

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Sep 13, 2023 – 01:16 AM EDT

PDB ID : 4ND1

Title : Crystal structure of the lactate dehydrogenase from cryptosporidium parvum

complexed with cofactor (b-nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide) and inhibitor

(oxamic acid)

Authors: Chattopadhyay, D.; Cook, W.J.

Deposited on : 2013-10-25

Resolution : 2.15 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

Mol Probity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.35.1

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

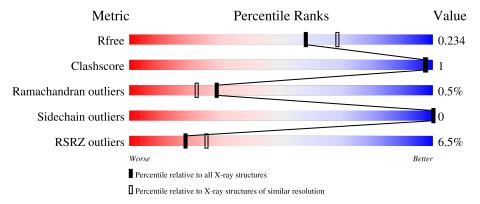
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35.1

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.15 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries},{\rm resolution\ range}({\rm \AA})) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	1479 (2.16-2.16)
Clashscore	141614	1585 (2.16-2.16)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1560 (2.16-2.16)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1559 (2.16-2.16)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1456 (2.16-2.16)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	A	321	97%	_
1	В	321	96%	•



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4982 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Lactate dehydrogenase, adjacent gene encodes predicted malate dehydrogenase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Λ	317	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	A	317	2354	1490	399	451	14	U	U	U
1	D	317	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	Б	317	2354	1490	399	451	14		U	

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

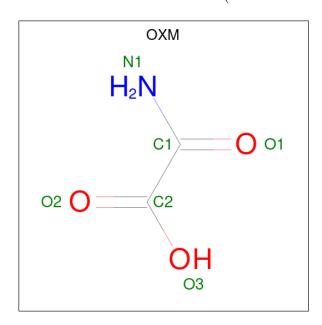
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	202	ALA	VAL	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q5CYZ2
В	202	ALA	VAL	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q5CYZ2

• Molecule 2 is NICOTINAMIDE-ADENINE-DINUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: NAD) (formula: C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>27</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O<sub>14</sub>P<sub>2</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf		
2	٨	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
2	A	1	44	21	7	14	2	U	
2	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
	Б	1	44	21	7	14	2	U	U

 $\bullet$  Molecule 3 is OXAMIC ACID (three-letter code: OXM) (formula:  $\mathrm{C_2H_3NO_3}).$ 



M	ol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	3	A	1	Total 6		N 1		0	0
3	3	В	1	Total 6	C 2	N 1	O 3	0	0

 $\bullet$  Molecule 4 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula:  $\mathrm{C_3H_8O_3}).$ 





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
4	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
4	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
4	В	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0

### • Molecule 5 is water.

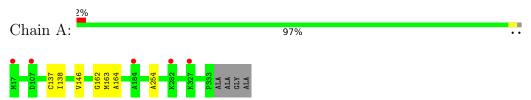
$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	99	Total O 99 99	0	0
5	В	51	Total O 51 51	0	0



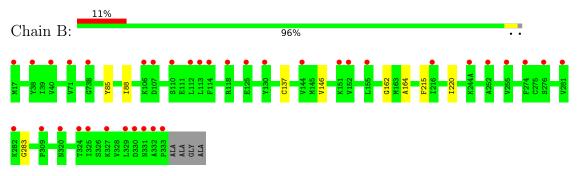
## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Lactate dehydrogenase, adjacent gene encodes predicted malate dehydrogenase



• Molecule 1: Lactate dehydrogenase, adjacent gene encodes predicted malate dehydrogenase





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 32 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	94.82Å 94.82Å 185.07Å	Donositon
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $120.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	47.40 - 2.15	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	47.41 - 2.15	EDS
% Data completeness	95.0 (47.40-2.15)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	95.1 (47.41-2.15)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.06	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.74  (at  2.16Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.7.0029, CNS	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.208 , $0.236$	Depositor
It, It free	0.209 , $0.234$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	5089  reflections  (10.09%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	38.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.481	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.37, 38.7	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L > = 0.50, < L^2> = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.027 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	4982	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	48.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.60% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAD, OXM, GOL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Mol Chain		lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.27	0/2393	0.46	0/3243	
1	В	0.27	0/2393	0.46	0/3243	
All	All	0.27	0/4786	0.46	0/6486	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2354	0	2387	4	0
1	В	2354	0	2387	4	0
2	A	44	0	26	0	0
2	В	44	0	26	0	0
3	A	6	0	2	0	0
3	В	6	0	2	0	0
4	A	18	0	24	0	0
4	В	6	0	8	0	0
5	A	99	0	0	0	0
5	В	51	0	0	0	0
All	All	4982	0	4862	8	0



