



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

May 14, 2020 – 01:34 am BST

PDB ID : 1RTA
Title : CRYSTAL STRUCTURE DISPOSITION OF THYMIDYLIC ACID
TETRAMER IN COMPLEX WITH RIBONUCLEASE A
Authors : Birdsall, D.L.; McPherson, A.
Deposited on : 1992-08-28
Resolution : 2.50 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Xtrriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.11
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

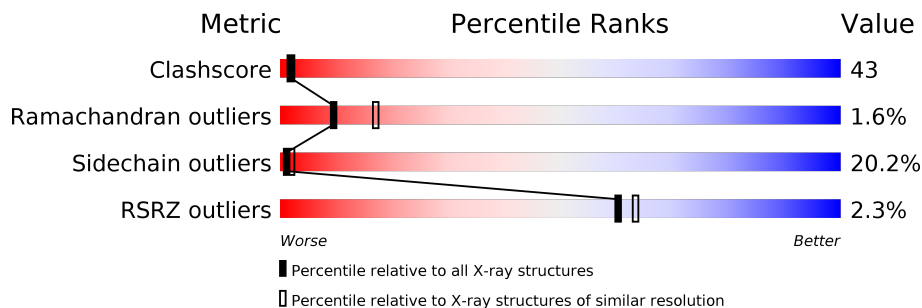
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	141614	5346 (2.50-2.50)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5231 (2.50-2.50)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5233 (2.50-2.50)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4559 (2.50-2.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	C	4	
2	E	124	

2 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1031 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(*TP*TP*TP*T)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	P			
1	C	4	81	40	8	29	4	0	0	0

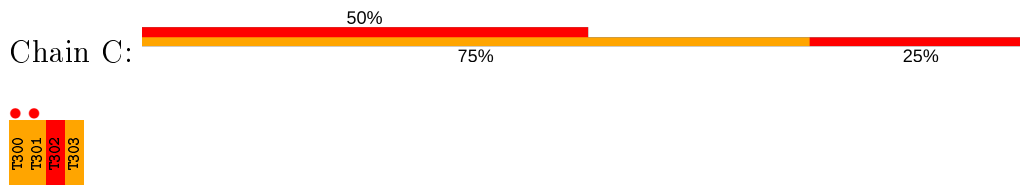
- Molecule 2 is a protein called PROTEIN (RIBONUCLEASE A (E.C.3.1.27.5)).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
2	E	124	950	575	171	192	12	0	0	0

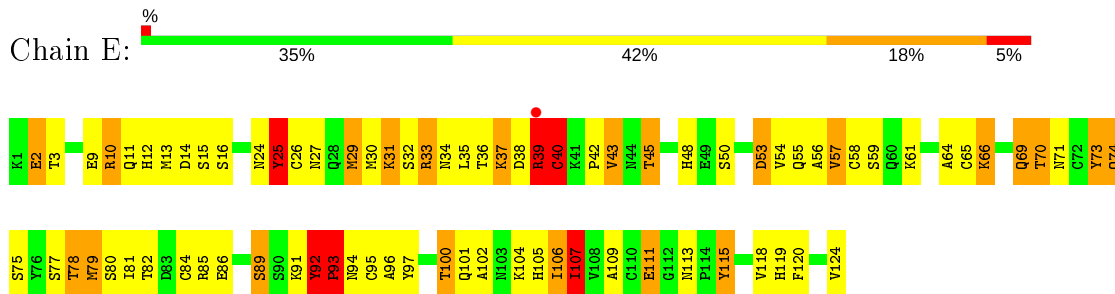
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*TP*TP*TP*T)-3')



- Molecule 2: PROTEIN (RIBONUCLEASE A (E.C.3.1.27.5))



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	44.90Å 75.00Å 43.60Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	(Not available) – 2.50 28.87 – 2.49	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	(Not available) ((Not available)-2.50) 74.0 (28.87-2.49)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1228.42 (at 2.51Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	X-PLOR, CORELS	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.235 , (Not available) 0.189 , (Not available)	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	7.6	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.295	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.26 , 56.9	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.25$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.10$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.189 for l,-k,h	Xtrriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.80	EDS
Total number of atoms	1031	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	8.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 10.01% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality i

5.1 Standard geometry i

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	C	4.82	16/88 (18.2%)	4.05	23/132 (17.4%)
2	E	1.31	2/966 (0.2%)	2.25	39/1304 (3.0%)
All	All	1.87	18/1054 (1.7%)	2.47	62/1436 (4.3%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	C	0	1
2	E	0	3
All	All	0	4

