

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Jun 14, 2020 – 04:17 am BST

PDB ID : 10KG

> Title : 3-mercaptopyruvate sulfurtransferase from Leishmania major

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: 2003-07-24 Deposited on

2.10 Å(reported) Resolution

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity 4.02b-467

> 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020) Mogul

Xtriage (Phenix) 1.13 EDS 2.11

Percentile statistics 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

> Refmac 5.8.0158

7.0.044 (Gargrove) CCP4 Engh & Huber (2001)

Ideal geometry (proteins) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) Parkinson et al. (1996)

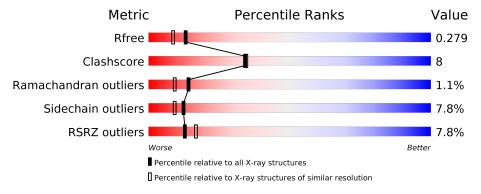
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) 2.11

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned}  ext{Similar resolution} \ (\# ext{Entries, resolution range}( ext{Å})) \end{aligned}$
$R_{free}$	130704	5197 (2.10-2.10)
Clashscore	141614	5710 (2.10-2.10)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5647 (2.10 - 2.10)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5648 (2.10-2.10)
RSRZ outliers	127900	5083 (2.10-2.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
			7%		
1	A	373	79%	15%	• •

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	$\mathbf{Type}$	Chain	m Res	Chirality	$\mathbf{Geometry}$	Clashes	Electron density
3	SO3	A	1374	-	-	X	-



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3193 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called POSSIBLE 3-MERCAPTOPYRUVATE SULFURTRANS-FERASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues			$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{t}$	oms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	362	Total 2784	As 2	C 1748	N 482	O 525	S 15	Se 12	0	1	0

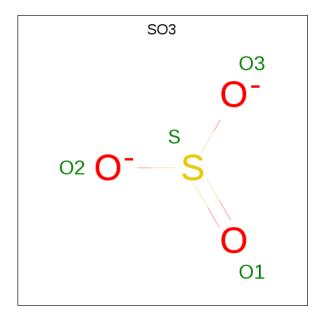
There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
Α	367	VAL	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP Q9NE49

• Molecule 2 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total Ca 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 3 is SULFITE ION (three-letter code: SO3) (formula: O<sub>3</sub>S).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	
3	A	1	Total 4	O 3	S 1	0	0

# • Molecule 4 is water.

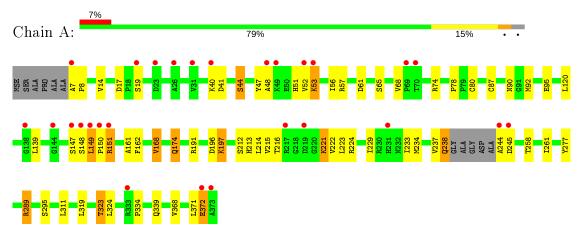
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	404	Total O 404 404	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: POSSIBLE 3-MERCAPTOPYRUVATE SULFURTRANSFERASE





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 42 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants	109.57Å 109.57Å 67.30Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	76.70 - 2.10	Depositor
resolution (A)	19.81 - 2.10	EDS
% Data completeness	97.7 (76.70-2.10)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.9 (19.81-2.10)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.05	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	4.70 (at 2.09Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.1.24	Depositor
P. P.	0.208 , $0.287$	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.204 , $0.279$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1248 reflections $(5.11\%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	35.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.220	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.33, 55.1	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.50, < L^2>=0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	3193	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	44.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.37% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $< L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CA, SO3, CSS, CSR

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.50	0/2812	0.78	5/3802 (0.1%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
1	A	245	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	6.03	123.73	118.30
1	A	41	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.38	123.14	118.30
1	A	196	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.14	122.93	118.30
1	A	17	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.08	122.88	118.30
1	A	61	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.04	122.84	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	Α	2784	0	2694	46	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	4	0	0	2	0
4	A	404	0	0	8	0
All	All	3193	0	2694	46	0



