Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Jun 11, 2024 – 07:33 PM EDT

PDB ID	:	1N4V
Title	:	ATOMIC RESOLUTION STRUCTURE OF CHOLESTEROL OXIDASE @pH 5.8 (STREPTOMYCES SP. SA-COO)
Authors	:	Vrielink, A.; Lario, P.I.
Deposited on	:	2002-11-01
Resolution	:	1.00 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

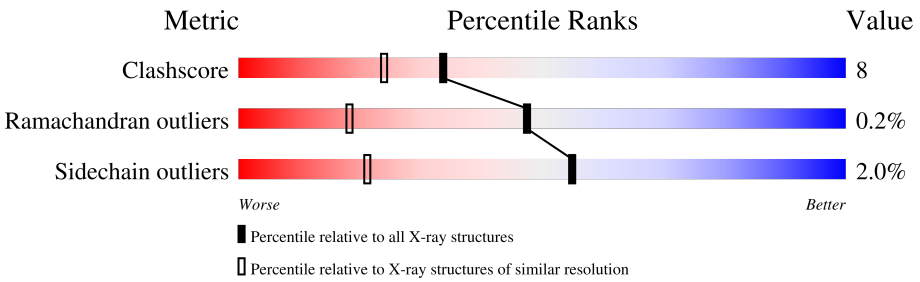
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	NOT EXECUTED
EDS	:	NOT EXECUTED
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	141614	1117 (1.06-0.94)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1043 (1.06-0.94)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1045 (1.06-0.94)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	504	86% 12% • •

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	GOL	A	511	-	X	X	-

2 Entry composition (i)

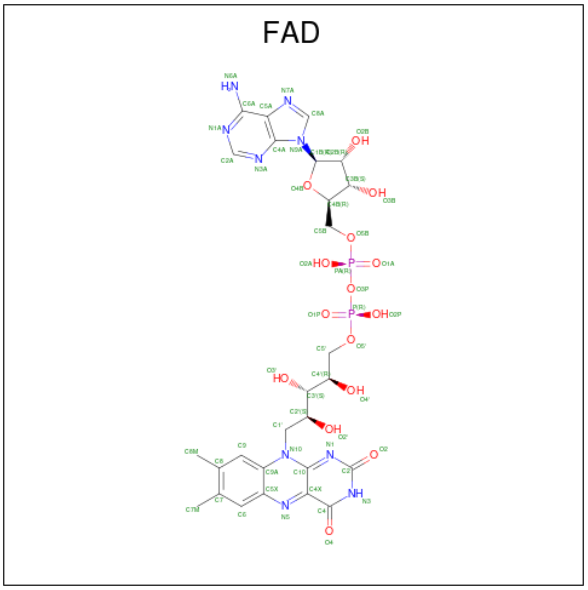
There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 9432 atoms, of which 4333 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Cholesterol oxidase.

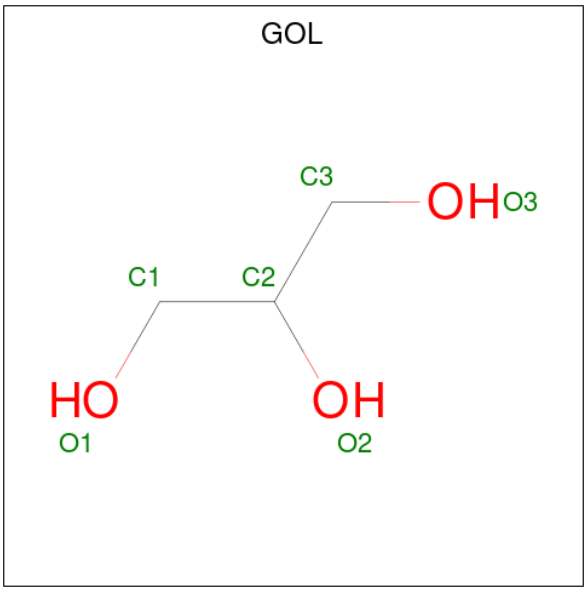
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S			
1	A	499	8603	2740	4302	722	815	24	0	89	1

- Molecule 2 is FLAVIN-ADENINE DINUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: FAD) (formula: $C_{27}H_{33}N_9O_{15}P_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	H	N	O	P		
2	A	1	84	27	31	9	15	2	0	0