All (18) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	C	301	DT	P-O5'	17.70	1.77	1.59
1	C	300	DT	P-O5'	16.95	1.76	1.59
1	C	302	DT	P-O5'	15.80	1.75	1.59
1	C	301	DT	C2'-C1'	10.64	1.62	1.52
1	C	301	DT	C5-C7	9.77	1.55	1.50
1	C	303	DT	C5-C7	9.58	1.55	1.50
1	C	302	DT	C5-C7	9.52	1.55	1.50
1	C	300	DT	C5-C7	9.43	1.55	1.50
1	C	302	DT	C5'-C4'	8.26	1.60	1.51
1	C	300	DT	OP3-P	7.77	1.70	1.61
1	C	301	DT	C4'-C3'	7.23	1.60	1.53
1	C	303	DT	C1'-N1	6.25	1.57	1.49
1	C	303	DT	P-O5'	6.15	1.65	1.59
2	E	39	ARG	NE-CZ	5.95	1.40	1.33
1	C	300	DT	O4'-C1'	5.92	1.49	1.42
2	E	89	SER	CA-CB	5.87	1.61	1.52

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	C	301	DT	C5'-C4'	5.37	1.57	1.51
1	C	300	DT	C1'-N1	5.04	1.55	1.49

All (62) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	C	302	DT	O4'-C1'-N1	21.18	122.83	108.00
1	C	303	DT	O4'-C1'-N1	16.37	119.46	108.00
2	E	33	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-13.75	113.43	120.30
2	E	10	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	11.29	125.94	120.30
2	E	26	CYS	CA-CB-SG	-10.51	95.09	114.00
2	E	33	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.78	125.19	120.30
2	E	40	CYS	CA-CB-SG	-9.75	96.46	114.00
1	C	301	DT	O4'-C1'-N1	9.51	114.66	108.00
1	C	302	DT	C2-N1-C1'	-8.32	104.89	118.20
1	C	300	DT	O4'-C1'-C2'	-8.21	99.33	105.90
1	C	302	DT	C5'-C4'-C3'	-8.16	99.41	114.10
2	E	30	MET	CG-SD-CE	-7.84	87.66	100.20
2	E	92	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-7.74	116.36	121.00
2	E	74	GLN	CA-CB-CG	7.72	130.38	113.40
1	C	301	DT	P-O5'-C5'	-7.40	109.06	120.90
1	C	300	DT	P-O5'-C5'	-7.34	109.16	120.90
1	C	300	DT	C4'-C3'-C2'	-7.24	96.58	103.10
1	C	302	DT	C6-C5-C7	-7.08	118.65	122.90
2	E	39	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.02	123.81	120.30
2	E	53	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	6.99	124.59	118.30
2	E	11	GLN	CA-CB-CG	6.93	128.66	113.40
1	C	301	DT	C6-C5-C7	-6.90	118.76	122.90
2	E	33	ARG	CA-CB-CG	-6.86	98.30	113.40
1	C	303	DT	C6-C5-C7	-6.84	118.79	122.90
1	C	300	DT	C6-C5-C7	-6.82	118.81	122.90
2	E	14	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	6.78	124.40	118.30
2	E	29	MET	CG-SD-CE	6.75	111.00	100.20
2	E	73	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	-6.63	117.02	121.00
1	C	300	DT	O4'-C1'-N1	6.52	112.57	108.00
1	C	302	DT	P-O5'-C5'	-6.46	110.57	120.90
2	E	69	GLN	CA-CB-CG	6.44	127.58	113.40
2	E	89	SER	N-CA-CB	6.43	120.15	110.50
2	E	39	ARG	CG-CD-NE	6.30	125.03	111.80
2	E	66	LYS	CA-CB-CG	6.30	127.25	113.40
2	E	70	THR	CA-CB-CG2	-6.03	103.96	112.40
2	E	107	ILE	CG1-CB-CG2	-5.97	98.27	111.40

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	C	301	DT	C6-N1-C1'	-5.84	111.64	120.40
1	C	301	DT	O4'-C1'-C2'	-5.81	101.25	105.90
2	E	39	ARG	CA-CB-CG	5.71	125.96	113.40
2	E	73	TYR	CG-CD1-CE1	-5.70	116.74	121.30
2	E	39	ARG	CA-C-N	-5.64	104.78	117.20
2	E	64	ALA	CA-C-N	-5.63	104.82	117.20
2	E	25	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	-5.62	117.63	121.00
2	E	106	ILE	CA-CB-CG2	-5.62	99.67	110.90
2	E	11	GLN	N-CA-CB	-5.54	100.62	110.60
2	E	39	ARG	O-C-N	5.47	131.46	122.70
2	E	111	GLU	O-C-N	5.46	132.48	123.20
2	E	95	CYS	CA-CB-SG	-5.44	104.20	114.00
2	E	39	ARG	NH1-CZ-NH2	-5.44	113.42	119.40
2	E	85	ARG	CG-CD-NE	5.42	123.19	111.80
2	E	93	PRO	N-CA-C	5.41	126.16	112.10
1	C	302	DT	C4'-C3'-O3'	5.34	123.06	109.70
2	E	115	TYR	O-C-N	5.30	131.18	122.70
1	C	302	DT	C6-N1-C1'	5.28	128.32	120.40
2	E	100	THR	CA-CB-CG2	-5.26	105.04	112.40
2	E	111	GLU	CA-C-N	-5.25	105.69	116.20
1	C	303	DT	C4'-C3'-C2'	-5.13	98.48	103.10
1	C	302	DT	C4-C5-C6	5.13	121.08	118.00
2	E	35	LEU	CA-C-O	5.10	130.80	120.10
2	E	115	TYR	CA-C-N	-5.07	106.05	117.20
1	C	303	DT	C4-C5-C6	5.06	121.04	118.00
1	C	301	DT	C4-C5-C6	5.05	121.03	118.00

