Full wwPDB EM Validation Report (i)

Apr 4, 2022 – 10:14 am BST

PDB ID	:	7PCH
EMDB ID	:	EMD-13320
Title	:	Human carboxyhemoglobin bound to Staphylococcus aureus hemophore IsdB - 1:2 complex
Authors	:	De Bei, O.; Gianquinto, E.; Chirgadze, D.Y.; Hardwick, S.W.; Spyrakis, F.; Luisi, B.F.; Campanini, B.
Deposited on	:	2021-08-03
Resolution	:	2.89 Å(reported)
Based on initial models	:	3P5Q, 5VMM

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

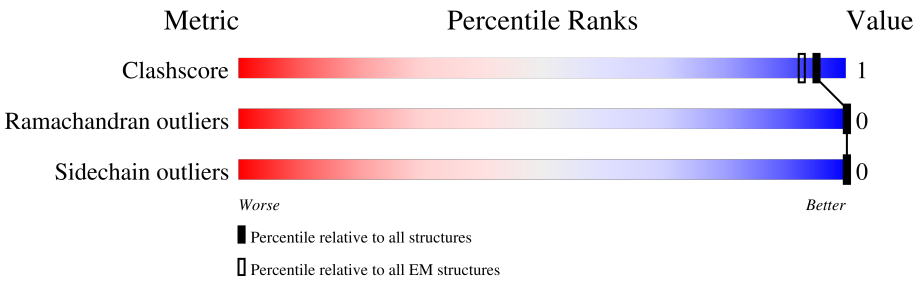
EMDB validation analysis	:	0.0.0.dev97
Mogul	:	1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.27

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.89 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	141	99%
1	C	141	97%
2	B	146	97%
2	D	146	97%
3	E	372	88% 9%
3	F	372	89% 9%

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 10798 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Hemoglobin subunit alpha.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	141	1069	685	187	194	3	0	0
1	C	141	1069	685	187	194	3	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Hemoglobin subunit beta.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	B	146	1159	747	202	207	3	4	0
2	D	146	1159	747	202	207	3	4	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Iron-regulated surface determinant protein B.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
3	E	340	2830	1804	470	546	10	3	0
3	F	340	2830	1804	470	546	10	3	0

There are 22 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
E	124	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP Q8NX66
E	486	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q8NX66
E	487	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q8NX66
E	488	TRP	-	expression tag	UNP Q8NX66
E	489	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q8NX66
E	490	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q8NX66
E	491	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP Q8NX66
E	492	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP Q8NX66
E	493	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP Q8NX66

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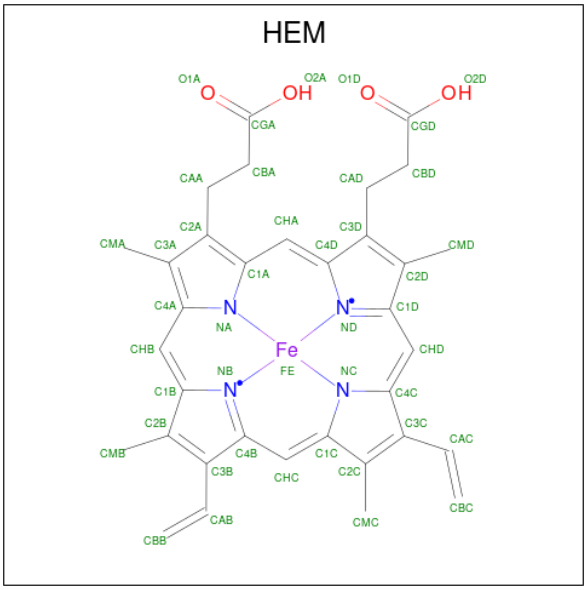
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
E	494	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP Q8NX66
E	495	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP Q8NX66
F	124	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP Q8NX66
F	486	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q8NX66
F	487	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q8NX66
F	488	TRP	-	expression tag	UNP Q8NX66
F	489	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q8NX66
F	490	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q8NX66
F	491	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP Q8NX66
F	492	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP Q8NX66
F	493	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP Q8NX66
F	494	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP Q8NX66
F	495	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP Q8NX66

- Molecule 4 is PROTOPORPHYRIN IX CONTAINING FE (three-letter code: HEM) (formula: $C_{34}H_{32}FeN_4O_4$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
			Total	C	Fe	N	O	
4	A	1	43	34	1	4	4	0
			Total	C	Fe	N	O	
4	B	1	43	34	1	4	4	0
			Total	C	Fe	N	O	
4	C	1	43	34	1	4	4	0
			Total	C	Fe	N	O	
4	D	1	43	34	1	4	4	0

- Molecule 5 is water.

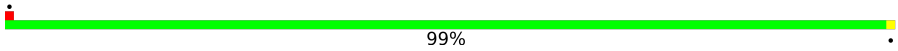
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
			Total	O	
5	A	82	82	82	0
5	B	103	103	103	0
5	E	70	70	70	0
5	C	82	82	82	0
5	D	103	103	103	0
5	F	70	70	70	0

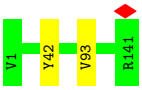
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Hemoglobin subunit alpha

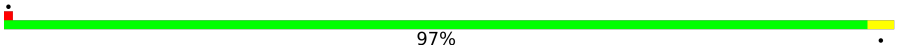
Chain A:

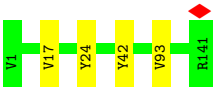




• Molecule 1: Hemoglobin subunit alpha

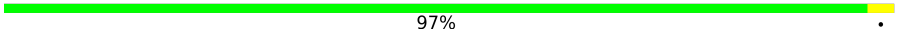
Chain C:

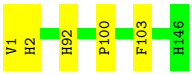




• Molecule 2: Hemoglobin subunit beta

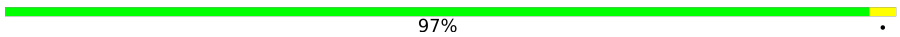
Chain B:

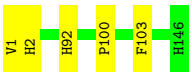




• Molecule 2: Hemoglobin subunit beta

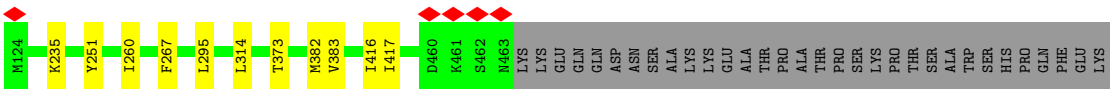
Chain D:





• Molecule 3: Iron-regulated surface determinant protein B

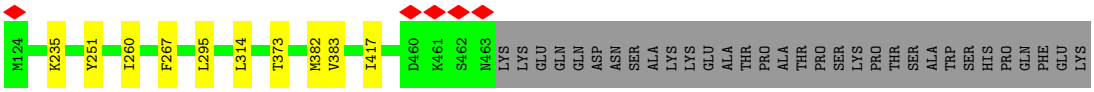
Chain E:



• Molecule 3: Iron-regulated surface determinant protein B

Chain F:

89%
9%


M124
K235
Y251
I260
F267
L295
L314
T373
M382
V383
I417
D460
K461
S462
N463
LYS
LYS
GLU
GLN
GLN
ASP
ASN
SER
ALA
LYS
LYS
GLU
ALA
THR
PRO
ALA
THR
PRO
SER
LYS
PRO
THR
SER
ALA
TRP
SER
HIS
PRO
GLN
PHE
GLU
LYS

4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C2	Depositor
Number of particles used	224937	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/Å^2$)	39.59	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	800	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2800	Depositor
Magnification	130000	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN K3 BIOQUANTUM (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.287	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.068	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.008	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.04	Depositor
Map size (Å)	234.72, 234.72, 234.72	wwPDB
Map dimensions	360, 360, 360	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.652, 0.652, 0.652	Depositor

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: HEM

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$
1	A	0.61	0/1097	0.61	0/1491
1	C	0.61	0/1097	0.61	0/1491
2	B	0.59	0/1189	0.62	0/1611
2	D	0.59	0/1189	0.62	0/1611
3	E	0.58	0/2887	0.67	0/3881
3	F	0.58	0/2887	0.67	0/3881
All	All	0.59	0/10346	0.64	0/13966

