

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Sep 13, 2023 – 10:05 PM EDT

PDB ID : 4PO0

Title: Crystal Structure of Leporine Serum Albumin in complex with naproxen

Authors : Zielinski, K.; Bujacz, A.; Sekula, B.; Bujacz, G.

Deposited on : 2014-02-23

Resolution : 2.73 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.35.1

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove) roteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

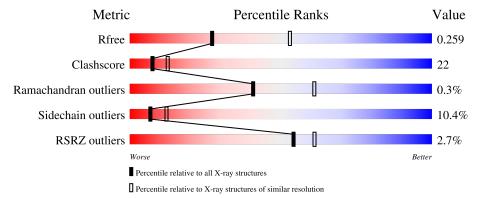
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.73 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries},{\rm resolution\ range}(\mathring{\rm A})) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	1271 (2.76-2.72)
Clashscore	141614	1322 (2.76-2.72)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1297 (2.76-2.72)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1298 (2.76-2.72)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1243 (2.76-2.72)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	٨	E01	3%				
1	A	584	58%	36% 5%			



2 Entry composition (i)

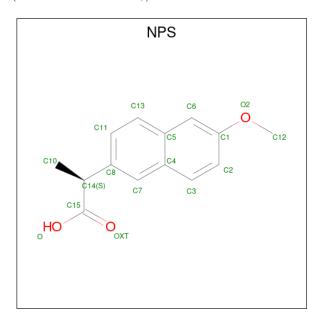
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4813 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Serum albumin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Λ	583	Total	С	N	О	S	0	9	0
1	A	903	4641	2937	782	886	36	U	3	U

• Molecule 2 is (2S)-2-(6-methoxynaphthalen-2-yl)propanoic acid (three-letter code: NPS) (formula: C₁₄H₁₄O₃).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total C O 17 14 3	0	0
2	A	1	Total C O 17 14 3	0	0
2	A	1	Total C O 17 14 3	0	0

• Molecule 3 is water.



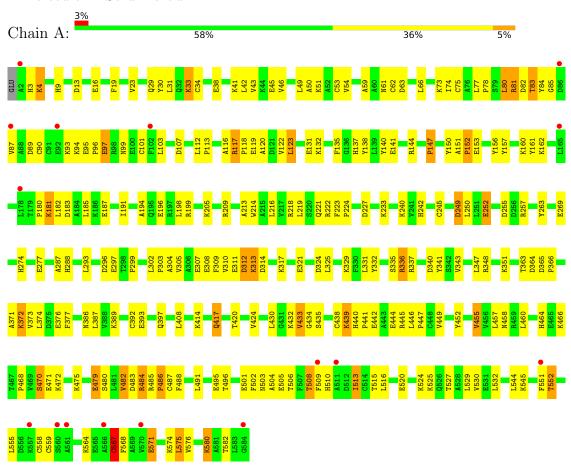
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	121	Total O 121 121	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.







4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants	74.44Å 79.79Å 102.88Å	Donogitor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	48.11 - 2.73	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	48.11 - 2.73	EDS
% Data completeness	99.8 (48.11-2.73)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.8 (48.11-2.73)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.11	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.12	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.21 (at 2.73Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.7.0032	Depositor
P. P.	0.186 , 0.259	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.186 , 0.259	DCC
R_{free} test set	843 reflections (5.01%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	54.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.010	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.31, 47.2	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L > = 0.49, < L^2> = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	4813	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	57.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.28% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NPS

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	ol Chain Bond lengths RMSZ $ \# Z > 5$		Bond angles		
IVIOI	Moi Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	A	0.83	0/4752	1.01	10/6424 (0.2%)

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 10 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	A	205	LYS	CD-CE-NZ	-5.72	98.55	111.70
1	A	218	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.62	117.49	120.30
1	A	216	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.42	127.78	115.30
1	A	337	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.34	117.63	120.30
1	A	567	CYS	CA-CB-SG	-5.22	104.61	114.00

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4641	0	4544	201	0
2	A	51	0	39	11	0
3	A	121	0	0	15	0
All	All	4813	0	4583	205	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including



hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 22.

The worst 5 of 205 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:A:87:VAL:HG12	1:A:90:CYS:SG	1.77	1.23
1:A:87:VAL:CG1	1:A:90:CYS:SG	2.32	1.17
2:A:602:NPS:H11	3:A:819:HOH:O	1.44	1.15
1:A:194:ALA:HB1	1:A:455:VAL:HG13	1.39	1.03
1:A:580:LYS:HB2	3:A:795:HOH:O	1.56	1.03

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	584/584 (100%)	540 (92%)	42 (7%)	2 (0%)	41 61

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	120	ALA
1	A	147	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles	
1	A	$512/510 \; (100\%)$	458 (90%)	54 (10%)	7 12	

5 of 54 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	389	LYS
1	A	470	SER
1	A	567	CYS
1	A	393	GLU
1	A	435	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	204	GLN
1	A	378	GLN
1	A	440	HIS

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the



expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Mol Type Chain		Res Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles			
WIOI	l Type Chain Re	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	
2	NPS	A	603	-	18,18,18	1.52	4 (22%)	25,25,25	0.97	0
2	NPS	A	602	-	18,18,18	1.94	8 (44%)	25,25,25	0.94	0
2	NPS	A	601	-	18,18,18	1.53	5 (27%)	25,25,25	0.93	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NPS	A	603	-	-	8/10/10/10	0/2/2/2
2	NPS	A	602	-	-	6/10/10/10	0/2/2/2
2	NPS	A	601	-	-	6/10/10/10	0/2/2/2

The worst 5 of 17 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	Observed(Å)	Ideal(A)
2	A	602	NPS	OXT-C15	3.80	1.33	1.22
2	A	602	NPS	C3-C2	3.27	1.43	1.36
2	A	603	NPS	OXT-C15	2.91	1.31	1.22
2	A	602	NPS	C14-C15	2.87	1.60	1.52
2	A	602	NPS	O2-C1	2.64	1.43	1.37

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 20 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	602	NPS	C2-C1-O2-C12
2	A	602	NPS	C6-C1-O2-C12
2	A	603	NPS	C6-C1-O2-C12
2	A	603	NPS	C2-C1-O2-C12
2	A	601	NPS	C8-C14-C15-OXT

There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 11 short contacts:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	603	NPS	6	0
2	A	602	NPS	2	0
2	A	601	NPS	3	0

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle { m RSRZ} \rangle$	# RSRZ > 2	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	583/584 (99%)	-0.15	16 (2%) 54 61	30, 52, 100, 154	0

The worst 5 of 16 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	2	ALA	6.1
1	A	509	PHE	4.7
1	A	561	ALA	4.1
1	A	511	ALA	3.5
1	A	560	SER	3.5

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	NPS	A	602	17/17	0.80	0.26	51,60,75,80	0
2	NPS	A	603	17/17	0.88	0.28	50,61,76,78	0
2	NPS	A	601	17/17	0.95	0.22	39,44,50,57	0



6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

