

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### May 22, 2020 – 01:21 am BST

seudomonas aeruginosa
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This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

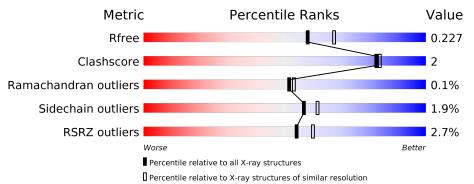
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
$\mathrm{EDS}$	:	2.11
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
$\operatorname{Refmac}$	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044  (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.11

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.11 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries},{ m resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
R <sub>free</sub>	130704	6241 (2.14-2.10)
Clashscore	141614	6778 (2.14-2.10)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6705 (2.14-2.10)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6706 (2.14-2.10)
RSRZ outliers	127900	6112 (2.14-2.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	А	544	3% 81% 6%	13%
1	В	544	% 	15%



# 2 Entry composition (i)

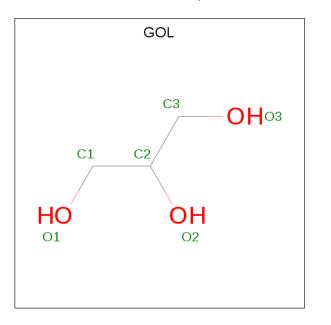
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8161 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	Δ	472	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	0	1	0
		472	3868	2467	713	679	9			
1	D	460	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	0	0	0
	D	400	3773	2406	696	664	7	0	0	0

• Molecule 1 is a protein called PvdP.

• Molecule 2 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula:  $C_3H_8O_3$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} {\rm Total} & {\rm C} & {\rm O} \\ 6 & 3 & 3 \end{array}$	0	0
2	В	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total}  \text{C}  \text{O} \\ 6  3  3 \end{array}$	0	0

• Molecule 3 is water.

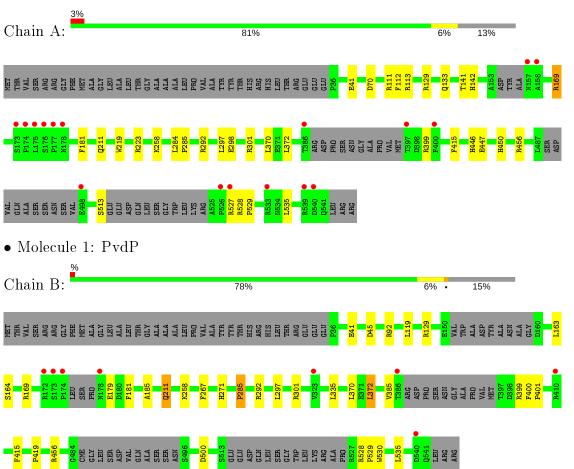


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	А	295	Total O 295 295	0	0
3	В	213	Total O 213 213	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: PvdP



## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	44.16Å 112.62Å 100.27Å	Deperitor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $92.71^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	49.13 - 2.11	Depositor
Resolution (A)	49.08 - 2.11	EDS
% Data completeness	99.2 (49.13-2.11)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	$99.3 \ (49.08 - 2.11)$	EDS
R <sub>merge</sub>	0.08	Depositor
R <sub>sym</sub>	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$1.10 (at 2.10 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	$\overline{\text{REFMAC}}$ 5.8.0257	Depositor
D D .	0.169 , $0.220$	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.178 , $0.227$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2896 reflections $(5.18\%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	31.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.055	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.35 , $35.7$	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$<  L  > = 0.50, < L^2 > = 0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.032 for h,-k,-l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	8161	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	35.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.29% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GOL, CME

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	А	0.75	2/3983~(0.1%)	0.86	5/5413~(0.1%)	
1	В	0.72	1/3893~(0.0%)	0.85	4/5287~(0.1%)	
All	All	0.73	3/7876~(0.0%)	0.86	9/10700~(0.1%)	

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
1	В	285	PRO	N-CA	11.90	1.67	1.47
1	А	285	PRO	N-CA	11.45	1.66	1.47
1	А	284	LEU	C-N	5.02	1.43	1.34

