Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

Sep 29, 2024 – 10:20 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	2MVV
BMRB ID	:	25287
Title	:	Solution Structure of the 5-phenyl-3-oxo-pentyl Actinorhodin Acyl Carrier Protein from Streptomyces coelicolor
Authors	:	Dong, X.; Bailey, C.; Williams, C.; Crosby, J.; Simpson, T.J.; Willis, C.L.; Crump, M.P.
Deposited on	:	2014-10-15

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

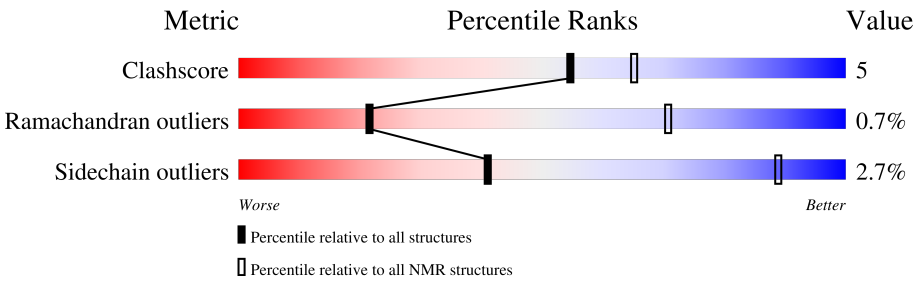
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.39

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 92%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	14027
Ramachandran outliers	207382	12486
Sidechain outliers	206894	12463

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	86	73% 8% 19%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 12 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	**Residue range (total)**	**Backbone RMSD (Å)**	**Medoid model**
1	A:4-A:18, A:29-A:83 (70)	0.66	12

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters and 2 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 3, 5, 7, 8, 12, 15, 17, 19, 20
2	2, 9, 11, 18
3	14, 16
4	6, 13
Single-model clusters	4; 10

3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1342 atoms, of which 662 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

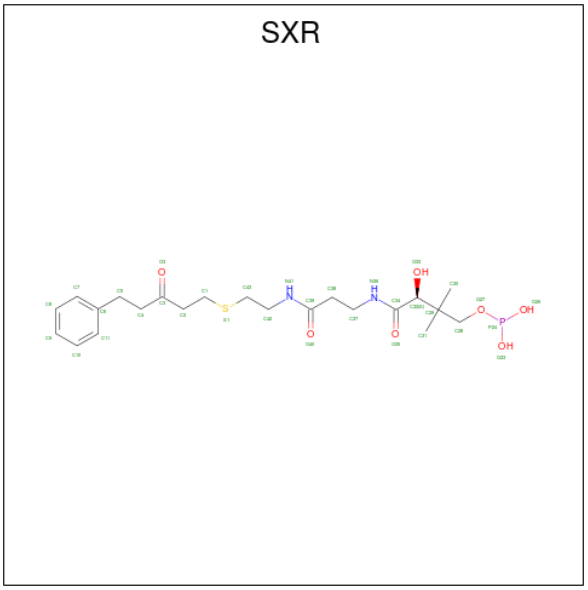
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Actinorhodin polyketide synthase acyl carrier protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
1	A	86	1276	397	629	108	140	2	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	17	SER	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP Q02054

- Molecule 2 is N 3 -{(2S)-4-[(dihydroxyphosphanyl)oxy]-2-hydroxy-3,3-dimethylbutanoyl }-N-{2-[(3-oxo-5-phenylpentyl)sulfanyl]ethyl}-beta-alaninamide (three-letter code: SXR) (formula: $C_{22}H_{35}N_2O_7PS$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						
			Total	C	H	N	O	P	S
2	A	1	66	22	33	2	7	1	1

4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Actinorhodin polyketide synthase acyl carrier protein

