

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

### Aug 22, 2020 – 05:44 AM BST

PDB ID : 5NAT

Title: Complement factor D in complex with the inhibitor (S)-Pyrrolidine-1,2-dicar

boxylic acid 1-[(1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-amide] 2-[(3-trifluoromethoxy-phenyl

)-amide

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Deposited on : 2017-02-28

Resolution : 1.17 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.13.1 buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

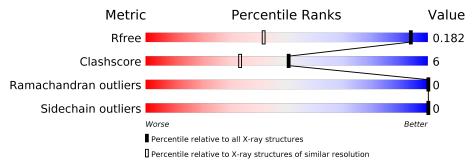
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.13.1

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.17 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\mid \; (\#  ext{Entries},   ext{resolution range}( ext{Å})) \; \mid \;$
$R_{free}$	130704	1123 (1.20-1.16)
Clashscore	141614	1182 (1.20-1.16)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1134 (1.20-1.16)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1134 (1.20-1.16)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	232	91%	7%	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	m Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	GOL	A	302	-	-	X	-



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2062 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

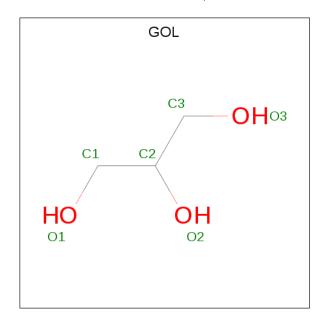
• Molecule 1 is a protein called Complement factor D.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	Λ	228	Total	С	N	О	S	17	0	0
1	A	220	1755	1082	336	326	11	17	0	U

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	244	SER	_	expression tag	UNP P00746
A	245	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P00746
A	246	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P00746
A	247	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P00746

• Molecule 2 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>8</sub>O<sub>3</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0

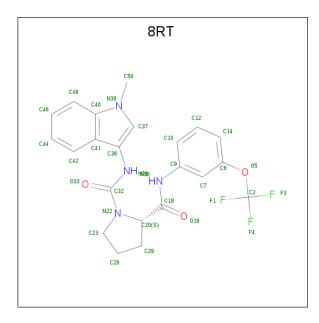
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$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0

 $\bullet \ \, \text{Molecule 3 is (2 \{S\})- \{N\}1-(1-methylindol-3-yl)- \{N\}2-[3-(trifluoromethyloxy)phenyl]pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxamide (three-letter code: 8RT) (formula: $C_{22}H_{21}F_3N_4O_3$). }$ 



Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	$\mathbf{m}\mathbf{s}$		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total 32	C 22		O 3	0	0

• Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	261	Total O 263 263	0	2



## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Complement factor D





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	39.44Å 49.68Å 55.56Å	Donogitor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 106.02° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	37.90 - 1.17	Depositor
Resolution (A)	30.13 - 1.17	EDS
% Data completeness	94.2 (37.90-1.17)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	94.5 (30.13-1.17)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.04	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.37 (at 1.17Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.5.0063	Depositor
D.D.	(Not available) , (Not available)	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.155 , $0.182$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	3255 reflections $(5.00%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	10.5	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.537	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.38 , 46.4	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L >=0.48, < L^2>=0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	2062	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	15.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 7.45% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $< L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$ Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GOL, 8RT

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bo	ond angles
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	A	0.56	1/1810 (0.1%)	0.75	4/2462 (0.2%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

#### All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
1	A	20	ARG	NE-CZ	9.24	1.45	1.33

#### All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
1	A	20	ARG	CD-NE-CZ	-7.83	112.64	123.60
1	A	20	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.74	116.43	120.30
1	A	61	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.84	123.56	118.30
1	A	61	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	-5.08	113.72	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	20	ARG	Sidechain



### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1755	0	1742	20	0
2	A	12	0	16	4	0
3	A	32	0	0	0	0
4	A	263	0	0	0	0
All	All	2062	0	1758	20	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (20) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{ll}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance} & ( ext{Å}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:57:HIS:HB2	1:A:215:SER:OG	1.75	0.87
1:A:81[B]:ARG:CG	1:A:81[B]:ARG:HH21	1.90	0.84
1:A:135:LEU:O	2:A:302:GOL:H11	1.82	0.80
1:A:81[B]:ARG:HG3	1:A:81[B]:ARG:HH21	1.57	0.69
1:A:201:CYS:HA	2:A:302:GOL:H12	1.81	0.62
1:A:138[B]:VAL:HG22	1:A:199:LEU:CD1	2.35	0.56
1:A:81[B]:ARG:NH2	1:A:81[B]:ARG:HG2	2.22	0.54
1:A:57:HIS:ND1	1:A:60:GLU:OE2	2.28	0.54
1:A:81[A]:ARG:HD3	1:A:83:TYR:CZ	2.43	0.54
1:A:202:GLY:H	2:A:302:GOL:H12	1.72	0.54
1:A:202:GLY:H	2:A:302:GOL:C1	2.21	0.53
1:A:138[B]:VAL:CG2	1:A:199:LEU:CD1	2.87	0.52
1:A:138[B]:VAL:HG22	1:A:199:LEU:HD12	1.91	0.51
1:A:81[B]:ARG:HG2	1:A:81[B]:ARG:HH21	1.68	0.51
1:A:195:SER:HB3	1:A:215:SER:HB3	1.95	0.48
1:A:138[B]:VAL:CG2	1:A:199:LEU:HD13	2.46	0.45
1:A:138[B]:VAL:CG2	1:A:199:LEU:HD12	2.48	0.43
1:A:52:VAL:HG21	1:A:66:VAL:HG11	2.02	0.42
1:A:138[B]:VAL:HG22	1:A:199:LEU:HD13	2.01	0.42
1:A:158:VAL:HG21	1:A:188:ARG:HB3	2.01	0.42

There are no symmetry-related clashes.



## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	<b>S</b>
1	A	234/232 (101%)	229 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100 100	

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percei	ntiles
1	A	190/183 (104%)	190 (100%)	0	100	100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	186	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type				Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	8RT	A	303	_	33,35,35	1.28	3 (9%)	41,51,51	1.13	4 (9%)
2	GOL	A	301	-	5,5,5	0.24	0	5,5,5	0.28	0
2	GOL	A	302	-	5,5,5	0.36	0	5,5,5	0.37	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	${f Res}$	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	8RT	A	303	_	-	0/19/43/43	0/4/4/4
2	GOL	A	301	_	-	0/4/4/4	-
2	GOL	A	302	_	-	2/4/4/4	-

#### All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\operatorname{\AA})$
3	A	303	8RT	C37-N39	-3.55	1.33	1.38
3	A	303	8RT	C37-C36	-3.39	1.34	1.38
3	A	303	8RT	C36-C41	2.98	1.51	1.40

#### All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
3	A	303	8RT	C48-C40-N39	-3.36	129.26	132.14
3	A	303	8RT	O33-C32-N34	-2.65	117.75	123.61

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
3	A	303	8RT	C23-N22-C20	2.60	116.13	112.00
3	A	303	8RT	C26-C23-N22	-2.32	99.18	103.25

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	302	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
2	A	302	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2

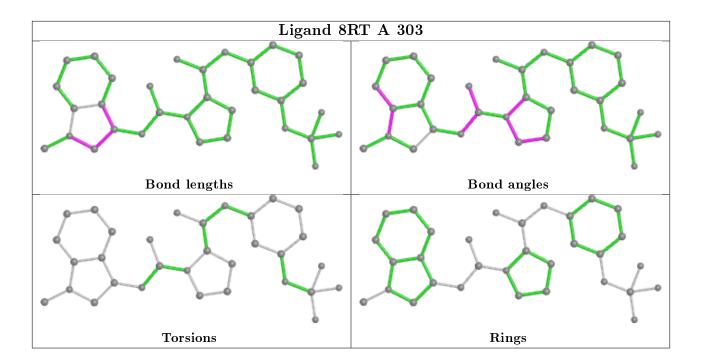
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	302	GOL	4	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

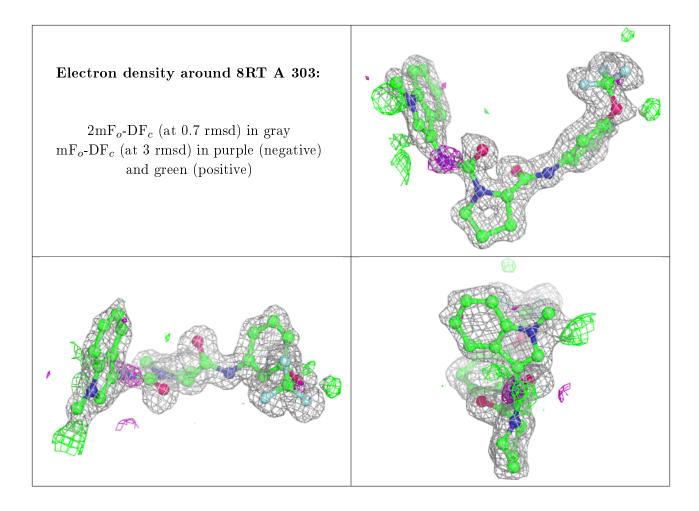
Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