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	А	285	PRO	CA-N-CD	-6.44	102.48	111.50
1	В	285	PRO	CA-N-CD	-6.28	102.71	111.50
1	А	285	PRO	N-CA-C	-6.01	96.47	112.10
1	В	285	PRO	N-CA-C	-5.76	97.13	112.10
1	В	456	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.62	123.11	120.30
1	В	399	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.59	117.51	120.30
1	А	399	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-5.20	117.70	120.30
1	А	169	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	5.17	122.89	120.30
1	А	456	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.03	122.81	120.30

All (9) bond angle outliers are listed below:

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.



#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	3868	0	3698	16	0
1	В	3773	0	3610	22	0
2	А	6	0	8	0	0
2	В	6	0	8	0	0
3	А	295	0	0	1	0
3	В	213	0	0	2	0
All	All	8161	0	7324	37	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

All (37) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	$distance ( { m \AA} )$	overlap (Å)
1:B:285:PRO:CA	1:B:285:PRO:N	1.67	1.38
1:B:271:HIS:HE1	3:B:701:HOH:O	1.61	0.82
1:B:211:GLN:H	1:B:211:GLN:HE21	1.35	0.75
1:B:285:PRO:C	1:B:285:PRO:N	2.40	0.74
1:B:45:ASP:OD2	1:B:92:ARG:NH2	2.33	0.62
1:A:70:ASP:O	1:A:169:ARG:NH1	2.29	0.60
1:B:45:ASP:OD2	1:B:92:ARG:CZ	2.53	0.56
1:A:415:PHE:HE2	1:A:529:PRO:HB3	1.72	0.55
1:B:92:ARG:HD2	3:B:762:HOH:O	2.06	0.55
1:B:267:PHE:O	1:B:271:HIS:HD2	1.91	0.54
1:A:415:PHE:CE2	1:A:529:PRO:HB3	2.45	0.51
1:A:219:TRP:CZ3	1:A:223:ARG:HD3	2.46	0.51
1:B:400:PHE:CD1	1:B:401:PRO:HD2	2.48	0.49
1:A:528:ARG:NH1	1:A:535:LEU:HD21	2.29	0.48
1:A:528:ARG:CZ	1:A:535:LEU:HD21	2.44	0.48
1:A:298:GLU:HB3	1:B:292:ARG:HD2	1.96	0.48
1:A:111:ARG:HG3	1:A:112:PHE:CE2	2.50	0.47
1:A:297:LEU:HD12	1:A:301:ARG:HA	1.97	0.45
1:B:297:LEU:HD12	1:B:301:ARG:HA	1.98	0.45
1:B:415:PHE:HE2	1:B:529:PRO:HB3	1.81	0.45
1:B:415:PHE:CE2	1:B:529:PRO:HB3	2.52	0.45

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${ m distance}~({ m \AA})$	overlap (Å)
1:A:141:THR:OG1	1:A:142:HIS:HD2	2.00	0.44
1:A:370:LEU:C	1:A:370:LEU:HD23	2.37	0.44
1:B:92:ARG:CZ	1:B:119:LEU:HD11	2.48	0.44
1:B:370:LEU:C	1:B:370:LEU:HD23	2.38	0.44
1:B:92:ARG:NH2	1:B:119:LEU:HD11	2.34	0.43
1:A:113:ARG:HE	1:A:133:GLN:NE2	2.17	0.42
1:A:142:HIS:HE1	3:A:752:HOH:O	2.02	0.42
1:B:528:ARG:CZ	1:B:535:LEU:HD21	2.50	0.42
1:B:419:PRO:HD3	1:B:530:TRP:CD1	2.55	0.41
1:A:258:LYS:HD2	1:A:372:LEU:HD21	2.02	0.41
1:B:169:ARG:HD2	1:B:179:GLU:OE1	2.20	0.41
1:B:163:LEU:HB2	1:B:185:ALA:HB3	2.02	0.41
1:B:258:LYS:HD2	1:B:372:LEU:HD21	2.01	0.41
1:A:535:LEU:HD12	1:A:535:LEU:C	2.41	0.40
1:B:335:LEU:C	1:B:335:LEU:HD12	2.42	0.40
1:A:446:HIS:O	1:A:450:HIS:N	2.48	0.40