The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All (8) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
		( )	overlap (A)
1:A:137:CYS:HB3	1:A:146:VAL:HG22	1.89	0.54
1:B:137:CYS:HB3	1:B:146:VAL:HG22	1.93	0.50
1:A:146:VAL:HG21	1:A:162:GLY:HA3	1.97	0.46
1:A:138:ILE:HD11	1:A:254:ALA:HB2	2.00	0.43
1:B:146:VAL:HG21	1:B:162:GLY:HA3	2.02	0.42
1:B:85:TYR:O	1:B:88:ILE:HG12	2.20	0.42
1:A:163:MET:C	1:A:163:MET:SD	2.99	0.40
1:B:215:PHE:HB3	1:B:220:ILE:HG22	2.04	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percei	ntiles
1	A	315/321 (98%)	305 (97%)	9 (3%)	1 (0%)	41	37
1	В	315/321 (98%)	306 (97%)	7 (2%)	2 (1%)	25	18
All	All	630/642 (98%)	611 (97%)	16 (2%)	3 (0%)	29	22

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	164	ALA
1	A	164	ALA
1	В	283	GLY



#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	$258/258 \; (100\%)$	258 (100%)	0	100	100
1	В	258/258 (100%)	258 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	516/516 (100%)	516 (100%)	0	100	100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

8 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).



Mol	Tuna	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	OXM	A	402	-	5,5,5	3.47	1 (20%)	4,6,6	1.48	1 (25%)
2	NAD	В	401	-	42,48,48	0.79	1 (2%)	50,73,73	1.25	6 (12%)
4	GOL	A	403	-	5,5,5	0.25	0	5,5,5	0.36	0
4	GOL	A	405	-	5,5,5	0.37	0	5,5,5	0.20	0
4	GOL	A	404	-	5,5,5	0.33	0	5,5,5	0.27	0
2	NAD	A	401	-	42,48,48	0.80	1 (2%)	50,73,73	1.29	6 (12%)
3	OXM	В	402	-	5,5,5	3.17	1 (20%)	4,6,6	1.50	1 (25%)
4	GOL	В	403	-	5,5,5	0.25	0	5,5,5	0.42	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	OXM	A	402	-	-	0/3/4/4	-
2	NAD	В	401	-	-	5/26/62/62	0/5/5/5
4	GOL	A	403	-	-	2/4/4/4	_
4	GOL	A	405	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
4	GOL	A	404	-	-	1/4/4/4	-
2	NAD	A	401	-	-	5/26/62/62	0/5/5/5
3	OXM	В	402	-	-	0/3/4/4	-
4	GOL	В	403	-	-	0/4/4/4	-

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	Observed(A)	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
3	A	402	OXM	C1-C2	-7.45	1.46	1.55
3	В	402	OXM	C1-C2	-6.75	1.46	1.55
2	В	401	NAD	C5A-C4A	2.29	1.47	1.40
2	A	401	NAD	C5A-C4A	2.22	1.46	1.40

All (14) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
2	A	401	NAD	N3A-C2A-N1A	-4.03	122.39	128.68
2	В	401	NAD	N3A-C2A-N1A	-3.84	122.68	128.68
2	A	401	NAD	C3N-C7N-N7N	3.34	121.76	117.75
2	A	401	NAD	C4A-C5A-N7A	-2.83	106.45	109.40
2	В	401	NAD	C3N-C7N-N7N	2.82	121.14	117.75

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	A	401	NAD	C1B-N9A-C4A	-2.73	121.85	126.64
2	В	401	NAD	PN-O3-PA	-2.68	123.61	132.83
2	В	401	NAD	C4A-C5A-N7A	-2.64	106.65	109.40
2	A	401	NAD	PN-O3-PA	-2.51	124.21	132.83
3	В	402	OXM	O3-C2-C1	2.39	119.37	113.84
2	В	401	NAD	C1B-N9A-C4A	-2.35	122.50	126.64
3	A	402	OXM	O3-C2-C1	2.30	119.15	113.84
2	A	401	NAD	C2A-N1A-C6A	2.27	122.63	118.75
2	В	401	NAD	C2A-N1A-C6A	2.03	122.22	118.75

There are no chirality outliers.

All (15) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	401	NAD	O4D-C1D-N1N-C2N
2	A	401	NAD	O4D-C1D-N1N-C6N
2	A	401	NAD	C2D-C1D-N1N-C2N
2	A	401	NAD	C2D-C1D-N1N-C6N
2	В	401	NAD	O4D-C1D-N1N-C2N
2	В	401	NAD	O4D-C1D-N1N-C6N
2	В	401	NAD	C2D-C1D-N1N-C2N
2	В	401	NAD	C2D-C1D-N1N-C6N
4	A	405	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
4	A	405	GOL	O2-C2-C3-O3
4	A	403	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
4	A	404	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
4	A	403	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2
2	A	401	NAD	O4B-C4B-C5B-O5B
2	В	401	NAD	O4B-C4B-C5B-O5B

There are no ring outliers.

