

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

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PDB ID : 60ML

Title : Human BMP chimera BV261 Authors : Seeherman, H.; Juo, Z.S.

Deposited on : 2019-04-18

Resolution : 2.70 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.13.1

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac: 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)

Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

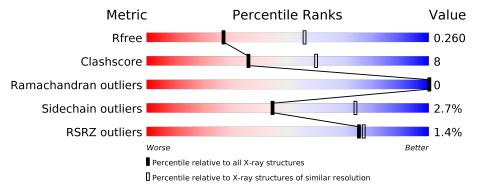
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.13.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.70 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries,\ resolution\ range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	2808 (2.70-2.70)
Clashscore	141614	3122 (2.70-2.70)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3069 (2.70-2.70)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3069 (2.70-2.70)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2737 (2.70-2.70)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain							
1	X	105	81%	18%						
1	Y	105	84%	13%	•					
2	A	6	67% 33%)						



2 Entry composition (i)

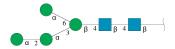
There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1829 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Bone morphogenetic protein 2 and Bone morphogenetic protein 6.

Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$			ZeroOcc	$\mathbf{AltConf}$	Trace		
1	X	105	Total			О		0	0	0
		100	826	525	137	153	11			
1	V	105	Total	С	N	Ο	S	0	0	
1 Y	100	826	525	137	153	11		U	U	

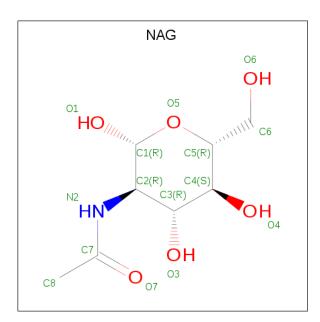
• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	F	A ton	ns		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	A	6	Total 72	C 40	N 2	O 30	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).





Mo	Chain	Residues	A	tor	ns		ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	v	1	Total	С	N	О	0	0
)	Λ	1	14	8	1	5	0	0

• Molecule 4 is water.

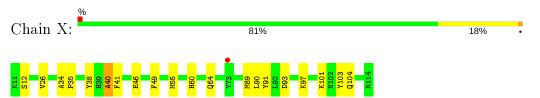
\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$	ZeroOcc	${f AltConf}$
4	X	40	Total O 40 40	0	0
4	Y	51	Total O 51 51	0	0



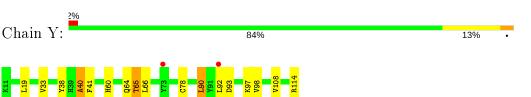
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Bone morphogenetic protein 2 and Bone morphogenetic protein 6



• Molecule 1: Bone morphogenetic protein 2 and Bone morphogenetic protein 6



 \bullet Molecule 2: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 43 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants	67.78Å 67.78Å 148.01Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	49.98 - 2.70	Depositor
resolution (A)	49.98 - 2.70	EDS
% Data completeness	100.0 (49.98-2.70)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.8 (49.98-2.70)	EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.14 (at 2.69Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	BUSTER 2.11.1	Depositor
D D.	0.199 , 0.265	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.215 , 0.260	DCC
R_{free} test set	487 reflections (4.82%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	47.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.416	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.34, 56.4	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	1829	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	47.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 8.23% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $< L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: BMA, NAG, MAN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bo	nd angles
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	X	0.50	0/851	0.79	1/1161 (0.1%)
1	Y	0.49	0/851	0.79	1/1161 (0.1%)
All	All	0.50	0/1702	0.79	2/2322 (0.1%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^{o})$
1	X	40	ALA	C-N-CA	-6.16	106.30	121.70
1	Y	40	ALA	C-N-CA	-5.92	106.89	121.70

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	X	826	0	775	16	0
1	Y	826	0	775	13	0
2	A	72	0	61	1	0
3	X	14	0	13	0	0
4	X	40	0	0	0	0
4	Y	51	0	0	0	0
All	All	1829	0	1624	27	0



