

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

May 25, 2020 – 08:20 pm BST

PDB ID : 4QLI

Title: A novel phospho-switch in the linker region of the snail zinc finger protein

which regulates 14-3-3 association, DNA binding and epithelial-mesenchymal

differentiation

Authors: Bier, D.; Ottmann, C.

Deposited on : 2014-06-12

Resolution : 1.45 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp

with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.11

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac: 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

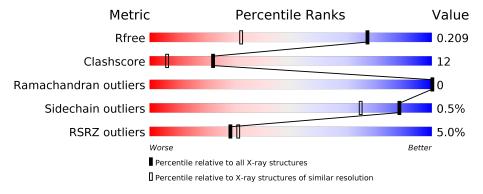
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.45 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar \; resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries, \; resolution \; range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	1156 (1.46-1.46)
Clashscore	141614	1202 (1.46-1.46)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1178 (1.46-1.46)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1178 (1.46-1.46)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1139 (1.46-1.46)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain						
1	A	236	5% 84%	15% •					
2	В	6	67%	33%					

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:



N.	<b>Iol</b>	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
	4	GOL	A	303	_	_	_	X



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2219 atoms, of which 8 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called 14-3-3 protein sigma.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	A	236	Total 1969	C 1238	N 328	O 389	S 14	0	22	0

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-4	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P31947
A	-3	ALA	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P31947
A	-2	MET	_	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P31947
A	-1	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P31947
A	0	SER	_	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P31947
A	175	LEU	ASN	CONFLICT	UNP P31947

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Zinc finger protein SNAI1.

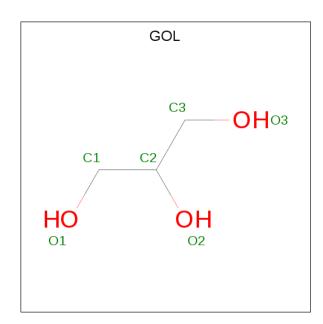
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace			
2	R	6	Total	С	N	О	Р	S	0	0	0
			48	27	8	11	1	1		U	

• Molecule 3 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	2	$\begin{array}{cc} \text{Total} & \text{Mg} \\ 2 & 2 \end{array}$	0	0

• Molecule 4 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>8</sub>O<sub>3</sub>).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	Α	1	Total	С	Η	О	0	0
4	A	1	14	3	8	3	0	0

#### • Molecule 5 is water.

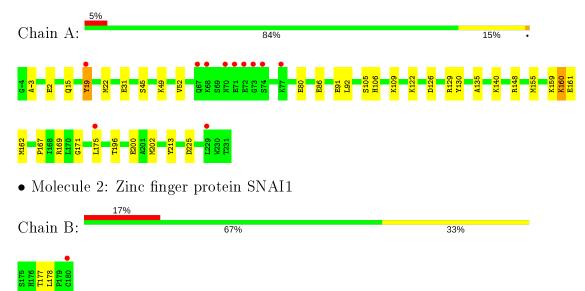
$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$	$\mathbf{ZeroOcc}$	AltConf
5	A	183	Total O 183 183	0	0
5	В	3	Total O 3 3	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: 14-3-3 protein sigma





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 2 2 21	Depositor
Cell constants	82.30Å 111.90Å 62.40Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	45.44 - 1.45	Depositor
Resolution (A)	45.44 - 1.45	EDS
% Data completeness	99.4 (45.44-1.45)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.4 (45.44-1.45)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.07	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	5.17 (at 1.45Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.6.0117	Depositor
P. P.	0.169 , $0.203$	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.181 , 0.209	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2553 reflections $(5.00%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	14.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.274	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.36 , 41.1	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	2219	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	18.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 7.52% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $< L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: TPO, GOL, MG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain		nd lengths	Bond angles		
Mol   Chain		RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	1.22	3/2045 (0.1%)	1.28	$16/2750 \ (0.6\%)$	
2	В	1.13	0/37	0.94	0/48	
All	All	1.22	3/2082 (0.1%)	1.27	$16/2798 \; (0.6\%)$	

#### All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	${ m Observed}({ m \AA})$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(\mathbf{\AA})$
1	A	213[A]	TYR	CE1-CZ	5.58	1.45	1.38
1	A	213[B]	TYR	CE1-CZ	5.58	1.45	1.38
1	A	2	GLU	CG-CD	-5.36	1.44	1.51

