

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Dec 10, 2023 – 07:03 pm GMT

PDB ID : 106Z

Title: 1.95 A resolution structure of (R207S,R292S) mutant of malate dehydrogenase

from the halophilic archaeon Haloarcula marismortui (holo form)

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Deposited on : 2002-10-22

Resolution : 1.95 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.36

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

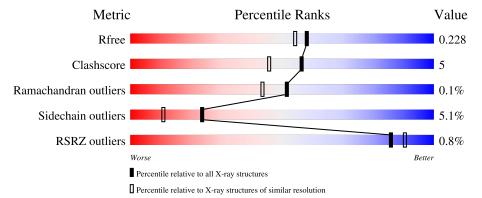
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.95 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
R_{free}	130704	2580 (1.96-1.96)
Clashscore	141614	2705 (1.96-1.96)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2678 (1.96-1.96)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2678 (1.96-1.96)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2539 (1.96-1.96)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	303	% 6 9%	27%	•
1	В	303	67%	27%	
1	С	303	70%	26%	•
1	D	303	72%	24%	



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 10011 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called MALATE DEHYDROGENASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	Λ	303	Total	С	N	О	S	0	4	0
1	A	303	2326	1427	394	501	4	0	4	
1	В	298	Total	С	N	О	S	0	1	0
1	Б	290	2261	1390	379	488	4		1	
1	C	303	Total	С	N	О	S	0	2	0
1	C	000	2310	1419	392	495	4	0	2	
1	D	298	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	ט	290	2253	1386	378	485	4	0	0	

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

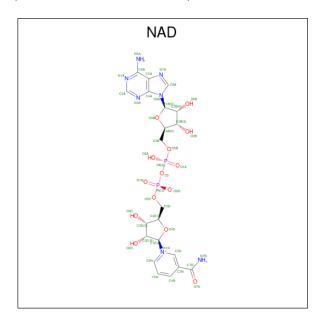
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	207	SER	ARG	engineered mutation	UNP Q07841
A	292	SER	ARG	engineered mutation	UNP Q07841
В	207	SER	ARG	engineered mutation	UNP Q07841
В	292	SER	ARG	engineered mutation	UNP Q07841
С	207	SER	ARG	engineered mutation	UNP Q07841
С	292	SER	ARG	engineered mutation	UNP Q07841
D	207	SER	ARG	engineered mutation	UNP Q07841
D	292	SER	ARG	engineered mutation	UNP Q07841

• Molecule 2 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	2	Total Cl 2 2	0	0
2	В	2	Total Cl 2 2	0	0
2	С	2	Total Cl 2 2	0	0
2	D	2	Total Cl 2 2	0	0



 \bullet Molecule 3 is NICOTINAMIDE-ADENINE-DINUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: NAD) (formula: $C_{21}H_{27}N_7O_{14}P_2).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	
3	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	
3	A	1	44	21	7	14	2	U	0	
3	В	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	
3	Ъ	1	44	21	7	14	2	U		
3	С	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	
3		1	44	21	7	14	2	U	0	
3	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	
3	ש	1	44	21	7	14	2	U	0	

• Molecule 4 is water.

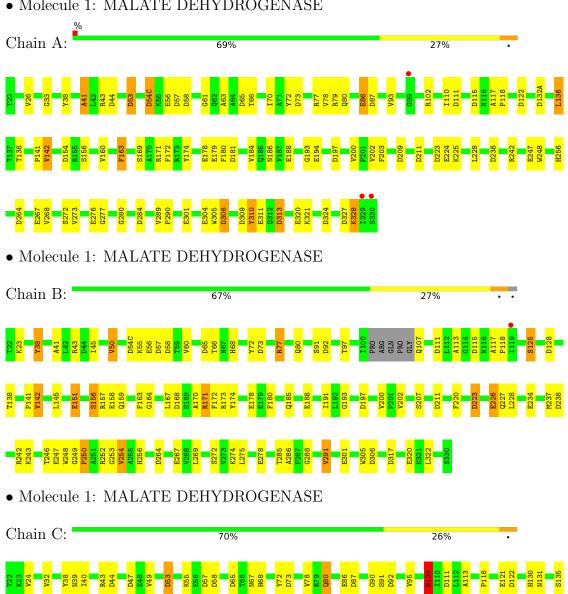
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	160	Total O 160 160	0	0
4	В	170	Total O 170 170	0	0
4	С	166	Total O 166 166	0	0
4	D	181	Total O 181 181	0	0



