

# Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

### Feb 1, 2024 – 12:27 pm GMT

PDB ID : 8OFC BMRB ID : 34798

Title: Structure of an i-motif domain with the cytosine analog 1,3-diaza-2-oxopheno

xacione (tC) at neutral pH

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Deposited on : 2023-03-15

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange : Kirchner and Güntert (2011)

NmrClust : Kelley et al. (1996)

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

wwPDB-RCI : FAILED PANAV : FAILED

wwPDB-ShiftChecker : FAILED

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

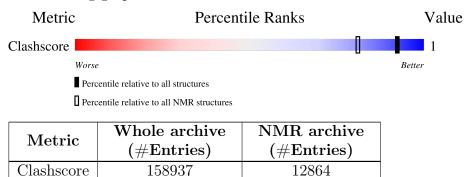
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $SOLUTION\ NMR$ 

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	A	22	5% 73%	23%



# 2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 10 models. This entry does not contain polypeptide chains, therefore identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible. All residues are included in the validation scores.



# 3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 702 atoms, of which 258 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(\*CP\*(YCO)P\*GP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*(DNR)P\*GP \*TP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*CP\*GP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*(DNR)P\*GP\*T)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					
1	Λ	22	Total	С	Н	N	О	Р	0
1	A	22	702	218	258	64	141	21	0

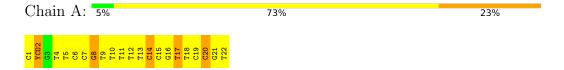


## 4 Residue-property plots (i)

### 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(\*CP\*(YCO)P\*GP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*(DNR)P\*GP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*(DNR)P\*GP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*(DNR)P\*GP\*T)-3')



### 4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

#### 4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(\*CP\*(YCO)P\*GP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*(DNR)P\*GP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*(DNR)P\*GP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*(DNR)P\*GP\*T)-3')



#### 4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(\*CP\*(YCO)P\*GP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*(DNR)P\*GP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*(DNR)P\*GP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*(DNR)P\*GP\*T)-3')





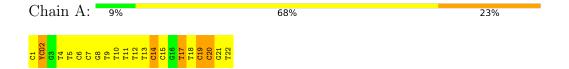
#### 4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(\*CP\*(YCO)P\*GP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*(DNR)P\*GP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*(DNR)P\*GP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*(DNR)P\*GP\*T)-3')



#### 4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(\*CP\*(YCO)P\*GP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*(DNR)P\*GP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*(DNR)P\*GP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*(DNR)P\*GP\*T)-3')



#### 4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

 $\bullet$  Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(\*CP\*(YCO)P\*GP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*(DNR)P\*GP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*(DNR)P\*GP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*(DNR)P\*GP\*T)-3')



#### 4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

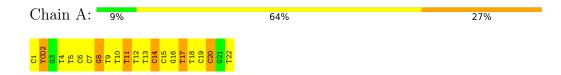
• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(\*CP\*(YCO)P\*GP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*(DNR)P\*GP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*(DNR)P\*GP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*(DNR)P\*GP\*T)-3')



#### 4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(\*CP\*(YCO)P\*GP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*(DNR)P\*GP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*(DNR)P\*GP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*(DNR)P\*GP\*T)-3')





#### 4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

 $\bullet$  Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(\*CP\*(YCO)P\*GP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*(DNR)P\*GP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*(DNR)P\*GP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*(DNR)P\*GP\*T)-3')



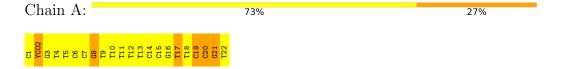
#### 4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

 $\bullet$  Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(\*CP\*(YCO)P\*GP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*(DNR)P\*GP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*(DNR)P\*GP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*(DNR)P\*GP\*T)-3')



#### 4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(\*CP\*(YCO)P\*GP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*(DNR)P\*GP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*(DNR)P\*GP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*(DNR)P\*GP\*T)-3')





#### Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i) 5



The models were refined using the following method: molecular dynamics.

Of the 15 calculated structures, 10 were deposited, based on the following criterion: structures with the lowest energy.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure calculation	
Amber	refinement	

No chemical shift data was provided.



