

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Jan 22, 2023 – 12:17 am GMT

PDB ID : 7QUO

Title: FimH lectin domain in complex with oligomannose-6

Authors: Bouckaert, J.; Bourenkov, G.P.

Deposited on : 2022-01-18

Resolution : 3.00 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.31.3 buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

 $\begin{tabular}{lll} CCP4 & : & 7.0.044 & (Gargrove) \end{tabular}$ 

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

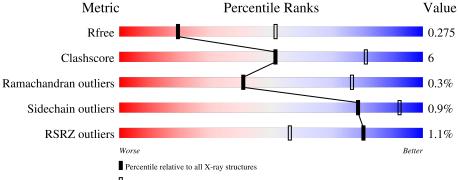
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.31.3

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Percentile relative to X-ray structures of similar resolution

Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\#  ext{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}( ext{Å}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	2092 (3.00-3.00)
Clashscore	141614	2416 (3.00-3.00)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2333 (3.00-3.00)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2336 (3.00-3.00)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1990 (3.00-3.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Qu	ality of chain	
1	A	158		91%	9% •
1	В	158	78%		21% •
1	С	158	85	· %	15%
1	D	158		90%	10%
2	Е	8	38%	50%	12%

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Mol	Chain	Length		Quality of chain	
2	F	8	25%	62%	12%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	MAN	Е	5	-	-	-	X
2	MAN	F	4	-	-	-	X



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 9971 atoms, of which 4818 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called FimH.

Mol	Chain	Residues			Atom	ıs			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	158	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	Λ	190	2359	763	1163	197	234	2	U		
1	В	158	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	Ъ	190	2360	763	1164	197	234	2			
1	С	158	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0	0	0
1		190	2360	763	1164	197	234	2	0		
1	D	158	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	ש	100	2359	763	1163	197	234	2	U	U	U

• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
9	E	0	Total	С	Н	N	О	0	0	0
2	2 E	0	177	52	82	2	41	U	U	
9	E	0	Total	С	Н	N	О	0	0	0
2	Z F	r 8	177	52	82	2	41	U		

• Molecule 3 is NICKEL (II) ION (three-letter code: NI) (formula: Ni) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

$\mathbf{M}$	ol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	}	A	1	Total Ni 1 1	0	0
3	3	В	1	Total Ni 1 1	0	0

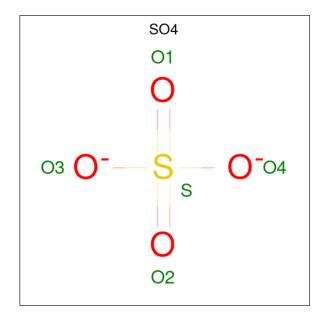
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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	С	1	Total Ni 1 1	0	0
3	D	1	Total Ni 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 4 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula:  $O_4S$ ) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	D	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
4	D	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0

• Molecule 5 is water.

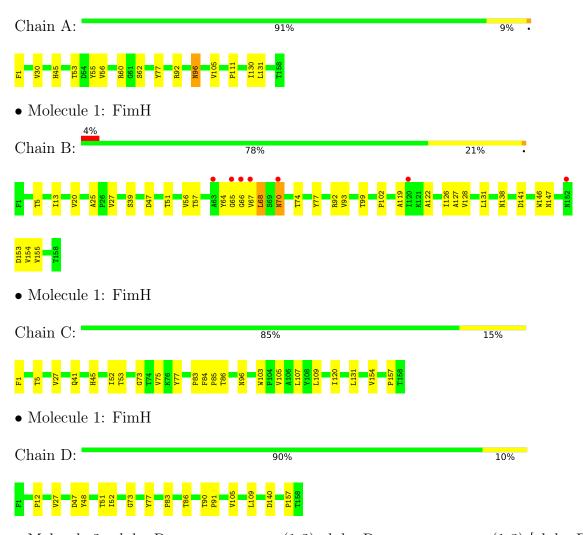
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	47	Total O 47 47	0	0
5	В	37	Total O 37 37	0	0
5	С	47	Total O 47 47	0	0
5	D	34	Total O 34 34	0	0



## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: FimH



• Molecule 2: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)] alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)] beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-g

Chain E: 38% 50% 12%





 $\bullet \ \, \text{Molecule 2: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]} \\ \, \text{defa-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]} \\ \, \text{defa-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]} \\ \, \text{defa-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)} \\ \, \text{defa-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D$ 