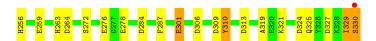
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

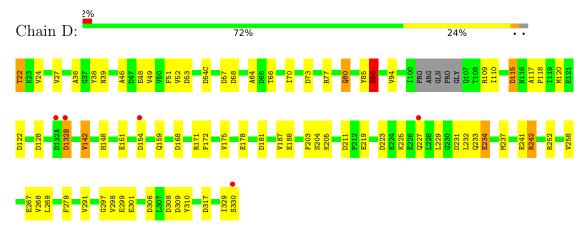
• Molecule 1: MALATE DEHYDROGENASE







• Molecule 1: MALATE DEHYDROGENASE





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	126.64Å 114.42Å 124.87Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 93.11° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	12.00 - 1.95	Depositor
Resolution (A)	42.42 - 1.96	EDS
% Data completeness	78.8 (12.00-1.95)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	67.8 (42.42-1.96)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.06	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.91 (at 1.95Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC	Depositor
D.D.	0.190 , 0.263	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.204 , 0.228	DCC
R_{free} test set	5076 reflections $(5.05%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	18.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.214	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.33, 33.2	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L >=0.40, < L^2>=0.22$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.91	EDS
Total number of atoms	10011	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	36.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.24% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAD, CL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	ond lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	1.81	$43/2363 \ (1.8\%)$	1.43	32/3210 (1.0%)	
1	В	1.85	39/2295~(1.7%)	1.40	$22/3116 \; (0.7\%)$	
1	С	1.84	45/2347~(1.9%)	1.46	38/3188 (1.2%)	
1	D	1.83	$36/2287 \; (1.6\%)$	1.40	29/3105~(0.9%)	
All	All	1.83	$163/9292 \ (1.8\%)$	1.42	121/12619 (1.0%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers	
1	С	0	1	

The worst 5 of 163 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
1	D	299	GLU	CD-OE2	-11.32	1.13	1.25
1	В	254	VAL	CB-CG2	-9.40	1.33	1.52
1	A	247	GLU	CD-OE1	8.90	1.35	1.25
1	С	72	TYR	CZ-OH	8.88	1.52	1.37
1	D	234	GLU	CD-OE2	8.76	1.35	1.25

The worst 5 of 121 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	В	92	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	11.63	128.77	118.30
1	A	306	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	11.56	128.71	118.30
1	С	181	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	11.40	128.56	118.30
1	С	58	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	10.37	127.64	118.30

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
1	D	132(B)	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	9.97	127.27	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	С	166	ARG	Mainchain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2326	0	2170	24	0
1	В	2261	0	2113	32	0
1	С	2310	0	2164	19	0
1	D	2253	0	2110	16	0
2	A	2	0	0	2	0
2	В	2	0	0	1	0
2	С	2	0	0	1	0
2	D	2	0	0	1	0
3	A	44	0	26	1	0
3	В	44	0	25	1	0
3	С	44	0	25	1	0
3	D	44	0	26	0	0
4	A	160	0	0	8	0
4	В	170	0	0	6	0
4	С	166	0	0	4	0
4	D	181	0	0	7	0
All	All	10011	0	8659	90	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

The worst 5 of 90 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.



Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${ m distance}({ m \AA})$	overlap $(ext{Å})$
1:B:291:VAL:HB	4:B:2135:HOH:O	1.55	1.05
1:A:54(C)[B]:ASP:OD1	4:A:2016:HOH:O	1.81	0.95
1:B:77:ARG:HA	1:B:77:ARG:HE	1.36	0.90
1:D:117:ALA:HB1	1:D:148:HIS:CD2	2.15	0.81
2:C:1007:CL:CL	4:D:2030:HOH:O	2.49	0.67

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	A	305/303~(101%)	294 (96%)	11 (4%)	0	100	100
1	В	295/303~(97%)	282 (96%)	12 (4%)	1 (0%)	41	30
1	С	303/303 (100%)	294 (97%)	9 (3%)	0	100	100
1	D	294/303~(97%)	285 (97%)	9 (3%)	0	100	100
All	All	$1197/1212\ (99\%)$	1155 (96%)	41 (3%)	1 (0%)	51	43

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	164	GLY

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	248/244 (102%)	236 (95%)	12 (5%)	25	12
1	В	241/244~(99%)	229 (95%)	12 (5%)	24	11
1	С	246/244 (101%)	232 (94%)	14 (6%)	20	9
1	D	240/244 (98%)	229 (95%)	11 (5%)	27	14
All	All	975/976 (100%)	926 (95%)	49 (5%)	24	11

5 of 49 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	С	140	ASN
1	С	310	TYR
1	С	142	VAL
1	С	226	GLU
1	С	330	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 22 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	С	131	ASN
1	D	67	ASN
1	С	325	GLN
1	D	80	GLN
1	В	39	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 12 ligands modelled in this entry, 8 are monoatomic - leaving 4 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type Chain Res L		Link Bond lengths				Bond angles			
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	NAD	В	3002	-	42,48,48	2.07	12 (28%)	50,73,73	1.77	13 (26%)
3	NAD	A	3001	-	42,48,48	1.90	8 (19%)	50,73,73	1.83	11 (22%)
3	NAD	С	3003	-	42,48,48	1.93	8 (19%)	50,73,73	1.48	11 (22%)
3	NAD	D	3004	-	42,48,48	1.89	5 (11%)	50,73,73	2.35	17 (34%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAD	В	3002	-	-	4/26/62/62	0/5/5/5
3	NAD	A	3001	-	-	5/26/62/62	0/5/5/5
3	NAD	С	3003	-	-	6/26/62/62	0/5/5/5
3	NAD	D	3004	-	-	4/26/62/62	0/5/5/5

The worst 5 of 33 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
3	D	3004	NAD	O7N-C7N	7.66	1.38	1.24
3	С	3003	NAD	C2A-N3A	6.49	1.42	1.32
3	В	3002	NAD	O7N-C7N	5.59	1.34	1.24
3	С	3003	NAD	O7N-C7N	5.51	1.34	1.24
3	A	3001	NAD	C2N-N1N	5.37	1.41	1.35

The worst 5 of 52 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
3	D	3004	NAD	O7N-C7N-N7N	-6.92	112.75	122.58

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
3	D	3004	NAD	N3A-C2A-N1A	-6.01	119.29	128.68
3	D	3004	NAD	O7N-C7N-C3N	5.76	126.53	119.63
3	A	3001	NAD	C3N-C7N-N7N	5.38	124.21	117.75
3	A	3001	NAD	N3A-C2A-N1A	-5.35	120.31	128.68

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 19 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	3001	NAD	O4D-C1D-N1N-C2N
3	A	3001	NAD	O4D-C1D-N1N-C6N
3	A	3001	NAD	C2D-C1D-N1N-C2N
3	A	3001	NAD	C2D-C1D-N1N-C6N
3	В	3002	NAD	O4D-C1D-N1N-C2N

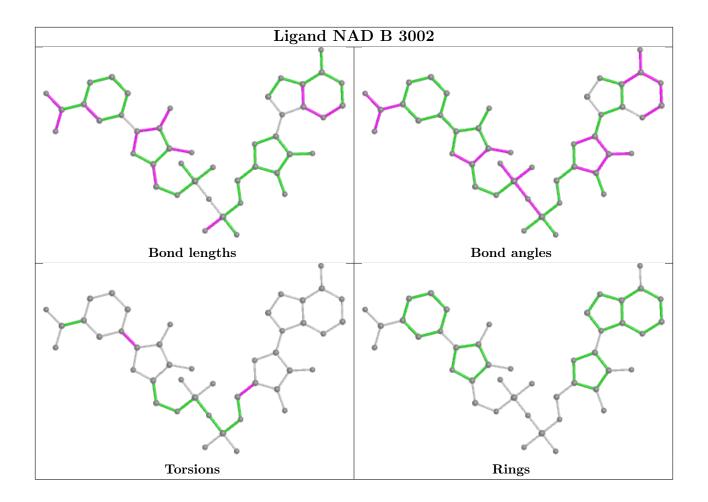
There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