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1069	0	1073	1	0
1	C	1069	0	1073	2	0
2	B	1159	0	1159	4	0
2	D	1159	0	1159	3	0
3	E	2830	0	2831	6	0
3	F	2830	0	2831	5	0
4	A	43	0	30	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	B	43	0	30	0	0
4	C	43	0	30	0	0
4	D	43	0	30	0	0
5	A	82	0	0	0	0
5	B	103	0	0	0	0
5	C	82	0	0	0	0
5	D	103	0	0	0	0
5	E	70	0	0	0	0
5	F	70	0	0	0	0
All	All	10798	0	10246	21	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All (21) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:D:100:PRO:HA	2:D:103:PHE:CD2	2.48	0.49
2:B:100:PRO:HA	2:B:103:PHE:CD2	2.48	0.48
3:F:373:THR:HA	3:F:382:MET:HA	1.97	0.46
3:E:373:THR:HA	3:E:382:MET:HA	1.97	0.46
2:B:1:VAL:HG22	2:B:2:HIS:H	1.82	0.44
2:B:92:HIS:HB3	2:B:103:PHE:HZ	1.83	0.44
2:D:1:VAL:HG22	2:D:2:HIS:H	1.82	0.44
3:F:260:ILE:HA	3:F:267:PHE:HZ	1.83	0.43
2:D:92:HIS:HB3	2:D:103:PHE:HZ	1.83	0.42
3:E:260:ILE:HA	3:E:267:PHE:HZ	1.83	0.42
3:E:416:ILE:HD13	3:E:416:ILE:HA	1.85	0.42
3:E:295:LEU:HD13	3:E:314:LEU:HA	2.02	0.41
1:A:42:TYR:CE2	1:A:93:VAL:HA	2.56	0.41
1:C:42:TYR:CE2	1:C:93:VAL:HA	2.56	0.41
3:F:295:LEU:HD13	3:F:314:LEU:HA	2.02	0.41
3:F:383:VAL:HG22	3:F:417:ILE:HG22	2.03	0.41
2:B:92:HIS:HB3	2:B:103:PHE:CZ	2.56	0.40
3:E:383:VAL:HG22	3:E:417:ILE:HG22	2.03	0.40
1:C:17:VAL:HG13	1:C:24:TYR:CD2	2.56	0.40
3:E:235:LYS:HD2	3:E:251:TYR:CE1	2.57	0.40
3:F:235:LYS:HD2	3:F:251:TYR:CE1	2.57	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	139/141 (99%)	136 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
1	C	139/141 (99%)	136 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
2	B	148/146 (101%)	143 (97%)	5 (3%)	0	100	100
2	D	148/146 (101%)	143 (97%)	5 (3%)	0	100	100
3	E	341/372 (92%)	327 (96%)	14 (4%)	0	100	100
3	F	341/372 (92%)	327 (96%)	14 (4%)	0	100	100
All	All	1256/1318 (95%)	1212 (96%)	44 (4%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	113/113 (100%)	113 (100%)	0	100	100
1	C	113/113 (100%)	113 (100%)	0	100	100
2	B	122/118 (103%)	122 (100%)	0	100	100
2	D	122/118 (103%)	122 (100%)	0	100	100
3	E	314/339 (93%)	314 (100%)	0	100	100
3	F	314/339 (93%)	314 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	1098/1140 (96%)	1098 (100%)	0	100	100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

4 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
4	HEM	A	201	1	27,50,50	1.21	3 (11%)	17,82,82	2.57	7 (41%)
4	HEM	D	201	2	27,50,50	1.20	3 (11%)	17,82,82	2.21	6 (35%)
4	HEM	C	201	1	27,50,50	1.21	3 (11%)	17,82,82	2.57	7 (41%)
4	HEM	B	201	2	27,50,50	1.20	3 (11%)	17,82,82	2.21	6 (35%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	HEM	A	201	1	-	0/6/54/54	-
4	HEM	D	201	2	-	0/6/54/54	-
4	HEM	C	201	1	-	0/6/54/54	-
4	HEM	B	201	2	-	0/6/54/54	-

All (12) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	B	201	HEM	C3B-C2B	-2.89	1.36	1.40
4	D	201	HEM	C3B-C2B	-2.89	1.36	1.40
4	A	201	HEM	C3C-C2C	-2.87	1.36	1.40
4	C	201	HEM	C3C-C2C	-2.87	1.36	1.40
4	B	201	HEM	CAD-C3D	-2.74	1.47	1.52
4	D	201	HEM	CAD-C3D	-2.74	1.47	1.52
4	A	201	HEM	C3B-C2B	-2.74	1.36	1.40
4	C	201	HEM	C3B-C2B	-2.74	1.36	1.40
4	A	201	HEM	CAD-C3D	-2.70	1.47	1.52
4	C	201	HEM	CAD-C3D	-2.70	1.47	1.52
4	B	201	HEM	C3C-C2C	-2.37	1.37	1.40
4	D	201	HEM	C3C-C2C	-2.37	1.37	1.40

All (26) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
4	A	201	HEM	CBD-CAD-C3D	-6.83	99.89	112.48
4	C	201	HEM	CBD-CAD-C3D	-6.83	99.89	112.48
4	B	201	HEM	CBD-CAD-C3D	-4.91	103.44	112.48
4	D	201	HEM	CBD-CAD-C3D	-4.91	103.44	112.48
4	A	201	HEM	CAA-CBA-CGA	4.12	119.58	112.67
4	C	201	HEM	CAA-CBA-CGA	4.12	119.58	112.67
4	B	201	HEM	CAA-CBA-CGA	4.00	119.38	112.67
4	D	201	HEM	CAA-CBA-CGA	4.00	119.38	112.67
4	A	201	HEM	CBA-CAA-C2A	-3.86	105.38	112.49
4	C	201	HEM	CBA-CAA-C2A	-3.86	105.38	112.49
4	B	201	HEM	CMC-C2C-C3C	3.09	130.45	124.68
4	D	201	HEM	CMC-C2C-C3C	3.09	130.45	124.68
4	B	201	HEM	CBA-CAA-C2A	-3.08	106.81	112.49
4	D	201	HEM	CBA-CAA-C2A	-3.08	106.81	112.49
4	A	201	HEM	CMB-C2B-C3B	2.62	129.57	124.68
4	C	201	HEM	CMB-C2B-C3B	2.62	129.57	124.68
4	A	201	HEM	CMC-C2C-C3C	2.32	129.02	124.68
4	C	201	HEM	CMC-C2C-C3C	2.32	129.02	124.68
4	A	201	HEM	C1D-C2D-C3D	-2.14	105.50	107.00

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
4	C	201	HEM	C1D-C2D-C3D	-2.14	105.50	107.00
4	B	201	HEM	CMB-C2B-C3B	2.14	128.68	124.68
4	D	201	HEM	CMB-C2B-C3B	2.14	128.68	124.68
4	A	201	HEM	CMA-C3A-C4A	-2.13	125.19	128.46
4	C	201	HEM	CMA-C3A-C4A	-2.13	125.19	128.46
4	B	201	HEM	C1D-C2D-C3D	-2.11	105.53	107.00
4	D	201	HEM	C1D-C2D-C3D	-2.11	105.53	107.00

There are no chirality outliers.

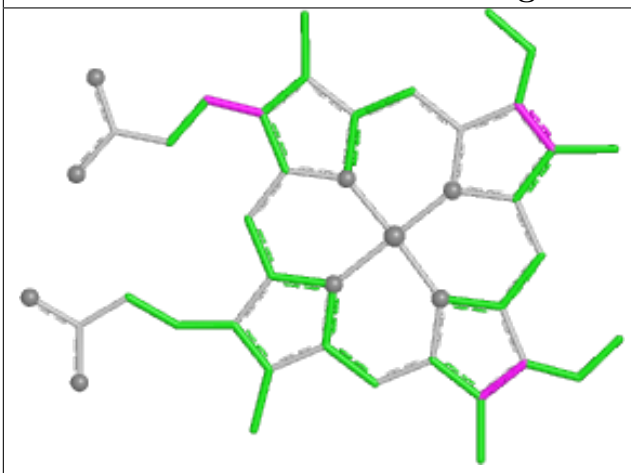
There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