# 6 Model quality (i)

## 6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: YCO, DNR

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	E	ond lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	$\#Z{>}5$	
1	A	$1.48 \pm 0.01$	$0\pm0/418~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$	$2.34 \pm 0.03$	$32\pm2/636$ ( $5.0\pm~0.4\%$ )	
All	All	1.48	0/4180 ( 0.0%)	2.34	320/6360 ( 5.0%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	$0.0 \pm 0.0$	$5.8 \pm 2.5$
All	All	0	58

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Trmo	Atoma	$\mathbf{z}$	Observed(0)	Ideal(0)	Mod	lels
IVIOI	Chain	nes	Type	Atoms		$Observed(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$	Worst	Total
1	A	17	DT	O4'-C1'-N1	16.66	119.66	108.00	9	10
1	A	1	DC	N1-C2-O2	9.92	124.85	118.90	3	10
1	A	1	DC	N3-C2-O2	-9.36	115.35	121.90	10	10
1	A	14	DC	N1-C2-O2	8.50	124.00	118.90	10	10
1	A	14	DC	N3-C2-O2	-8.43	116.00	121.90	10	10
1	A	15	DC	N3-C2-O2	-7.72	116.50	121.90	4	10
1	A	11	DT	O4'-C1'-N1	7.68	113.37	108.00	4	6
1	A	9	DT	C6-C5-C7	-7.39	118.46	122.90	4	10
1	A	13	DT	O4'-C1'-N1	7.32	113.12	108.00	6	4
1	A	10	DT	C6-C5-C7	-7.05	118.67	122.90	3	9
1	A	16	DG	O4'-C1'-N9	7.00	112.90	108.00	3	9
1	A	15	DC	N1-C2-O2	6.90	123.04	118.90	9	10

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					$\mathbf{z}$	Ob 2 2 2 2 2 2 4 (0)	T.J 1(0)	Mod	dels
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms		$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$	Worst	Total
1	A	11	DT	N3-C2-O2	-6.88	118.17	122.30	2	7
1	A	14	DC	N3-C4-N4	-6.88	113.19	118.00	1	7
1	A	21	DG	N1-C6-O6	-6.78	115.83	119.90	5	4
1	A	1	DC	O4'-C1'-N1	6.77	112.74	108.00	3	4
1	A	13	DT	C6-C5-C7	-6.76	118.84	122.90	7	8
1	A	11	DT	C6-C5-C7	-6.75	118.85	122.90	5	8
1	A	19	DC	N3-C2-O2	-6.63	117.26	121.90	7	10
1	A	22	DT	O4'-C1'-N1	6.63	112.64	108.00	6	3
1	A	15	DC	O4'-C1'-N1	6.62	112.64	108.00	10	1
1	A	8	DG	N1-C6-O6	-6.45	116.03	119.90	9	9
1	A	17	DT	C6-C5-C7	-6.43	119.04	122.90	4	10
1	A	4	DT	C6-C5-C7	-6.41	119.05	122.90	1	10
1	A	6	DC	N3-C2-O2	-6.26	117.52	121.90	5	10
1	A	12	DT	O4'-C1'-N1	6.14	112.30	108.00	5	4
1	A	17	DT	O4'-C1'-C2'	-6.13	100.99	105.90	10	9
1	A	12	DT	C6-C5-C7	-6.12	119.23	122.90	7	10
1	A	22	DT	C6-C5-C7	-6.05	119.27	122.90	1	8
1	A	4	DT	O4'-C1'-N1	6.00	112.20	108.00	5	3
1	A	5	DT	C6-C5-C7	-5.98	119.31	122.90	9	10
1	A	17	DT	N3-C2-O2	-5.96	118.72	122.30	4	10
1	A	18	DT	C6-C5-C7	-5.86	119.39	122.90	9	10
1	A	10	DT	O4'-C1'-N1	5.82	112.07	108.00	6	3
1	A	12	DT	N3-C2-O2	-5.75	118.85	122.30	5	3
1	A	18	DT	N3-C2-O2	-5.75	118.85	122.30	1	10
1	A	19	DC	N1-C2-O2	5.67	122.30	118.90	7	8
1	A	6	DC	N1-C2-O2	5.63	122.28	118.90	3	8
1	A	5	DT	N3-C2-O2	-5.63	118.92	122.30	6	7
1	A	5	DT	O4'-C1'-N1	5.56	111.89	108.00	7	4
1	A	9	DT	O4'-C1'-N1	5.55	111.89	108.00	1	1
1	A	10	DT	N3-C2-O2	-5.50	119.00	122.30	1	3
1	A	13	DT	N3-C2-O2	-5.49	119.01	122.30	2	5
1	A	11	DT	O4'-C1'-C2'	-5.22	101.72	105.90	5	1
1	A	9	DT	N3-C2-O2	-5.19	119.19	122.30	2	2
1	A	1	DC	O4'-C1'-C2'	-5.07	101.84	105.90	9	1
1	A	15	DC	O4'-C4'-C3'	5.01	109.01	106.00	9	1

