

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

May 29, 2024 – 04:24 PM EDT

PDB ID : 1RHS

Title : SULFUR-SUBSTITUTED RHODANESE

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Deposited on : 1997-07-16

Resolution : 1.36 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.36.2

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

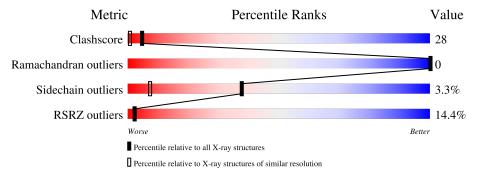
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.36 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
Clashscore	141614	1551 (1.38-1.34)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1530 (1.38-1.34)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1530 (1.38-1.34)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1487 (1.38-1.34)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain			
			14%			
1	A	296	72%	23%	• • •	



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2733 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called SULFUR-SUBSTITUTED RHODANESE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	293	Total 2326	C 1486	N 405	O 425	S 10	0	0	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	247	CSS	CYS	conflict	UNP P00586

• Molecule 2 is water.

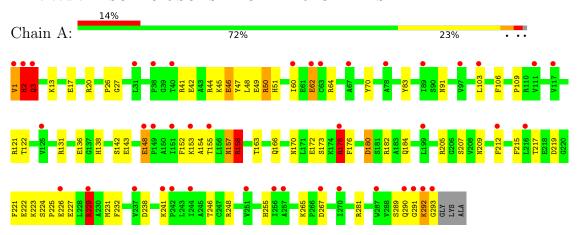
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	407	Total O 407 407	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: SULFUR-SUBSTITUTED RHODANESE





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	154.36Å 49.31Å 41.68Å	Donogitor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 99.81° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	25.00 - 1.36	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	28.52 - 1.31	EDS
% Data completeness	74.0 (25.00-1.36)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	66.4 (28.52-1.31)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.07	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.07	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	0.63 (at 1.30Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	SHELXL-93	Depositor
P. P.	0.169 , 0.229	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.203 , (Not available)	DCC
R_{free} test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (\mathring{A}^2)	5.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.955	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.55, 70.4	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L >=0.51, < L^2>=0.35$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	2733	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	19.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 7.55% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CSS

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles	
MIOI	Mol Chain RMSZ		# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	1.33	$10/2385 \ (0.4\%)$	1.66	38/3235 (1.2%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	1	6

The worst 5 of 10 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
1	A	17	GLU	CD-OE2	-6.95	1.18	1.25
1	A	148	GLU	CD-OE2	6.74	1.33	1.25
1	A	148	GLU	CB-CG	-6.01	1.40	1.52
1	A	175	ARG	CZ-NH1	5.95	1.40	1.33
1	A	148	GLU	CG-CD	-5.86	1.43	1.51

The worst 5 of 38 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\mathrm{Ideal}(^{o})$
1	A	205	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	16.43	128.51	120.30
1	A	281	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-15.69	112.46	120.30
1	A	175	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	15.36	127.98	120.30
1	A	148	GLU	CB-CG-CD	14.63	153.71	114.20
1	A	158	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	13.59	127.09	120.30

All (1) chirality outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
1	A	1	VAL	CA

5 of 6 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	1	VAL	Peptide
1	A	131	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	158	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	175	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	229	ARG	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2326	0	2262	128	9
2	A	407	0	0	56	8
All	All	2733	0	2262	128	10

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 28.

The worst 5 of 128 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	$egin{aligned} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
1:A:2:HIS:NE2	1:A:121:ARG:CD	1.81	1.41
1:A:2:HIS:NE2	1:A:121:ARG:HD2	1.11	1.38
1:A:229:ARG:HH11	1:A:229:ARG:CB	1.49	1.24
1:A:223:LYS:HB3	2:A:346:HOH:O	1.34	1.24
1:A:229:ARG:HB3	1:A:229:ARG:NH1	1.52	1.24

The worst 5 of 10 symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} (\rm \mathring{A}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
1:A:172:GLU:OE2	1:A:172:GLU:OE2[2_657]	0.93	1.27

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Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance (Å)} \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:42:GLU:CG	2:A:527:HOH:O[4_557]	1.01	1.19
1:A:45:LYS:CB	2:A:663:HOH:O[4_557]	1.07	1.13
1:A:42:GLU:CB	2:A:527:HOH:O[4_557]	1.36	0.84
1:A:45:LYS:CG	2:A:663:HOH:O[4_557]	1.36	0.84

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	290/296 (98%)	277 (96%)	13 (4%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	244/245 (100%)	236 (97%)	8 (3%)	38 7

5 of 8 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	292	LYS
1	A	229	ARG
1	A	157	ASN
1	A	148	GLU
1	A	158	ARG



Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 10 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	191	GLN
1	A	209	ASN
1	A	255	HIS
1	A	138	HIS
1	A	157	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	B	ond leng	$_{ m gths}$	В	ond ang	gles
MIOI	туре	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
1	CSS	A	247	1	4,6,7	0.93	0	1,6,8	0.17	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

\mathbf{Mol}	\mathbf{Type}	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	CSS	A	247	1	-	0/1/5/7	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.



No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$		$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	292/296 (98%)	1.44	42 (14%) 2	2	11, 16, 26, 114	0

The worst 5 of 42 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	1	VAL	26.6
1	A	2	HIS	14.8
1	A	293	GLY	14.7
1	A	291	GLY	12.8
1	A	292	LYS	10.3

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	CSS	A	247	7/8	0.99	0.11	11,11,12,13	0

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.



6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