Chain F: 25% 62% 12%



# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 61 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants	153.11Å 153.11Å 230.41Å	Donositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	114.92 - 3.00	Depositor
resolution (A)	114.93 - 3.00	EDS
% Data completeness	99.8 (114.92-3.00)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.8 (114.93-3.00)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.68	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.05  (at  3.01Å)	
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0350, PHENIX 1.19.2_4158	Depositor
P.P.	0.236 , $0.276$	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.243 , $0.275$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1992 reflections (6.12%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	30.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.000	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.42, 54.2	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L > = 0.48, < L^2> = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.87	EDS
Total number of atoms	9971	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	44.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.89% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: BMA, SO4, NAG, NI, MAN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI		RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.28	0/1226	0.58	0/1684	
1	В	0.37	0/1226	0.60	0/1684	
1	С	0.28	0/1226	0.55	0/1684	
1	D	0.28	0/1226	0.55	0/1684	
All	All	0.30	0/4904	0.57	0/6736	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	В	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	В	68	LEU	Peptide

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1196	1163	1164	10	0
1	В	1196	1164	1164	22	0
1	С	1196	1164	1164	15	0
1	D	1196	1163	1164	11	0
2	Ε	95	82	81	2	0
2	F	95	82	81	1	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	В	1	0	0	0	0
3	С	1	0	0	0	0
3	D	1	0	0	0	0
4	D	10	0	0	0	0
5	A	47	0	0	1	0
5	В	37	0	0	2	0
5	С	47	0	0	0	0
5	D	34	0	0	0	0
All	All	5153	4818	4818	55	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (55) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${ m distance}({ m \AA})$	overlap (Å)
1:C:52:ILE:HD11	2:E:8:MAN:H61	1.64	0.78
1:D:83:PRO:O	1:D:86:THR:HG22	1.91	0.70
1:C:83:PRO:O	1:C:86:THR:HG22	1.93	0.69
1:A:77:TYR:HD1	1:A:105:VAL:HG22	1.64	0.63
1:A:77:TYR:CD1	1:A:105:VAL:HG22	2.36	0.60
1:B:128:VAL:HG22	1:B:147:ASN:HA	1.86	0.58
1:C:77:TYR:HD1	1:C:105:VAL:HG22	1.71	0.55
1:C:53:THR:HG22	1:C:96:ASN:HB3	1.89	0.55
1:B:27:VAL:HA	1:B:155:VAL:O	2.07	0.54
1:B:5:THR:HG21	1:B:20:VAL:HG22	1.92	0.51
1:B:77:TYR:CE2	1:B:93:VAL:HG23	2.46	0.50
1:C:27:VAL:HG23	1:C:157:PRO:HD3	1.94	0.50
1:C:75:VAL:HG23	1:C:107:LEU:HD23	1.93	0.49
1:A:60:ARG:NH1	1:A:62:SER:OG	2.45	0.49
1:C:1:PHE:HA	1:C:45:HIS:O	2.13	0.49
1:C:73:GLY:HA3	1:C:109:LEU:HD23	1.94	0.48
1:B:122:ALA:N	1:B:153:ASP:OD1	2.45	0.48
1:D:77:TYR:CD2	1:D:90:THR:HG21	2.48	0.48
1:B:57:THR:HG22	1:B:92:ARG:HA	1.97	0.47