#### All (16) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^{o})$
1	A	19	TYR	O-C-N	-12.66	102.45	122.70
1	A	148[A]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-8.67	115.97	120.30
1	A	148[B]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-8.67	115.97	120.30
1	A	19	TYR	CA-C-N	8.36	135.58	117.20
1	A	202	MET	CG-SD-CE	-6.73	89.43	100.20
1	A	148[A]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.72	123.66	120.30
1	A	148[B]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.72	123.66	120.30
1	A	160	LYS	CD-CE-NZ	5.83	125.10	111.70
1	A	129	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.52	123.06	120.30
1	A	225	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-5.47	113.38	118.30
1	A	31	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	5.43	129.82	123.30
1	A	169	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.43	117.59	120.30
1	A	80	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	-5.29	116.95	123.30
1	A	148[A]	ARG	CA-C-N	-5.19	105.79	117.20
1	A	148[B]	ARG	CA-C-N	-5.19	105.79	117.20
1	A	45	SER	N-CA-CB	-5.11	102.84	110.50



There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1969	0	1981	47	0
2	В	48	0	39	4	0
3	A	2	0	0	0	0
4	A	6	8	8	0	0
5	A	183	0	0	6	1
5	В	3	0	0	1	0
All	All	2211	8	2028	47	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 12.

All (47) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{ll}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance} \ ( ext{\AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:52[B]:VAL:HG13	1:A:92[B]:LEU:CD2	1.90	1.01
1:A:175:LEU:HD21	2:B:178:LEU:H	1.34	0.91
1:A:52[B]:VAL:HG13	1:A:92[B]:LEU:HD21	1.57	0.86
1:A:122:LYS:HE2	1:A:175:LEU:CD1	2.05	0.85
1:A:126:ASP:OD1	1:A:175:LEU:HD13	1.77	0.84
1:A:155[B]:MET:HG3	1:A:159:LYS:HE2	1.60	0.83
1:A:122:LYS:HE2	1:A:175:LEU:HD12	1.60	0.83
1:A:105:SER:HA	1:A:106:HIS:CG	2.16	0.79
1:A:135:ALA:HB3	1:A:140:LYS:HD3	1.69	0.74
1:A:86:GLU:HG2	5:A:560:HOH:O	1.89	0.73
1:A:175:LEU:HD22	2:B:177:TPO:HB	1.74	0.69
1:A:52[B]:VAL:CG1	1:A:92[B]:LEU:HD21	2.23	0.69
1:A:49[B]:LYS:NZ	5:B:203:HOH:O	2.26	0.68
1:A:49[A]:LYS:HE2	5:A:494:HOH:O	1.93	0.66
1:A:122:LYS:CE	1:A:175:LEU:CD1	2.74	0.66
1:A:122:LYS:CE	1:A:175:LEU:HD12	2.27	0.64
1:A:155[B]:MET:CG	1:A:159:LYS:HE2	2.26	0.63

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A tom 1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${f distance} \; ({f \AA})$	overlap (Å)
1:A:122:LYS:NZ	1:A:175:LEU:HD11	2.15	0.62
1:A:175:LEU:CD2	2:B:177:TPO:HB	2.30	0.61
1:A:155[B]:MET:SD	1:A:159:LYS:HE2	2.39	0.61
1:A:155[B]:MET:HG3	1:A:159:LYS:CE	2.30	0.60
1:A:105:SER:HA	1:A:106:HIS:CD2	2.38	0.58
1:A:126:ASP:OD1	1:A:175:LEU:CD1	2.53	0.55
1:A:175:LEU:HD21	2:B:178:LEU:N	2.12	0.55
1:A:91[B]:GLU:HG3	5:A:452:HOH:O	2.08	0.54
1:A:196[A]:THR:HG23	1:A:200:GLU:OE2	2.07	0.54
1:A:49[A]:LYS:HE3	1:A:130:TYR:OH	2.08	0.53
1:A:135:ALA:O	1:A:140:LYS:HE3	2.08	0.53
1:A:15:GLN:NE2	5:A:541:HOH:O	2.42	0.53
1:A:171:GLY:O	1:A:175:LEU:HG	2.09	0.52
1:A:52[B]:VAL:HG13	1:A:92[B]:LEU:HD23	1.88	0.52
1:A:122:LYS:NZ	1:A:175:LEU:CD1	2.73	0.51
1:A:106:HIS:HD2	1:A:109:LYS:NZ	2.07	0.51
1:A:19:TYR:HA	1:A:22:MET:HB3	1.96	0.48
1:A:126:ASP:CG	1:A:175:LEU:HD13	2.34	0.46
1:A:155[B]:MET:CE	5:A:537:HOH:O	2.65	0.45
1:A:106:HIS:CD2	1:A:109:LYS:HZ2	2.36	0.44
1:A:122:LYS:HE2	1:A:175:LEU:CG	2.47	0.43
1:A:106:HIS:HB3	1:A:109:LYS:HZ2	1.83	0.43
1:A:106:HIS:HB3	1:A:109:LYS:HG2	2.01	0.43
1:A:122:LYS:HZ1	1:A:175:LEU:HD11	1.82	0.42
1:A:160:LYS:HE2	1:A:160:LYS:HB2	1.86	0.42
1:A:106:HIS:CD2	1:A:109:LYS:NZ	2.87	0.41
1:A:-3:ALA:O	5:A:554:HOH:O	2.22	0.40
1:A:161:GLU:C	1:A:162[A]:MET:HG3	2.42	0.40

