

Full wwPDB EM Validation Report (i)

Dec 18, 2022 – 11:40 pm GMT

PDB ID : 7NJM

EMDB ID : EMD-12387

Title : Mycobacterium smegmatis ATP synthase state 1c

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Deposited on : 2021-02-17

Resolution : 2.84 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev43

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

MolProbity : 4.02b-467 buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

MapQ : 1.9.9

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

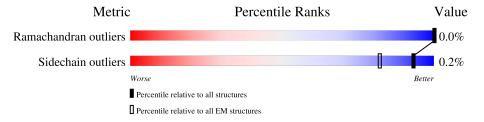
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.31.3

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.84 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	${ m EM\ structures} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion <40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	A	548	92%	8%
1	В	548	92%	8%
1	С	548	96%	•
2	D	475	98%	
2	Е	475	97%	
2	F	475	99%	
3	G	307	97%	•
4	Н	121	98%	
5	L	86	98%	

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
5	M	86	98%	•
5	N	86	98%	
5	О	86	98%	
5	Р	86	98%	
5	Q	86	99%	
5	R	86	98%	
5	S	86	98%	
5	Т	86	98%	
6	a	252	7%	6%
7	b	170		15%
8	d	445	98%	



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 12 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 74683 atoms, of which 37400 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit alpha.

Mol	Chain	Residues				AltConf	Trace				
1	Λ	506	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0	0	
1	A	300	7659	2405	3833	660	751	10	0		
1	В	504	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	2	0	
1	Б	504	7649	2404	3828	659	748	10	2	0	
1	С	599	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0	0	
1		528	8004	2510	4001	692	791	10	0		

• Molecule 2 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit beta.

Mol	Chain	Residues				AltConf	Trace				
2	D	468	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0	0	
	ע	400	7144	2260	3564	614	693	13		U	
2	Е	464	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0	0	
	<u> 1</u> 2	404	7087	2243	3533	609	689	13		U	
2	Г	169	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0	0	
	2 F	468	7147	2260	3566	615	693	13	0		

• Molecule 3 is a protein called ATP synthase gamma chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues			AltConf	Trace				
9	С	299	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0	0
3	G	299	4596	1426	2304	417	443	6	0	0

• Molecule 4 is a protein called ATP synthase epsilon chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues			AltConf	Trace				
4	Н	118	Total 1802	C 565	H 891	N 161	O 184	S	0	0

• Molecule 5 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit c.



Mol	Chain	Residues		-	Atom	S			AltConf	Trace
5	L	84	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0	0
5	L	04	1192	387	603	96	104	2	U	U
5	M	84	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0	0
9	1V1	04	1192	387	603	96	104	2	0	0
5	N	84	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0	0
9	11	04	1192	387	603	96	104	2	0	
5	О	84	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0	0
9		04	1192	387	603	96	104	2	0	
5	Р	84	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0	0
9	1	04	1192	387	603	96	104	2	0	0
5	0	85	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0	0
9	Q	0.0	1204	391	607	97	107	2	0	0
5	R	84	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0	0
9	IV.	04	1192	387	603	96	104	2	0	0
5	S	84	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0	0
	ß	04	1192	387	603	96	104	2	U	
5	Т	84	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0	0
	1	04	1192	387	603	96	104	2	U	U

• Molecule 6 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit a.

Mol	Chain	Residues			AltConf	Trace				
6	a	238	Total 3767	C 1252	H 1916	N 292	O 301	S 6	0	0

• Molecule 7 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit b.

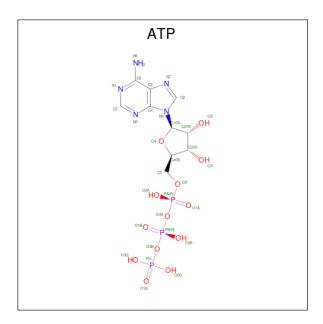
Mol	Chain	Residues			AltConf	Trace				
7	b	144	Total 2161	C 664	H 1090	N 193	O 212	S 2	0	0

• Molecule 8 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit b-delta.

