



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Oct 11, 2023 – 12:17 PM EDT

PDB ID : 7RXQ  
Title : Crystal structure of junctophilin-2 in complex with a CaV1.1 peptide  
Authors : Yang, Z.; Panwar, P.; Van Petegem, F.  
Deposited on : 2021-08-23  
Resolution : 2.03 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtrriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.35.1  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35.1

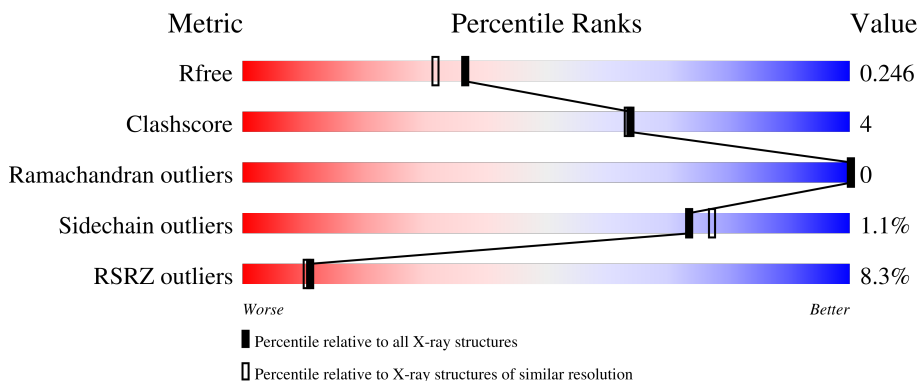
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.03 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	10434 (2.04-2.00)
Clashscore	141614	11643 (2.04-2.00)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	11493 (2.04-2.00)
Sidechain outliers	138945	11492 (2.04-2.00)
RSRZ outliers	127900	10220 (2.04-2.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	327	 7% 76% 8% 16%
2	B	16	 81% 12% 6%

## 2 Entry composition i

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2310 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Junctophilin-2 N-terminal fragment.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	275	2045	1270	371	399	5	0	5	0

There are 116 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-2	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BR39
A	-1	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BR39
A	0	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	SER	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	LEU	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	SER	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	SER	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	LEU	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	ARG	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	SER	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	GLU	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	HIS	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	SER	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	ASN	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	GLY	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	THR	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	VAL	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	ALA	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	PRO	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	ASP	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	SER	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	PRO	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	ALA	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	SER	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	PRO	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	ALA	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	SER	deletion	UNP Q9BR39

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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	?	-	ASP	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	GLY	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	PRO	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	ALA	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	LEU	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	PRO	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	SER	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	PRO	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	ALA	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	ILE	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	PRO	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	ARG	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	GLY	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	GLY	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	PHE	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	ALA	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	LEU	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	SER	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	LEU	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	LEU	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	ALA	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	ASN	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	ALA	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	GLU	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	ALA	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	ALA	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	ALA	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	ARG	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	ALA	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	PRO	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	LYS	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	GLY	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	GLY	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	GLY	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	LEU	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	PHE	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	GLN	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	ARG	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	GLY	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	ALA	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	LEU	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	LEU	deletion	UNP Q9BR39

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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	?	-	GLY	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	LYS	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	LEU	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	ARG	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	ARG	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	ALA	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	GLU	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	SER	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	ARG	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	THR	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	SER	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	VAL	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	GLY	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	SER	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	GLN	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	ARG	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	SER	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	ARG	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	VAL	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	SER	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	PHE	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	LEU	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	LYS	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	SER	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	ASP	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	LEU	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	SER	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	SER	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	GLY	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	ALA	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	SER	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	ASP	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	ALA	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	ALA	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	SER	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	THR	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	ALA	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	SER	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	LEU	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	GLY	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	GLU	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	ALA	deletion	UNP Q9BR39