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{c}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance} \ ( ext{Å}) \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{array}$
5:A:408:HOH:O	5:A:555:HOH:O[3_654]	0.55	1.65



### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	${ m ntiles}$
1	A	$256/236 \; (108\%)$	252 (98%)	4 (2%)	0	100	100
2	В	3/6~(50%)	3 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	$259/242 \; (107\%)$	255 (98%)	4 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	A	$216/198 \; (109\%)$	215 (100%)	1 (0%)	88	75	
2	В	5/5 (100%)	5 (100%)	0	100	100	
All	All	221/203 (109%)	220 (100%)	1 (0%)	88	75	

All (1) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	167	PRO

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	15	GLN
1	A	106	HIS

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	180	HIS

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Mol Type Chain Res		Ros	Link	В	ond leng	$\operatorname{gths}$	В	ond ang	les
MOI	туре	Chain	ites	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	$\mid \# Z  > 2 \mid$
2	TPO	В	177	2	8,10,11	1.66	2 (25%)	10,14,16	1.30	2 (20%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	TPO	В	177	2	_	2/9/11/13	-

#### All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(\mathbf{\AA})$
2	В	177	TPO	O-C	2.64	1.30	1.19
2	В	177	TPO	CA-N	-2.12	1.41	1.47

#### All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	В	177	TPO	O-C-CA	-2.38	118.55	124.78
2	В	177	TPO	OG1-P-O1P	-2.28	100.58	109.39



There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	В	177	TPO	CB-OG1-P-O2P
2	В	177	TPO	O-C-CA-CB

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	В	177	TPO	2	0

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
WIOI					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	GOL	A	303	-	5,5,5	0.26	0	5,5,5	0.25	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	$\mathbf{Type}$	Chain	${f Res}$	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	$\operatorname{GOL}$	A	303	-	-	2/4/4/4	-

There are no bond length outliers.



There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	303	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
4	A	303	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(\AA^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	$236/236 \ (100\%)$	-0.04	11 (4%) 31 34	9, 15, 39, 65	1 (0%)
2	В	5/6 (83%)	2.35	1 (20%) 1 1	19, 21, 28, 46	0
All	All	241/242 (99%)	0.01	12 (4%) 28 31	9, 15, 39, 65	1 (0%)

All (12) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	В	180	CYS	6.6
1	A	229	LEU	4.7
1	A	73	GLY	4.5
1	A	74	SER	4.2
1	A	175	LEU	3.8
1	A	72	GLU	3.1
1	A	67	GLN	3.0
1	A	19	TYR	2.8
1	A	77	LYS	2.5
1	A	70	ASN	2.2
1	A	71	GLU	2.1
1	A	68	LYS	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	${f Res}$	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B-factors}({f A}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	TPO	В	177	11/12	0.99	0.06	12,12,16,17	0



### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	${f Res}$	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B-factors(\AA^2)}$	Q<0.9
4	GOL	A	303	6/6	0.41	0.40	20,20,20,20	0
3	MG	A	302	1/1	0.99	0.10	15,15,15,15	0
3	MG	A	301	1/1	0.99	0.11	13,13,13,13	1

### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