Mol	Chain	Residues			AltConf	Trace				
8	d	438	Total 6656	C 2034	H 3371	N 597	O 649	S 5	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 9 is ADENOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: ATP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{16}N_5O_{13}P_3).$





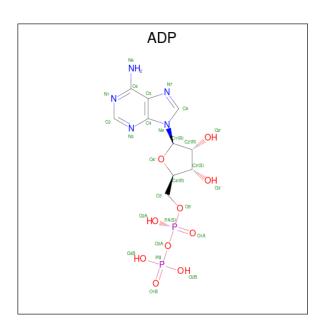
Mol	Chain	Residues			AltConf				
9	Λ	1	Total	С	Н	N	О	Р	0
9	A	1	43	10	12	5	13	3	0
0	В	1	Total	С	Н	N	О	Р	0
9	Б	1	43	10	12	5	13	3	0
9	С	1	Total	С	Н	N	О	Р	0
9		1	43	10	12	5	13	3	U
9	F	1	Total	С	Н	N	О	Р	0
	1'	1	43	10	12	5	13	3	0

• Molecule 10 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
10	A	1	Total Mg 1 1	0
10	В	1	Total Mg 1 1	0
10	С	1	Total Mg 1 1	0
10	D	1	Total Mg 1 1	0
10	F	1	Total Mg 1 1	0

• Molecule 11 is ADENOSINE-5'-DIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: ADP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{15}N_5O_{10}P_2$).





Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					AltConf
11	D	1	Total	С	Н	N	О	Р	0
11		1	39	10	12	5	10	2	0
11	E	1	Total	С	Н	N	О	Р	0
11	12	1	39	10	12	5	10	2	0

• Molecule 12 is water.

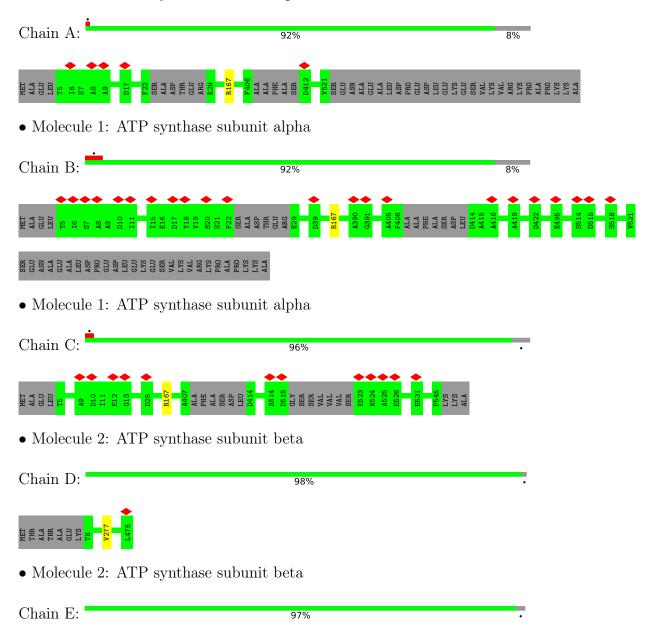
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
12	A	3	Total O 3 3	0
12	В	3	Total O 3 3	0
12	С	3	Total O 3 3	0
12	D	4	Total O 4 4	0
12	F	3	Total O 3 3	0



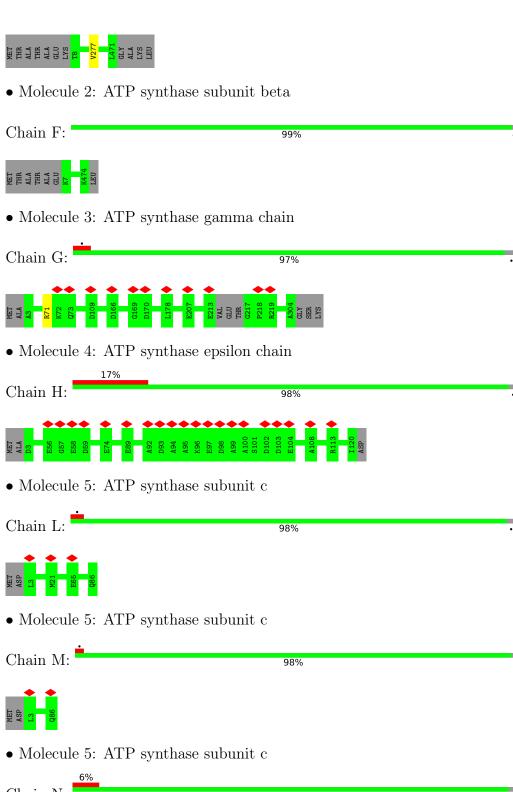
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: ATP synthase subunit alpha