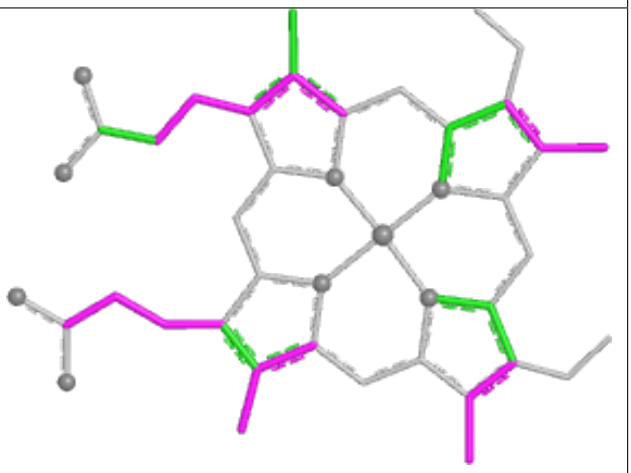
No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

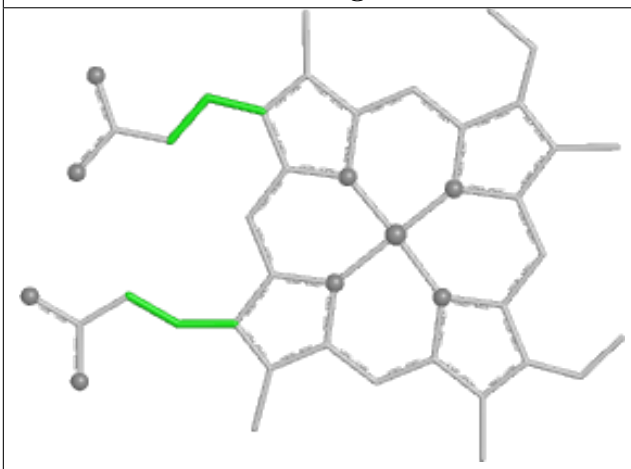
Ligand HEM A 201



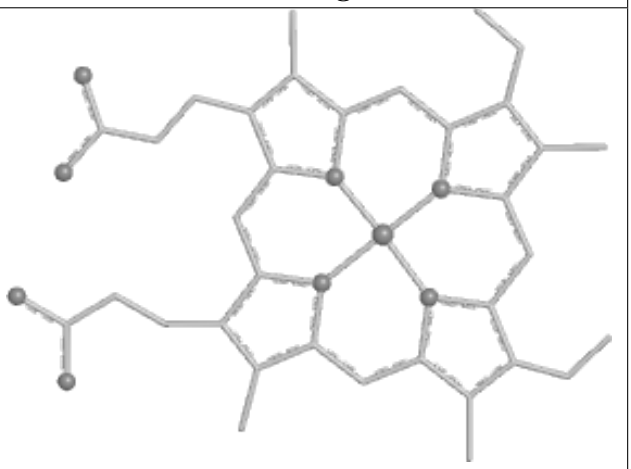
Bond lengths



Bond angles

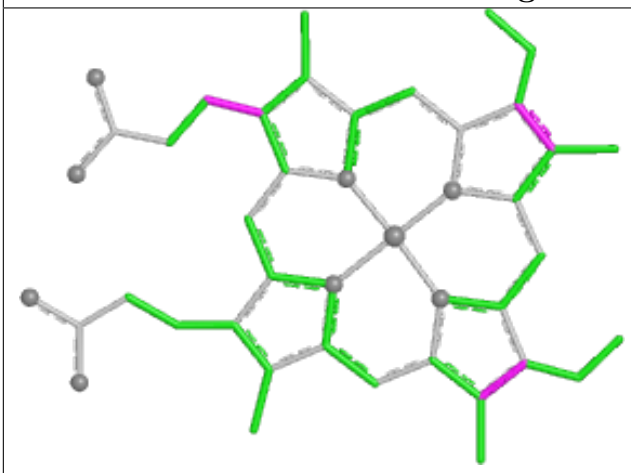


Torsions

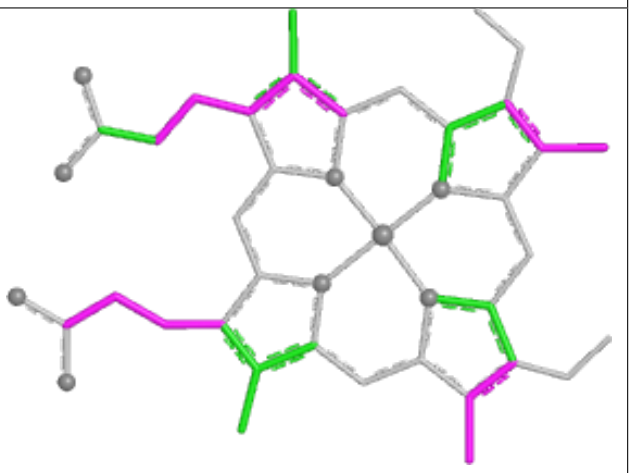


Rings

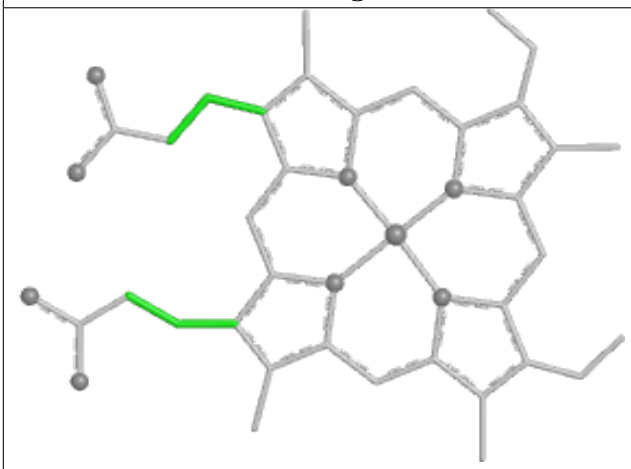
Ligand HEM D 201



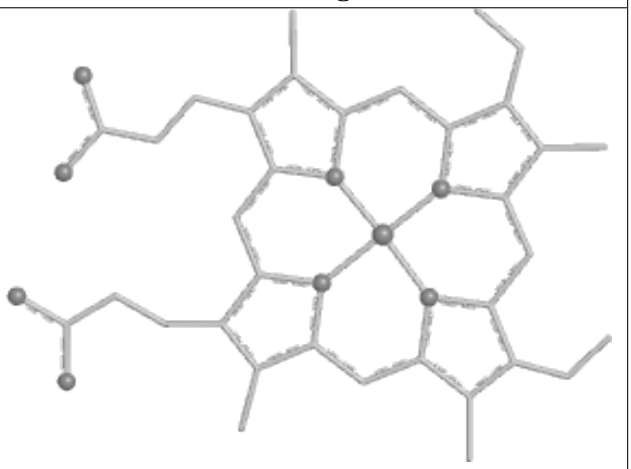
Bond lengths



Bond angles

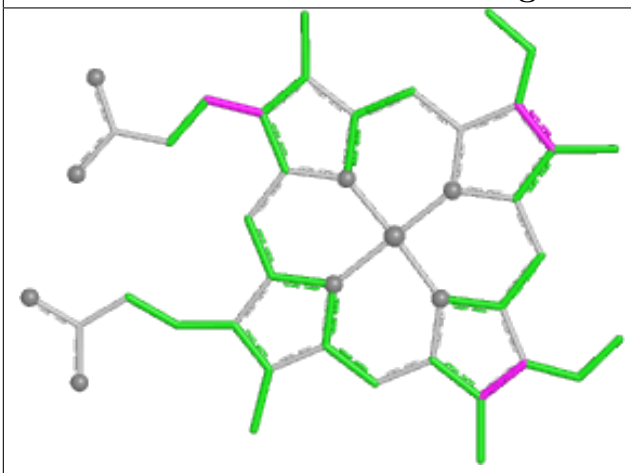


Torsions

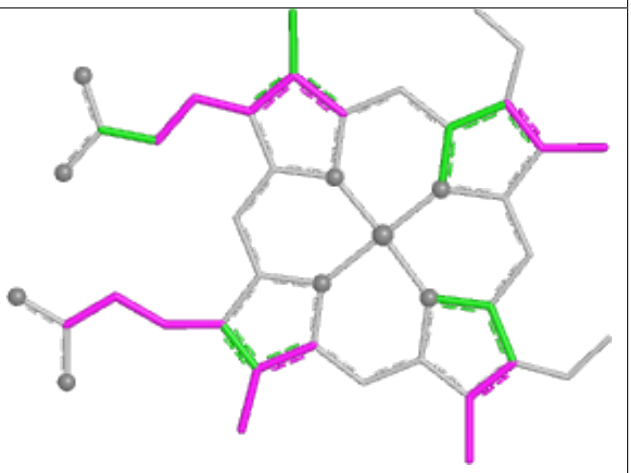


Rings

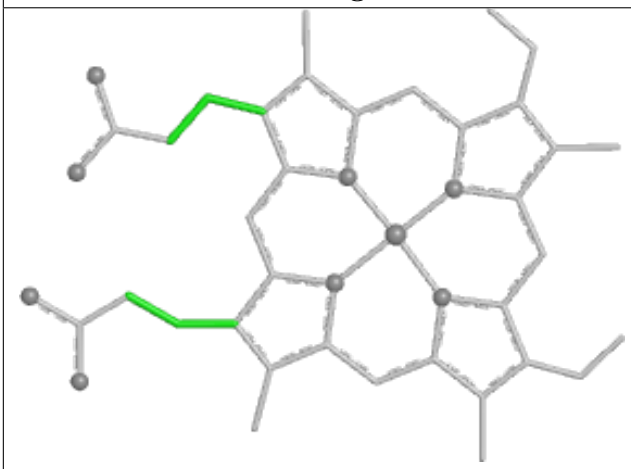
Ligand HEM C 201