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Continuea from preu		Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	distance (Å)	overlap(Å)
1:B:154:VAL:O	5:B:301:HOH:O	2.20	0.47
1:A:30:VAL:HA	1:A:111:PRO:HG2	1.97	0.46
1:B:64:TYR:HE2	1:B:128:VAL:HG23	1.81	0.45
1:C:5:THR:HA	1:C:41:GLN:O	2.17	0.45
1:C:52:ILE:HD11	2:E:8:MAN:C6	2.39	0.45
1:B:70:ASN:ND2	1:B:119:ALA:HB1	2.32	0.45
1:C:77:TYR:CD1	1:C:105:VAL:HG22	2.52	0.45
1:B:51:THR:CG2	1:D:12:PRO:HB2	2.48	0.44
1:D:90:THR:HG23	1:D:91:PRO:HD2	1.98	0.44
1:B:64:TYR:CD2	1:B:127:ALA:HA	2.53	0.44
1:A:1:PHE:HA	1:A:45:HIS:O	2.18	0.43
1:A:60:ARG:HG2	1:A:130:ILE:HD12	1.99	0.43
1:B:119:ALA:N	5:B:301:HOH:O	2.40	0.43
1:D:73:GLY:HA3	1:D:109:LEU:HD23	2.01	0.43
1:C:103:TRP:CE2	1:C:131:LEU:HD12	2.54	0.43
1:B:13:ILE:HD11	1:B:47:ASP:OD2	2.18	0.42
1:B:67:VAL:HG23	1:B:126:ILE:HB	2.01	0.42
1:D:27:VAL:HG23	1:D:157:PRO:HD3	2.01	0.42
1:D:48:TYR:HE2	1:D:51:THR:HG1	1.66	0.42
1:A:56:VAL:HG13	1:A:131:LEU:HG	2.01	0.42
1:B:51:THR:HG21	1:D:12:PRO:HB2	2.01	0.42
1:A:55:TYR:HB3	1:A:92:ARG:HD2	2.02	0.42
1:D:77:TYR:HD1	1:D:105:VAL:HG22	1.84	0.42
1:B:25:ALA:O	1:B:154:VAL:HG22	2.19	0.42
1:C:131:LEU:C	1:C:131:LEU:HD23	2.40	0.42
1:B:56:VAL:HG13	1:B:131:LEU:HG	2.02	0.42
1:B:138:ASN:OD1	1:D:140:ASP:OD1	2.38	0.41
1:B:39:SER:O	1:B:102:PRO:HB3	2.20	0.41
1:C:120:ILE:HB	1:C:154:VAL:HB	2.01	0.41
1:C:84:PHE:HA	1:C:85:PRO:C	2.40	0.41
1:D:52:ILE:HD11	2:F:2:NAG:H83	2.02	0.41
1:A:53:THR:HG23	1:A:96:ASN:ND2	2.35	0.41
1:A:92:ARG:NH2	5:A:305:HOH:O	2.52	0.40
1:B:64:TYR:N	1:B:68:LEU:HB2	2.36	0.40
1:B:128:VAL:HA	1:B:146:TRP:O	2.22	0.40
1:B:141:ASP:OD1	1:B:141:ASP:O	2.39	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.



#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	A	$156/158 \; (99\%)$	153 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
1	В	156/158 (99%)	149 (96%)	5 (3%)	2 (1%)	12	45
1	С	$156/158 \; (99\%)$	152 (97%)	4 (3%)	0	100	100
1	D	156/158 (99%)	153 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	$624/632 \ (99\%)$	607 (97%)	15 (2%)	2 (0%)	41	76

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	66	GLY
1	В	65	GLY

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	133/133 (100%)	132 (99%)	1 (1%)	81	93
1	В	133/133 (100%)	130 (98%)	3 (2%)	50	80
1	С	133/133 (100%)	133 (100%)	0	100	100
1	D	133/133 (100%)	132 (99%)	1 (1%)	81	93
All	All	532/532 (100%)	527 (99%)	5 (1%)	78	92

All (5) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	96	ASN
1	В	70	ASN
1	В	74	THR
1	В	99	THR
1	D	47	ASP

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	96	ASN
1	В	70	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

16 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Type Chain	Type	pe Chain	Res	Link	Вс	ond leng	ths	Bond angles		
	Chain		nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	NAG	Е	1	2	15,15,15	0.08	0	21,21,21	0.16	0
2	NAG	Е	2	2	14,14,15	0.31	0	17,19,21	0.56	0
2	BMA	Е	3	2	11,11,12	0.55	0	15,15,17	0.77	0
2	MAN	E	4	2	11,11,12	0.65	0	15,15,17	1.12	2 (13%)
2	MAN	Е	5	2	11,11,12	0.67	0	15,15,17	1.08	2 (13%)
2	MAN	Е	6	2	11,11,12	0.62	0	15,15,17	1.04	1 (6%)
2	MAN	Е	7	2	11,11,12	0.67	0	15,15,17	1.06	2 (13%)