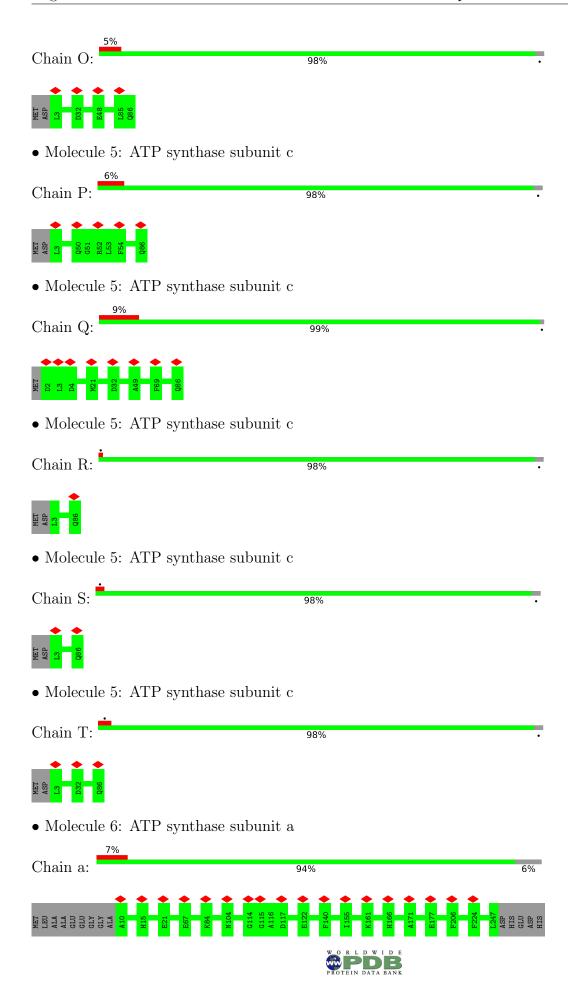


Chain N: 98%

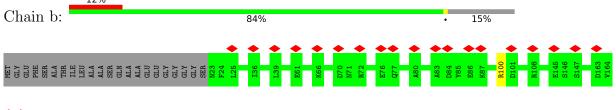


• Molecule 5: ATP synthase subunit c



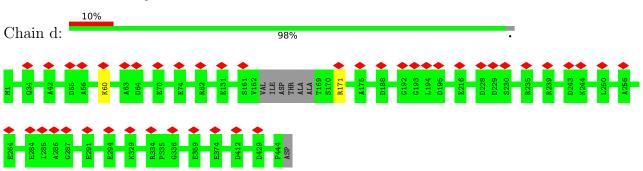


 \bullet Molecule 7: ATP synthase subunit b





• Molecule 8: ATP synthase subunit b-delta





4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	12277	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE	Depositor
	CORRECTION	
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{Å}^2)$	59.86	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.083	Depositor
Minimum map value	0.000	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.002	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.0141	Depositor
Map size (Å)	415.0, 415.0, 415.0	wwPDB
Map dimensions	500, 500, 500	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.83, 0.83, 0.83	Depositor



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG, ADP, ATP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond	angles
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	A	0.26	0/3883	0.49	0/5255
1	В	0.26	0/3887	0.48	0/5260
1	С	0.26	0/4063	0.49	0/5498
2	D	0.26	0/3645	0.50	0/4942
2	Е	0.26	0/3619	0.50	0/4908
2	F	0.27	0/3646	0.50	0/4942
3	G	0.25	0/2322	0.52	0/3138
4	Н	0.24	0/922	0.53	0/1252
5	L	0.27	0/600	0.49	0/814
5	M	0.26	0/600	0.45	0/814
5	N	0.26	0/600	0.46	0/814
5	О	0.26	0/600	0.44	0/814
5	Р	0.27	0/600	0.45	0/814
5	Q	0.26	0/608	0.45	0/825
5	R	0.27	0/600	0.45	0/814
5	S	0.27	0/600	0.45	0/814
5	Т	0.27	0/600	0.46	0/814
6	a	0.26	0/1905	0.42	0/2602
7	b	0.24	0/1080	0.48	0/1459
8	d	0.24	0/3314	0.48	0/4488
All	All	0.26	0/37694	0.49	0/51081

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.