- Molecule 3 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: $C_3H_8O_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	O		
3	A	1	6	3	3	0	0

- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	O		
4	A	739	739	739	0	0

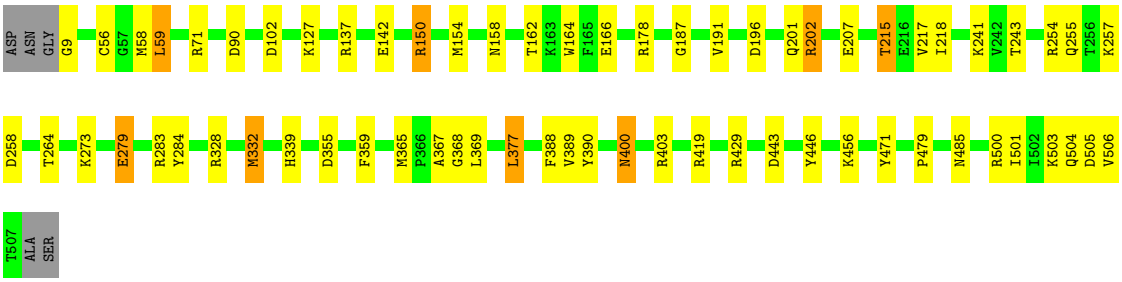
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

• Molecule 1: Cholesterol oxidase

Chain A:



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	51.35Å 73.29Å 63.17Å 90.00° 105.10° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	46.90 – 1.00	Depositor
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	95.0 (46.90-1.00)	Depositor
R_{merge}	0.07	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
Refinement program	SHELXL-97	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.119 , 0.147	Depositor
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
Total number of atoms	9432	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	15.0	wwPDB-VP

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FAD, GOL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$
1	A	0.75	1/4619 (0.0%)	1.21	36/6273 (0.6%)

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	368	GLY	N-CA	5.04	1.53	1.46

All (36) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	A	254	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-10.49	115.06	120.30
1	A	419	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-10.11	115.25	120.30
1	A	71	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-9.69	115.46	120.30
1	A	202[A]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	8.88	124.74	120.30
1	A	202[B]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	8.88	124.74	120.30
1	A	355	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	-8.48	110.67	118.30
1	A	137	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.06	124.33	120.30
1	A	367	ALA	C-N-CA	-7.96	105.58	122.30
1	A	150[A]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.09	116.75	120.30
1	A	150[B]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.09	116.75	120.30
1	A	390	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	6.93	125.16	121.00
1	A	202[A]	ARG	CD-NE-CZ	6.73	133.02	123.60
1	A	202[B]	ARG	CD-NE-CZ	6.73	133.02	123.60
1	A	137	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.60	117.00	120.30
1	A	403	ARG	CD-NE-CZ	6.58	132.81	123.60
1	A	390	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-6.30	117.22	121.00
1	A	446	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	6.06	124.64	121.00
1	A	403	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.01	117.30	120.30
1	A	196	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.79	123.51	118.30
1	A	446	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-5.75	117.55	121.00

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	A	355	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.67	123.41	118.30
1	A	328	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.63	123.11	120.30
1	A	505[A]	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-5.61	113.25	118.30
1	A	505[B]	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-5.61	113.25	118.30
1	A	332[A]	MET	CG-SD-CE	-5.61	91.22	100.20
1	A	332[B]	MET	CG-SD-CE	-5.61	91.22	100.20
1	A	400[A]	ASN	O-C-N	-5.40	114.06	122.70
1	A	400[B]	ASN	O-C-N	-5.40	114.06	122.70
1	A	403	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.30	122.95	120.30
1	A	178	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-5.24	117.68	120.30
1	A	388	PHE	CB-CG-CD2	-5.22	117.15	120.80
1	A	429	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.11	122.85	120.30
1	A	443	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.10	122.89	118.30
1	A	150[A]	ARG	CD-NE-CZ	5.07	130.70	123.60
1	A	150[B]	ARG	CD-NE-CZ	5.07	130.70	123.60
1	A	254	ARG	NH1-CZ-NH2	5.01	124.92	119.40

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4301	4302	4215	70	0
2	A	53	31	31	1	0
3	A	6	0	7	4	0
4	A	739	0	0	62	0
All	All	5099	4333	4253	74	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