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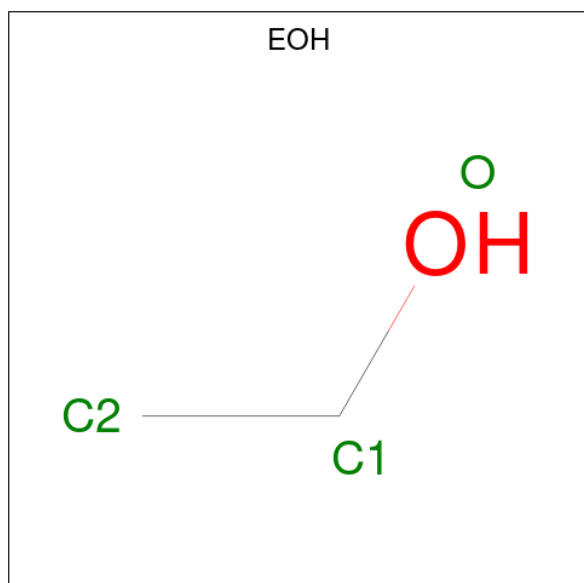
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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	?	-	ALA	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	GLU	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	GLY	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	ALA	deletion	UNP Q9BR39
A	?	-	ASP	deletion	UNP Q9BR39

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Voltage-dependent L-type calcium channel subunit alpha-1S.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O			
2	B	15	120	76	25	19	0	0	0

- Molecule 3 is ETHANOL (three-letter code: EOH) (formula: C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>O).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	O		
3	A	1	3	2	1	0	0

- Molecule 4 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O<sub>4</sub>S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
4	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
4	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0

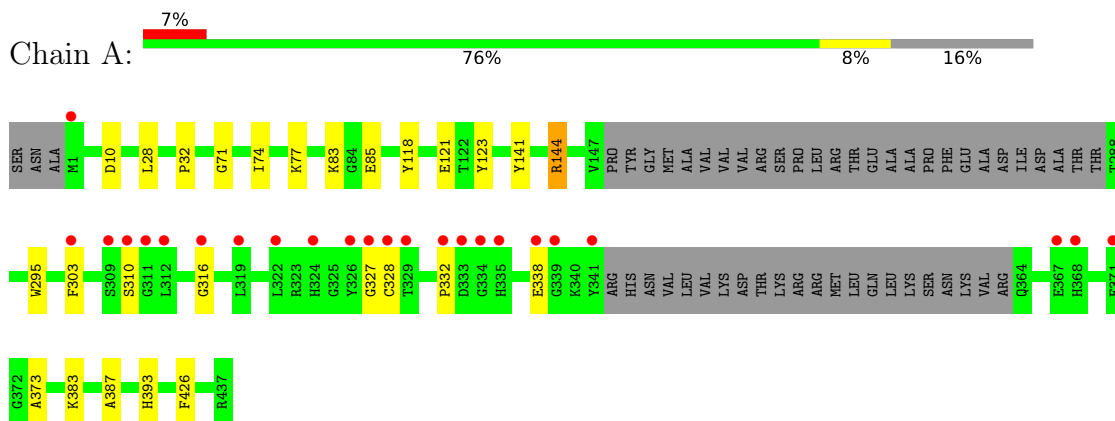
- Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	118	Total O 118 118	0	0
5	B	9	Total O 9 9	0	0

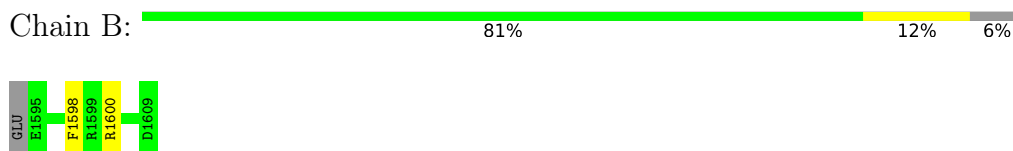
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Junctophilin-2 N-terminal fragment



- Molecule 2: Voltage-dependent L-type calcium channel subunit alpha-1S





## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	116.39Å 30.38Å 96.68Å 90.00° 115.96° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	38.07 – 2.03 38.07 – 2.03	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	96.8 (38.07-2.03) 96.8 (38.07-2.03)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.05	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	3.94 (at 2.03Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.19.2_4158	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.202 , 0.252 0.199 , 0.246	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	993 reflections (5.07%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	30.2	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.516	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.33 , 60.2	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.48$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.31$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtrriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	2310	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	43.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 8.65% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SO4, EOH

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.39	0/2105	0.56	0/2843
2	B	0.39	0/121	0.65	0/159
All	All	0.39	0/2226	0.57	0/3002