5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

Due to software issues we are unable to calculate clashes - this section is therefore empty.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	500/548 (91%)	485 (97%)	15 (3%)	0	100	100
1	В	500/548 (91%)	485 (97%)	15 (3%)	0	100	100
1	С	522/548 (95%)	510 (98%)	12 (2%)	0	100	100
2	D	466/475 (98%)	459 (98%)	6 (1%)	1 (0%)	47	69
2	Е	462/475 (97%)	453 (98%)	8 (2%)	1 (0%)	47	69
2	F	466/475 (98%)	456 (98%)	10 (2%)	0	100	100
3	G	295/307 (96%)	290 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100
4	Н	116/121 (96%)	111 (96%)	5 (4%)	0	100	100
5	L	82/86 (95%)	79 (96%)	3 (4%)	0	100	100
5	M	82/86 (95%)	77 (94%)	5 (6%)	0	100	100
5	N	82/86 (95%)	79 (96%)	3 (4%)	0	100	100
5	О	82/86 (95%)	74 (90%)	8 (10%)	0	100	100
5	Р	82/86 (95%)	81 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
5	Q	83/86 (96%)	77 (93%)	6 (7%)	0	100	100
5	R	82/86 (95%)	79 (96%)	3 (4%)	0	100	100
5	S	82/86 (95%)	82 (100%)	0	0	100	100
5	Т	82/86 (95%)	80 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
6	a	236/252 (94%)	224 (95%)	12 (5%)	0	100	100
7	b	142/170 (84%)	137 (96%)	5 (4%)	0	100	100
8	d	434/445 (98%)	428 (99%)	6 (1%)	0	100	100
All	All	4878/5138 (95%)	4746 (97%)	130 (3%)	2 (0%)	100	100



All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	Е	277	VAL
2	D	277	VAL

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	408/441~(92%)	407 (100%)	1 (0%)	93	97
1	В	408/441~(92%)	407 (100%)	1 (0%)	93	97
1	С	$426/441 \ (97\%)$	425 (100%)	1 (0%)	93	97
2	D	383/388 (99%)	383 (100%)	0	100	100
2	E	381/388~(98%)	381 (100%)	0	100	100
2	F	383/388 (99%)	383 (100%)	0	100	100
3	G	232/238 (98%)	231 (100%)	1 (0%)	91	95
4	Н	94/96 (98%)	94 (100%)	0	100	100
5	L	54/56 (96%)	54 (100%)	0	100	100
5	M	54/56~(96%)	54 (100%)	0	100	100
5	N	54/56 (96%)	54 (100%)	0	100	100
5	О	54/56~(96%)	54 (100%)	0	100	100
5	Р	54/56~(96%)	54 (100%)	0	100	100
5	Q	55/56~(98%)	55 (100%)	0	100	100
5	R	54/56~(96%)	54 (100%)	0	100	100
5	S	54/56~(96%)	54 (100%)	0	100	100
5	Т	54/56~(96%)	54 (100%)	0	100	100
6	a	191/200 (96%)	191 (100%)	0	100	100
7	b	110/124 (89%)	109 (99%)	1 (1%)	78	89
8	d	342/347 (99%)	340 (99%)	2 (1%)	86	93
All	All	3845/3996 (96%)	3838 (100%)	7 (0%)	93	97



A 11	$\langle \neg \rangle$	• 1	• . 1			• 1 1	•		1. / 1	1 1
AH	()	residiles	with	a	non-rotameric	sidech	aın	are	listed	below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	167	ARG
1	В	167	ARG
1	С	167	ARG
3	G	71	ARG
7	b	100	ARG
8	d	60	LYS
8	d	171	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	С	399	GLN
6	a	76	GLN
7	b	139	GLN
8	d	339	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 11 ligands modelled in this entry, 5 are monoatomic - leaving 6 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).



Mol	Mol Type Chain Re		e Chain Res Lin		Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Туре	Chain	nes	$\operatorname{es} \mid \operatorname{Link} \mid$	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
9	ATP	F	600	10	26,33,33	0.64	0	31,52,52	1.06	2 (6%)
9	ATP	A	600	10	26,33,33	0.63	0	31,52,52	1.07	2 (6%)
11	ADP	D	600	10	24,29,29	0.94	1 (4%)	29,45,45	1.47	5 (17%)
9	ATP	С	600	10	26,33,33	0.64	0	31,52,52	1.08	3 (9%)
9	ATP	В	600	10	26,33,33	0.64	0	31,52,52	1.09	4 (12%)
11	ADP	Е	600	-	24,29,29	0.94	1 (4%)	29,45,45	1.57	4 (13%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
9	ATP	F	600	10	-	2/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
9	ATP	A	600	10	-	0/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
11	ADP	D	600	10	-	4/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
9	ATP	С	600	10	-	0/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
9	ATP	В	600	10	-	0/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
11	ADP	E	600	-	-	2/12/32/32	0/3/3/3

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
11	Е	600	ADP	C5-C4	2.37	1.47	1.40
11	D	600	ADP	C5-C4	2.26	1.46	1.40