Chain A: 73% 8% 19%

M1 A2 T3 L4 L5 G19 E20 T21 D22 G23 T24 D25 L26 S27 G28 D29 F30 L33 S42 E53 Y56 G57 V58 E84 A85 A86

4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

• Molecule 1: Actinorhodin polyketide synthase acyl carrier protein

Chain A: 72% 9% 19%

M1 A2 T3 L4 L5 G19 E20 T21 D22 G23 T24 D25 L26 S27 G28 R34 D37 Y40 E53 Y56 G57 V58 N79 E84 A85 A86

4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

• Molecule 1: Actinorhodin polyketide synthase acyl carrier protein

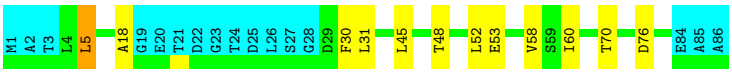
Chain A: 70% 12% 19%

M1 A2 T3 L4 L5 D8 R11 G19 E20 T21 D22 G23 T24 D25 L26 S27 G28 D29 F30 L33 M46 E47 R51 L52 E53 V58 E84 A85 A86

4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

• Molecule 1: Actinorhodin polyketide synthase acyl carrier protein

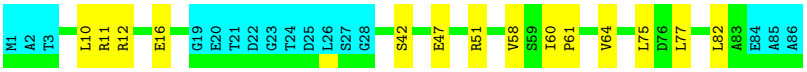
Chain A: 67% 13% • 19%



4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

• Molecule 1: Actinorhodin polyketide synthase acyl carrier protein

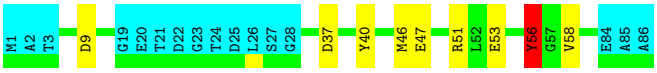
Chain A: 65% 16% 19%



4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

• Molecule 1: Actinorhodin polyketide synthase acyl carrier protein

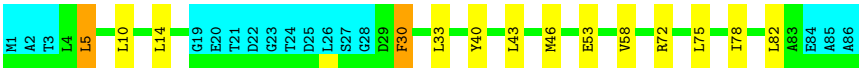
Chain A: 71% 9% • 19%



4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

• Molecule 1: Actinorhodin polyketide synthase acyl carrier protein

Chain A: 65% 14% • 19%



4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

• Molecule 1: Actinorhodin polyketide synthase acyl carrier protein

Chain A: 79% • 19%

4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: Actinorhodin polyketide synthase acyl carrier protein

Chain A: 67% 13% • 19%

M1 A2 T3 L4 L5 D8 R11 R12 A13 L14 G19 E20 T21 D22 G23 T24 D25 L26 S27 G28 D29 F30 L31 D32 L33 L43 E47 R51 D69 E84 A85 A86

4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: Actinorhodin polyketide synthase acyl carrier protein

Chain A: 65% 16% 19%

M1 A2 T3 L4 L5 G19 E20 T21 D22 G23 T24 D25 L26 S27 G28 D29 F30 L31 D32 L33 R34 D37 Y40 L43 M46 E53 Y56 G57 V58 T70 E84 A85 A86

4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: Actinorhodin polyketide synthase acyl carrier protein

Chain A: 64% 15% • 19%

M1 A2 T3 L4 L5 G19 E20 T21 D22 G23 T24 D25 L26 S27 G28 D29 F30 L33 Y40 D41 S42 L43 M46 L52 Y56 G57 V58 V64 E73 L77 T78 L82 A83 E84 A85 A86

4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: Actinorhodin polyketide synthase acyl carrier protein

Chain A: 72% 8% • 19%

M1 A2 T3 L14 G19 E20 T21 D22 G23 T24 D25 L26 S27 G28 S42 L43 M46 E53 Y56 G57 V58 S59 T60 E84 A85 A86

4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: Actinorhodin polyketide synthase acyl carrier protein

Chain A: 74% 7% 19%

M1 A2 T3 L4 L5 L14 G19 E20 T21 D22 G23 T24 D25 L26 S27 G28 S42 E47 R51 L77 E84 A85 A86

4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: Actinorhodin polyketide synthase acyl carrier protein