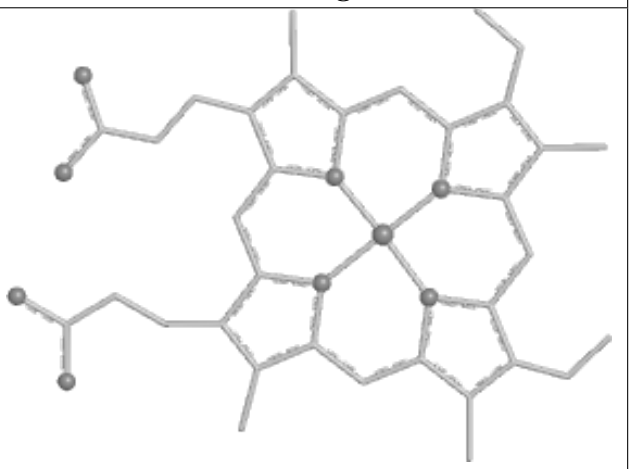
Bond lengths



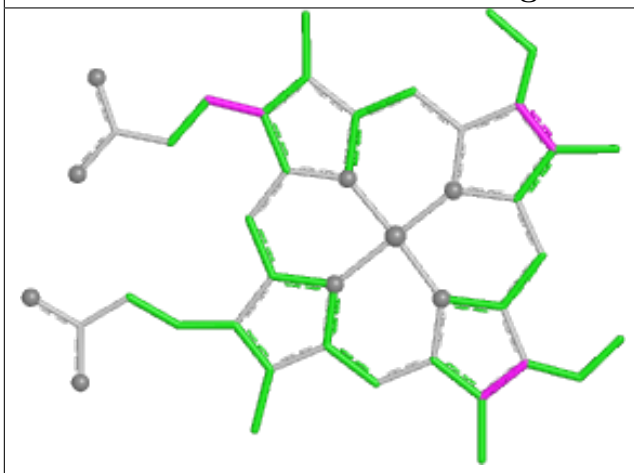
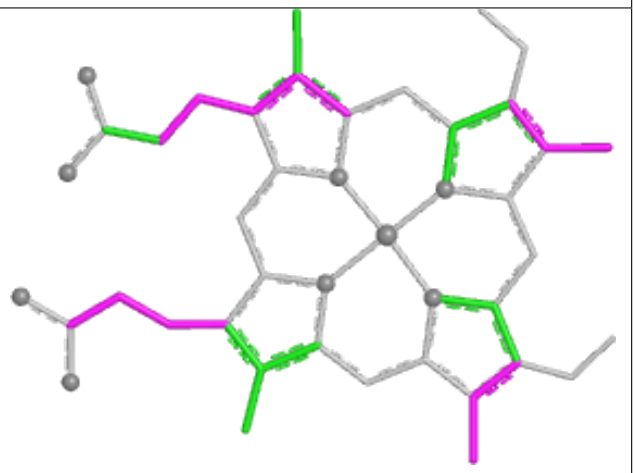
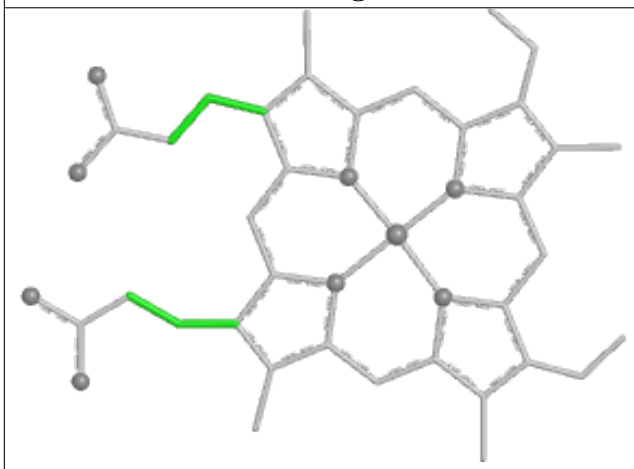
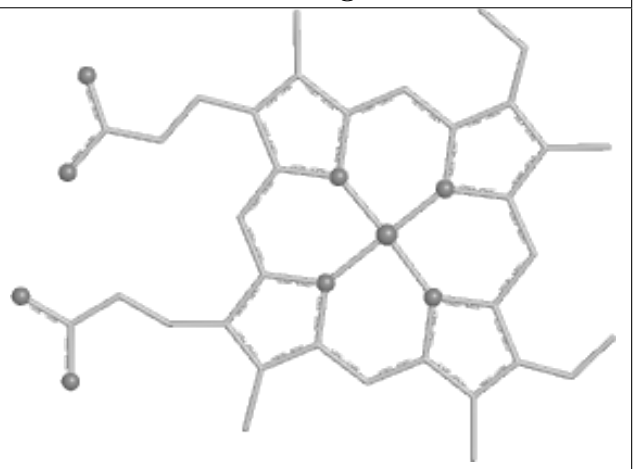
Bond angles



Torsions



Rings

Ligand HEM B 201	
 Bond lengths	 Bond angles
 Torsions	 Rings

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

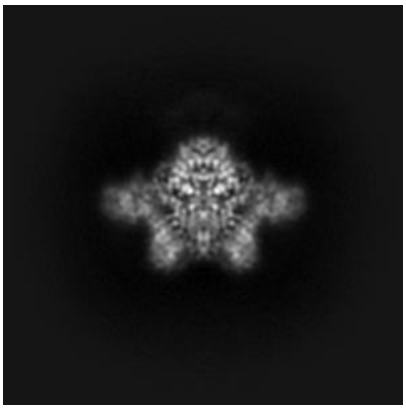
6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-13320. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

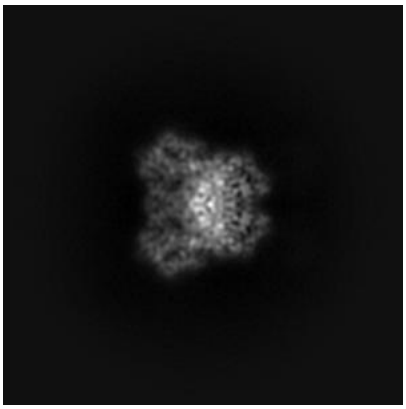
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