All (20) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^{o})$
11	Е	600	ADP	PA-O3A-PB	-3.85	119.63	132.83
11	D	600	ADP	N3-C2-N1	-3.73	122.85	128.68
11	Е	600	ADP	N3-C2-N1	-3.66	122.96	128.68
11	Ε	600	ADP	C3'-C2'-C1'	3.47	106.21	100.98
11	D	600	ADP	PA-O3A-PB	-3.41	121.12	132.83
11	D	600	ADP	C3'-C2'-C1'	3.26	105.89	100.98
11	D	600	ADP	C4-C5-N7	-2.66	106.62	109.40
11	Е	600	ADP	C4-C5-N7	-2.60	106.69	109.40
9	С	600	ATP	C5-C6-N6	2.32	123.88	120.35
9	A	600	ATP	C5-C6-N6	2.32	123.87	120.35
9	F	600	ATP	C5-C6-N6	2.29	123.84	120.35

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
9	В	600	ATP	C5-C6-N6	2.29	123.83	120.35
9	С	600	ATP	O4'-C1'-C2'	-2.10	103.85	106.93
9	F	600	ATP	PB-O3B-PG	2.09	140.00	132.83
9	В	600	ATP	PB-O3B-PG	2.07	139.91	132.83
9	С	600	ATP	PB-O3B-PG	2.06	139.90	132.83
9	В	600	ATP	O4'-C1'-C2'	-2.04	103.95	106.93
11	D	600	ADP	C2-N1-C6	2.04	122.23	118.75
9	A	600	ATP	PB-O3B-PG	2.02	139.77	132.83
9	В	600	ATP	O3'-C3'-C2'	-2.02	105.28	111.82

There are no chirality outliers.

All (8) torsion outliers are listed below:

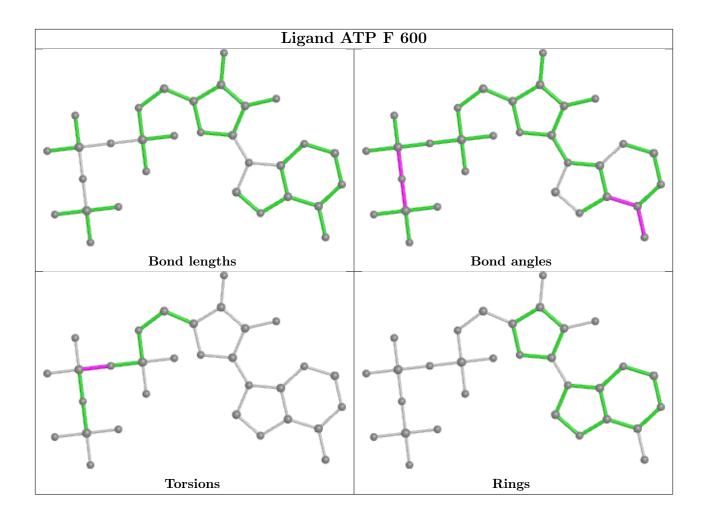
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
11	D	600	ADP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A
11	D	600	ADP	C5'-O5'-PA-O2A
11	D	600	ADP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
9	F	600	ATP	PA-O3A-PB-O1B
11	Е	600	ADP	PB-O3A-PA-O2A
11	D	600	ADP	PB-O3A-PA-O1A
9	F	600	ATP	PA-O3A-PB-O2B
11	Е	600	ADP	O4'-C4'-C5'-O5'

There are no ring outliers.

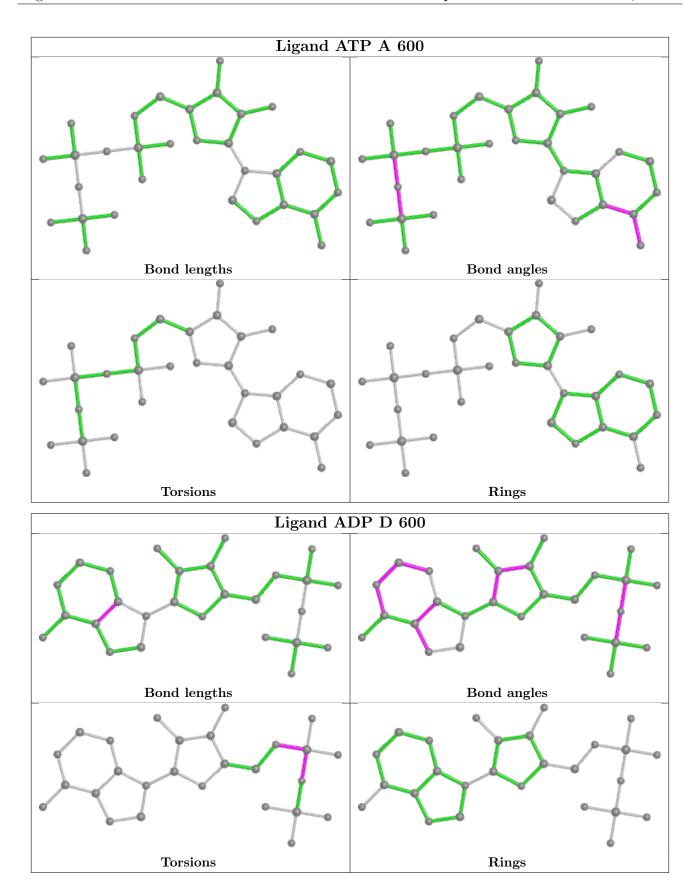
No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