Chain A: 62% 20% 19%

4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

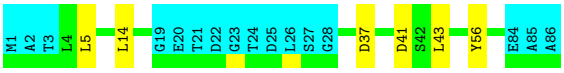
- Molecule 1: Actinorhodin polyketide synthase acyl carrier protein

Chain A: 64% 15% • 19%

4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

- Molecule 1: Actinorhodin polyketide synthase acyl carrier protein

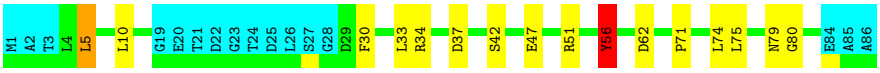
Chain A: 74% 7% 19%



4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

- Molecule 1: Actinorhodin polyketide synthase acyl carrier protein

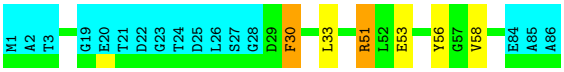
Chain A: 63% 16% •• 19%



4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

- Molecule 1: Actinorhodin polyketide synthase acyl carrier protein

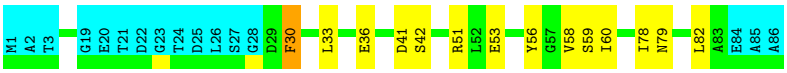
Chain A: 74% 5% • 19%



4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

- Molecule 1: Actinorhodin polyketide synthase acyl carrier protein

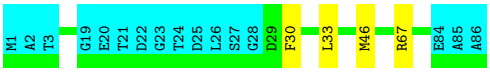
Chain A: 65% 15% • 19%



4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

- Molecule 1: Actinorhodin polyketide synthase acyl carrier protein

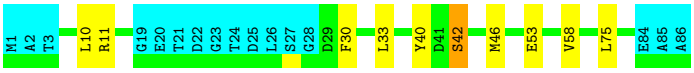
Chain A: 77% 5% 19%



4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

- Molecule 1: Actinorhodin polyketide synthase acyl carrier protein

Chain A: 70% 10% • 19%



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
ARIA	structure solution	2.2
CNS	refinement	1.2
CNS	structure solution	1.2
TALOS	geometry optimization	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1047
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1047
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	92%

6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SXR

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.73±0.12	1±1/548 (0.2± 0.3%)	0.67±0.04	0±0/745 (0.0± 0.1%)
All	All	0.73	17/10960 (0.2%)	0.67	2/14900 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0±0.0	0.5±0.5
All	All	0	10

All unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	40	TYR	CE2-CZ	11.93	1.54	1.38	1	5
1	A	56	TYR	CE2-CZ	11.51	1.53	1.38	5	4
1	A	40	TYR	CE1-CZ	-11.50	1.23	1.38	1	4
1	A	56	TYR	CZ-OH	7.31	1.50	1.37	5	1
1	A	56	TYR	CE1-CZ	-7.29	1.29	1.38	10	3

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	56	TYR	OH-CZ-CE2	-6.43	102.75	120.10	5	1
1	A	56	TYR	CZ-CE2-CD2	-5.11	115.20	119.80	5	1

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	56	TYR	Sidechain	7
1	A	72	ARG	Sidechain	1
1	A	40	TYR	Sidechain	1
1	A	67	ARG	Sidechain	1

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	542	537	537	5±3
2	A	33	33	35	2±1
All	All	11500	11400	11440	113