The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

All (46) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:87:CYS:HA	1:A:92:MSE:HE3	1.22	1.15
1:A:90:ASN:HB2	1:A:92:MSE:HE2	1.19	1.13
1:A:238:GLN:HA	4:A:2295:HOH:O	$\frac{1.19}{1.56}$	1.13
1:A:237:VAL:O	1:A:238:GLN:HB2	1.65	0.95
1:A:257:VAL:O 1:A:215:VAL:HG13	1:A:238:GLN:HB2 1:A:224:ARG:HG2	1.51	0.90
1:A:213. VAL.HG13 1:A:87:CYS:HA	1:A:92:MSE:CE	2.07	0.85
1:A:87:C Y S:HA 1:A:214:LEU:O	1:A:92:MSE:CE 1:A:224:ARG:NH1	2.07	
	4:A:2116:HOH:O		0.81
1:A:80[B]:CSR:O3		2.03	0.77
1:A:90:ASN:HB2	1:A:92:MSE:CE	2.11	0.73
1:A:74:ARG:NH1	3:A:1374:SO3:O3	2.23	0.69
1:A:168:VAL:HG13	1:A:277:TYR:OH	1.95	0.67
1:A:87:CYS:CA	1:A:92:MSE:HE3	2.15	0.65
1:A:244:ALA:HB3	4:A:2298:HOH:O	1.95	0.65
1:A:174:GLN:HG2	1:A:174:GLN:O	1.97	0.64
1:A:289:ARG:HG3	1:A:289:ARG:HH11	1.66	0.59
1:A:74:ARG:NH2	3:A:1374:SO3:O3	2.41	0.54
1:A:224:ARG:NH1	4:A:2279:HOH:O	2.35	0.53
1:A:289:ARG:HG3	1:A:289:ARG:NH1	2.24	0.53
1:A:216:THR:HB	1:A:221:LYS:NZ	2.24	0.52
1:A:44:SER:HB3	4:A:2061:HOH:O	2.08	0.52
1:A:51:HIS:HD2	1:A:52:VAL:O	1.92	0.52
1:A:221:LYS:HG2	4:A:2276:HOH:O	2.10	0.51
1:A:372:GLU:H	1:A:372:GLU:CD	2.14	0.50
1:A:95:GLU:HG2	4:A:2140:HOH:O	2.11	0.49
1:A:80[B]:CSR:SG	1:A:161:ALA:HA	2.52	0.49
1:A:56:ILE:HD13	1:A:90:ASN:HB3	1.95	0.49
1:A:216:THR:O	1:A:216:THR:HG23	2.13	0.49
1:A:65:SER:HA	1:A:78:PRO:HD3	1.96	0.48
1:A:258:THR:O	1:A:261:ILE:HG22	2.14	0.47
1:A:212:SER:O	1:A:224:ARG:HD2	2.15	0.46
1:A:222:VAL:HG12	1:A:223:LEU:N	2.30	0.46
1:A:197:LYS:HE2	1:A:197:LYS:HB2	1.82	0.45
1:A:334:PRO:O	1:A:339:GLN:NE2	2.42	0.45
1:A:53:LYS:O	1:A:53:LYS:HG3	2.17	0.44
1:A:213:HIS:HB3	1:A:229:ILE:HG12	2.00	0.44
1:A:233:ILE:HG22	1:A:234:MSE:HE2	1.99	0.43
1:A:168:VAL:HG13	1:A:277:TYR:CZ	2.52	0.43

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Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{c}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance } ( ext{Å}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:148:SER:HB3	1:A:149:LEU:HG	2.01	0.43
1:A:323:THR:HG22	1:A:371:LEU:HG	2.01	0.42
1:A:47:TYR:CD2	1:A:47:TYR:O	2.73	0.42
1:A:323:THR:HG21	4:A:2402:HOH:O	2.19	0.41
1:A:7:ALA:HB3	1:A:8:PRO:HD3	2.03	0.41
1:A:215:VAL:HG13	1:A:224:ARG:CG	2.36	0.41
1:A:319:LEU:HD11	1:A:324:LEU:HD11	2.02	0.41
1:A:80[B]:CSR:AS	1:A:162:PHE:H	2.64	0.41
1:A:47:TYR:O	1:A:47:TYR:HD2	2.04	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Favoured		Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	355/373~(95%)	333 (94%)	18 (5%)	4 (1%)	14 9	