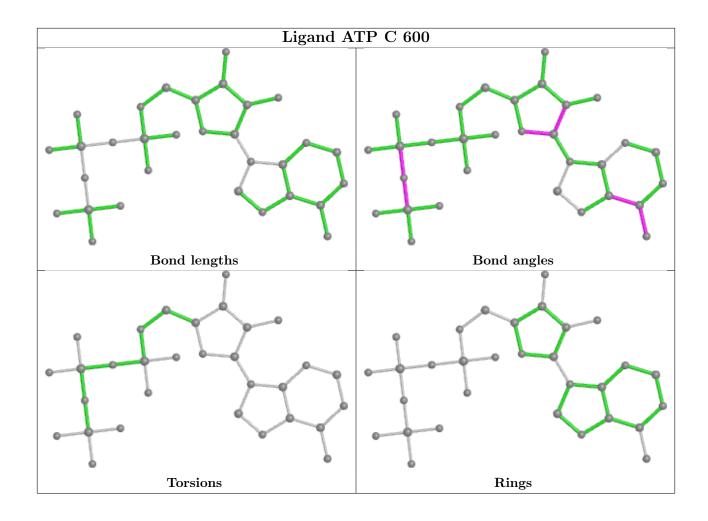




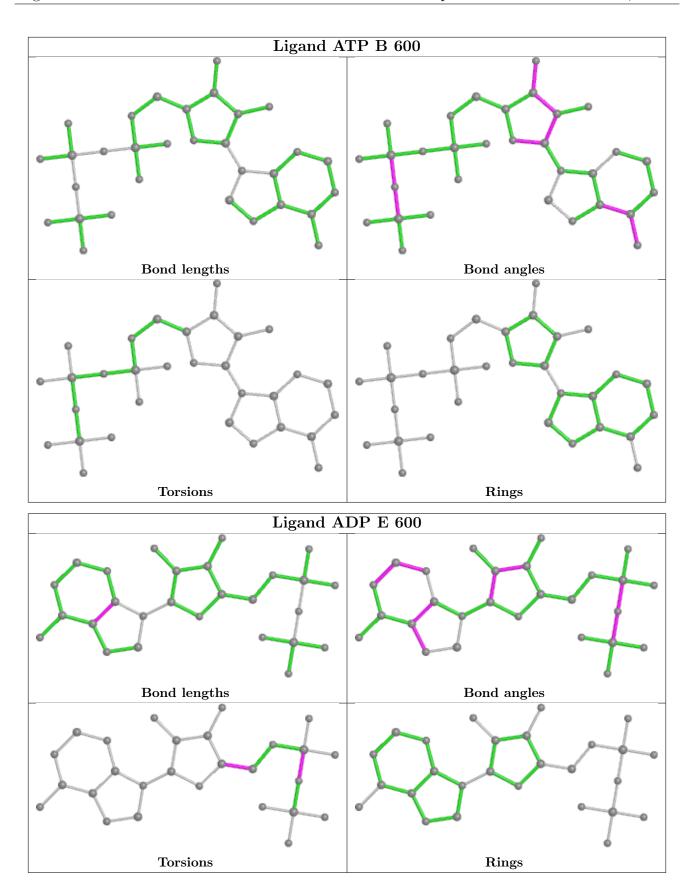














5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



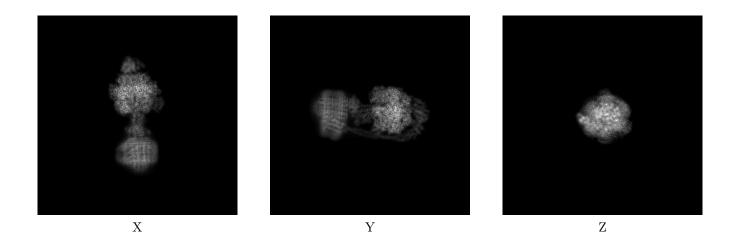
6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-12387. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

