

wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

Apr 20, 2024 – 01:52 pm BST

PDB ID	:	80E4
EMDB ID	:	EMD-16824
Title	:	Cryo-EM structure of a pre-dimerized human IL-23 complete extracellular sig-
		naling complex.
Authors	:	Bloch, Y.; Felix, J.; Savvides, S.N.
Deposited on	:	2023-03-10
Resolution	:	3.60 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis	:	0.0.1. dev 92
Mogul	:	1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ	:	1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Motric	Whole archive	EM structures
WICCITC	$(\# {\it Entries})$	$(\# { m Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain						
1	А	306	•		88%			10%	
2	В	186	•	61%		16%	23	3%	_
3	С	485	11%	49%	11%		40%		_
4	D	547	33%		86%			7% 7%	6
5	Е	4	25%			75%			_
6	F	2			100%				_



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 9951 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Interleukin-12 subunit beta.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	А	302	Total 2388	C 1507	N 392	0 477	S 12	0	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	303	ASP	ASN	conflict	UNP P29460

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Interleukin-23 subunit alpha.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	В	144	Total 1116	C 705	N 198	O 208	${ m S}{ m 5}$	0	0

There are 16 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
В	190	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NPF7
В	191	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NPF7
В	192	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NPF7
В	193	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NPF7
В	194	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NPF7
В	195	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NPF7
В	196	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NPF7
В	197	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NPF7
В	198	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NPF7
В	199	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NPF7
В	200	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NPF7
В	201	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NPF7
В	202	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NPF7
В	203	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NPF7
В	204	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NPF7
В	205	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NPF7



• Molecule 3 is a protein called Interleukin-23 receptor, Calmodulin-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace	
3	С	293	Total 2384	C 1528	N 392	0 448	S 16	0	0

There are 10 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual Comment		Reference
С	354	GLY	-	linker	UNP Q5VWK5
С	355	THR	-	linker	UNP Q5VWK5
С	356	GLY	-	linker	UNP Q5VWK5
С	357	GLY	-	linker	UNP Q5VWK5
С	358	SER	-	linker	UNP Q5VWK5
С	359	GLY	-	linker	UNP Q5VWK5
С	360	GLY	-	linker	UNP Q5VWK5
С	361	SER	-	linker	UNP Q5VWK5
С	362	GLY	-	linker	UNP Q5VWK5
С	363	GLY	-	linker	UNP Q5VWK5

• Molecule 4 is a protein called Interleukin-12 receptor subunit beta-1,Death-associated protein kinase 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	D	510	Total 3957	C 2473	N 694	0 761	S 29	0	0

There are 11 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
D	541	GLY	-	linker	UNP P42701
D	542	THR	-	linker	UNP P42701
D	543	GLY	-	linker	UNP P42701
D	544	GLY	-	linker	UNP P42701
D	545	SER	-	linker	UNP P42701
D	546	GLY	-	linker	UNP P42701
D	547	GLY	-	linker	UNP P42701
D	548	SER	-	linker	UNP P42701
D	549	GLY	-	linker	UNP P42701
D	550	GLY	-	linker	UNP P42701
D	551	ALA	-	linker	UNP P42701

 $\bullet \ \ Molecule \ 5 \ is \ an \ oligosaccharide \ called \ alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-ac$



pyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	I	Aton	ns		AltConf	Trace
5	Е	4	Total 50	C 28	N 2	O 20	0	0

• Molecule 6 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	I	4ton	ns		AltConf	Trace
6	F	2	Total 28	C 16	N 2	O 10	0	0

• Molecule 7 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
7	С	1	Total 14	C 8	N 1	O 5	0

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
7	С	1	Total	C o	N 1	0 5	0
			14	0	1	0	



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Interleukin-12 subunit beta



LILE ASD 425 VAL A

• Molecule 4: Interleukin-12 receptor subunit beta-1, Death-associated protein kinase 1



• Molecule 5: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-b eta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain E:	25%	75%	1
NAG1 NAG2 BMA3 MAN4			

• Molecule 6: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain F:

100%

NAG1 NAG2



4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	315005	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE	Depositor
	CORRECTION	
Microscope	JEOL CRYO ARM 300	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{\AA}^2)$	61.8	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1000	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2500	Depositor
Magnification	60000	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN K3 $(6k \ge 4k)$	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.522	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.212	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.011	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.07	Depositor
Map size (Å)	314.08002, 314.08002, 314.08002	wwPDB
Map dimensions	320, 320, 320	wwPDB
Map angles $(^{\circ})$	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.9815, 0.9815, 0.9815	Depositor



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: BMA, NAG, MAN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	А	0.33	1/2446~(0.0%)	0.59	2/3324~(0.1%)	
2	В	0.28	0/1141	0.49	0/1549	
3	С	0.27	0/2447	0.53	1/3326~(0.0%)	
4	D	0.30	0/4065	0.58	0/5547	
All	All	0.30	1/10099~(0.0%)	0.56	3/13746~(0.0%)	

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	$\mathrm{Ideal}(\mathrm{\AA})$	
1	А	326	PRO	CG-CD	-5.80	1.31	1.50	