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
2:A:101:SXR:H36A	2:A:101:SXR:H30A	0.73	1.42	11	2
1:A:53:GLU:HA	1:A:58:VAL:HG22	0.72	1.59	14	12
1:A:30:PHE:HA	1:A:33:LEU:HD12	0.70	1.64	18	10
1:A:8:ASP:HA	1:A:11:ARG:HG2	0.69	1.64	2	2
1:A:42:SER:HB2	2:A:101:SXR:H28A	0.69	1.64	16	6
1:A:60:ILE:HG21	2:A:101:SXR:H11A	0.69	1.61	4	2
2:A:101:SXR:H42B	2:A:101:SXR:H30A	0.68	1.65	10	2
1:A:46:MET:SD	2:A:101:SXR:H32A	0.67	2.29	10	2
1:A:58:VAL:HG12	1:A:82:LEU:HD21	0.67	1.67	4	2
1:A:46:MET:HG2	2:A:101:SXR:H7A	0.62	1.71	13	1
1:A:46:MET:HB3	2:A:101:SXR:H1B	0.58	1.76	6	1
2:A:101:SXR:H31A	2:A:101:SXR:H36A	0.57	1.59	1	1
1:A:31:LEU:O	1:A:70:THR:HB	0.57	1.99	3	3
1:A:43:LEU:HA	2:A:101:SXR:H28B	0.57	1.75	15	4
1:A:5:LEU:HD21	1:A:78:ILE:HG21	0.56	1.76	10	1

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
2:A:101:SXR:H31B	2:A:101:SXR:O23	0.56	2.00	15	1
1:A:42:SER:HB2	2:A:101:SXR:C28	0.54	2.32	16	2
1:A:9:ASP:OD2	1:A:56:TYR:OH	0.54	2.26	5	1
1:A:79:ASN:HA	1:A:82:LEU:HD12	0.54	1.80	14	1
1:A:46:MET:SD	2:A:101:SXR:H30B	0.53	2.43	9	2
1:A:5:LEU:HD23	1:A:82:LEU:HD11	0.52	1.82	6	1
1:A:60:ILE:HB	2:A:101:SXR:H5A	0.51	1.82	3	1
1:A:10:LEU:HD22	1:A:75:LEU:HB2	0.50	1.81	4	4
1:A:30:PHE:HA	1:A:33:LEU:CD1	0.49	2.37	6	2
1:A:10:LEU:HD11	1:A:74:LEU:HD23	0.49	1.85	16	1
1:A:34:ARG:HB2	1:A:37:ASP:HB2	0.49	1.85	9	2
1:A:34:ARG:HG3	1:A:37:ASP:HB2	0.48	1.84	16	1
1:A:12:ARG:O	1:A:16:GLU:HG2	0.48	2.09	14	2
1:A:5:LEU:HD22	1:A:52:LEU:HD22	0.48	1.85	10	1
1:A:5:LEU:HB3	1:A:56:TYR:CE2	0.47	2.44	16	2
1:A:53:GLU:OE2	1:A:59:SER:HA	0.47	2.09	18	1
1:A:47:GLU:O	1:A:51:ARG:HG2	0.47	2.10	5	5
1:A:5:LEU:HD13	1:A:52:LEU:HD22	0.47	1.87	3	1
1:A:60:ILE:HD11	1:A:78:ILE:HD13	0.46	1.86	18	1
1:A:45:LEU:O	1:A:48:THR:HB	0.45	2.10	3	1
1:A:51:ARG:HA	1:A:51:ARG:NE	0.45	2.25	17	2
1:A:46:MET:SD	2:A:101:SXR:H31C	0.45	2.51	11	1
1:A:62:ASP:CB	2:A:101:SXR:H43A	0.45	2.42	16	1
1:A:62:ASP:HB2	2:A:101:SXR:H43A	0.45	1.88	16	1
1:A:34:ARG:HB2	1:A:37:ASP:CB	0.44	2.42	14	1
1:A:5:LEU:HB3	1:A:56:TYR:OH	0.44	2.12	9	1
1:A:7:THR:O	1:A:11:ARG:HG3	0.44	2.12	13	1
1:A:46:MET:HG2	2:A:101:SXR:H5B	0.44	1.89	2	1
1:A:64:VAL:HG12	1:A:77:LEU:HD11	0.44	1.88	10	1
1:A:47:GLU:O	1:A:51:ARG:HB2	0.44	2.13	4	1
1:A:14:LEU:HG	1:A:40:TYR:CE2	0.43	2.48	14	1
1:A:78:ILE:O	1:A:82:LEU:HG	0.43	2.13	13	3
1:A:8:ASP:O	1:A:12:ARG:HG3	0.42	2.15	8	1
1:A:46:MET:SD	2:A:101:SXR:H30C	0.42	2.55	19	1
1:A:30:PHE:HA	1:A:33:LEU:CG	0.42	2.45	8	2
1:A:61:PRO:HD2	1:A:77:LEU:HD21	0.41	1.92	4	1
1:A:31:LEU:O	1:A:72:ARG:HB2	0.41	2.15	14	1
1:A:43:LEU:HA	2:A:101:SXR:H32A	0.41	1.92	6	1
1:A:68:VAL:HG21	2:A:101:SXR:H9A	0.41	1.92	13	1
1:A:64:VAL:HG11	1:A:77:LEU:HD13	0.41	1.91	4	1
1:A:64:VAL:HG12	1:A:77:LEU:HD21	0.41	1.91	13	1