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There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	462/544~(85%)	451 (98%)	11 (2%)	0	100 100
1	В	448/544~(82%)	433~(97%)	14 (3%)	1 (0%)	47 48
All	All	910/1088~(84%)	884 (97%)	25 (3%)	1 (0%)	51 53

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	385	VAL



#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric Outlier		Percentiles		
1	А	397/454~(87%)	389~(98%)	8 (2%)	55 59		
1	В	390/454~(86%)	383~(98%)	7 (2%)	59 63		
All	All	787/908~(87%)	772~(98%)	15~(2%)	57 61		

All (15) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	41	GLU
1	А	129	ARG
1	А	181	PHE
1	А	211	GLN
1	А	292	ARG
1	А	447	GLU
1	А	513	SER
1	А	527	ARG
1	В	41	GLU
1	В	129	ARG
1	В	164	SER
1	В	181	PHE
1	В	211	GLN
1	В	372	LEU
1	В	500	ASP

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (11) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	133	GLN
1	А	142	HIS
1	А	212	HIS
1	А	217	GLN
1	А	432	HIS
1	В	133	GLN
1	В	211	GLN

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Mol	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Type
1	В	217	GLN
1	В	271	HIS
1	В	353	GLN
1	В	432	HIS

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	B	ond leng	gths	В	ond ang	gles
10101	туре	Ullalli	nes	LINK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
1	CME	А	485	1	$^{8,9,10}$	0.67	0	$5,\!9,\!11$	0.44	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	CME	А	485	1	-	0/5/8/10	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.



#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Turne	Chain	Res Link		B	ond leng	$\operatorname{gths}$	В	ond ang	gles
	Type	Chain	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
2	GOL	В	601	-	5, 5, 5	0.27	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.81	0
2	GOL	А	601	-	5, 5, 5	0.16	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.51	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

M	lol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
	2	GOL	В	601	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
	2	GOL	А	601	-	-	2/4/4/4	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	А	601	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
2	А	601	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.



## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	#RSRZ $>2$	$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	А	471/544~(86%)	-0.06	17 (3%) 42 49	20, 28, 64, 116	0
1	В	460/544~(84%)	-0.05	8 (1%) 70 74	21, 34, 64, 100	0
All	All	931/1088~(85%)	-0.06	25 (2%) 54 60	20, 31, 64, 116	0

All (25) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	А	174	PRO	7.6
1	А	175	LEU	7.1
1	А	526	PRO	3.6
1	А	157	ASN	3.1
1	А	527	ARG	2.9
1	А	539	ARG	2.9
1	А	533	ARG	2.9
1	В	172	ARG	2.9
1	В	410	ARG	2.9
1	А	177	PRO	2.9
1	А	176	SER	2.8
1	А	498	GLU	2.8
1	А	397	THR	2.7
1	А	173	SER	2.6
1	В	174	PRO	2.6
1	А	386	THR	2.6
1	А	540	ASP	2.5
1	А	158	ALA	2.5
1	А	400	PHE	2.4
1	В	323	VAL	2.3
1	В	540	ASP	2.2
1	А	178	ASN	2.2
1	В	173	SER	2.2
1	В	178	ASN	2.1

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Mol	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Type	RSRZ
1	В	386	THR	2.0

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathbf{A}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	CME	А	485	10/11	0.90	0.17	$31,\!38,\!50,\!56$	0

#### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathbf{\AA}^2)$	$Q{<}0.9$
2	GOL	А	601	6/6	0.80	0.19	$41,\!46,\!51,\!52$	0
2	GOL	В	601	6/6	0.82	0.21	$43,\!50,\!54,\!55$	0

### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