All (74) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:A:511:GOL:O2	3:A:511:GOL:C2	1.74	1.32
1:A:202[A]:ARG:NE	4:A:1022:HOH:O	1.61	1.26
1:A:365[B]:MET:HG2	4:A:761:HOH:O	1.05	1.22
1:A:166[A]:GLU:OE2	4:A:994:HOH:O	1.57	1.21
1:A:258[B]:ASP:HA	4:A:998:HOH:O	1.45	1.16
1:A:359[A]:PHE:CE2	4:A:1257:HOH:O	2.00	1.12
1:A:142[B]:GLU:OE2	4:A:997:HOH:O	1.66	1.11
1:A:102[A]:ASP:OD1	4:A:1020:HOH:O	1.68	1.09
1:A:400[B]:ASN:ND2	4:A:1024:HOH:O	1.86	1.06
1:A:257[B]:LYS:O	4:A:998:HOH:O	1.74	1.06
1:A:142[B]:GLU:CG	4:A:997:HOH:O	2.03	1.03
1:A:456[B]:LYS:NZ	4:A:1083:HOH:O	1.91	1.03
1:A:207[C]:GLU:OE1	4:A:990:HOH:O	1.75	1.02
1:A:215[B]:THR:HG21	4:A:960:HOH:O	1.62	1.00
1:A:283[A]:ARG:NE	4:A:1174:HOH:O	1.89	0.95
1:A:479[A]:PRO:O	4:A:1005:HOH:O	1.85	0.94
1:A:365[B]:MET:CG	4:A:761:HOH:O	1.75	0.93
1:A:359[A]:PHE:CD2	4:A:1253:HOH:O	2.20	0.93
3:A:511:GOL:O1	4:A:697:HOH:O	1.87	0.92
1:A:202[A]:ARG:CZ	4:A:1022:HOH:O	1.98	0.92
1:A:479[A]:PRO:HG2	4:A:1005:HOH:O	1.71	0.90
1:A:359[A]:PHE:HD2	4:A:1253:HOH:O	1.52	0.87
1:A:166[A]:GLU:CG	4:A:994:HOH:O	2.30	0.80
1:A:255[B]:GLN:OE1	4:A:1023:HOH:O	2.00	0.79
1:A:166[A]:GLU:HG2	4:A:994:HOH:O	1.84	0.78
1:A:359[A]:PHE:HE2	4:A:1257:HOH:O	1.52	0.76
1:A:485[A]:ASN:OD1	4:A:1257:HOH:O	2.04	0.75
1:A:142[B]:GLU:HG3	4:A:997:HOH:O	1.75	0.74
1:A:207[C]:GLU:OE2	4:A:990:HOH:O	2.06	0.74
1:A:273:LYS:HE3	4:A:963:HOH:O	1.88	0.74
1:A:90[B]:ASP:OD2	4:A:1019:HOH:O	2.06	0.73
1:A:207[C]:GLU:CD	4:A:990:HOH:O	2.18	0.71
1:A:279[A]:GLU:HG2	4:A:1163:HOH:O	1.89	0.71
1:A:187[A]:GLY:O	4:A:1032:HOH:O	2.09	0.69
1:A:59[A]:LEU:HD21	4:A:961:HOH:O	1.93	0.69
1:A:283[A]:ARG:CZ	4:A:1174:HOH:O	2.36	0.68
3:A:511:GOL:O2	3:A:511:GOL:C1	2.40	0.68
3:A:511:GOL:O2	3:A:511:GOL:C3	2.41	0.68
1:A:479[A]:PRO:C	4:A:1005:HOH:O	2.31	0.66
1:A:503[B]:LYS:HD2	4:A:1100:HOH:O	1.96	0.65
1:A:215[B]:THR:CG2	4:A:960:HOH:O	2.33	0.64
1:A:202[A]:ARG:NH2	4:A:1022:HOH:O	2.21	0.63