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	C	302	DT	Sidechain
2	E	25	TYR	Sidechain
2	E	33	ARG	Sidechain
2	E	92	TYR	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within

the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	C	81	0	49	43	0
2	E	950	0	907	69	1
All	All	1031	0	956	84	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 43.

All (84) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:300:DT:C7	2:E:39:ARG:HD3	1.26	1.56
1:C:300:DT:C7	2:E:39:ARG:CD	2.07	1.33
1:C:300:DT:H72	2:E:39:ARG:CD	1.71	1.16
2:E:54:VAL:O	2:E:57:VAL:HG23	1.50	1.11
1:C:300:DT:H73	1:C:300:DT:OP1	1.52	1.09
1:C:303:DT:H73	2:E:71:ASN:HD21	0.96	1.07
1:C:303:DT:H73	2:E:71:ASN:ND2	1.70	1.06
1:C:303:DT:H71	2:E:111:GLU:OE1	1.57	1.05
1:C:300:DT:H73	2:E:39:ARG:HD3	1.38	1.03
1:C:300:DT:H71	2:E:39:ARG:CD	1.96	0.96
1:C:300:DT:H72	2:E:39:ARG:HD3	0.99	0.95
1:C:303:DT:C7	2:E:71:ASN:HD21	1.83	0.90
1:C:300:DT:C2	1:C:302:DT:OP2	2.25	0.90
2:E:109:ALA:HB3	2:E:119:HIS:HB3	1.55	0.89
2:E:34:ASN:HD22	2:E:37:LYS:HE2	1.39	0.85
1:C:301:DT:H4'	1:C:302:DT:H5''	1.61	0.81
1:C:303:DT:C7	2:E:71:ASN:ND2	2.42	0.80
1:C:301:DT:H5''	1:C:302:DT:OP1	1.84	0.77
2:E:38:ASP:HB2	2:E:39:ARG:NH2	2.00	0.76
1:C:303:DT:C7	2:E:111:GLU:OE1	2.33	0.76
1:C:300:DT:H71	2:E:39:ARG:HD2	1.69	0.74
1:C:300:DT:C7	1:C:300:DT:OP1	2.32	0.74
2:E:34:ASN:ND2	2:E:37:LYS:HE2	2.08	0.68
2:E:61:LYS:HB3	2:E:74:GLN:HB3	1.76	0.68
2:E:27:ASN:OD1	2:E:96:ALA:HA	1.94	0.66
2:E:65:CYS:HB2	2:E:69:GLN:H	1.60	0.66
1:C:300:DT:C7	2:E:39:ARG:HD2	2.16	0.66
2:E:92:TYR:CD1	2:E:93:PRO:HA	2.31	0.65
2:E:53:ASP:O	2:E:56:ALA:HB3	1.97	0.64
2:E:107:ILE:N	2:E:107:ILE:CD1	2.62	0.63