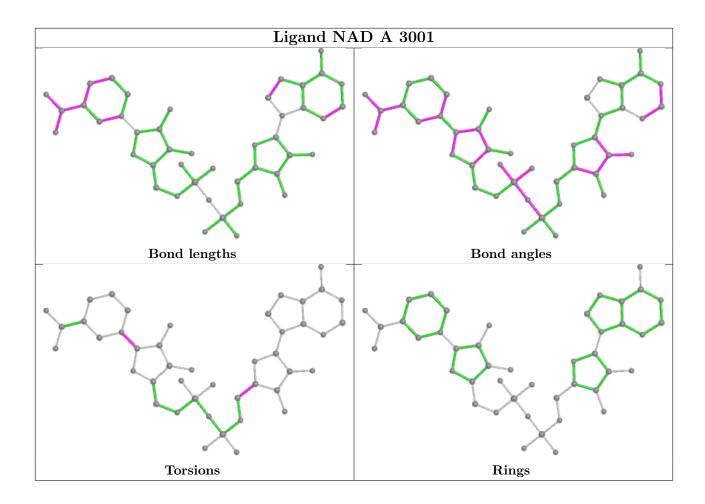
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	В	3002	NAD	1	0
3	A	3001	NAD	1	0
3	С	3003	NAD	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