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	17	DT	Sidechain	10
1	A	21	DG	Sidechain	9
1	A	8	DG	Sidechain	7
1	A	14	DC	Sidechain	6
1	A	12	DT	Sidechain	4
1	A	19	DC	Sidechain	4
1	A	1	DC	Sidechain	3
1	A	10	DT	Sidechain	3
1	A	3	DG	Sidechain	3
1	A	13	DT	Sidechain	2
1	A	16	DG	Sidechain	2
1	A	22	DT	Sidechain	2
1	A	11	DT	Sidechain	2
1	A	9	DT	Sidechain	1

### 6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	444	258	258	1±0
All	All	4440	2580	2580	10

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	$\operatorname{Distance}(\mathring{\mathrm{A}})$	Mod	dels
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:2:YCO:HN3	1:A:20:DNR:HN3	0.91	1.09	1	10

## 6.3 Torsion angles (i)

### 6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.



### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

### 6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

3 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mal	Type	Chain	Pos	Link		Bond len	$\operatorname{gths}$
WIOI	Туре	Chain	rtes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
1	DNR	A	7	1	17,20,21	$0.59 \pm 0.01$	0±0 (0±0%)
1	YCO	A	2	1	26,29,30	$1.71 \pm 0.01$	3±0 (11±0%)
1	DNR	A	20	1	17,20,21	$0.55 \pm 0.02$	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Dog	Link		Bond an	gles
WIOI	Туре	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
1	DNR	A	7	1	24,28,31	$0.84 \pm 0.02$	$1\pm0 \ (5\pm2\%)$
1	YCO	A	2	1	33,42,45	1.41±0.03	5±1 (15±1%)
1	DNR	A	20	1	24,28,31	$0.93 \pm 0.03$	$2\pm0 \ (6\pm2\%)$

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	DNR	A	7	1	-	$0\pm0,7,21,22$	$0\pm0,2,2,2$
1	YCO	A	2	1	-	$0\pm0,7,21,22$	$0\pm0,4,4,4$
1	DNR	A	20	1	-	$0\pm0,7,21,22$	$0\pm0,2,2,2$

All unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Dag	Trino	Atoma	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\rm Observed(\mathring{A})$	Ideal(Å)	Models	
MIOI	Chain	nes	туре	Atoms	L	Observed(A)	ideai(A)	Worst	Total
1	A	2	YCO	O14-C5	6.00	1.25	1.37	6	10
1	A	2	YCO	C5-C4	3.76	1.46	1.42	7	10
1	A	2	YCO	C4-N7	3.58	1.38	1.30	1	10

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Dec	Ттто	Atoms	$\mathbf{z}$	Observed(0)	$Ideal(^{o})$	Models	
Wioi Chain		Res	Type	Atoms	Zı	$Observed(^{o})$	ideai()	Worst	Total
1	A	2	YCO	N3-C2-N1	3.74	119.86	114.89	1	10
1	A	2	YCO	O4'-C1'-N1	3.52	114.16	107.86	2	10
1	A	2	YCO	C13-C8-N7	3.18	119.35	121.81	6	10
1	A	2	YCO	O14-C13-C12	2.87	120.06	116.26	9	10
1	A	20	DNR	O2-C2-N3	2.81	117.75	122.33	4	10
1	A	7	DNR	O2-C2-N3	2.50	118.26	122.33	2	10
1	A	7	DNR	O4'-C1'-N1	2.38	112.12	107.86	5	4
1	A	2	YCO	O4'-C1'-C2'	2.28	101.94	106.25	3	5
1	A	2	YCO	O2-C2-N3	2.28	117.25	121.50	5	7
1	A	20	DNR	O4'-C1'-N1	2.16	111.73	107.86	9	1
1	A	20	DNR	O2-C2-N1	2.15	123.33	118.89	1	4

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

## 6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.



# 6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

# 6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