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:300:DT:OP1	2:E:39:ARG:HB3	1.99	0.62
1:C:301:DT:C5'	1:C:302:DT:OP1	2.46	0.62
2:E:106:ILE:C	2:E:107:ILE:HD12	2.20	0.61
1:C:302:DT:O2	2:E:12:HIS:CE1	2.54	0.61
1:C:302:DT:H4'	1:C:303:DT:OP2	2.02	0.59
2:E:86:GLU:HA	2:E:97:TYR:CD1	2.38	0.58
1:C:302:DT:C4'	1:C:303:DT:OP2	2.51	0.57
1:C:300:DT:H2''	1:C:301:DT:OP1	2.04	0.56
1:C:302:DT:H3	2:E:45:THR:HG23	1.70	0.56
1:C:300:DT:O2	1:C:302:DT:OP2	2.24	0.56
2:E:107:ILE:HD12	2:E:107:ILE:N	2.21	0.56
1:C:301:DT:C4'	1:C:302:DT:OP1	2.54	0.55
2:E:54:VAL:O	2:E:57:VAL:CG2	2.40	0.55
2:E:43:VAL:HA	2:E:84:CYS:O	2.06	0.55
2:E:61:LYS:O	2:E:73:TYR:HA	2.08	0.54
1:C:301:DT:H3'	1:C:301:DT:OP1	2.08	0.53
2:E:38:ASP:HB2	2:E:39:ARG:CZ	2.39	0.52
2:E:65:CYS:SG	2:E:69:GLN:HB3	2.51	0.51
2:E:80:SER:HA	2:E:102:ALA:O	2.11	0.51
2:E:81:ILE:HD11	2:E:104:LYS:HG3	1.91	0.51
2:E:2:GLU:OE1	2:E:10:ARG:NH1	2.44	0.50
1:C:301:DT:H4'	1:C:302:DT:C5'	2.35	0.50
1:C:302:DT:H2''	2:E:120:PHE:O	2.12	0.50
2:E:57:VAL:O	2:E:73:TYR:HB3	2.11	0.49
2:E:31:LYS:HA	2:E:36:THR:OG1	2.12	0.49
1:C:302:DT:O2	2:E:12:HIS:HE1	1.95	0.49
2:E:29:MET:HA	2:E:32:SER:HB2	1.96	0.48
1:C:300:DT:OP1	2:E:39:ARG:CB	2.63	0.47
1:C:303:DT:H5'	2:E:119:HIS:HA	1.95	0.47
2:E:25:TYR:CE2	2:E:82:THR:HG21	2.50	0.46
2:E:34:ASN:ND2	2:E:37:LYS:CE	2.79	0.46
2:E:58:CYS:HB3	2:E:115:TYR:CD2	2.52	0.45
1:C:301:DT:P	2:E:42:PRO:HG2	2.57	0.45
2:E:38:ASP:CB	2:E:39:ARG:NH2	2.76	0.45
1:C:300:DT:OP1	2:E:39:ARG:HA	2.18	0.44
1:C:300:DT:OP1	2:E:39:ARG:HD3	2.18	0.44
2:E:24:ASN:O	2:E:27:ASN:N	2.50	0.44
1:C:301:DT:H4'	1:C:302:DT:OP1	2.18	0.43
2:E:15:SER:OG	2:E:50:SER:HA	2.18	0.43
1:C:300:DT:C2'	1:C:301:DT:OP1	2.67	0.43
2:E:79:MET:CE	2:E:106:ILE:HD11	2.49	0.42

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:303:DT:H5''	2:E:118:VAL:O	2.18	0.42
2:E:58:CYS:HB3	2:E:115:TYR:HD2	1.83	0.42
2:E:40:CYS:SG	2:E:92:TYR:HB2	2.59	0.42
2:E:101:GLN:NE2	2:E:102:ALA:N	2.67	0.42
2:E:74:GLN:OE1	2:E:105:HIS:HB3	2.19	0.42
2:E:48:HIS:HB2	2:E:80:SER:OG	2.18	0.42
1:C:300:DT:H72	2:E:39:ARG:NE	2.29	0.42
2:E:54:VAL:HG22	2:E:79:MET:HE3	2.01	0.42
1:C:303:DT:H5'	2:E:119:HIS:CB	2.50	0.41
1:C:302:DT:H3	2:E:45:THR:CG2	2.34	0.41
2:E:57:VAL:CG1	2:E:75:SER:HA	2.50	0.41
2:E:78:THR:HA	2:E:104:LYS:O	2.22	0.40
2:E:9:GLU:O	2:E:13:MET:HB2	2.20	0.40

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:E:66:LYS:O	2:E:101:GLN:NE2[4_457]	2.17	0.03

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
2	E	122/124 (98%)	108 (88%)	12 (10%)	2 (2%)	9 17

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	E	89	SER
2	E	93	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
2	E	109/109 (100%)	87 (80%)	22 (20%)	1 2

All (22) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	E	2	GLU
2	E	3	THR
2	E	16	SER
2	E	31	LYS
2	E	37	LYS
2	E	39	ARG
2	E	40	CYS
2	E	43	VAL
2	E	45	THR
2	E	55	GLN
2	E	57	VAL
2	E	59	SER
2	E	70	THR
2	E	77	SER
2	E	78	THR
2	E	79	MET
2	E	91	LYS
2	E	94	ASN
2	E	100	THR
2	E	107	ILE
2	E	113	ASN
2	E	124	VAL

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	E	34	ASN
2	E	55	GLN
2	E	71	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	C	4/4 (100%)	2.90	2 (50%) 0 0	26, 39, 40, 41	0
2	E	124/124 (100%)	-0.20	1 (0%) 86 87	1, 5, 15, 28	0
All	All	128/128 (100%)	-0.10	3 (2%) 60 63	1, 5, 19, 41	0

All (3) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	C	300	DT	5.7
1	C	301	DT	3.3
2	E	39	ARG	3.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.