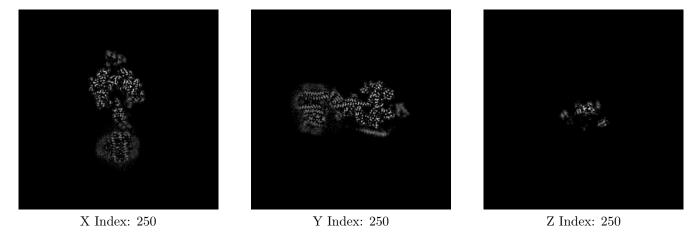
6.1.1 Primary map



The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices (i)

6.2.1 Primary map





The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

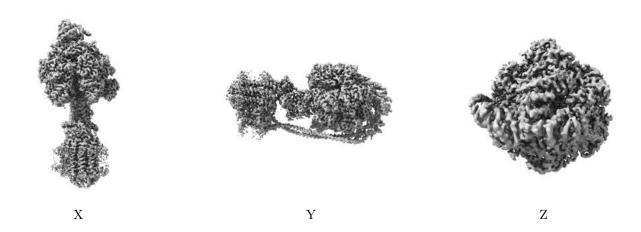
6.3.1 Primary map



The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.4.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.0141. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.



6.5 Mask visualisation (i)

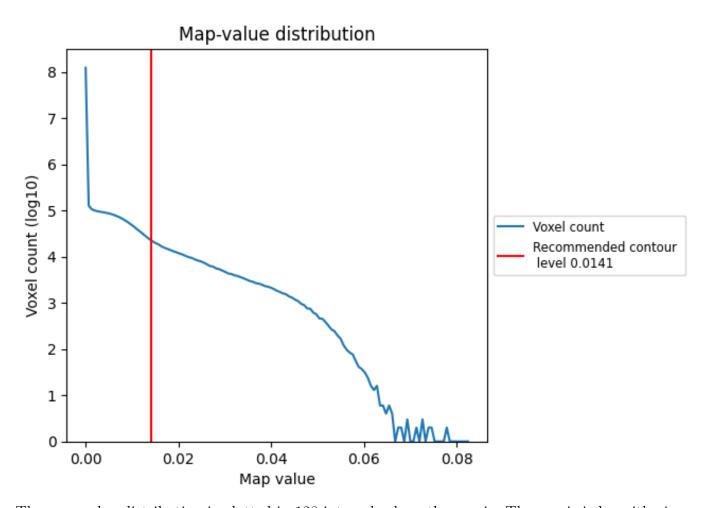
This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.



7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

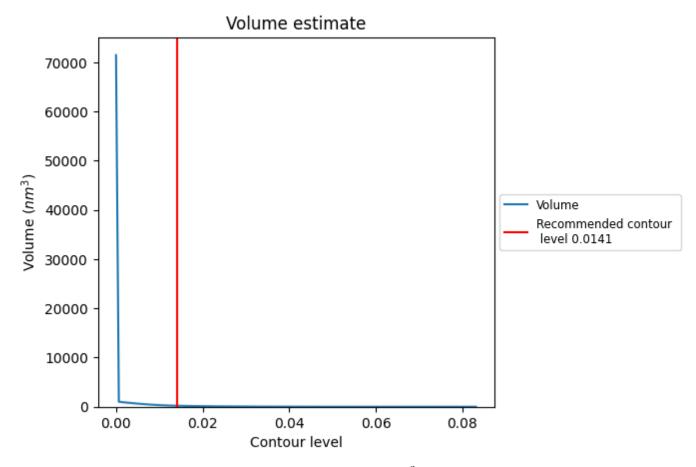
7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.