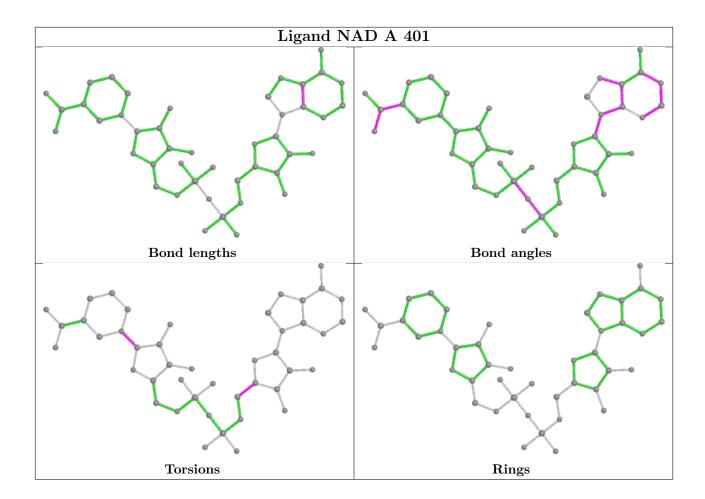
No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and



any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

## 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	317/321 (98%)	0.16	5 (1%) 72 77	34, 44, 61, 76	0
1	В	317/321 (98%)	0.65	36 (11%) 5 7	34, 50, 74, 109	0
All	All	634/642 (98%)	0.40	41 (6%) 18 25	34, 46, 69, 109	0

All (41) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	333	PRO	7.7
1	В	282	LYS	4.7
1	В	107	ASP	4.3
1	В	331	ASN	4.3
1	В	110	SER	4.2
1	В	106	LYS	4.1
1	В	330	ASP	3.7
1	A	17	MET	3.6
1	В	113	LEU	3.5
1	В	329	LEU	3.4
1	В	324	THR	3.3
1	В	216	ILE	3.2
1	В	332	ALA	3.1
1	В	325	ILE	3.0
1	В	118	ARG	2.9
1	В	320	ASN	2.9
1	В	40	VAL	2.9
1	В	130	TYR	2.8
1	В	276	SER	2.7
1	В	112	LEU	2.7
1	В	327	LYS	2.6
1	A	282	LYS	2.6
1	В	155	LEU	2.6
1	В	151	LYS	2.6

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	107	ASP	2.5
1	В	274	PHE	2.5
1	В	255	VAL	2.5
1	A	327	LYS	2.5
1	В	144	VAL	2.5
1	В	114	PHE	2.5
1	В	73(B)	GLY	2.4
1	В	125	GLU	2.4
1	В	281	VAL	2.4
1	В	309	PRO	2.3
1	В	152	VAL	2.2
1	В	17	MET	2.1
1	В	244(A)	LYS	2.1
1	A	184	ALA	2.1
1	В	252	ALA	2.0
1	В	38	TYR	2.0
1	В	71	VAL	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
4	GOL	A	405	6/6	0.67	0.12	65,66,67,68	0
4	$\operatorname{GOL}$	В	403	6/6	0.85	0.25	57,58,60,62	0
4	GOL	A	403	6/6	0.87	0.16	53,55,56,58	0
4	GOL	A	404	6/6	0.88	0.13	61,63,65,66	0
2	NAD	В	401	44/44	0.95	0.10	41,47,51,52	0
2	NAD	A	401	44/44	0.97	0.11	34,38,40,42	0

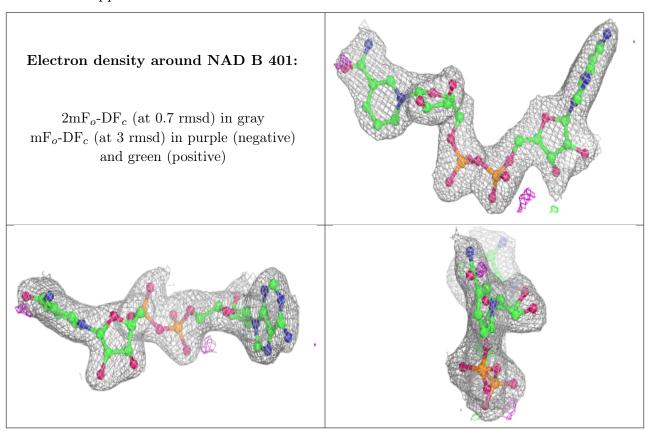
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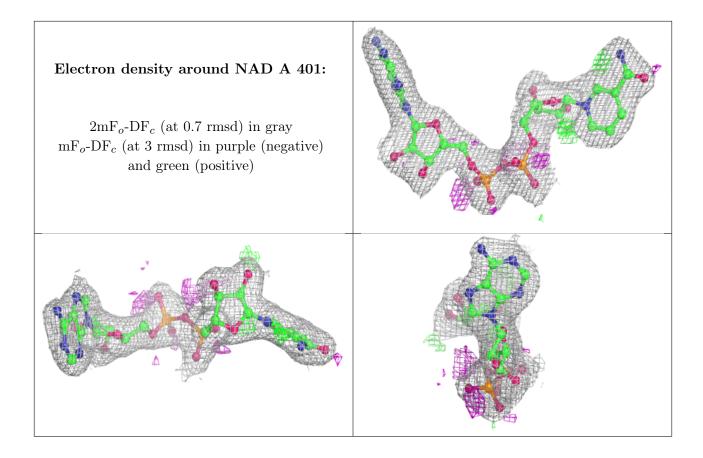
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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	OXM	A	402	6/6	0.97	0.08	37,39,40,40	0
3	OXM	В	402	6/6	0.98	0.11	43,44,44,44	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.







# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