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2045	0	1765	16	0
2	B	120	0	119	4	0
3	A	3	0	6	0	0
4	A	15	0	0	0	0
5	A	118	0	0	2	0
5	B	9	0	0	0	0
All	All	2310	0	1890	17	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

All (17) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash

magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:74:ILE:HG12	1:A:83:LYS:HB3	1.81	0.63
2:B:1598:PHE:CE2	2:B:1600:ARG:HG3	2.45	0.51
1:A:144:ARG:HB2	1:A:295:TRP:HZ2	1.75	0.49
1:A:141:TYR:HB2	1:A:383:LYS:HG3	1.94	0.49
1:A:316:GLY:HA3	1:A:327:GLY:HA3	1.95	0.47
1:A:310:SER:O	1:A:332:PRO:HB3	2.16	0.46
1:A:303:PHE:HB3	1:A:373:ALA:HA	2.00	0.43
1:A:118:TYR:HB3	1:A:387:ALA:HA	2.01	0.43
1:A:393:HIS:HE1	5:A:618:HOH:O	2.01	0.43
1:A:10[B]:ASP:OD2	2:B:1600:ARG:NH1	2.41	0.43
1:A:32:PRO:HD3	2:B:1598:PHE:CE2	2.55	0.42
1:A:32:PRO:HD3	2:B:1598:PHE:CD2	2.55	0.41
1:A:71[A]:GLY:O	1:A:85:GLU:HA	2.20	0.41
1:A:328:CYS:HA	1:A:338:GLU:O	2.21	0.41
1:A:121:GLU:HG2	1:A:123:TYR:CE1	2.56	0.41
1:A:28:LEU:HD22	1:A:426:PHE:HE2	1.85	0.40
1:A:393:HIS:HD2	5:A:709:HOH:O	2.04	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	274/327 (84%)	267 (97%)	7 (3%)	0	100	100
2	B	13/16 (81%)	13 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	287/343 (84%)	280 (98%)	7 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	174/247 (70%)	172 (99%)	2 (1%)	73	77
2	B	11/13 (85%)	11 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	185/260 (71%)	183 (99%)	2 (1%)	73	77

All (2) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	77	LYS
1	A	144	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	393	HIS

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

4 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
4	SO4	A	504	-	4,4,4	0.14	0	6,6,6	0.06	0
4	SO4	A	503	-	4,4,4	0.12	0	6,6,6	0.22	0
3	EOH	A	501	-	2,2,2	0.44	0	1,1,1	0.04	0
4	SO4	A	502	-	4,4,4	0.19	0	6,6,6	0.26	0

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	275/327 (84%)	0.27	24 (8%) <b>10</b> <b>9</b>	18, 37, 99, 118	0
2	B	15/16 (93%)	0.09	0 <b>100</b> <b>100</b>	27, 43, 66, 67	0
All	All	290/343 (84%)	0.26	24 (8%) <b>11</b> <b>10</b>	18, 38, 97, 118	0

All (24) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	328	CYS	6.3
1	A	326	TYR	6.2
1	A	338	GLU	6.2
1	A	319	LEU	5.3
1	A	332	PRO	5.1
1	A	310	SER	4.9
1	A	316	GLY	4.9
1	A	368	HIS	4.8
1	A	309	SER	4.6
1	A	303	PHE	3.8
1	A	367	GLU	3.8
1	A	311	GLY	3.7
1	A	324	HIS	3.6
1	A	1	MET	3.5
1	A	322	LEU	3.5
1	A	334	GLY	3.5
1	A	333	ASP	3.3
1	A	335	HIS	3.3
1	A	329	THR	3.2
1	A	341	TYR	2.9
1	A	339	GLY	2.8
1	A	312	LEU	2.7
1	A	327	GLY	2.6
1	A	371	GLU	2.4

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
3	EOH	A	501	3/3	0.92	0.12	38,38,42,45	0
4	SO4	A	504	5/5	0.94	0.22	74,77,85,92	0
4	SO4	A	503	5/5	0.98	0.07	46,53,60,65	0
4	SO4	A	502	5/5	0.99	0.11	30,37,48,50	0

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.