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	А	326	PRO	CA-N-CD	-11.47	95.44	111.50
1	А	326	PRO	N-CD-CG	-7.89	91.36	103.20
3	С	155	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	6.38	124.04	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	2388	0	2272	18	0
2	В	1116	0	1090	22	0
3	С	2384	0	2307	36	0
4	D	3957	0	3771	21	0
5	Е	50	0	43	0	0
6	F	28	0	25	1	0
7	С	28	0	26	0	0
All	All	9951	0	9534	94	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

The worst 5 of 94 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
4:D:24:CYS:N	4:D:30:CYS:SG	2.62	0.72
3:C:197:GLN:NE2	3:C:204:MET:SD	2.68	0.67
1:A:312:ASP:OD2	2:B:178:ARG:NH2	2.30	0.65
2:B:101:GLU:HG2	2:B:128:LEU:HB3	1.78	0.64
4:D:120:ARG:NH1	4:D:122:GLN:OE1	2.31	0.63

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	А	298/306~(97%)	290~(97%)	8 (3%)	0	100	100
2	В	138/186 (74%)	133 (96%)	5 (4%)	0	100	100
3	С	291/485~(60%)	281 (97%)	10 (3%)	0	100	100
4	D	504/547~(92%)	491 (97%)	13 (3%)	0	100	100
All	All	1231/1524 (81%)	1195 (97%)	36 (3%)	0	100	100



There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	А	268/277~(97%)	267~(100%)	1 (0%)	91	97		
2	В	122/158~(77%)	121~(99%)	1 (1%)	81	91		
3	С	264/425~(62%)	260~(98%)	4 (2%)	65	84		
4	D	437/464~(94%)	432 (99%)	5 (1%)	73	88		
All	All	1091/1324~(82%)	1080 (99%)	11 (1%)	77	88		

5 of 11 residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	\mathbf{Res}	Type
4	D	29	CYS
4	D	93	SER
4	D	474	CYS
4	D	157	MET
3	С	242	TRP

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 6 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	С	110	GLN
4	D	121	ASN
4	D	438	HIS
1	А	240	ASN
1	А	91	HIS

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

6 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Tuno	Chain	Dec	Tink	Bo	ond leng	\mathbf{ths}	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Type	Unain	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
5	NAG	E	1	5,1	14,14,15	0.31	0	17,19,21	0.76	1 (5%)
5	NAG	E	2	5	14,14,15	0.25	0	17,19,21	0.57	0
5	BMA	Е	3	5	11,11,12	0.56	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	0.77	1 (6%)
5	MAN	Е	4	5	11,11,12	0.65	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	0.94	2 (13%)
6	NAG	F	1	6,3	14,14,15	0.24	0	17,19,21	0.58	0
6	NAG	F	2	6	14,14,15	0.28	0	17,19,21	0.69	1 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	NAG	Е	1	5,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	Е	2	5	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	BMA	Е	3	5	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
5	MAN	Е	4	5	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	F	1	6,3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	F	2	6	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
5	Ε	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.70	115.85	112.19
6	F	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.47	115.53	112.19
5	Е	4	MAN	O2-C2-C3	-2.36	105.42	110.14
5	Е	4	MAN	C1-O5-C5	2.08	115.00	112.19
5	Е	3	BMA	O2-C2-C3	-2.05	106.03	110.14

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 6 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	Е	3	BMA	C4-C5-C6-O6
5	Е	4	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	Е	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	Е	4	MAN	C4-C5-C6-O6
5	Е	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	F	1	NAG	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.









5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	True	Chain	Dec	Bond lengths		Bond angles				
IVIOI	туре	Chain	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
7	NAG	С	601	3	14,14,15	0.44	0	17,19,21	0.85	1 (5%)
7	NAG	С	602	3	14,14,15	0.23	0	17,19,21	0.63	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral



centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
7	NAG	С	601	3	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	NAG	С	602	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
7	С	601	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.70	115.85	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
7	С	602	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
7	С	602	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
7	С	601	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-16824. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

Orthogonal projections (i) 6.1

6.1.1**Primary** map



Х

Ζ

6.1.2Raw map



The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.



6.2 Central slices (i)

6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 160



Y Index: 160



Z Index: 160

6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 160

Y Index: 160

Z Index: 160

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.



6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 148



Y Index: 151



Z Index: 163

6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 148

Y Index: 151



The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.



6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

6.4.1 Primary map



6.4.2 Raw map



The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.



6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.07. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.



Mask visualisation (i) 6.6

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

$emd_{16824}_{msk}_{1.map}$ (i) 6.6.1





7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.



7.2 Volume estimate (i)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 104 $\rm nm^3;$ this corresponds to an approximate mass of 94 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.278 $\mathrm{\AA^{-1}}$



8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC (i)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.278 $\mathrm{\AA^{-1}}$



8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.60	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	3.50	4.03	3.54
Unmasked-calculated*	4.01	4.57	4.08

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 4.01 differs from the reported value 3.6 by more than 10 %



9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-16824 and PDB model 80E4. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 7.

9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.07 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.



9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.07).



9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 81% of all backbone atoms, 73% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.



1.0

0.0 <0.0

9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.07) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.7270	0.2940
А	0.9300	0.4580
В	0.9010	0.4090
\mathbf{C}	0.7080	0.2500
D	0.5640	0.1880
Ε	0.9800	0.4550
F	0.8210	0.2970

