

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Oct 16, 2021 – 10:48 PM EDT

PDB ID : 1RB6

Title : ANTIPARALLEL TRIMER OF GCN4-LEUCINE ZIPPER CORE MUTANT

AS N16A TETRAGONAL FORM

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Deposited on : 2003-11-01

Resolution : 1.90 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.23.2

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

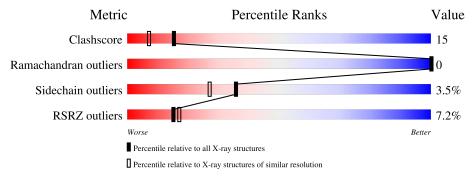
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.23.2

### 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Menic	(# Entries)	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}( ext{Å}))$
Clashscore	141614	6847 (1.90-1.90)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6760 (1.90-1.90)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6760 (1.90-1.90)
RSRZ outliers	127900	6082 (1.90-1.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain			
1	A	34	74%	24	%	•
1	В	34	76%	18%	6	6%
1	С	34	74%	12%	9%	6%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	CL	A	808	-	-	X	-



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1031 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called General control protein GCN4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace			
1	A	34	Total	С	N	О	S	0	10	1	
1	Λ	94	299	188	53	56	2		10	1	
1	D	34	Total	С	N	О	S	0	7	0	
1	Б	D   34	292	184	53	53	2	0			
1	1 C	32	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0	
1		32	275	173	50	50	2	0	9	U	

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	16	ALA	ASN	engineered mutation	UNP P03069
В	16	ALA	ASN	engineered mutation	UNP P03069
С	16	ALA	ASN	engineered mutation	UNP P03069

• Molecule 2 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	3	Total Cl 3 3	0	0
2	В	5	Total Cl 6 6	0	1

• Molecule 3 is POTASSIUM ION (three-letter code: K) (formula: K).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	В	1	Total K 1 1	0	0
3	С	1	Total K 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 4 is water.



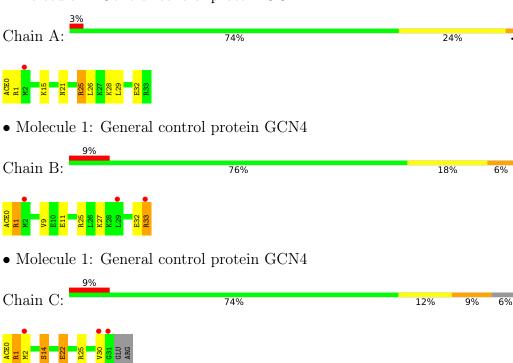
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	57	Total O 61 61	0	4
4	В	52	Total O 54 54	0	4
4	С	37	Total O 39 39	0	2



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: General control protein GCN4





### 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 43 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants	64.95Å 64.95Å 78.01Å	Donositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	15.00 - 1.90	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	20.86 - 1.80	EDS
% Data completeness	(Not available) (15.00-1.90)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.1 (20.86-1.80)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.16 (at 1.80Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 26/11/99	Depositor
D D.	0.223 , 0.241	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.228 , (Not available)	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	23.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.104	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.25 , 52.7	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	1031	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	28.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 19.83 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 9.9404e-03. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: K, CL, ACE

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
		RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.71	0/327	1.47	4/431~(0.9%)	
1	В	0.70	0/295	1.66	$7/390 \ (1.8\%)$	
1	С	0.72	0/292	1.60	$4/387 \ (1.0\%)$	
All	All	0.71	0/914	1.58	$15/1208 \; (1.2\%)$	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	С	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (15) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	0	ACE	O-C-N	14.09	145.25	122.70
1	В	0	ACE	O-C-N	11.46	141.03	122.70
1	В	33	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	9.29	124.94	120.30
1	В	1	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-9.12	115.74	120.30
1	С	1	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	7.00	123.80	120.30
1	С	22[A]	GLU	CG-CD-OE1	-6.81	104.67	118.30
1	С	22[B]	GLU	CG-CD-OE1	-6.81	104.67	118.30
1	A	0	ACE	C-N-CA	6.35	137.58	121.70
1	В	25	ARG	CD-NE-CZ	6.15	132.21	123.60
1	A	25	ARG	CD-NE-CZ	6.13	132.18	123.60
1	С	14	SER	CB-CA-C	5.60	120.73	110.10
1	В	1	ARG	N-CA-CB	5.43	120.38	110.60
1	A	25	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.36	122.98	120.30

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Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	В	1	ARG	NH1-CZ-NH2	5.16	125.07	119.40
1	В	11	GLU	CG-CD-OE1	5.01	128.32	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain			Group
1	$^{\mathrm{C}}$	30[B]	VAL	Mainchain

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	299	0	307	16	2
1	В	292	0	295	4	1
1	С	275	0	276	16	1
2	A	3	0	0	0	2
2	В	6	0	0	1	0
3	В	1	0	0	0	0
3	С	1	0	0	0	0
4	A	61	0	0	3	0
4	В	54	0	0	1	0
4	С	39	0	0	0	0
All	All	1031	0	878	26	3

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 15.

