

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Aug 30, 2020 – 12:51 PM BST

PDB ID : 3N70

Title: The Crystal Structure of the P-loop NTPase domain of the Sigma-54 transport

activator from E. coli to 2.8A

Authors: Stein, A.J.; Mulligan, R.; Volkart, L.; Freeman, L.; Joachimiak, A.; Midwest

Center for Structural Genomics (MCSG)

Deposited on : 2010-05-26

Resolution : 2.80 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.13

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac: 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

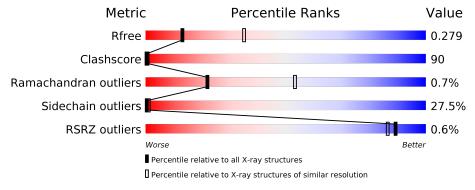
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.13

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.80 Å.

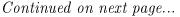
Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar \; resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries, \; resolution \; range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	3140 (2.80-2.80)
Clashscore	141614	3569 (2.80-2.80)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3498 (2.80-2.80)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3500 (2.80-2.80)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3078 (2.80-2.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	145	32%	530	%	13% •		
1	В	145	19%	46%	10%	26%		
1	С	145	30%	50%		10% 9%		
1	D	145	30%	39%	11%	20%		
1	Е	145	31%	48%		14% • 6%		
1	F	145	12%	46%	14%	28%		





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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	G	145	30%	52%	6%	12%		
1	Н	145	36%	38%	10% •	16%		

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	SO4	С	2	_	-	X	-
2	SO4	D	4	-	-	X	-
2	SO4	F	7	-	-	X	-
2	SO4	G	6	-	-	X	-
2	SO4	Н	8	-	-	X	-



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7146 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

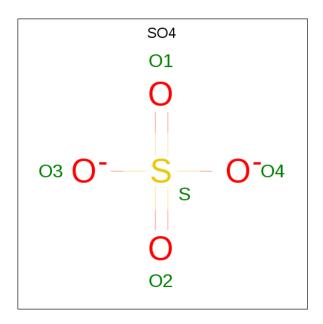
In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Transport activator.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	142	Total C N O S Se 1060 672 190 195 2 1	0	0	0
1	В	108	Total C N O S Se 734 464 129 138 1 2	0	0	0
1	С	132	Total C N O S Se 959 615 169 171 2 2	0	0	0
1	D	116	Total C N O Se 833 535 149 148 1	0	0	0
1	Е	137	Total C N O S Se 1026 659 183 180 2 2	0	0	0
1	F	105	Total C N O S Se 719 455 128 133 2 1	0	0	0
1	G	128	Total C N O S Se 936 591 170 171 2 2	0	0	0
1	Н	122	Total C N O S Se 834 526 154 152 1 1	0	0	0

• Molecule 2 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O<sub>4</sub>S).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
2	В	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
2	С	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
2	D	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
2	Е	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
2	F	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
2	G	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
2	Н	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0

### • Molecule 3 is water.

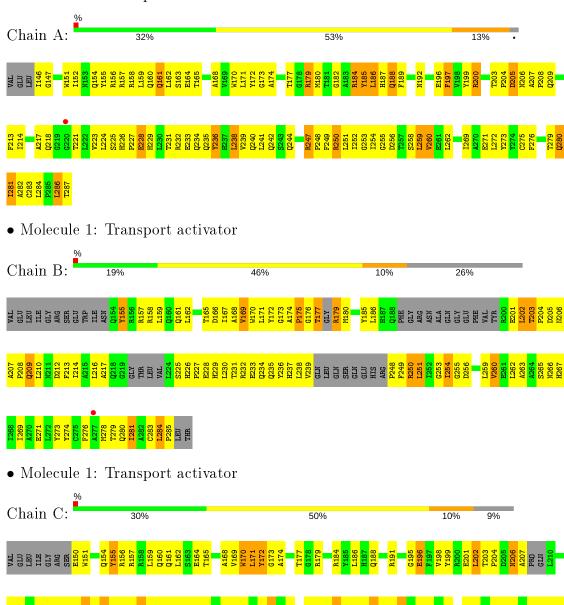
Mo	1	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3		A	3	Total O 3 3	0	0
3		Е	2	Total O 2 2	0	0



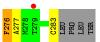
# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