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:283[A]:ARG:NH2	4:A:1174:HOH:O	2.31	0.63
1:A:218[B]:ILE:CG2	4:A:1176:HOH:O	2.46	0.63
1:A:273:LYS:NZ	4:A:1142:HOH:O	2.32	0.62
1:A:264:THR:HG22	1:A:279[B]:GLU:OE2	2.01	0.60
1:A:9[B]:GLY:N	4:A:1203:HOH:O	2.35	0.59
1:A:389[A]:VAL:HG13	4:A:1058:HOH:O	2.02	0.59
1:A:365[B]:MET:SD	4:A:761:HOH:O	2.48	0.59
1:A:191[A]:VAL:HG22	4:A:885:HOH:O	2.06	0.56
1:A:218[B]:ILE:HG23	4:A:1176:HOH:O	2.06	0.56
1:A:142[B]:GLU:CD	4:A:997:HOH:O	2.09	0.55
1:A:243[B]:THR:HG21	4:A:903:HOH:O	2.10	0.52
1:A:187[A]:GLY:C	4:A:1032:HOH:O	2.49	0.51
1:A:377[A]:LEU:HD12	4:A:1256:HOH:O	2.11	0.50
1:A:501[B]:ILE:O	1:A:506[B]:VAL:HG23	2.12	0.50
1:A:218[B]:ILE:HG22	4:A:544:HOH:O	2.10	0.50
1:A:273:LYS:CE	4:A:1142:HOH:O	2.59	0.49
1:A:485[A]:ASN:HB3	2:A:510:FAD:C2	2.46	0.46
1:A:504[B]:GLN:NE2	4:A:843:HOH:O	2.46	0.46
1:A:150[B]:ARG:NH1	4:A:931:HOH:O	2.47	0.45
1:A:504[B]:GLN:HG3	4:A:843:HOH:O	2.16	0.45
1:A:162:THR:O	1:A:166[A]:GLU:HG2	2.16	0.45
1:A:127:LYS:HE3	4:A:1044:HOH:O	2.17	0.44
1:A:154[B]:MET:HG2	4:A:789:HOH:O	2.17	0.44
1:A:284:TYR:CE1	1:A:506[B]:VAL:HG13	2.53	0.44
1:A:164:TRP:CD1	1:A:201[B]:GLN:HG3	2.53	0.43
1:A:273:LYS:HD3	4:A:1142:HOH:O	2.18	0.43
1:A:339[B]:HIS:HD2	4:A:905:HOH:O	2.02	0.42
1:A:504[B]:GLN:NE2	4:A:769:HOH:O	2.46	0.42
1:A:241:LYS:HE2	4:A:1139:HOH:O	2.19	0.41
1:A:471:TYR:CD2	1:A:501[A]:ILE:HD13	2.56	0.41
1:A:500[B]:ARG:NH1	1:A:504[B]:GLN:OE1	2.50	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	586/504 (116%)	567 (97%)	18 (3%)	1 (0%)	47 18

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	217	VAL

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	476/401 (119%)	462 (97%)	14 (3%)	42 11

All (14) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	56[A]	CYS
1	A	56[B]	CYS
1	A	58[A]	MET
1	A	58[B]	MET
1	A	59[A]	LEU
1	A	59[B]	LEU
1	A	158	ASN
1	A	215[A]	THR
1	A	215[B]	THR
1	A	279[A]	GLU
1	A	279[B]	GLU
1	A	369	LEU
1	A	377[A]	LEU
1	A	377[B]	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
2	FAD	A	510	-	54,58,58	1.43	9 (16%)	71,89,89	0.93	1 (1%)
3	GOL	A	511	-	5,5,5	7.18	4 (80%)	5,5,5	2.71	3 (60%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	FAD	A	510	-	-	3/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
3	GOL	A	511	-	-	1/4/4/4	-

All (13) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	A	511	GOL	O2-C2	10.75	1.74	1.43

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	A	511	GOL	O3-C3	-9.97	1.00	1.42
3	A	511	GOL	C3-C2	5.64	1.73	1.51
2	A	510	FAD	C4X-N5	5.27	1.42	1.30
3	A	511	GOL	C1-C2	-3.25	1.39	1.51
2	A	510	FAD	C9-C9A	-3.08	1.34	1.39
2	A	510	FAD	C7M-C7	2.96	1.56	1.51
2	A	510	FAD	C1'-C2'	2.48	1.56	1.52
2	A	510	FAD	PA-O3P	2.20	1.61	1.59
2	A	510	FAD	C9A-N10	2.17	1.44	1.41
2	A	510	FAD	C4A-N3A	2.08	1.38	1.35
2	A	510	FAD	C6-C7	-2.01	1.36	1.39
2	A	510	FAD	P-O3P	2.01	1.61	1.59

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
3	A	511	GOL	O2-C2-C3	-5.09	88.11	109.18
2	A	510	FAD	C4B-O4B-C1B	-2.49	107.64	109.92
3	A	511	GOL	O2-C2-C1	-2.28	99.72	109.18
3	A	511	GOL	O3-C3-C2	2.24	120.47	110.38

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	511	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2
2	A	510	FAD	PA-O3P-P-O5'
2	A	510	FAD	P-O3P-PA-O1A
2	A	510	FAD	P-O3P-PA-O2A

There are no ring outliers.