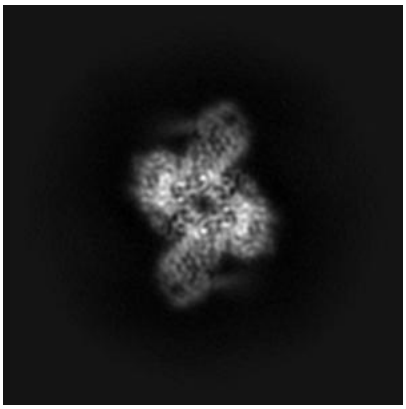
6.1.1 Primary map



X

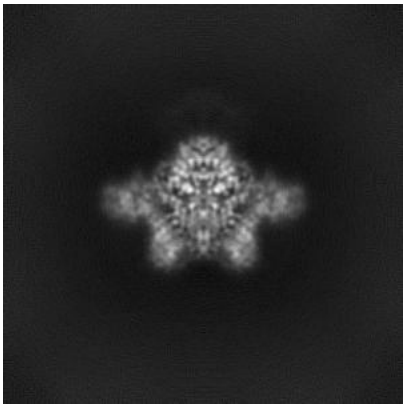


Y

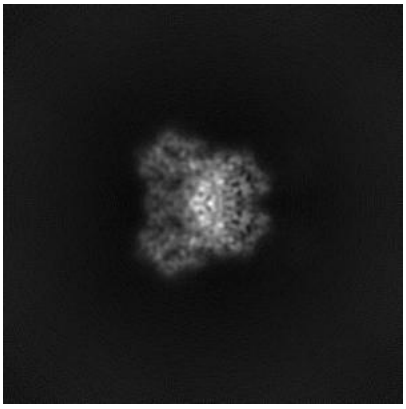


Z

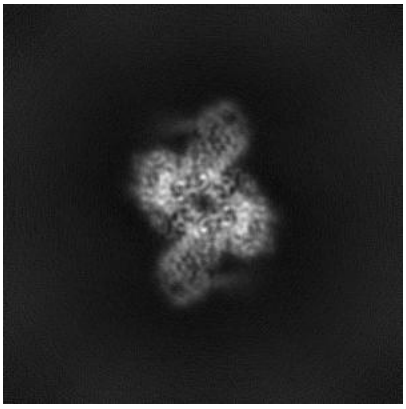
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

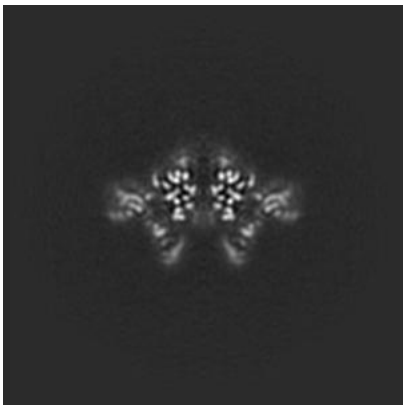


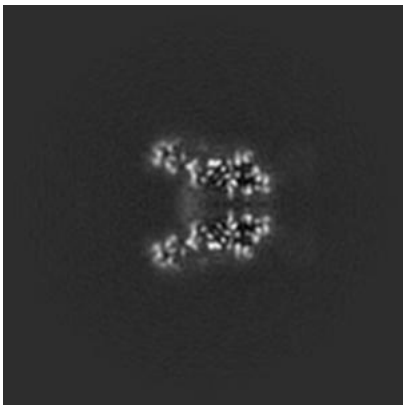
Z

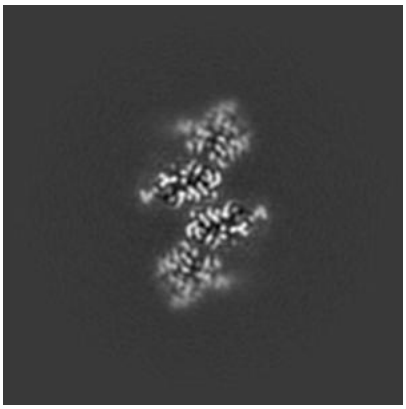
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices (i)

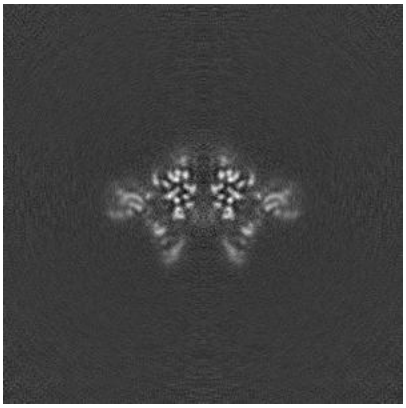
6.2.1 Primary map

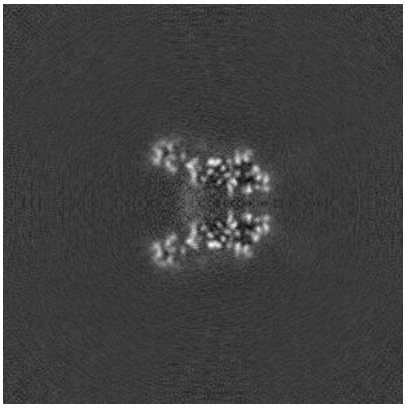

X Index: 180

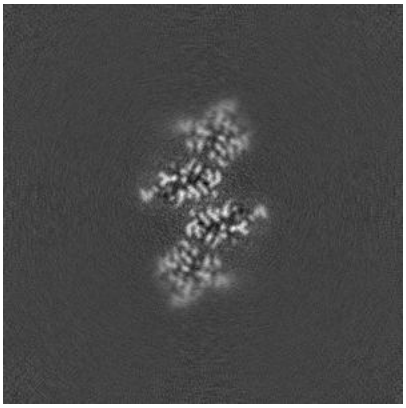

Y Index: 180


Z Index: 180

6.2.2 Raw map


X Index: 180

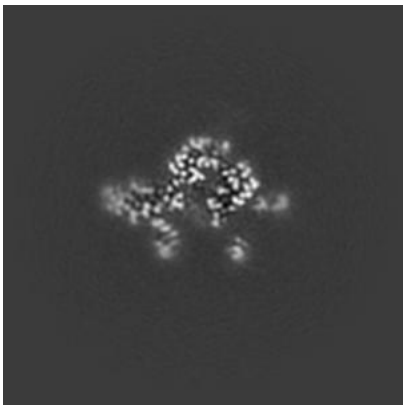

Y Index: 180

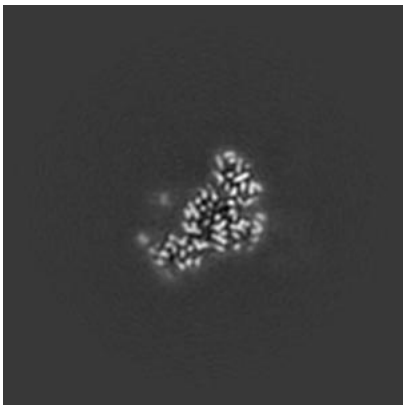

Z Index: 180

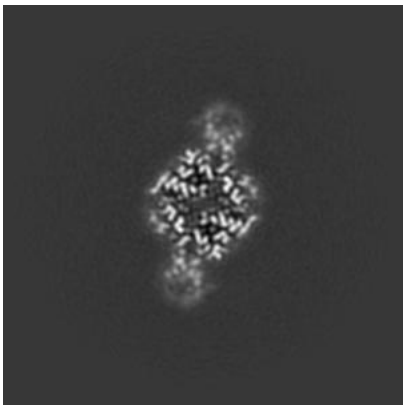
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