All (4) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	
1	A	48	ALA	
1	A	150	PRO	
1	A	372	GLU	
1	A	151	ARG	

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was



analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric		Percentiles		
1	A	295/286 (103%)	272 (92%)	23 (8%)	12 9		

All (23) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	14	VAL
1	A	19	SER
1	A	40	LYS
1	A	44	SER
1	A	53	LYS
1	A	57	ARG
1	A	68	VAL
1	A	120	LEU
1	A	139	LEU
1	A	147	SER
1	A	149	LEU
1	A	151	ARG
1	A	168	VAL
1	A	174	GLN
1	A	191	ARG
1	A	197	LYS
1	A	221	LYS
1	A	238	GLN
1	A	289	ARG
1	A	295	SER
1	A	311	LEU
1	A	323	THR
1	A	368	VAL

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	51	HIS
1	A	90	ASN
1	A	307	GLN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

4 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trino	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
10101	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	$\mid \# Z  > 2 \mid$
1	CSS	A	331	1	4,6,7	1.03	0	1,6,8	1.08	0
1	CSR	A	80[A]	-	5,9,10	2.80	2 (40%)	4,12,14	1.21	0
1	CSR	A	80[B]	-	5,9,10	2.87	2 (40%)	4,12,14	0.99	0
1	CSS	A	253	1	4,6,7	0.86	0	1,6,8	0.40	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	CSS	A	331	1	-	0/1/5/7	-
1	CSR	A	80[A]	_	-	0/0/8/10	-
1	CSR	A	80[B]	-	-	0/0/8/10	-
1	CSS	A	253	1	-	0/1/5/7	-

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
1	A	80[B]	CSR	O2-AS	4.73	1.77	1.71
1	A	80[A]	CSR	O2-AS	4.39	1.77	1.71
1	A	80[A]	CSR	O1-AS	4.38	1.77	1.71
1	A	80[B]	CSR	O1-AS	4.20	1.77	1.71

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 3 short contacts:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	80[B]	CSR	3	0

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

#### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	$\mathbf{n} \mid \mathbf{Res} \mid$	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
WIOI					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	$\mid \# Z  > 2 \mid$
3	SO3	A	1374	_	1,3,3	0.40	0	0,3,3	0.00	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes	
3	A	1374	SO3	2	0	

## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle { m RSRZ} \rangle$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	347/373 (93%)	0.30	27 (7%) 13 17	24, 39, 69, 82	0

All (27) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	148	SER	6.7
1	A	149	LEU	6.4
1	A	373	ALA	5.9
1	A	7	ALA	4.5
1	A	70	THR	4.5
1	A	244	ALA	4.4
1	A	372	GLU	4.3
1	A	151	ARG	4.2
1	A	147	SER	4.2
1	A	48	ALA	4.1
1	A	69	PRO	4.1
1	A	138	GLY	4.0
1	A	144	GLY	3.2
1	A	217	ARG	3.0
1	A	231	HIS	2.6
1	A	40	LYS	2.6
1	A	150	PRO	2.5
1	A	52	VAL	2.5
1	A	23	ASP	2.5
1	A	245	ASP	2.5
1	A	333	ARG	2.3
1	A	219	ASP	2.3
1	A	31	VAL	2.3
1	A	19	SER	2.2
1	A	53	LYS	2.1
1	A	49	LYS	2.0
1	A	26	ALA	2.0



#### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B\text{-}factors}({f A}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	CSR	A	80[A]	10/11	0.93	0.14	35,37,48,52	6
1	CSR	A	80[B]	10/11	0.93	0.14	35,37,44,45	6
1	CSS	A	253	7/8	0.95	0.11	26,27,29,43	0
1	CSS	A	331	7/8	0.97	0.06	47,48,50,54	0

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

#### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
2	CA	A	1373	1/1	0.93	0.15	66,66,66,66	1
3	SO3	A	1374	4/4	0.97	0.08	56,57,58,58	0

## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

