in	the
Chemic	al Compor	nent	Dictiona	ry.	Simila	ar counts	are	repo	orted in	the	Tors	sion an	d	Rings a	colu	mns.
'-' mear	ns no outlie	ers o	f that ki	nd	were io	dentified.										

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	NAG	В	1	2,5	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	В	2	5	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	BMA	В	3	5	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
5	MAN	В	4	5	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
5	FUC	В	5	5	-	-	0/1/1/1

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	$\mathrm{Ideal}(\mathrm{\AA})$
5	В	2	NAG	C1-C2	2.72	1.56	1.52
5	В	1	NAG	C1-C2	2.49	1.56	1.52

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
5	В	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2	2.70	120.67	116.10
5	В	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2	2.37	120.12	116.10
5	В	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.17	119.82	122.90

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.





## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

5 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Turne	Chain	Dec	Tink	Bo	ths	Bond angles			
	Type	Unain	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
6	NAG	А	701	1	14,14,15	1.18	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.02	1 (5%)
6	NAG	А	703	1	14,14,15	1.12	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.09	1 (5%)
6	NAG	А	704	1	14,14,15	1.21	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.12	1 (5%)
6	NAG	Е	601	2	14,14,15	1.15	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.06	1 (5%)
6	NAG	А	702	1	14,14,15	1.13	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.09	1 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	NAG	А	701	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	А	703	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	А	704	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	Ε	601	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	А	702	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	$\mathrm{Ideal}(\mathrm{\AA})$
6	А	704	NAG	C1-C2	3.53	1.57	1.52
6	А	701	NAG	C1-C2	3.42	1.57	1.52
6	Е	601	NAG	C1-C2	3.31	1.57	1.52
6	А	703	NAG	C1-C2	3.18	1.57	1.52
6	А	702	NAG	C1-C2	3.12	1.57	1.52

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
6	А	704	NAG	C8-C7-N2	2.78	120.81	116.10
6	А	702	NAG	C8-C7-N2	2.65	120.58	116.10
6	Е	601	NAG	C8-C7-N2	2.57	120.45	116.10
6	А	703	NAG	C8-C7-N2	2.56	120.42	116.10
6	А	701	NAG	C8-C7-N2	2.46	120.27	116.10

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	А	702	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
6	А	701	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.



# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-40240. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

## 6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

#### 6.1.1 Primary map



6.1.2 Raw map



The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.



### 6.2 Central slices (i)

### 6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 128



Y Index: 128



Z Index: 128

#### 6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 128

Y Index: 128

Z Index: 128

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.



### 6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

### 6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 132



Y Index: 100



Z Index: 159

#### 6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 132

Y Index: 133



The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.



## 6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

#### 6.4.1 Primary map



6.4.2 Raw map



The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.



## 6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.9. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

#### 6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

### 6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.



# 7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

## 7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.



## 7.2 Volume estimate (i)



The volume at the recommended contour level is  $42 \text{ nm}^3$ ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 38 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

![](_page_25_Picture_7.jpeg)

## 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)

![](_page_26_Figure_4.jpeg)

\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.333  ${\rm \AA^{-1}}$ 

![](_page_26_Picture_6.jpeg)

# 8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

#### 8.1 FSC (i)

![](_page_27_Figure_6.jpeg)

\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.333  $\mathrm{\AA^{-1}}$ 

![](_page_27_Picture_8.jpeg)

# 8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

$\mathbf{Bosolution ostimato}(\mathbf{\hat{A}})$	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)			
Resolution estimate (A)	0.143	0.5	Half-bit	
Reported by author	3.00	-	-	
Author-provided FSC curve	-	-	-	
Unmasked-calculated*	3.24	3.39	3.26	

\*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.

![](_page_28_Picture_6.jpeg)

# 9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-40240 and PDB model 8S9G. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 8.

## 9.1 Map-model overlay (i)

![](_page_29_Picture_6.jpeg)

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.9 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

![](_page_29_Picture_8.jpeg)

#### 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)

![](_page_30_Picture_4.jpeg)

The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

#### 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)

![](_page_30_Figure_7.jpeg)

The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.9).

![](_page_30_Picture_9.jpeg)

### 9.4 Atom inclusion (i)

![](_page_31_Figure_4.jpeg)

At the recommended contour level, 68% of all backbone atoms, 70% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

![](_page_31_Picture_6.jpeg)

1.0

0.0 <0.0

## 9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.9) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.6990	0.4730
А	0.7150	0.4720
В	0.4670	0.4180
Е	0.7010	0.4700
Н	0.6480	0.4820
L	0.6830	0.4740

![](_page_32_Picture_6.jpeg)