The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

All (27) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:X:89:MET:HE2	1:X:103:TYR:CD2	2.27	0.69
1:X:89:MET:CE	1:X:103:TYR:CD2	2.80	0.65
1:Y:93:ASP:HB2	1:Y:97:LYS:O	2.01	0.61
1:X:60:HIS:NE2	1:Y:41:PHE:O	2.34	0.60
1:X:41:PHE:O	1:Y:60:HIS:NE2	2.38	0.56
1:X:89:MET:CE	1:X:103:TYR:CG	2.90	0.55
1:Y:90:LEU:CD1	1:Y:98:VAL:HG12	2.36	0.55
1:Y:65:THR:HG22	1:Y:66:LEU:HD12	1.89	0.54
1:Y:90:LEU:HD11	1:Y:98:VAL:HG12	1.89	0.53
1:Y:19:LEU:O	1:Y:40:ALA:O	2.28	0.52
1:X:93:ASP:HB2	1:X:97:LYS:O	2.10	0.51
2:A:1:NAG:H61	2:A:2:NAG:N2	2.26	0.51
1:X:49:PHE:HA	1:X:55:MET:HG3	1.93	0.50
1:Y:38:TYR:CZ	1:Y:40:ALA:HB2	2.48	0.48
1:X:104:GLN:CD	1:X:104:GLN:H	2.19	0.45
1:X:60:HIS:CE1	1:X:64:GLN:HE21	2.35	0.44
1:Y:60:HIS:CE1	1:Y:64:GLN:HE21	2.34	0.44
1:Y:41:PHE:HB2	1:Y:108:VAL:HB	1.99	0.43
1:X:91:TYR:HE1	1:X:101:LYS:HB2	1.83	0.43
1:X:26:VAL:HB	1:Y:66:LEU:HD23	2.01	0.43
1:X:38:TYR:CZ	1:X:40:ALA:HB2	2.54	0.42
1:Y:92:LEU:HD23	1:Y:93:ASP:O	2.20	0.42
1:X:12:SER:O	1:X:46:GLU:N	2.44	0.41
1:X:89:MET:HE3	1:X:103:TYR:CD2	2.55	0.41
1:Y:41:PHE:O	1:Y:108:VAL:HG23	2.21	0.41
1:X:34:ALA:HB3	1:X:90:LEU:HD12	2.04	0.40
1:X:35:PRO:HD2	1:X:89:MET:HG2	2.03	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.



The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	\mathbf{ntiles}
1	X	103/105~(98%)	102 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
1	Y	103/105~(98%)	103 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	$206/210 \; (98\%)$	205 (100%)	1 (0%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	\mathbf{ntiles}
1	X	93/93 (100%)	93 (100%)	0	100	100
1	Y	93/93 (100%)	88 (95%)	5 (5%)	22	47
All	All	186/186 (100%)	181 (97%)	5 (3%)	44	74

All (5) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	Y	33	VAL
1	Y	65	THR
1	Y	78	CYS
1	Y	90	LEU
1	Y	114	ARG

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	X	64	GLN
1	Y	64	GLN



5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

6 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	T	Chain	Dag	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	NAG	A	1	1,2	14,14,15	0.80	0	17,19,21	1.58	2 (11%)
2	NAG	A	2	2	14,14,15	1.65	2 (14%)	17,19,21	2.03	7 (41%)
2	BMA	A	3	2	11,11,12	1.66	3 (27%)	15,15,17	1.91	4 (26%)
2	MAN	A	4	2	11,11,12	1.86	3 (27%)	15,15,17	1.55	3 (20%)
2	MAN	A	5	2	11,11,12	2.04	4 (36%)	15,15,17	1.96	3 (20%)
2	MAN	A	6	2	11,11,12	1.95	4 (36%)	15,15,17	2.51	5 (33%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	${f Torsions}$	Rings
2	NAG	A	1	1,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	A	2	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	BMA	A	3	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	A	4	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	A	5	2	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	A	6	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1



All (16) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
2	Α	2	NAG	C1-C2	4.87	1.59	1.52
2	A	5	MAN	C2-C3	4.07	1.58	1.52
2	A	4	MAN	C2-C3	3.77	1.58	1.52
2	A	6	MAN	O5-C5	3.16	1.49	1.43
2	A	6	MAN	C2-C3	3.08	1.57	1.52
2	A	5	MAN	C4-C3	2.74	1.59	1.52
2	A	3	BMA	O5-C1	2.65	1.47	1.43
2	A	4	MAN	C4-C3	2.64	1.59	1.52
2	A	2	NAG	C4-C3	2.61	1.59	1.52
2	A	5	MAN	O5-C5	2.58	1.48	1.43
2	A	3	BMA	C4-C5	2.56	1.58	1.53
2	A	6	MAN	O5-C1	2.50	1.47	1.43
2	A	3	BMA	O5-C5	2.41	1.48	1.43
2	A	4	MAN	O5-C1	2.34	1.47	1.43
2	A	6	MAN	C1-C2	2.03	1.56	1.52
2	A	5	MAN	O5-C1	2.03	1.47	1.43