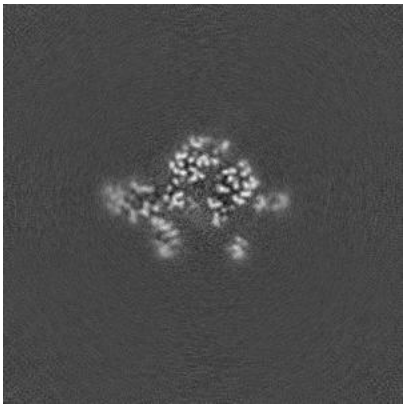
6.3.1 Primary map

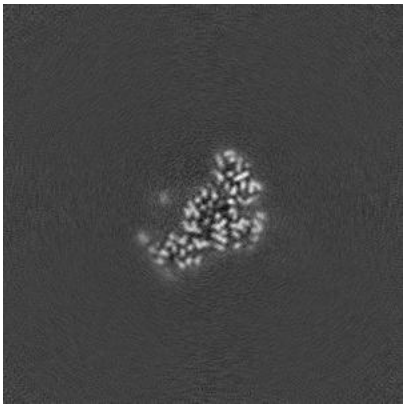

X Index: 167

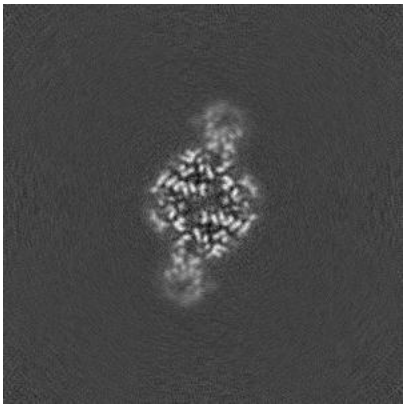

Y Index: 198


Z Index: 196

6.3.2 Raw map


X Index: 168

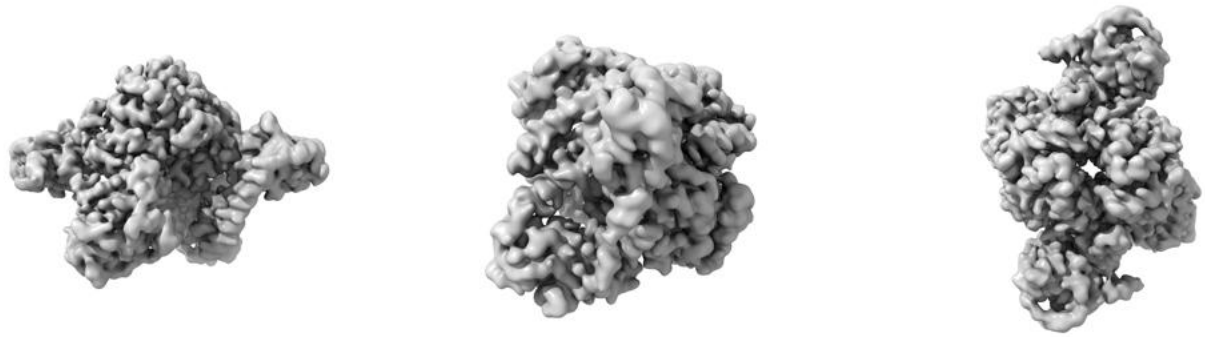

Y Index: 198


Z Index: 195

The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.4.1 Primary map



X Y Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.04. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.4.2 Raw map

X Y Z

These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

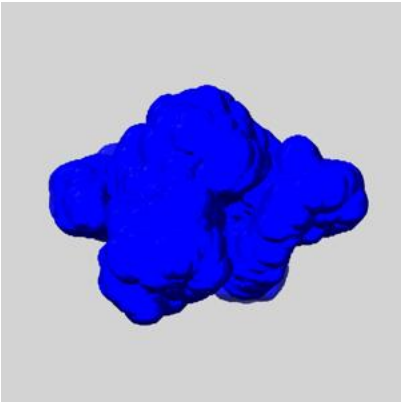
6.5 Mask visualisation (i)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

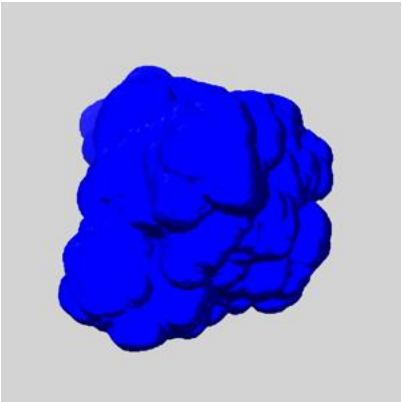
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

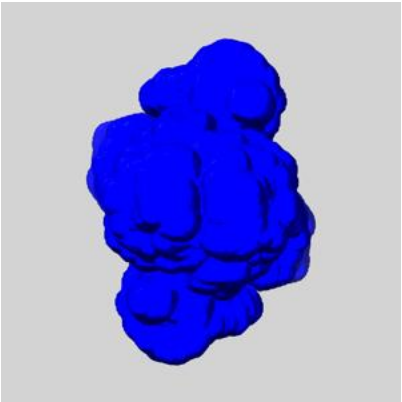
6.5.1 emd_13320_msk_1.map (i)



X



Y

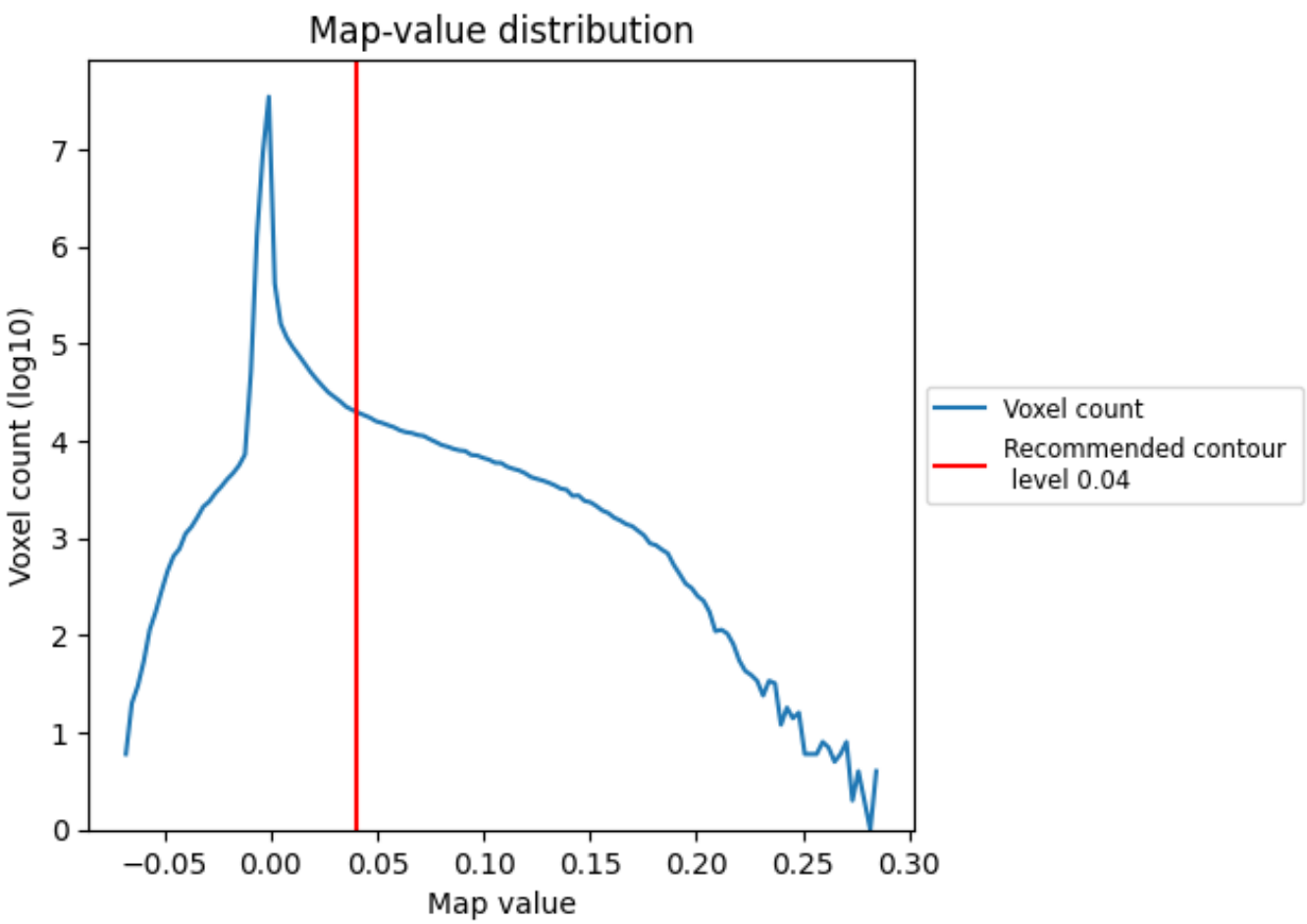


Z

7 Map analysis (i)

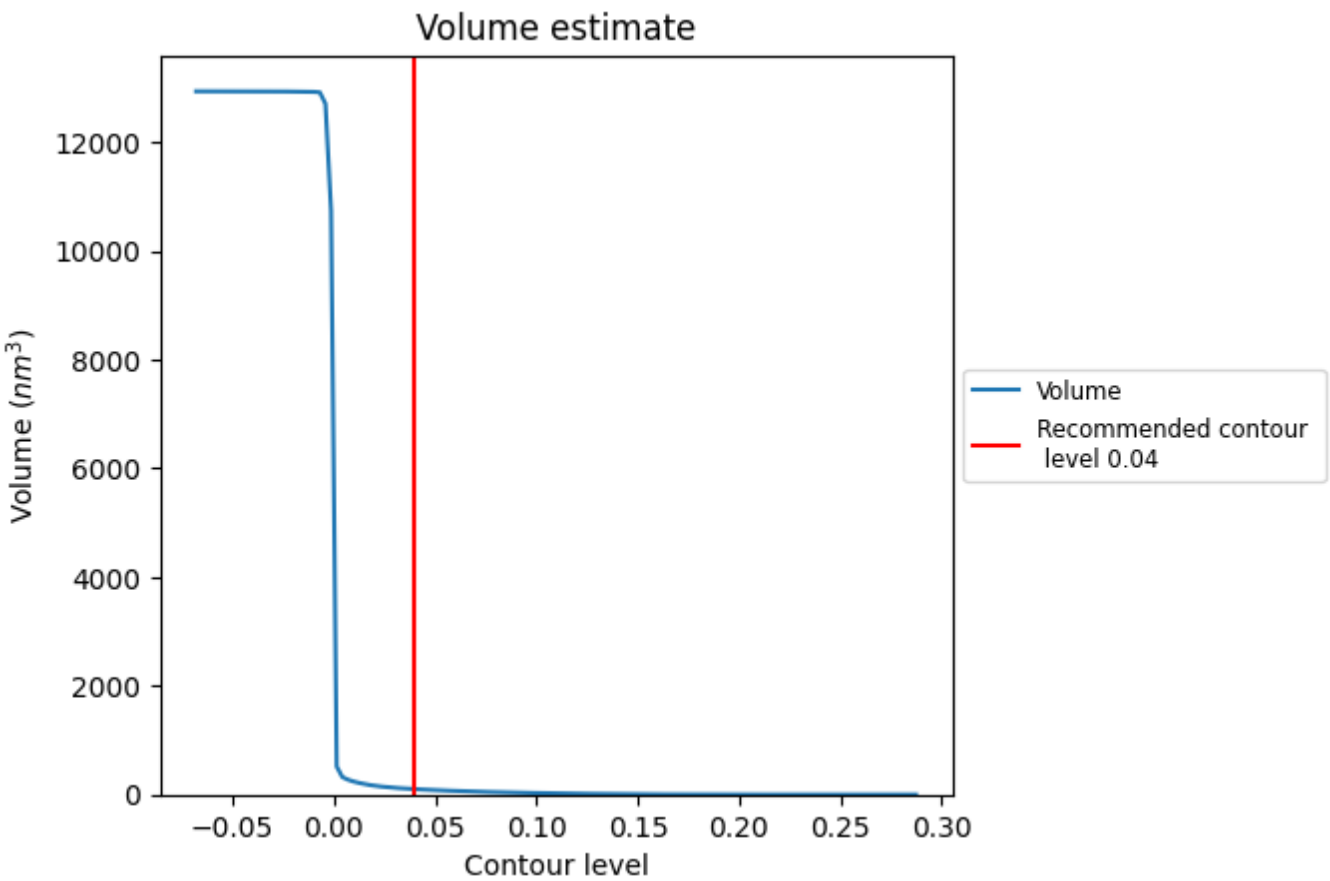
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

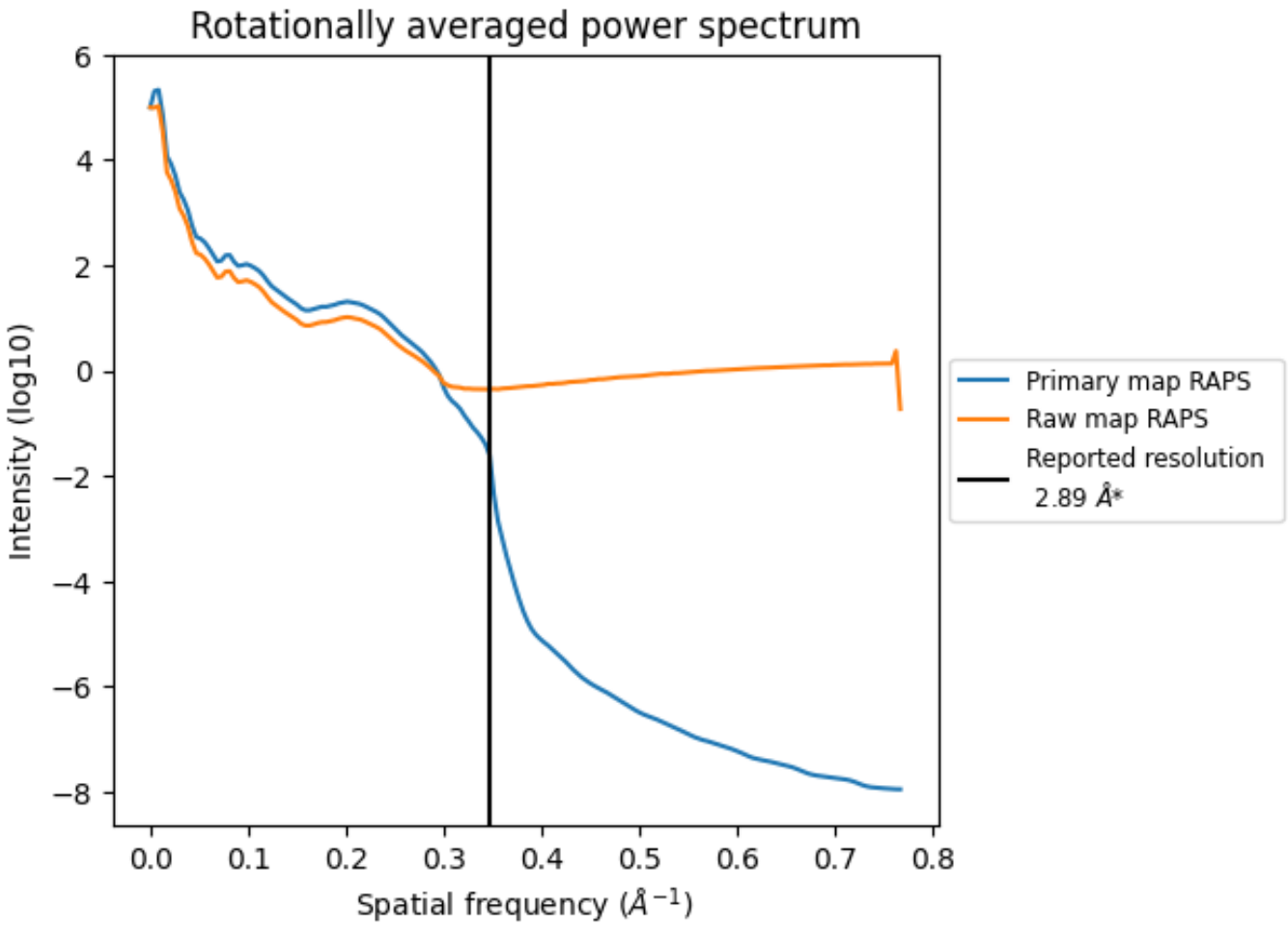
7.2 Volume estimate (i)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 100 nm^3; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 90 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)

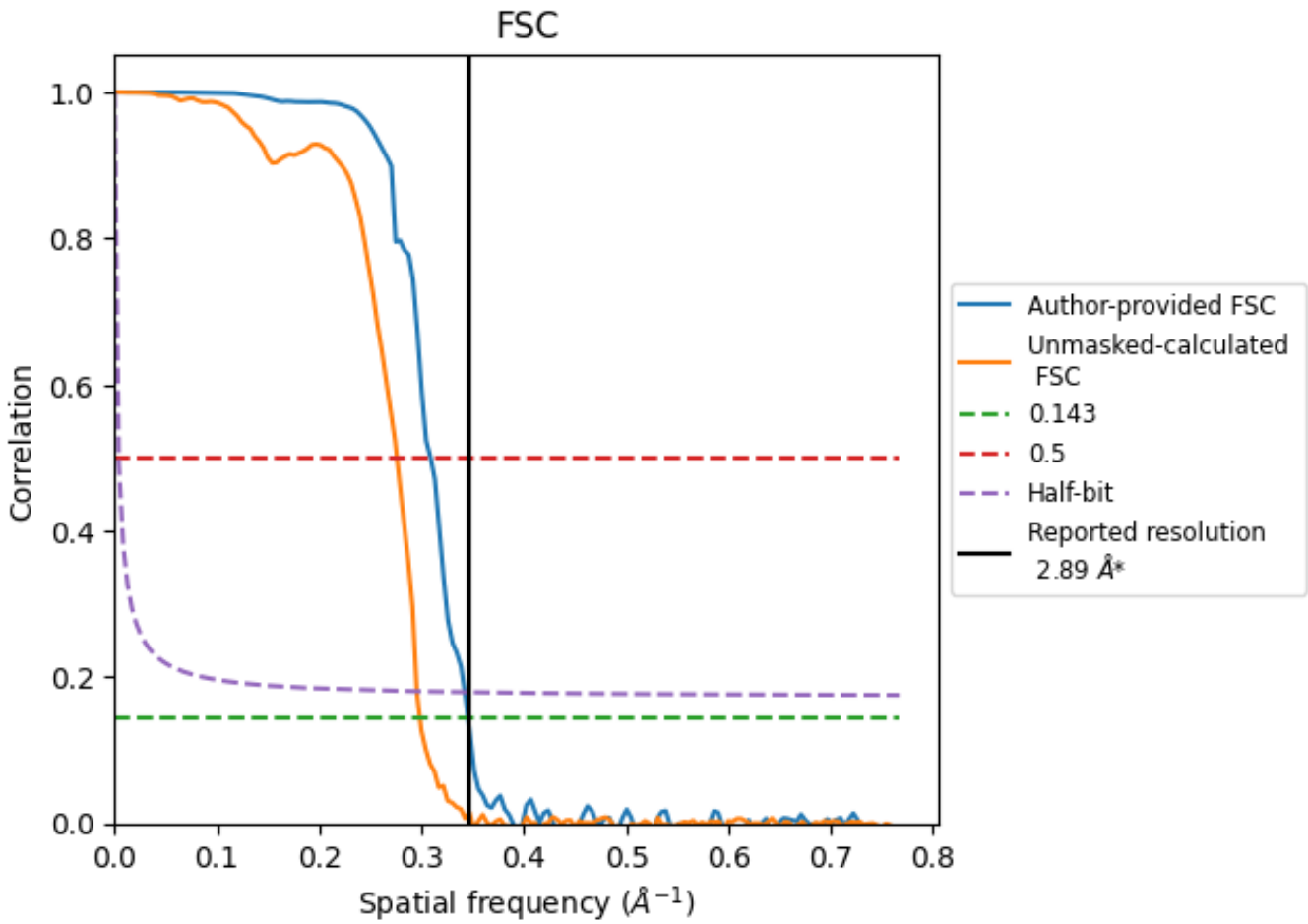


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.346 Å^{-1}

8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC (i)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.346 Å^{-1}

8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

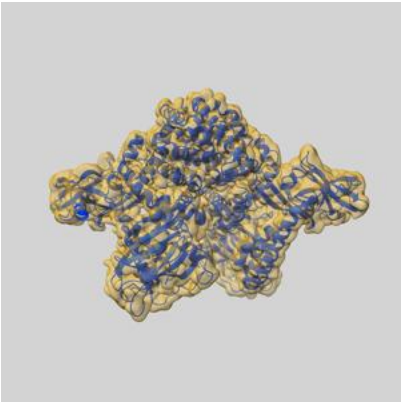
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	2.89	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	2.89	3.24	2.92
Unmasked-calculated*	3.35	3.62	3.38

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.35 differs from the reported value 2.89 by more than 10 %

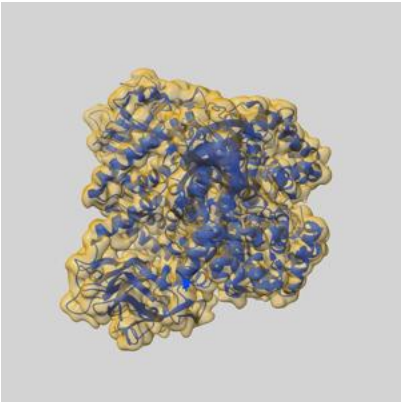
9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-13320 and PDB model 7PCH. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 6.

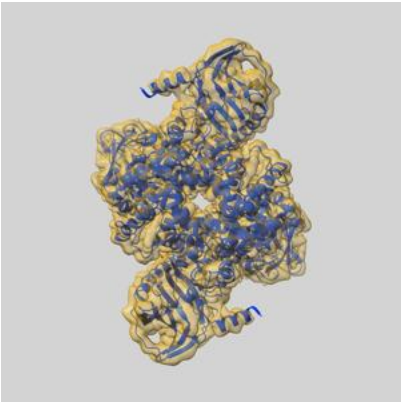
9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



X



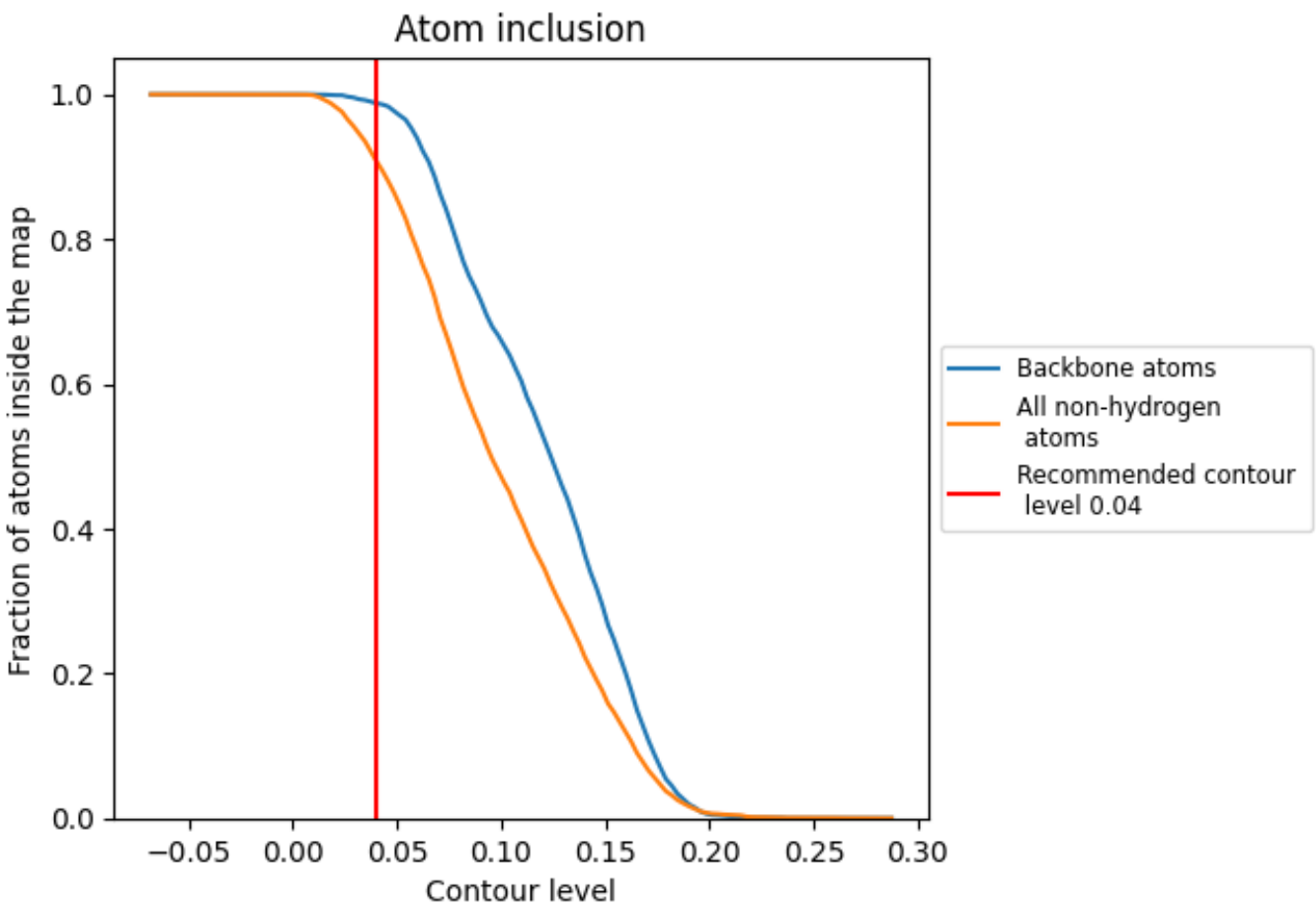
Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.04 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 99% of all backbone atoms, 91% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.