

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

May 14, 2020 – 08:41 am BST

PDB ID : 40NI

Title: Structure of Human Orphan Receptor LRH1 bound to two bacterial phospho-

lipids

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Deposited on : 2014-01-28

Resolution : 1.80 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.11

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac: 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

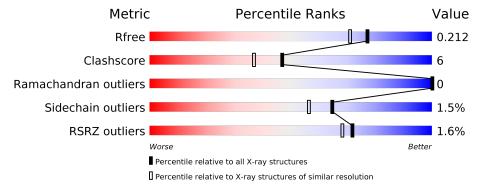
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar \; resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries, \; resolution \; range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	5950 (1.80-1.80)
Clashscore	141614	6793 (1.80-1.80)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6697 (1.80-1.80)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6696 (1.80-1.80)
RSRZ outliers	127900	5850 (1.80-1.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	253	% 	11% • 5%				
1	В	253	87%	9% •				
2	С	19	74% 11%	16%				
2	D	19	21% 53% 47%					



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4780 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Nuclear receptor subfamily 5 group A member 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	A	241	Total 2052	C 1317	T 1	O 378	S 16	0	13	0
1	В	242	Total 2062	C 1317	- '	O 382	S 16	0	13	0

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

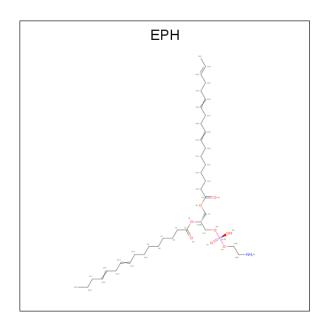
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	289	SER	_	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP O00482
A	290	ASN	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP O00482
В	289	SER	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP O00482
В	290	ASN	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP O00482

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Nuclear receptor subfamily 0 group B member 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
2	С	16	Total	С	N	О	0	0	0
	10	110	70	19	21	0	0	U	
9	D	10	Total	С	N	О	0	0	0
		10	73	50	10	13	0		U

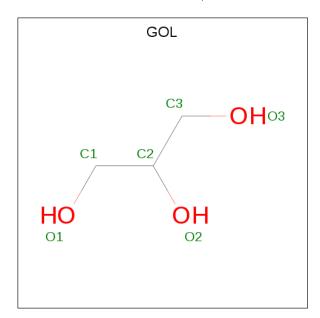
• Molecule 3 is L-ALPHA-PHOSPHATIDYL-BETA-OLEOYL-GAMMA-PALMITOYL-PH OSPHATIDYLETHANOLAMINE (three-letter code: EPH) (formula: C₃₉H₆₈NO₈P).





Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$			ZeroOcc	AltConf		
9	Α	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
3	A	1	49	39	1	8	1	0	0

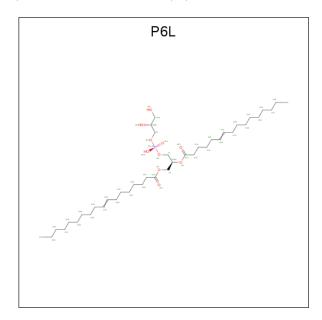
 \bullet Molecule 4 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: $\mathrm{C_3H_8O_3}).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
4	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
4	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0

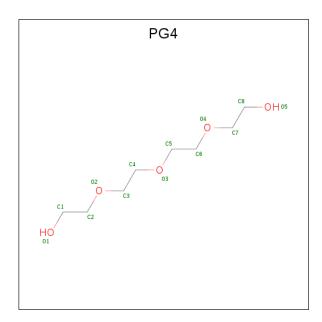


• Molecule 5 is (2S)-3-{[{[(2S)-2,3-DIHYDROXYPROPYL]OXY}(HYDROXY)PHOSPHORYL]OXY}-2-[(6E)-HEXADEC-6-ENOYLOXY]PROPYL (8E)-OCTADEC-8-ENOATE (three-letter code: P6L) (formula: $C_{40}H_{75}O_{10}P$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	В	1	Total 51	C 40	O 10	P 1	0	0

• Molecule 6 is TETRAETHYLENE GLYCOL (three-letter code: PG4) (formula: C₈H₁₈O₅).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	В	1	Total C O 13 8 5	0	0



• Molecule 7 is water.