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:43:LEU:N	2:A:101:SXR:O26	0.40	2.49	10	1
1:A:33:LEU:O	1:A:71:PRO:HD2	0.40	2.16	16	1
1:A:30:PHE:HA	1:A:33:LEU:HG	0.40	1.92	20	1
1:A:46:MET:SD	2:A:101:SXR:H42A	0.40	2.57	5	1

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	70/86 (81%)	66±2 (94±3%)	4±2 (5±2%)	0±1 (1±1%)	21	71
All	All	1400/1720 (81%)	1320 (94%)	70 (5%)	10 (1%)	21	71

All 4 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	30	PHE	5
1	A	42	SER	3
1	A	69	ASP	1
1	A	41	ASP	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	58/68 (85%)	56±1 (97±2%)	2±1 (3±2%)	41	89
All	All	1160/1360 (85%)	1129 (97%)	31 (3%)	41	89

All 14 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the

frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	5	LEU	8
1	A	79	ASN	5
1	A	42	SER	4
1	A	37	ASP	2
1	A	32	ASP	2
1	A	51	ARG	2
1	A	76	ASP	1
1	A	8	ASP	1
1	A	69	ASP	1
1	A	73	GLU	1
1	A	77	LEU	1
1	A	47	GLU	1
1	A	36	GLU	1
1	A	41	ASP	1

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	SXR	A	101	1	29,33,33	1.05±0.06	2±1 (7±3%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	SXR	A	101	1	34,42,42	0.68±0.09	0±1 (0±1%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	SXR	A	101	1	-	0±0,34,36,36	0±0,1,1,1

All unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	A	101	SXR	P24-O27	2.68	1.55	1.62	11	11
2	A	101	SXR	C28-C29	2.64	1.56	1.52	15	1
2	A	101	SXR	C1-S1	2.56	1.71	1.81	16	15
2	A	101	SXR	C43-S1	2.56	1.72	1.81	13	14
2	A	101	SXR	C38-C39	2.40	1.56	1.51	7	3

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	A	101	SXR	C30-C29-C28	2.41	104.25	108.22	11	2
2	A	101	SXR	C37-N36-C34	2.34	126.74	122.55	11	3

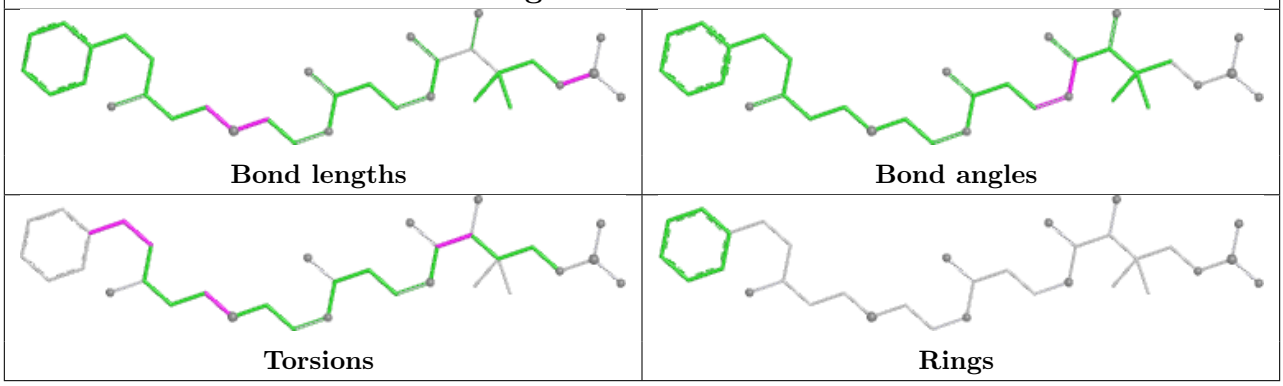
There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