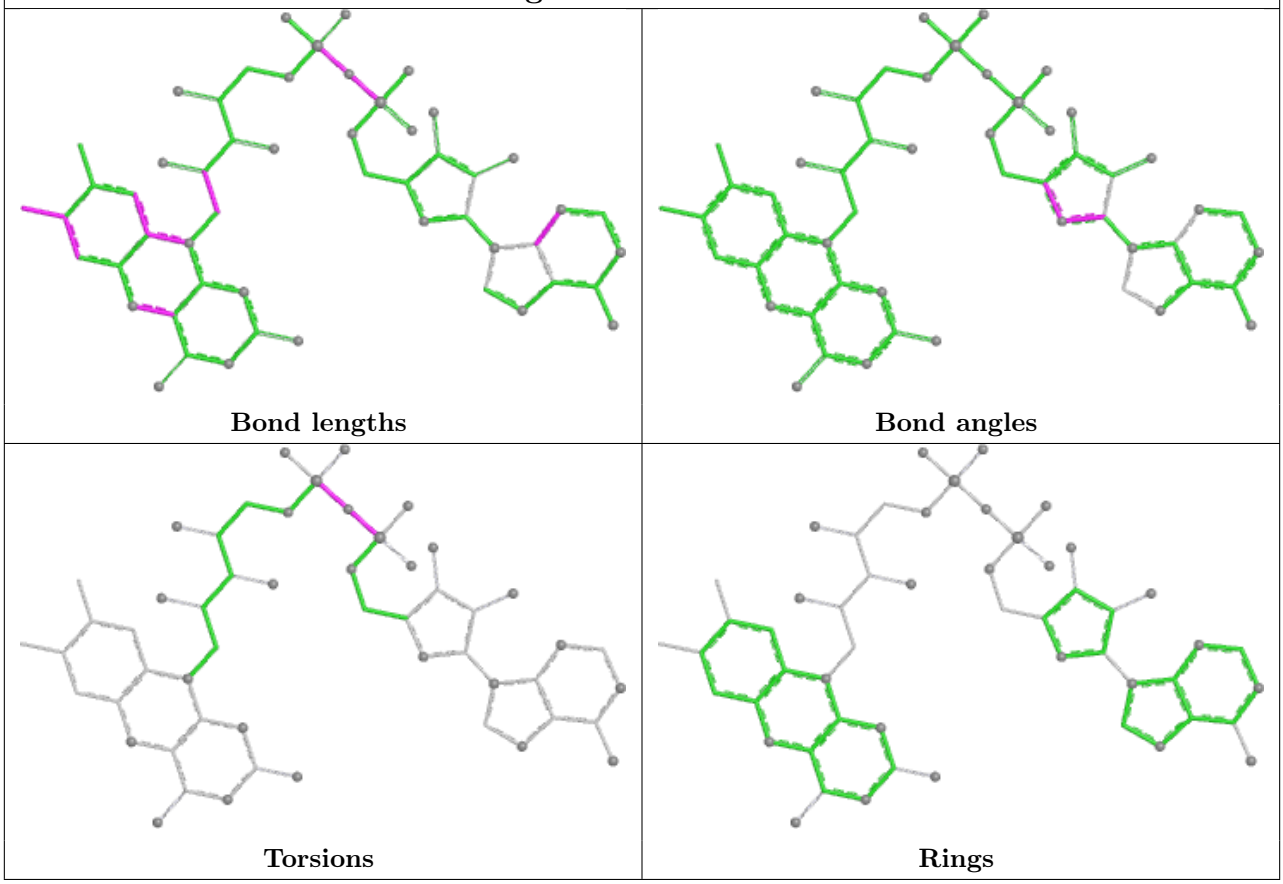
2 monomers are involved in 5 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	510	FAD	1	0
3	A	511	GOL	4	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is

within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

Ligand FAD A 510



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.