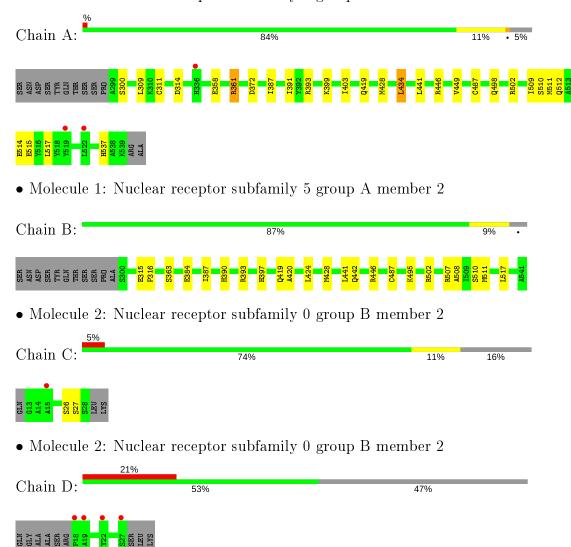
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	187	Total O 187 187	0	0
7	С	15	Total O 15 15	0	0
7	В	149	Total O 149 149	0	0
7	D	1	Total O 1 1	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Nuclear receptor subfamily 5 group A member 2





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	63.87Å 59.86Å 73.94Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 93.86° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	43.67 - 1.80	Depositor
Resolution (A)	43.63 - 1.80	EDS
% Data completeness	94.8 (43.67-1.80)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	94.8 (43.63-1.80)	EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.12	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.89 (at 1.79Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC	Depositor
P. P.	0.156 , 0.202	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.166 , 0.212	DCC
R_{free} test set	2487 reflections (5.06%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	16.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.145	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.36, 46.7	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	4780	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	19.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.56% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $< L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GOL, PG4, P6L, EPH

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Boı	nd lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI		RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.94	0/2091	0.97	$8/2823 \ (0.3\%)$	
1	В	0.90	1/2105~(0.0%)	0.89	$1/2840 \ (0.0\%)$	
2	С	1.16	1/111 (0.9%)	0.87	0/150	
2	D	0.53	0/74	0.63	0/100	
All	All	0.92	$2/4381 \ (0.0\%)$	0.92	$9/5913 \ (0.2\%)$	

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
1	В	363	SER	CB-OG	-7.14	1.32	1.42
2	С	26	SER	CB-OG	-5.61	1.34	1.42

The worst 5 of 9 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	393	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-10.22	115.19	120.30
1	A	393	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.96	124.28	120.30
1	В	393	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.47	116.57	120.30
1	A	372	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-5.96	112.94	118.30
1	A	434[A]	LEU	CB-CG-CD1	-5.69	101.33	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within



the asymmetric	unit, v	vhereas	Symm-	Clashes	lists	symmetry	related	clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	Α	2052	0	2068	23	0
1	В	2062	0	2064	28	0
2	С	110	0	115	1	0
2	D	73	0	80	0	0
3	A	49	0	67	3	0
4	A	18	0	24	0	0
5	В	51	0	74	11	0
6	В	13	0	18	0	0
7	A	187	0	0	9	1
7	В	149	0	0	11	1
7	С	15	0	0	0	0
7	D	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	4780	0	4510	56	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

The worst 5 of 56 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned} ext{Interatomic} \ ext{distance} \ (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$	$egin{aligned} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
1:B:511[B]:MET:HE1	7:B:843:HOH:O	1.63	0.98
1:A:311:CYS:SG	7:A:884:HOH:O	2.21	0.97
1:B:511[A]:MET:HE1	7:B:845:HOH:O	1.64	0.96
1:B:511[A]:MET:CE	7:B:845:HOH:O	2.18	0.88
1:A:311:CYS:HB2	7:A:883:HOH:O	1.86	0.75

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap} \ (ext{\AA}) \end{array}$
7:A:832:HOH:O	7:B:742:HOH:O[2_546]	2.00	0.20

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.



The Analysed column shows	the r	number	of	residues	for	which	the	backbone	conformation	was
analysed, and the total numb	er of	residues								

Mol	Chain	${f Analysed}$	Favoured	Favoured Allowed		Percentiles		
1	A	$252/253 \; (100\%)$	247 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100	
1	В	$253/253 \; (100\%)$	249 (98%)	4 (2%)	0	100	100	
2	С	14/19~(74%)	14 (100%)	0	0	100	100	
2	D	8/19~(42%)	8 (100%)	0	0	100	100	
All	All	527/544~(97%)	518 (98%)	9 (2%)	0	100	100	

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	A	$230/228 \; (101\%)$	225~(98%)	5 (2%)	52	39	
1	В	231/228 (101%)	229 (99%)	2 (1%)	78	75	
2	С	11/14 (79%)	11 (100%)	0	100	100	
2	D	8/14 (57%)	8 (100%)	0	100	100	
All	All	480/484 (99%)	473 (98%)	7 (2%)	65	56	

5 of 7 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	${f Res}$	\mathbf{Type}	
1	A	502	ARG	
1	В	502	ARG	
1	A	537	HIS	
1	A	419	GLN	
1	В	446	ARG	

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:



Mol	Chain	${f Res}$	\mathbf{Type}
1	A	336	HIS
1	A	430	HIS
1	A	537	HIS
1	В	419	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

6 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Mol Type Chain Res Lin			Link	Bond lengths				Bond angles		
MIOI	туре	Chain	nes	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	
5	P6L	В	601	-	50,50,50	1.09	3 (6%)	53,56,56	1.72	9 (16%)	
4	GOL	A	602	_	5,5,5	0.36	0	5,5,5	0.59	0	
6	PG4	В	602	-	12,12,12	0.69	0	11,11,11	0.56	0	
4	GOL	A	604	-	5,5,5	0.32	0	5,5,5	0.66	0	
4	GOL	A	603	_	5,5,5	0.37	0	5,5,5	0.45	0	
3	EPH	A	601	-	48,48,48	1.01	2 (4%)	51,53,53	1.08	3 (5%)	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns.



,_,	means	nο	outliers	αf	that	kind	Word	identified.
_	шсань	110	Outhers	OI	u	MIIIU	MCIC	idenuned.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	${f Torsions}$	Rings
5	P6L	В	601	-	-	23/55/55/55	-
4	GOL	A	602	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
6	PG4	В	602	-	-	4/10/10/10	-
4	GOL	A	604	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
4	GOL	A	603	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
3	EPH	A	601	_	_	23/52/52/52	_

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	${ m Observed}({ m \AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
5	В	601	P6L	O4-C14	4.32	1.46	1.34
3	A	601	EPH	O1-C3	4.19	1.46	1.34
3	A	601	EPH	O2-C4	4.05	1.45	1.33
5	В	601	P6L	O8-C16	3.80	1.44	1.33
5	В	601	P6L	O4-C5	-3.09	1.38	1.46

The worst 5 of 12 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
5	В	601	P6L	O4-C14-C18	8.64	130.12	111.50
3	A	601	EPH	O1-C3-C5	3.39	118.81	111.50
5	В	601	P6L	C1-C2-C50	-3.10	100.64	111.67
5	В	601	P6L	O4-C14-O15	-2.96	116.54	123.70
5	В	601	P6L	O15-C14-C18	-2.71	113.18	123.73

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 54 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	В	601	P6L	O15-C14-O4-C5
5	В	601	P6L	C18-C14-O4-C5
4	A	602	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
3	A	601	EPH	C25-C26-C27-C28
3	A	601	EPH	C29-C30-C31-C32

There are no ring outliers.

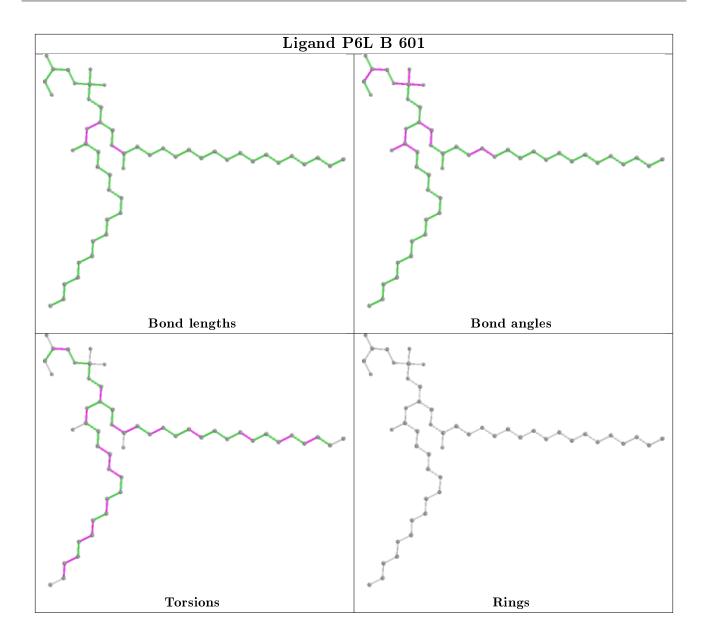
2 monomers are involved in 14 short contacts:



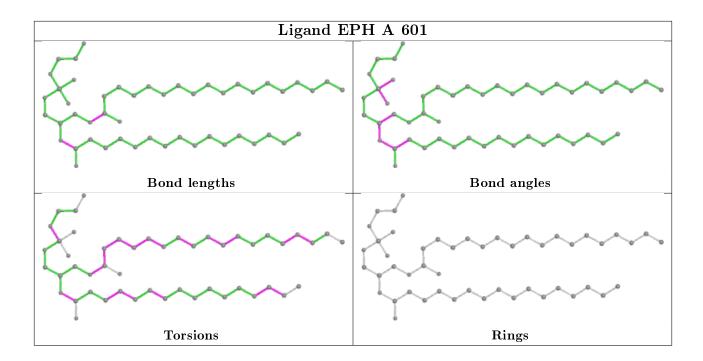
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	В	601	P6L	11	0
3	A	601	EPH	3	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.









5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle { m RSRZ} \rangle$	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(\AA^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	241/253 (95%)	-0.27	3 (1%) 79 76	7, 14, 32, 58	0
1	В	$242/253 \ (95\%)$	-0.32	0 100 100	8, 17, 35, 49	0
2	С	16/19 (84%)	0.16	1 (6%) 20 15	8, 12, 44, 46	0
2	D	$10/19 \ (52\%)$	2.14	4 (40%) 0 0	31, 40, 52, 61	0
All	All	509/544~(93%)	-0.23	8 (1%) 72 68	7, 16, 39, 61	0

The worst 5 of 8 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	D	22	TYR	3.7
2	D	18	PRO	3.6
2	С	15	ALA	3.2
1	A	519	TYR	3.1
2	D	19	ALA	3.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

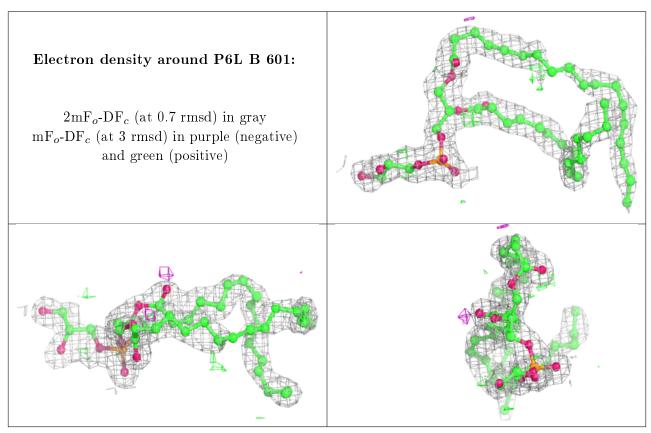
6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

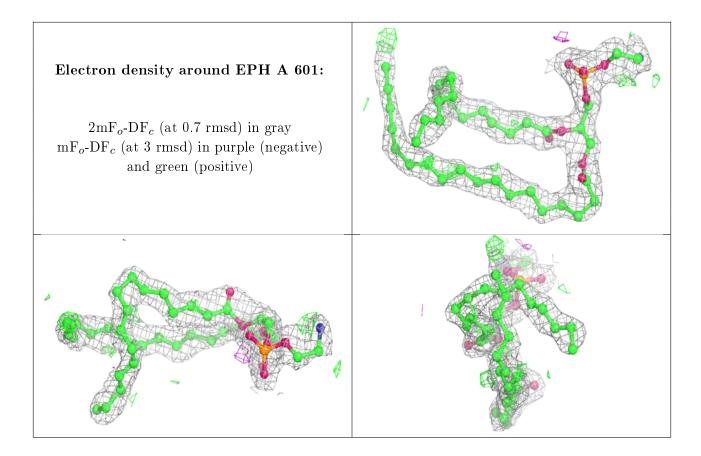


Mol	Type	Chain	${f Res}$	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B-factors(\AA^2)}$	Q<0.9
6	PG4	В	602	13/13	0.85	0.10	37,40,42,42	0
4	GOL	A	604	6/6	0.87	0.15	34,41,44,46	0
5	P6L	В	601	51/51	0.93	0.14	21,36,48,54	0
3	EPH	A	601	49/49	0.94	0.14	24,37,41,45	0
4	GOL	A	603	6/6	0.95	0.12	22,24,27,27	0
4	GOL	A	602	6/6	0.95	0.09	35,38,39,41	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.







6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