7.2 Volume estimate (i)

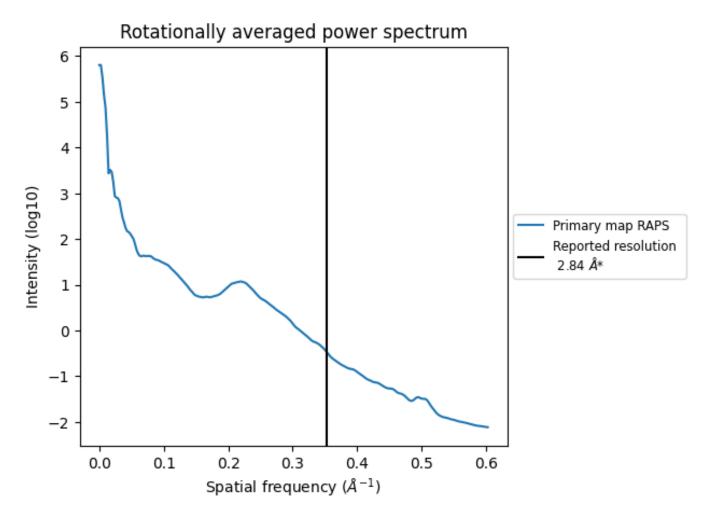


The volume at the recommended contour level is $200~\mathrm{nm}^3$; this corresponds to an approximate mass of $181~\mathrm{kDa}$.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)



^{*}Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.352 $\rm \AA^{-1}$



8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

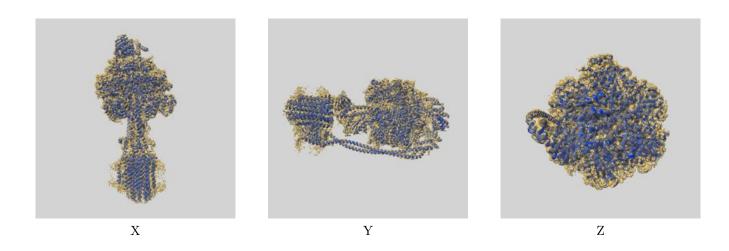
This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.



9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-12387 and PDB model 7NJM. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 8.

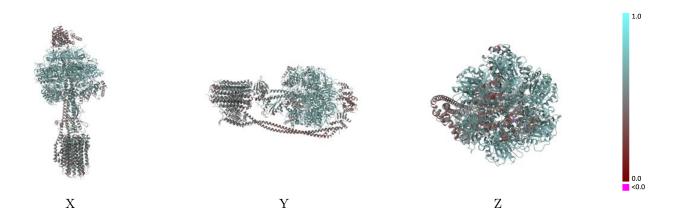
9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.0141 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

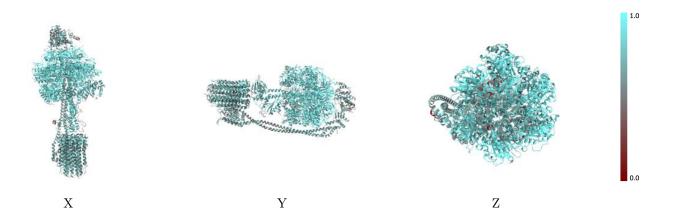


9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

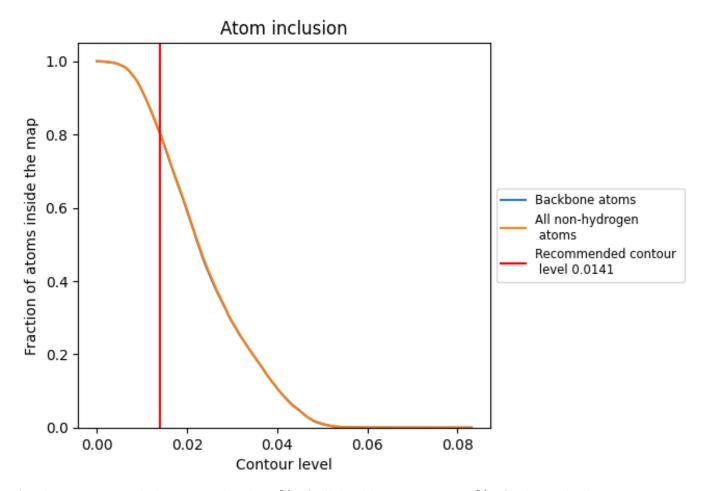
9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.0141).



9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 80% of all backbone atoms, 80% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.



9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.0141) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.7998	0.5620
A	0.8988	0.6220
В	0.8598	0.5950
С	0.8723	0.6070
D	0.9179	0.6310
Е	0.8922	0.6140
F	0.9157	0.6340
G	0.7954	0.5490
Н	0.6618	0.4810
L	0.6695	0.4900
M	0.6747	0.4820
N	0.6729	0.4840
О	0.6969	0.4950
P	0.6473	0.4840
Q	0.6453	0.4910
R	0.6610	0.4980
S	0.6866	0.5040
Т	0.6798	0.5040
a	0.6430	0.4790
b	0.5985	0.4180
d	0.6149	0.4260