All (24) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	A	3	BMA	C1-O5-C5	5.29	119.36	112.19
2	A	6	MAN	O5-C5-C6	4.80	114.73	107.20
2	A	5	MAN	C2-C3-C4	4.46	118.61	110.89
2	A	5	MAN	O5-C5-C6	4.32	113.98	107.20
2	A	6	MAN	C2-C3-C4	4.18	118.13	110.89
2	A	6	MAN	C1-O5-C5	3.88	117.45	112.19
2	A	2	NAG	C1-C2-N2	3.88	117.11	110.49
2	A	6	MAN	O5-C5-C4	3.66	119.73	110.83
2	A	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2	-3.62	109.97	116.10
2	A	6	MAN	C3-C4-C5	3.33	116.19	110.24
2	A	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2	-3.23	110.62	116.10
2	A	4	MAN	O5-C5-C6	3.20	112.22	107.20
2	A	2	NAG	O3-C3-C4	2.79	116.81	110.35
2	A	2	NAG	C2-N2-C7	2.73	126.79	122.90
2	A	2	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.61	107.17	111.29
2	A	4	MAN	O3-C3-C4	2.56	116.26	110.35
2	A	5	MAN	O5-C1-C2	-2.54	106.84	110.77
2	A	1	NAG	O4-C4-C3	-2.54	104.48	110.35
2	A	3	BMA	O5-C1-C2	2.43	114.53	110.77
2	A	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6	2.33	110.86	107.20
2	A	4	MAN	C2-C3-C4	2.32	114.91	110.89
2	A	2	NAG	C4-C3-C2	-2.13	107.90	111.02

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	A	2	NAG	O7-C7-N2	2.06	125.74	121.95
2	A	3	BMA	O2-C2-C1	2.02	113.29	109.15

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	A	3	BMA	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	Α	5	MAN	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	1	NAG	1	0
2	A	2	NAG	1	0

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Chain Res	$\operatorname{\mathbf{E}}$ $\operatorname{\mathbf{Link}}$	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
WIOI	Type	Chain			Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	NAG	X	901	1	14,14,15	1.75	3 (21%)	17,19,21	1.73	4 (23%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	X	901	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1



All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	${ m Observed}({ m \AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
3	X	901	NAG	C1-C2	3.77	1.58	1.52
3	X	901	NAG	C3-C2	2.89	1.58	1.52
3	X	901	NAG	O5-C5	2.03	1.47	1.43

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
3	X	901	NAG	C1-O5-C5	4.68	118.54	112.19
3	X	901	NAG	O3-C3-C2	2.29	114.21	109.47
3	X	901	NAG	C8-C7-N2	-2.11	112.53	116.10
3	X	901	NAG	C2-N2-C7	2.04	125.81	122.90

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	X	901	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	X	901	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$		$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	X	$105/105 \; (100\%)$	0.19	1 (0%) 82	83	29, 40, 73, 88	0
1	Y	105/105 (100%)	0.14	2 (1%) 66	69	32, 42, 61, 74	0
All	All	210/210 (100%)	0.17	3 (1%) 75	77	29, 41, 71, 88	0

All (3) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	Y	73	TYR	3.3
1	X	73	TYR	3.2
1	Y	92	LEU	2.3

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}({\rm \AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
2	MAN	A	6	11/12	0.60	0.32	$95,\!97,\!100,\!100$	0
2	MAN	A	5	11/12	0.69	0.39	101,104,106,107	0
2	BMA	A	3	11/12	0.76	0.27	88,91,93,94	0
2	NAG	A	2	14/15	0.80	0.22	74,79,82,82	0
2	MAN	A	4	11/12	0.84	0.28	96,98,101,101	0
2	NAG	A	1	14/15	0.95	0.22	59,63,66,68	0



6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B\text{-factors}}({f \AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	NAG	X	901	14/15	0.84	0.21	98,102,105,105	0

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