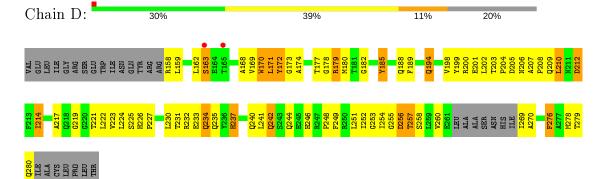
• Molecule 1: Transport activator



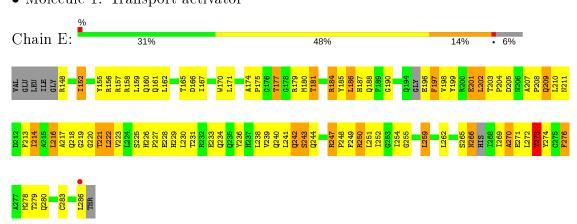




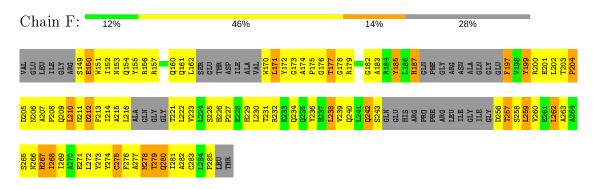
• Molecule 1: Transport activator



• Molecule 1: Transport activator



• Molecule 1: Transport activator



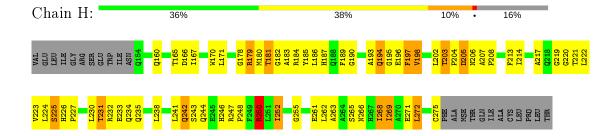
• Molecule 1: Transport activator







• Molecule 1: Transport activator





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 43	Depositor
Cell constants	77.61Å 77.61Å 215.09Å	D : 4
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	48.88 - 2.80	Depositor
Resolution (A)	48.88 - 2.80	EDS
% Data completeness	92.3 (48.88-2.80)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.9 (48.88-2.80)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.08	Depositor
$R_{sum}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$2.25~({\rm at}~2.81{\rm \AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.5_2	Depositor
D D.	0.229 , 0.280	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.261 , $0.279$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1574 reflections $(5.04\%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	67.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.015	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.31 , 71.8	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L >=0.51, < L^2>=0.35$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.467 for h,-k,-l	Xtriage
Reported twinning fraction	0.496 for h,-k,-l	Depositor
Outliers	0 of 31209 reflections	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	7146	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	64.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.02% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $< L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



 $<sup>^1 {\</sup>rm Intensities}$  estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SO4

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chain		Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.50	0/1082	0.58	1/1474~(0.1%)	
1	В	0.55	0/744	0.55	0/1014	
1	С	0.47	0/978	0.57	0/1331	
1	D	0.39	0/850	0.49	0/1158	
1	E	0.47	0/1048	0.50	0/1426	
1	F	0.55	0/731	0.54	0/998	
1	G	0.49	0/953	0.49	0/1294	
1	Н	0.49	0/850	0.55	0/1162	
All	All	0.49	0/7236	0.53	$1/9857 \ (0.0\%)$	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	Н	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

	$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	$\mathbf{Type}$	${f Atoms}$	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
ſ	1	A	238	LEU	CA-CB-CG	-5.17	103.41	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	${f Res}$	Type	Group
1	Н	250	ARG	Sidechain



### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1060	0	975	124	1
1	В	734	0	611	166	0
1	С	959	0	861	161	4
1	D	833	0	740	152	3
1	E	1026	0	936	165	2
1	F	719	0	575	213	0
1	G	936	0	843	161	2
1	Н	834	0	710	129	0
2	A	5	0	0	1	0
2	В	5	0	0	0	0
2	С	5	0	0	2	0
2	D	5	0	0	2	0
2	Ε	5	0	0	0	0
2	F	5	0	0	4	0
2	G	5	0	0	3	0
2	Н	5	0	0	3	0
3	A	3	0	0	0	0
3	Ε	2	0	0	0	0
All	All	7146	0	6251	1203	6

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 90.

The worst 5 of 1203 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance} \ ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$	$egin{aligned}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
1:F:199:TYR:HB2	1:F:223:VAL:CG1	1.31	1.55
1:F:187:HIS:CD2	1:F:197:PHE:HB2	1.54	1.42
1:F:278:MSE:HE1	1:G:263:ALA:CB	1.47	1.42
1:A:204:PRO:HD2	1:B:267:HIS:ND1	1.38	1.38
1:C:195:GLY:HA3	1:C:219:GLY:C	1.42	1.36

The worst 5 of 6 symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.



Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance} \ ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$	$egin{array}{c}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{array}$
1:C:196:GLU:OE1	1:D:200:ARG:NH2[3_554]	0.86	1.34
1:A:160:GLN:NE2	1:C:164:GLU:OE2[4_555]	1.51	0.69
1:C:196:GLU:CD	1:D:200:ARG:NH2[3_554]	1.92	0.28
1:E:185:TYR:OH	1:G:160:GLN:CG[3_544]	1.95	0.25
1:C:196:GLU:OE1	1:D:200:ARG:CZ[3_554]	2.06	0.14

## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	$\mathbf{ntiles}$
1	A	140/145~(97%)	134 (96%)	6 (4%)	0	100	100
1	В	98/145~(68%)	92 (94%)	5 (5%)	1 (1%)	15	44
1	C	128/145~(88%)	121 (94%)	6 (5%)	1 (1%)	19	49
1	D	112/145~(77%)	109 (97%)	2 (2%)	1 (1%)	17	46
1	Ε	131/145~(90%)	123 (94%)	6 (5%)	2 (2%)	10	33
1	F	95/145~(66%)	90 (95%)	3 (3%)	2 (2%)	7	23
1	G	124/145~(86%)	123 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
1	Н	120/145~(83%)	118 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	$948/1160 \; (82\%)$	910 (96%)	31 (3%)	7 (1%)	22	53

5 of 7 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	С	265	SER
1	E	273	TYR
1	F	177	THR
1	В	175	PRO
1	Е	270	ALA



#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	98/120 (82%)	67 (68%)	31 (32%)	0	0
1	В	57/120 (48%)	39 (68%)	18 (32%)	0	0
1	С	83/120 (69%)	67 (81%)	16 (19%)	1	4
1	D	70/120 (58%)	50 (71%)	20 (29%)	0	1
1	E	92/120~(77%)	65 (71%)	27 (29%)	0	1
1	F	55/120 (46%)	35 (64%)	20 (36%)	0	0
1	G	83/120 (69%)	69 (83%)	14 (17%)	2	6
1	Н	65/120~(54%)	45 (69%)	20 (31%)	0	0
All	All	603/960 (63%)	437 (72%)	166 (28%)	0	1

5 of 166 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	${f Res}$	Type
1	D	214	ILE
1	Ε	201	GLU
1	Н	203	THR
1	D	237	HIS
1	D	279	THR

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 37 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	С	244	GLN
1	D	235	GLN
1	G	280	GLN
1	D	192	ASN
1	D	194	GLN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

8 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Т	Chain	Res	Res Link Bond lengths		Bond angles					
10101	Type	Chain	nes	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	SO4	Е	5	_	4,4,4	0.23	0	6,6,6	0.40	0	
2	SO4	F	7	-	4,4,4	0.14	0	6,6,6	0.26	0	
2	SO4	A	1	-	4,4,4	0.13	0	6,6,6	0.25	0	
2	SO4	D	4	-	4,4,4	0.10	0	6,6,6	0.32	0	
2	SO4	С	2	-	4,4,4	0.14	0	6,6,6	0.15	0	
2	SO4	G	6	-	4,4,4	0.15	0	6,6,6	0.09	0	
2	SO4	В	3	-	4,4,4	0.19	0	6,6,6	0.16	0	
2	SO4	Н	8	-	4,4,4	0.10	0	6,6,6	0.15	0	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6 monomers are involved in 15 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	F	7	SO4	4	0
2	A	1	SO4	1	0

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	D	4	SO4	2	0
2	С	2	SO4	2	0
2	G	6	SO4	3	0
2	Н	8	SO4	3	0

## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	140/145~(96%)	-0.07	1 (0%) 87 84	49, 59, 68, 76	0
1	В	106/145~(73%)	-0.36	1 (0%) 84 80	55, 68, 75, 78	0
1	С	130/145~(89%)	-0.13	1 (0%) 86 81	52, 65, 84, 89	0
1	D	114/145 (78%)	-0.04	2 (1%) 68 61	56, 66, 86, 95	0
1	E	135/145 (93%)	-0.18	1 (0%) 87 84	45, 59, 72, 83	0
1	F	103/145 (71%)	-0.30	0 100 100	60, 69, 99, 106	0
1	G	126/145 (86%)	-0.15	0 100 100	50, 60, 77, 86	0
1	Н	121/145 (83%)	-0.18	0 100 100	52, 63, 83, 89	0
All	All	975/1160 (84%)	-0.17	6 (0%) 89 86	45, 64, 83, 106	0

The worst 5 of 6 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	${f Res}$	Type	RSRZ
1	A	220	GLY	2.5
1	D	165	THR	2.3
1	Е	286	LEU	2.3
1	С	279	THR	2.1
1	D	163	SER	2.1

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
2	SO4	F	7	5/5	0.90	0.12	83,86,92,95	0
2	SO4	D	4	5/5	0.94	0.12	70,73,75,77	0
2	SO4	Н	8	5/5	0.94	0.14	81,82,87,87	0
2	SO4	G	6	5/5	0.95	0.17	62,62,64,67	0
2	SO4	С	2	5/5	0.97	0.12	80,80,83,86	0
2	SO4	В	3	5/5	0.98	0.13	71,73,77,78	0
2	SO4	A	1	5/5	0.99	0.12	56,57,60,61	0
2	SO4	Е	5	5/5	0.99	0.11	45,45,48,49	0

### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