Mol	Mol Type Chai		Chain Res Link		Вс	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Mol Type Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2		
2	MAN	Е	8	2	11,11,12	1.01	1 (9%)	15,15,17	1.13	1 (6%)	
2	NAG	F	1	2	15,15,15	0.10	0	21,21,21	0.13	0	
2	NAG	F	2	2	14,14,15	0.43	0	17,19,21	0.81	1 (5%)	
2	BMA	F	3	2	11,11,12	0.67	0	15,15,17	0.75	0	
2	MAN	F	4	2	11,11,12	0.90	1 (9%)	15,15,17	1.18	2 (13%)	
2	MAN	F	5	2	11,11,12	0.83	1 (9%)	15,15,17	1.02	1 (6%)	
2	MAN	F	6	2	11,11,12	0.61	0	15,15,17	1.08	2 (13%)	
2	MAN	F	7	2	11,11,12	0.58	0	15,15,17	1.05	2 (13%)	
2	MAN	F	8	2	11,11,12	0.66	0	15,15,17	1.08	2 (13%)	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	Е	1	2	-	2/6/26/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	Е	2	2	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	BMA	Е	3	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	E	4	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	Е	5	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	Е	6	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	Е	7	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	E	8	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	F	1	2	-	2/6/26/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	F	2	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	BMA	F	3	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	F	4	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	F	5	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	F	6	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	F	7	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	F	8	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
2	Ε	8	MAN	O5-C1	-2.35	1.40	1.43
2	F	5	MAN	O5-C1	-2.09	1.40	1.43
2	F	4	MAN	O5-C1	-2.05	1.40	1.43



All (18) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	Е	5	MAN	C1-O5-C5	2.80	115.98	112.19
2	Е	7	MAN	C1-O5-C5	2.71	115.87	112.19
2	Е	6	MAN	C1-O5-C5	2.62	115.74	112.19
2	Е	4	MAN	C1-O5-C5	2.55	115.64	112.19
2	F	8	MAN	C1-O5-C5	2.51	115.60	112.19
2	F	7	MAN	C1-O5-C5	2.49	115.57	112.19
2	F	6	MAN	C1-O5-C5	2.49	115.56	112.19
2	Е	8	MAN	C1-O5-C5	2.47	115.54	112.19
2	F	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.40	115.44	112.19
2	F	5	MAN	O2-C2-C3	-2.28	105.57	110.14
2	Е	4	MAN	O2-C2-C3	-2.25	105.63	110.14
2	F	6	MAN	O2-C2-C3	-2.21	105.71	110.14
2	Е	7	MAN	O2-C2-C3	-2.20	105.73	110.14
2	F	4	MAN	O2-C2-C3	-2.19	105.76	110.14
2	Е	5	MAN	O2-C2-C3	-2.17	105.79	110.14
2	F	7	MAN	O2-C2-C3	-2.16	105.82	110.14
2	F	8	MAN	O2-C2-C3	-2.11	105.92	110.14
2	F	4	MAN	O5-C1-C2	2.07	113.97	110.77

There are no chirality outliers.

All (17) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	F	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	Е	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	F	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	Е	4	MAN	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	Е	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	Е	4	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	Е	5	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	Е	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	F	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	Е	5	MAN	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	F	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	Е	8	MAN	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	F	6	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	Е	8	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	F	6	MAN	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	F	3	BMA	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	F	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6



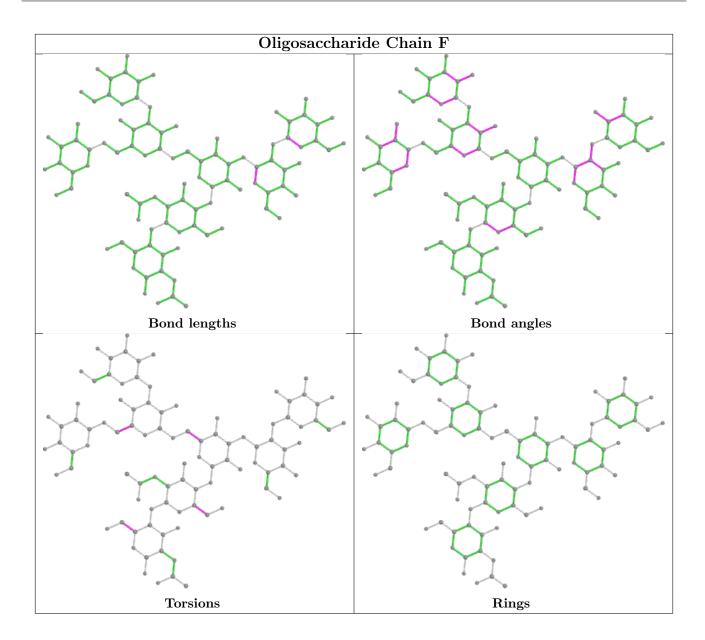
There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	Е	8	MAN	2	0
2	F	2	NAG	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.





## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 6 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Mol Type Chain Res	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles			
MIOI	туре	Chain	rtes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	SO4	D	202	-	4,4,4	0.16	0	6,6,6	0.05	0



	Mol	Type	Chain	Pos	Link	B	ond leng	$_{ m gths}$	Bond angles			
	IVIOI	туре	Chain	$\operatorname{nain} \mid \operatorname{Res} \mid \operatorname{Link} \mid$	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	
Ī	4	SO4	D	203	-	4,4,4	0.15	0	6,6,6	0.05	0	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

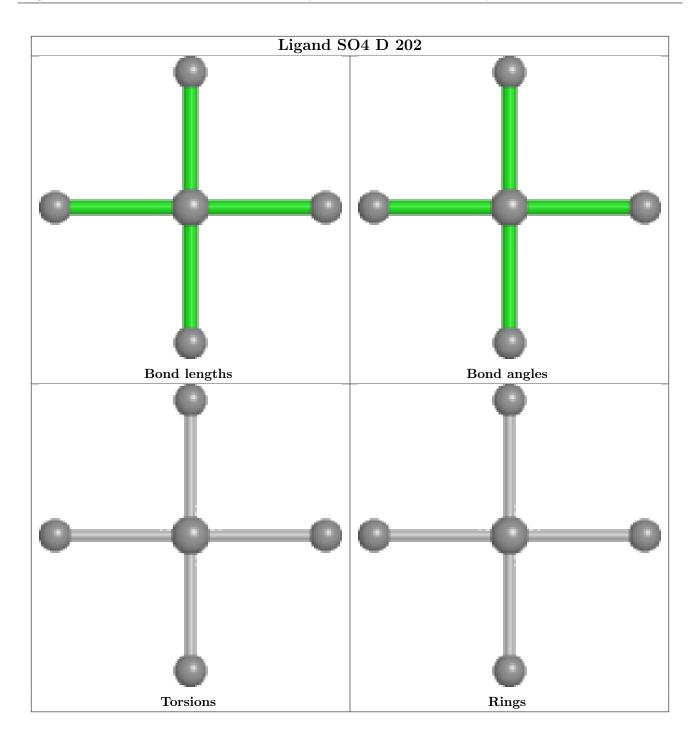
There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

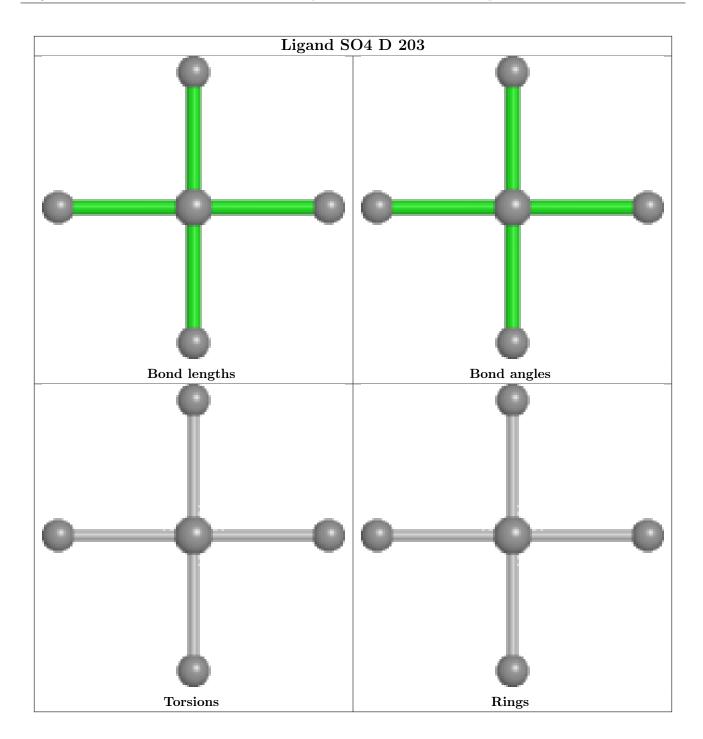
No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.









## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	# RSRZ > 2	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	158/158 (100%)	0.07	0 100 100	19, 31, 49, 68	0
1	В	158/158 (100%)	0.67	7 (4%) 34 13	25, 53, 77, 81	0
1	С	158/158 (100%)	0.15	0 100 100	20, 31, 51, 77	0
1	D	158/158 (100%)	0.31	0 100 100	18, 38, 63, 91	0
All	All	632/632 (100%)	0.30	7 (1%) 80 56	18, 36, 71, 91	0

All (7) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	67	VAL	4.0
1	В	70	ASN	4.0
1	В	66	GLY	3.0
1	В	152	ASN	2.5
1	В	120	ILE	2.4
1	В	63	ALA	2.0
1	В	65	GLY	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

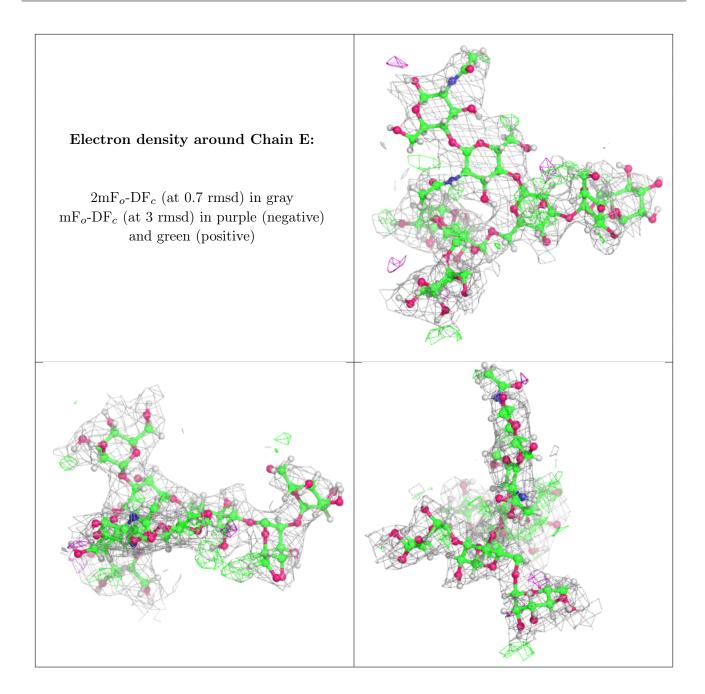
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



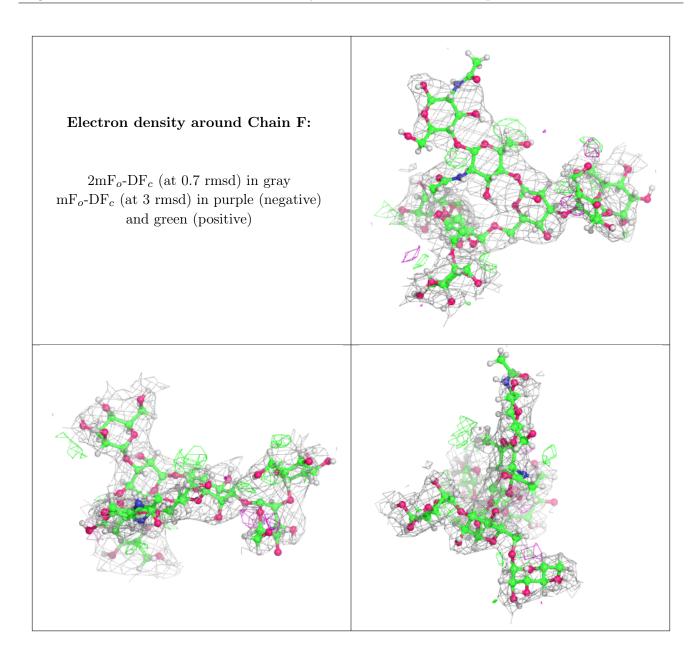
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
2	MAN	F	5	11/12	0.70	0.34	64,92,115,123	0
2	MAN	F	4	11/12	0.73	0.44	63,99,122,126	0
2	MAN	Е	5	11/12	0.75	0.43	96,118,134,144	0
2	MAN	Е	4	11/12	0.78	0.20	90,123,148,153	0
2	BMA	Е	3	11/12	0.82	0.21	42,102,128,139	0
2	BMA	F	3	11/12	0.82	0.23	60,76,98,99	0
2	NAG	F	1	15/15	0.84	0.41	43,74,98,108	0
2	NAG	Е	1	15/15	0.86	0.30	60,78,106,108	0
2	NAG	F	2	14/15	0.92	0.31	49,69,81,88	0
2	NAG	Е	2	14/15	0.94	0.31	39,67,83,98	0
2	MAN	F	6	11/12	0.94	0.23	32,43,53,59	0
2	MAN	F	8	11/12	0.94	0.26	38,46,55,59	0
2	MAN	F	7	11/12	0.95	0.24	30,40,48,52	0
2	MAN	Е	6	11/12	0.95	0.20	25,44,54,58	0
2	MAN	Е	7	11/12	0.96	0.27	18,30,34,38	0
2	MAN	Е	8	11/12	0.96	0.20	15,28,37,47	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.









## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
4	SO4	D	203	5/5	0.87	0.33	78,84,156,182	0
4	SO4	D	202	5/5	0.93	0.38	53,79,88,95	0
3	NI	В	201	1/1	0.94	0.14	60,60,60,60	0
3	NI	С	200	1/1	0.94	0.20	39,39,39,39	0
3	NI	A	200	1/1	0.97	0.18	37,37,37,37	0

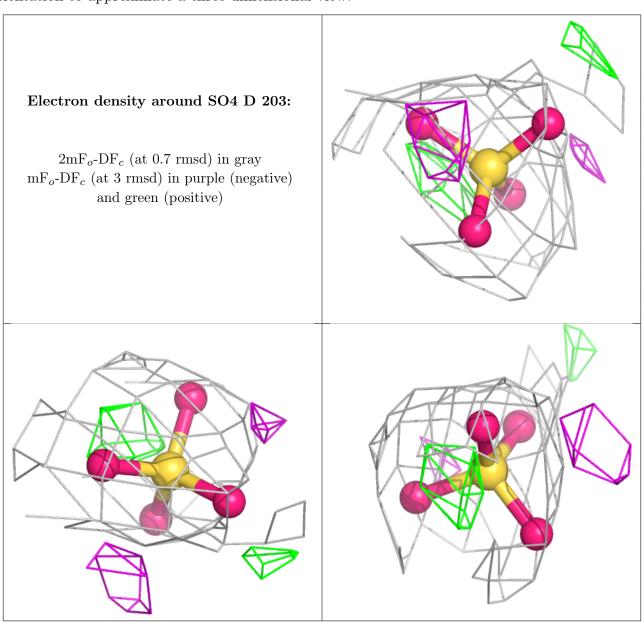
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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	NI	D	201	1/1	0.98	0.14	48,48,48,48	0

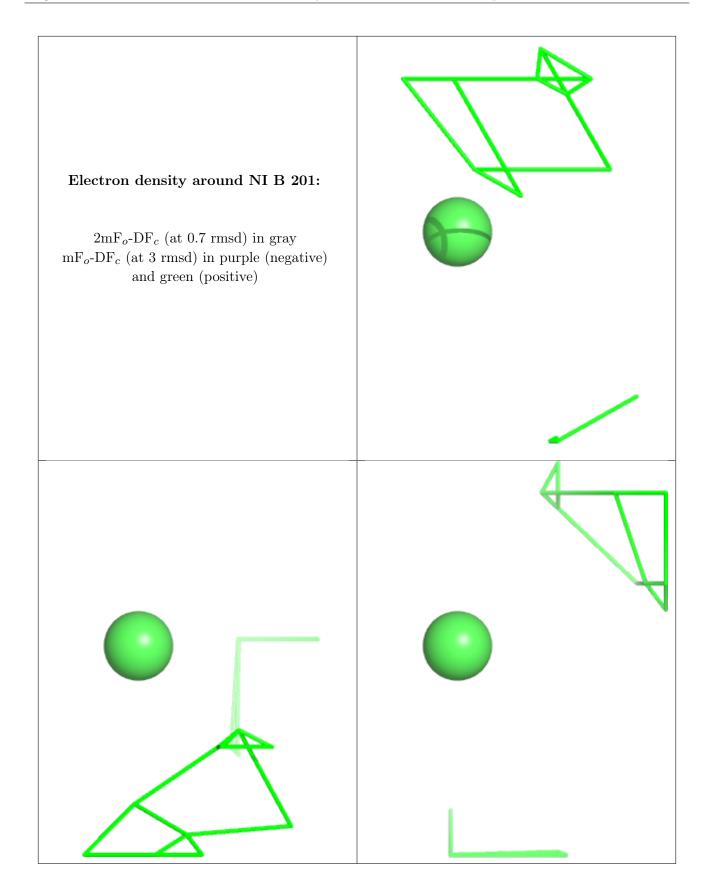
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