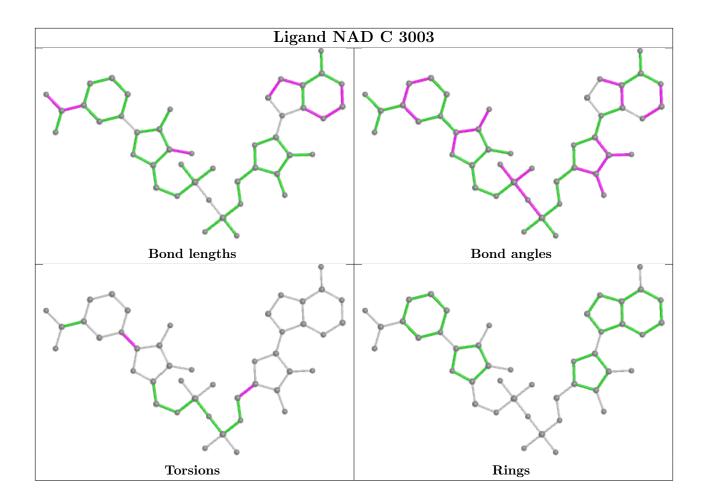




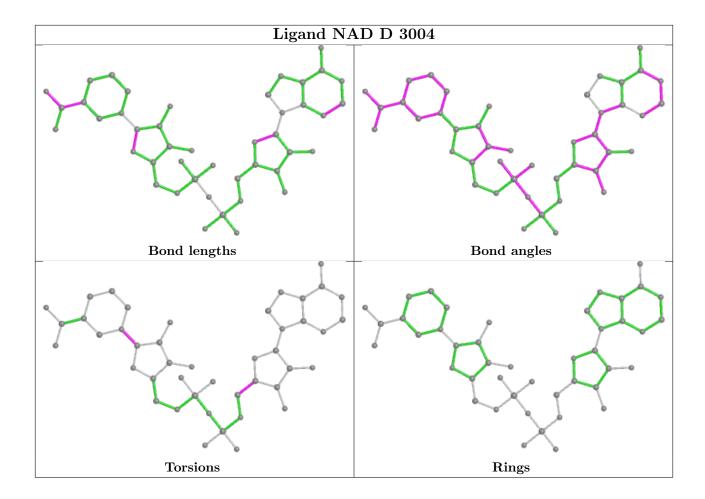












5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	# RSRZ > 2	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	303/303 (100%)	0.00	3 (0%) 82 87	25, 35, 46, 57	0
1	В	298/303 (98%)	0.05	1 (0%) 94 96	25, 36, 50, 59	0
1	С	303/303 (100%)	-0.05	1 (0%) 94 96	24, 32, 45, 55	0
1	D	298/303 (98%)	0.06	5 (1%) 70 77	25, 36, 50, 57	0
All	All	1202/1212 (99%)	0.02	10 (0%) 86 90	24, 34, 48, 59	0

The worst 5 of 10 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	330	SER	3.2
1	A	99	GLY	2.6
1	D	330	SER	2.6
1	A	329	ILE	2.6
1	D	154	ASP	2.4

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

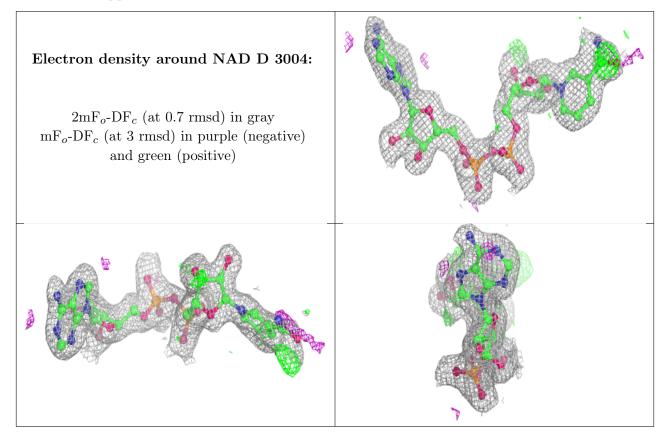
6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	CL	В	1006	1/1	0.88	0.30	60,60,60,60	0
3	NAD	D	3004	44/44	0.94	0.12	29,35,43,50	0
3	NAD	A	3001	44/44	0.96	0.10	29,34,40,43	0
3	NAD	В	3002	44/44	0.96	0.11	28,36,42,47	0
3	NAD	С	3003	44/44	0.96	0.11	24,30,38,42	0
2	CL	D	1002	1/1	0.96	0.05	37,37,37,37	0
2	CL	С	1004	1/1	0.97	0.10	32,32,32,32	0
2	CL	D	1008	1/1	0.97	0.10	46,46,46,46	0
2	CL	A	1001	1/1	0.98	0.08	36,36,36,36	0
2	CL	С	1007	1/1	0.98	0.08	39,39,39,39	0
2	CL	В	1003	1/1	0.99	0.04	36,36,36,36	0
2	CL	A	1005	1/1	0.99	0.13	36,36,36,36	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

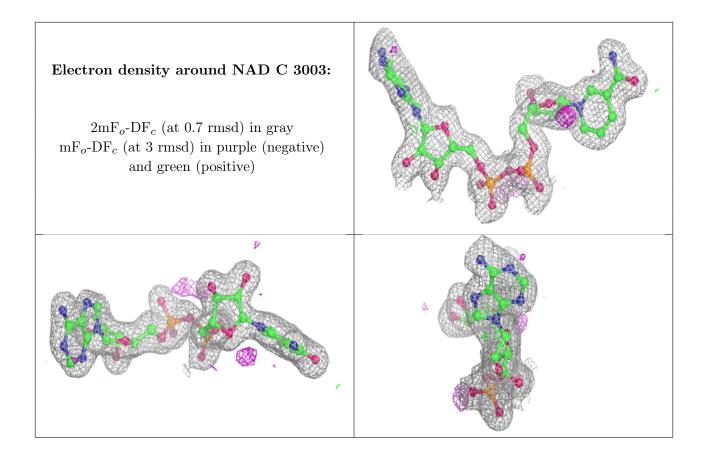




Electron density around NAD A 3001: 2mF_o-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

Electron density around NAD B 3002: 2mF_o-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)





6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