Ligand SXR A 101



6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 92% for the well-defined parts and 91% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1047
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1047
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction ± precision, *ppm*	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	85	-0.64 ± 0.22	Should be checked
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	78	0.02 ± 0.13	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C'$	82	-0.48 ± 0.23	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	82	0.46 ± 0.29	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 92%, i.e. 879 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 952. 0 out of 17 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	348/350 (99%)	142/142 (100%)	138/140 (99%)	68/68 (100%)
Sidechain	495/564 (88%)	337/368 (92%)	150/174 (86%)	8/22 (36%)

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	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Aromatic	36/38 (95%)	18/18 (100%)	18/20 (90%)	0/0 (—%)
Overall	879/952 (92%)	497/528 (94%)	306/334 (92%)	76/90 (84%)

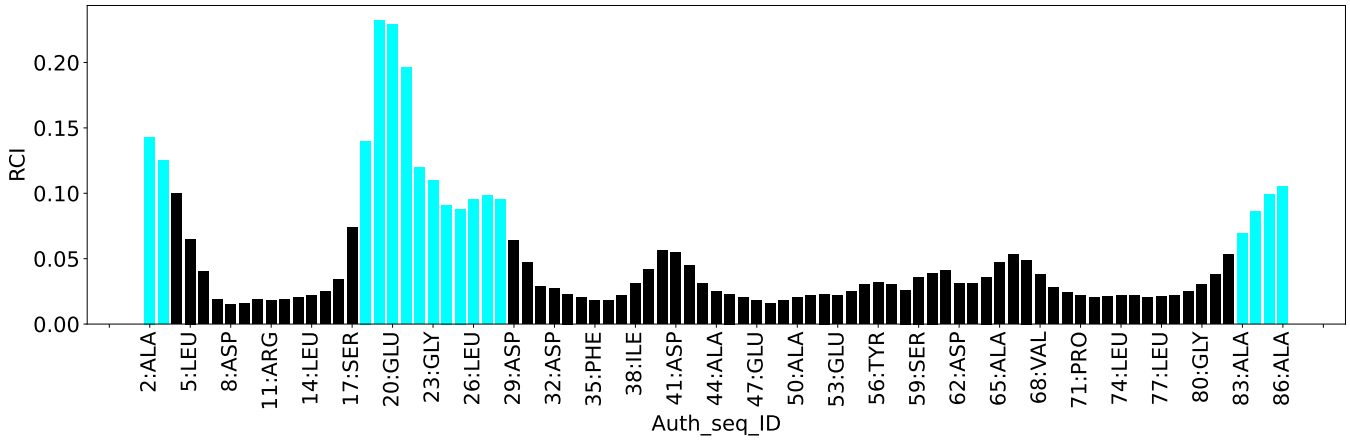
The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 91%, i.e. 1015 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1113. 0 out of 18 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	423/433 (98%)	174/177 (98%)	167/172 (97%)	82/84 (98%)
Sidechain	556/642 (87%)	378/419 (90%)	170/201 (85%)	8/22 (36%)
Aromatic	36/38 (95%)	18/18 (100%)	18/20 (90%)	0/0 (—%)
Overall	1015/1113 (91%)	570/614 (93%)	355/393 (90%)	90/106 (85%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A: