Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

May 24, 2020 – 03:50 am BST

PDB ID	:	1OI3
Title	:	X-ray structure of the dihydroxyacetone kinase from Escherichia coli
Authors	:	Siebold, C.; Garcia-Alles, L.-F.; Erni, B.; Baumann, U.
Deposited on	:	2003-06-04
Resolution	:	2.00 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

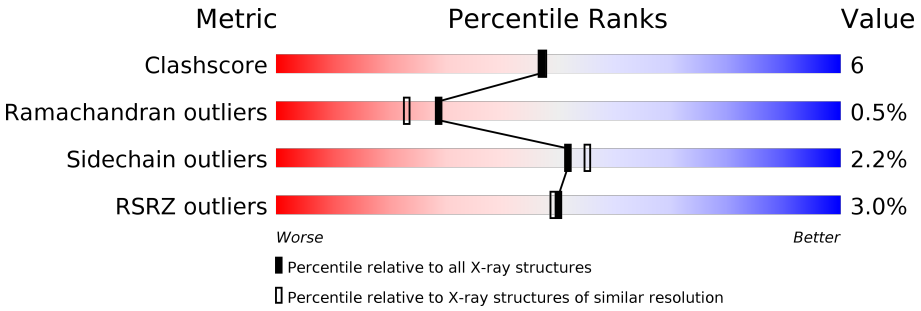
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.11
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.11

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	141614	9178 (2.00-2.00)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	9054 (2.00-2.00)
Sidechain outliers	138945	9053 (2.00-2.00)
RSRZ outliers	127900	7900 (2.00-2.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	366	3% 78% 13% • 8%
1	B	366	2% 77% 15% 8%

2 Entry composition

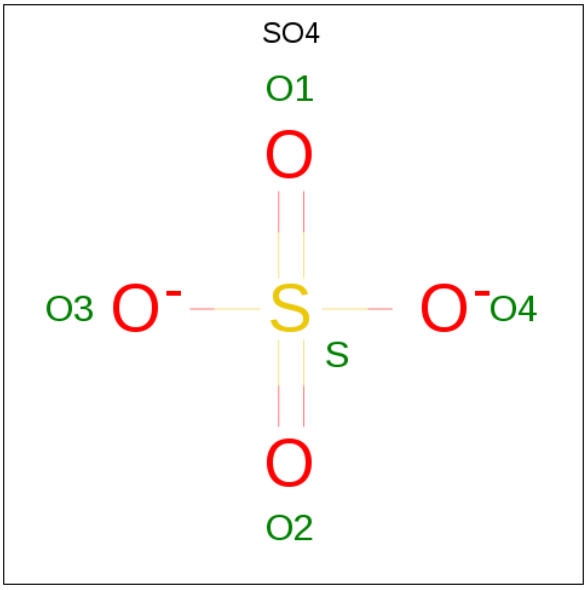
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5531 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN YCGT.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	336	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2520	1577	434	496	13			
1	B	336	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2520	1577	434	496	13			

- Molecule 2 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O_4S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
2	B	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		

- Molecule 3 is water.

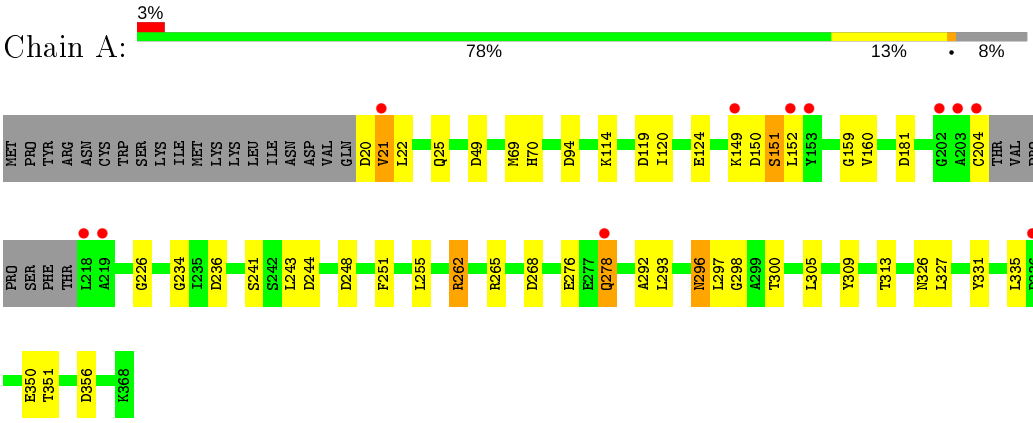
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	235	Total O 235 235	0	0
3	B	246	Total O 246 246	0	0

3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

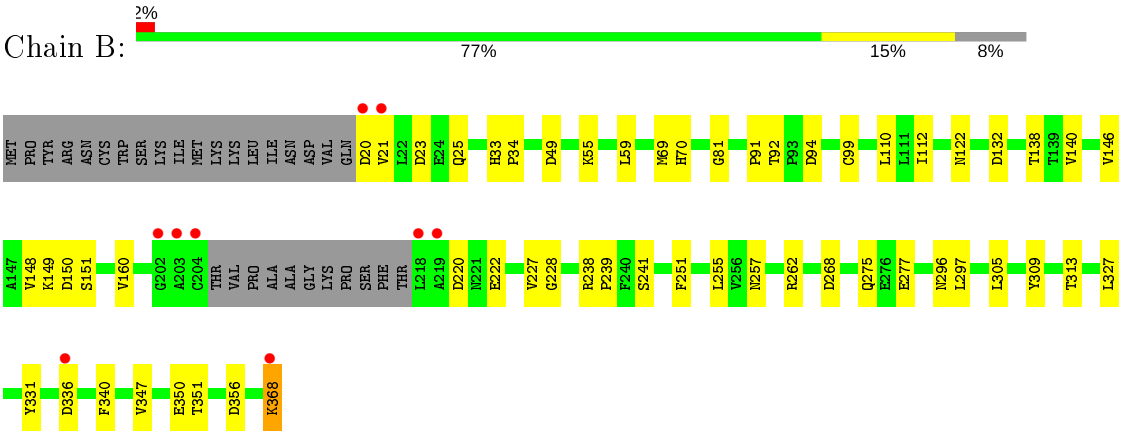
- Molecule 1: HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN YCGT

Chain A:



- Molecule 1: HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN YCGT

Chain B:



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	96.47Å 97.36Å 86.21Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	19.73 – 2.00 19.71 – 2.00	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	100.0 (19.73-2.00) 93.1 (19.71-2.00)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.05	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	6.64 (at 2.01Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.1.19	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.189 , 0.239 0.201 , (Not available)	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	17.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.881	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.36 , 52.8	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< \|L\| > = 0.48$, $< L^2 > = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.000 for k,h,-l	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	5531	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	18.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 58.64 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 1.9848e-05. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.*

[1] Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2] Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SO4

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#$\|Z\|>5$	RMSZ	#$\|Z\|>5$
1	A	0.81	0/2565	1.01	11/3486 (0.3%)
1	B	0.78	0/2565	0.95	4/3486 (0.1%)
All	All	0.79	0/5130	0.98	15/6972 (0.2%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (15) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	A	49	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	7.87	125.38	118.30
1	A	248	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	6.86	124.47	118.30
1	A	244	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	6.75	124.38	118.30
1	A	181	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	6.68	124.31	118.30
1	B	150	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	6.03	123.73	118.30
1	A	236	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.99	123.69	118.30
1	A	119	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.89	123.61	118.30
1	B	94	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.83	123.55	118.30
1	A	94	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.70	123.43	118.30
1	A	268	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.63	123.37	118.30
1	A	150	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.59	123.33	118.30
1	A	262	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.54	123.07	120.30
1	B	49	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.42	123.17	118.30
1	B	336	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.27	123.04	118.30
1	A	356	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.20	122.98	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2520	0	2458	33	0
1	B	2520	0	2458	29	1
2	A	5	0	0	0	0
2	B	5	0	0	0	0
3	A	235	0	0	4	0
3	B	246	0	0	2	0
All	All	5531	0	4916	62	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (62) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:22:LEU:HD12	1:A:22:LEU:O	1.78	0.83
1:B:148:VAL:HG21	1:B:151:SER:HB2	1.69	0.72
1:A:69:MET:CE	1:A:114:LYS:NZ	2.54	0.69
1:A:296:ASN:ND2	1:A:298:GLY:H	1.89	0.69
1:B:251:PHE:CE2	1:B:255:LEU:HD11	2.28	0.69
1:A:69:MET:HE3	1:A:114:LYS:NZ	2.07	0.68
1:A:69:MET:HE3	1:A:114:LYS:HZ1	1.58	0.67
1:B:59:LEU:HD11	1:B:99:CYS:SG	2.35	0.67
1:A:21:VAL:O	1:A:25:GLN:HG3	1.95	0.66
1:A:296:ASN:HD21	1:A:300:THR:H	1.43	0.64
1:B:21:VAL:O	1:B:25:GLN:HG3	2.01	0.61
1:B:110:LEU:CD1	1:B:138:THR:HG23	2.31	0.60
1:A:22:LEU:HD21	3:A:2057:HOH:O	2.00	0.60
1:B:297:LEU:HD13	1:B:340:PHE:HA	1.82	0.60
1:A:69:MET:CE	1:A:114:LYS:HZ2	2.14	0.59
1:B:347:VAL:HG12	1:B:351:THR:HG21	1.84	0.59
1:B:148:VAL:CG2	1:B:151:SER:HB2	2.34	0.58
1:A:114:LYS:HD2	1:A:159:GLY:O	2.05	0.57
1:B:268:ASP:HB2	1:B:275:GLN:HG2	1.88	0.55
1:A:309:TYR:O	1:A:313:THR:HG23	2.06	0.55
1:B:110:LEU:HD13	1:B:138:THR:HG23	1.89	0.55

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:151:SER:OG	1:A:152:LEU:N	2.40	0.54
1:A:251:PHE:CE2	1:A:255:LEU:HD11	2.43	0.53
1:A:265:ARG:HG3	3:A:2086:HOH:O	2.09	0.53
1:B:112:ILE:HD12	1:B:140:VAL:HB	1.92	0.52
1:A:296:ASN:HB2	1:A:305:LEU:HD11	1.92	0.52
1:B:296:ASN:HB2	1:B:305:LEU:HD11	1.92	0.51
1:B:238:ARG:HB2	1:B:239:PRO:HD2	1.93	0.50
1:A:204:CYS:HB2	1:A:335:LEU:HB2	1.94	0.50
1:A:69:MET:HE1	1:A:114:LYS:HE3	1.94	0.49
1:B:91:PRO:O	1:B:122:ASN:ND2	2.47	0.48
1:A:120:ILE:O	1:A:124:GLU:HG3	2.14	0.47
1:B:149:LYS:HE3	3:B:2164:HOH:O	2.13	0.47
1:B:277:GLU:OE1	3:B:2176:HOH:O	2.20	0.47
1:B:350:GLU:CD	1:B:350:GLU:H	2.18	0.46
1:A:293:LEU:HB3	1:A:343:THR:HB	1.98	0.46
1:A:350:GLU:N	1:A:350:GLU:CD	2.69	0.46
1:B:59:LEU:HD12	1:B:81:GLY:O	2.15	0.46
1:A:226:GLY:O	1:A:234:GLY:HA2	2.16	0.45
1:A:149:LYS:HE3	3:A:2148:HOH:O	2.16	0.45
1:A:265:ARG:HB2	3:A:2086:HOH:O	2.17	0.44
1:B:220:ASP:O	1:B:222:GLU:N	2.50	0.44
1:B:146:VAL:HB	1:B:257:ASN:HB3	2.00	0.43
1:B:309:TYR:O	1:B:313:THR:HG23	2.18	0.43
1:A:296:ASN:ND2	1:A:300:THR:H	2.13	0.43
1:B:227:VAL:HG22	1:B:228:GLY:N	2.33	0.43
1:A:350:GLU:H	1:A:350:GLU:CD	2.23	0.42
1:A:243:LEU:HA	1:A:243:LEU:HD12	1.72	0.42
1:B:356:ASP:O	1:B:368:LYS:C	2.58	0.42
1:A:69:MET:HE1	1:A:114:LYS:CE	2.48	0.42
1:A:70:HIS:NE2	1:A:114:LYS:NZ	2.68	0.42
1:B:350:GLU:CD	1:B:350:GLU:N	2.72	0.42
1:A:327:LEU:HG	1:A:331:TYR:CE1	2.54	0.42
1:B:327:LEU:HG	1:B:331:TYR:CE1	2.55	0.42
1:A:278:GLN:HB2	1:A:278:GLN:HE21	1.63	0.41
1:B:251:PHE:CE2	1:B:255:LEU:CD1	3.02	0.41
1:B:20:ASP:HB3	1:B:23:ASP:OD2	2.19	0.41
1:B:69:MET:HA	1:B:70:HIS:HA	1.89	0.41
1:A:292:ALA:O	1:A:326:ASN:HA	2.21	0.40
1:B:33:HIS:HA	1:B:34:PRO:HD2	1.95	0.40
1:A:347:VAL:HG12	1:A:351:THR:HG21	2.03	0.40
1:A:20:ASP:OD1	1:A:22:LEU:N	2.49	0.40

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:55:LYS:NZ	1:B:55:LYS:NZ[2_755]	1.16	1.04

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	332/366 (91%)	322 (97%)	8 (2%)	2 (1%)	25 19
1	B	332/366 (91%)	320 (96%)	11 (3%)	1 (0%)	41 37
All	All	664/732 (91%)	642 (97%)	19 (3%)	3 (0%)	29 23

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	151	SER
1	A	160	VAL
1	B	160	VAL

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	267/298 (90%)	260 (97%)	7 (3%)	46 48
1	B	267/298 (90%)	262 (98%)	5 (2%)	57 61

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
All	All	534/596 (90%)	522 (98%)	12 (2%)	52 55

All (12) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	21	VAL
1	A	241	SER
1	A	262	ARG
1	A	276	GLU
1	A	278	GLN
1	A	296	ASN
1	A	297	LEU
1	B	92	THR
1	B	132	ASP
1	B	241	SER
1	B	262	ARG
1	B	368	LYS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	278	GLN
1	A	296	ASN
1	B	76	GLN
1	B	278	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
2	SO4	A	1369	-	4,4,4	0.43	0	6,6,6	0.56	0
2	SO4	B	1369	-	4,4,4	0.51	0	6,6,6	0.42	0

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	A	336/366 (91%)	-0.03	11 (3%) 46 45	6, 16, 37, 77	0
1	B	336/366 (91%)	-0.15	9 (2%) 54 53	6, 15, 35, 76	0
All	All	672/732 (91%)	-0.09	20 (2%) 50 49	6, 15, 36, 77	0

All (20) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	218	LEU	11.7
1	B	203	ALA	5.9
1	A	218	LEU	5.4
1	A	219	ALA	5.3
1	A	203	ALA	4.0
1	B	336	ASP	3.4
1	B	21	VAL	3.4
1	B	204	CYS	3.1
1	A	202	GLY	3.1
1	A	21	VAL	2.9
1	A	149	LYS	2.4
1	A	152	LEU	2.3
1	A	336	ASP	2.2
1	A	153	TYR	2.1
1	B	219	ALA	2.1
1	B	202	GLY	2.1
1	B	368	LYS	2.0
1	A	204	CYS	2.0
1	A	278	GLN	2.0
1	B	20	ASP	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
2	SO4	A	1369	5/5	0.99	0.14	22,23,30,31	0
2	SO4	B	1369	5/5	0.99	0.10	21,23,30,31	0

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.