All (26) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:26[A]:LEU:HG	1:C:2[A]:MET:CE	1.40	1.48
1:A:26[A]:LEU:CG	1:C:2[A]:MET:HE1	1.62	1.27
1:A:26[A]:LEU:CG	1:C:2[A]:MET:CE	2.24	1.08
1:C:22[B]:GLU:OE2	1:C:25[B]:ARG:NH1	1.97	0.98

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Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:26[A]:LEU:CG	1:C:2[A]:MET:HE3	2.12	0.78
1:A:26[A]:LEU:CD2	1:C:2[A]:MET:HE3	2.16	0.75
1:B:33:ARG:CB	1:B:33:ARG:N	2.51	0.73
1:A:26[A]:LEU:CD2	1:C:2[A]:MET:CE	2.68	0.71
1:A:26[A]:LEU:HD23	1:C:2[A]:MET:HE3	1.73	0.68
1:A:21:ASN:HB3	1:A:25:ARG:HH12	1.61	0.64
1:A:26[A]:LEU:HG	1:C:2[A]:MET:HE1	0.66	0.63
1:A:21:ASN:HB3	1:A:25:ARG:NH1	2.18	0.58
1:C:22[A]:GLU:HG2	1:C:25[A]:ARG:NH2	2.20	0.56
1:B:1:ARG:NH2	1:C:22[B]:GLU:OE1	2.41	0.53
1:C:0:ACE:CH3	1:C:1:ARG:C	2.81	0.49
1:C:0:ACE:H2	1:C:1:ARG:C	2.33	0.48
1:A:15[B]:LYS:HE3	2:B:804:CL:CL	2.51	0.47
4:A:947:HOH:O	1:B:27[A]:LYS:HE2	2.14	0.46
1:A:26[B]:LEU:HB3	1:C:2[B]:MET:HE1	1.99	0.45
1:A:28[A]:LYS:HG3	4:A:929:HOH:O	2.17	0.44
1:A:28[B]:LYS:HG3	4:A:929:HOH:O	2.17	0.44
1:A:29:LEU:HD12	4:B:938:HOH:O	2.18	0.44
1:B:32:GLU:C	1:B:33:ARG:CB	2.87	0.42

All (3) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
1:A:32[A]:GLU:OE2	2:A:808:CL:CL[8_655]	0.62	1.58
1:A:32[A]:GLU:CD	2:A:808:CL:CL[8_655]	1.50	0.70
1:B:32:GLU:O	1:C:25[B]:ARG:NH2[8_655]	2.18	0.02

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	39/34 (115%)	38 (97%)	1 (3%)	0	100	100
1	В	35/34 (103%)	35 (100%)	0	0	100	100
1	С	34/34 (100%)	32 (94%)	2 (6%)	0	100	100
All	All	108/102 (106%)	105 (97%)	3 (3%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	36/30 (120%)	35 (97%)	1 (3%)	43 36		
1	В	31/30 (103%)	30 (97%)	1 (3%)	39 30		
1	С	32/30 (107%)	31 (97%)	1 (3%)	40 32		
All	All	99/90 (110%)	96 (97%)	3 (3%)	36 33		

All (3) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	1	ARG
1	В	9	VAL
1	С	14	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 11 ligands modelled in this entry, 11 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

#### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



### 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	# RSRZ >	·2	$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	33/34~(97%)	0.11	1 (3%) 50	53	15, 24, 38, 52	4 (12%)
1	В	33/34 (97%)	0.16	3 (9%) 9	10	15, 23, 37, 50	4 (12%)
1	С	31/34 (91%)	0.46	3 (9%) 7	9	15, 23, 43, 45	5 (16%)
All	All	97/102 (95%)	0.24	7 (7%) 15	17	15, 24, 43, 52	13 (13%)

All (7) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	С	2[A]	MET	4.1
1	A	2[A]	MET	3.7
1	В	2[A]	MET	2.7
1	С	31	GLY	2.7
1	С	30[A]	VAL	2.3
1	В	29[A]	LEU	2.2
1	В	33	ARG	2.1

#### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum,



median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	CL	A	808	1/1	0.82	0.08	50,50,50,50	0
2	CL	A	806	1/1	0.84	0.12	65,65,65,65	0
2	CL	A	810	1/1	0.85	0.32	44,44,44,44	0
2	CL	В	809	1/1	0.92	0.14	45,45,45,45	0
2	CL	В	805	1/1	0.93	0.10	40,40,40,40	0
2	CL	В	803[A]	1/1	0.94	0.09	22,22,22,22	1
2	CL	В	803[B]	1/1	0.94	0.09	27,27,27,27	1
2	CL	В	811	1/1	0.97	0.10	30,30,30,30	0
2	CL	В	804	1/1	0.98	0.04	28,28,28,28	0
3	K	С	801	1/1	0.98	0.06	30,30,30,30	0
3	K	В	802	1/1	0.99	0.05	29,29,29,29	0

### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