# Electron density around SO4 D 202: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

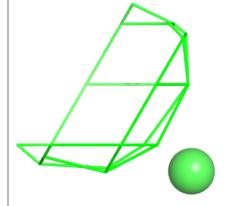


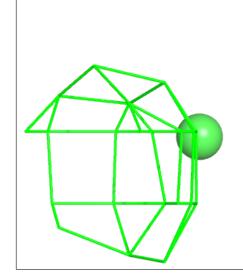


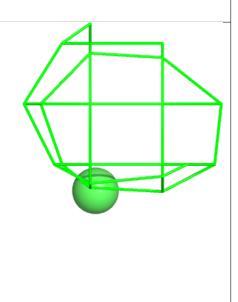


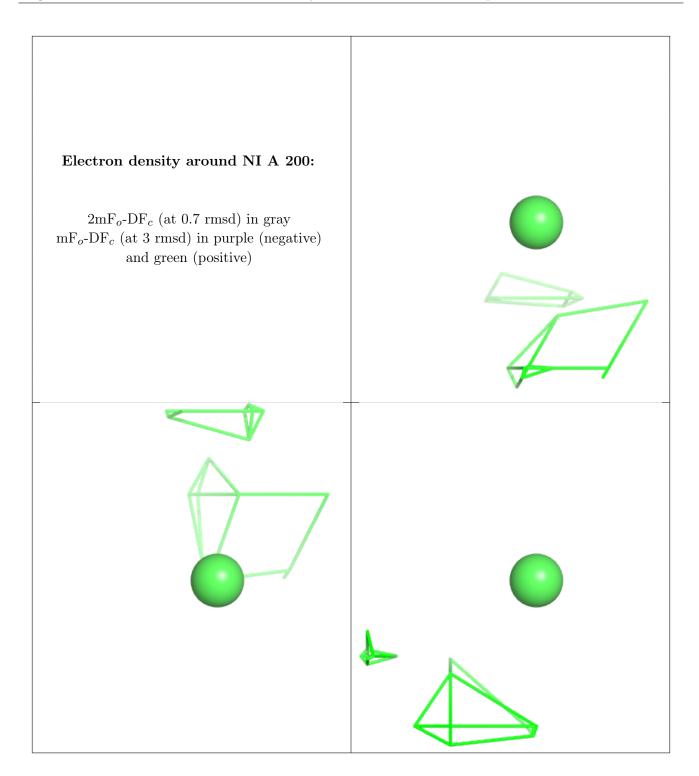
#### Electron density around NI C 200:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

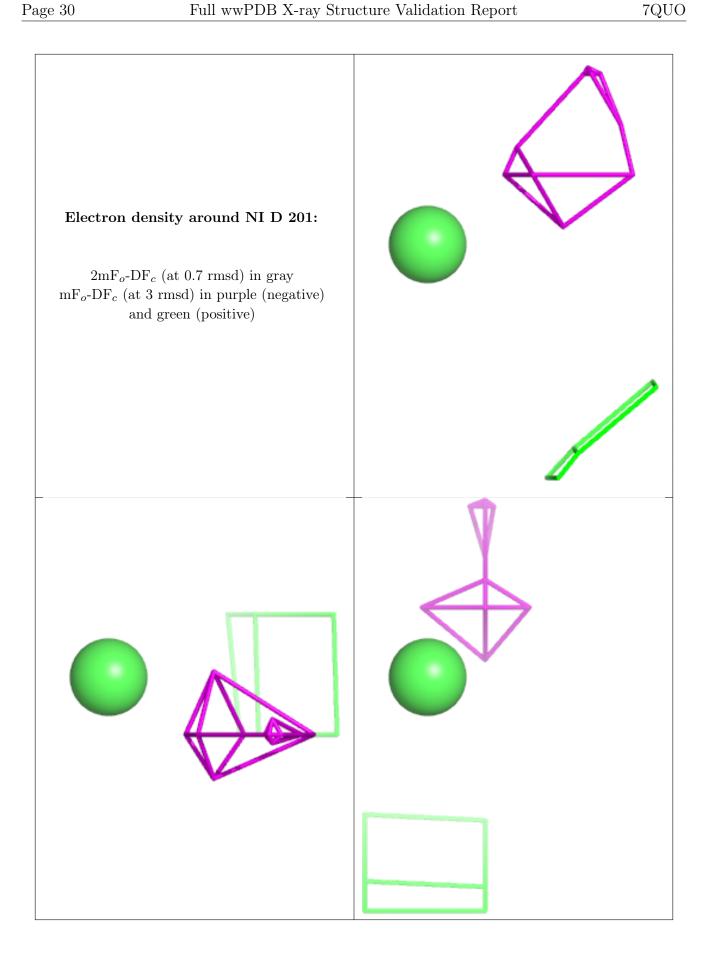














# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

