Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

Jun 3, 2023 – 05:07 PM EDT

PDB ID	:	2MTE
BMRB ID	:	25158
Title	:	Solution structure of Doc48S
Authors	:	Chen, C.; Feng, Y.
Deposited on	:	2014-08-18

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

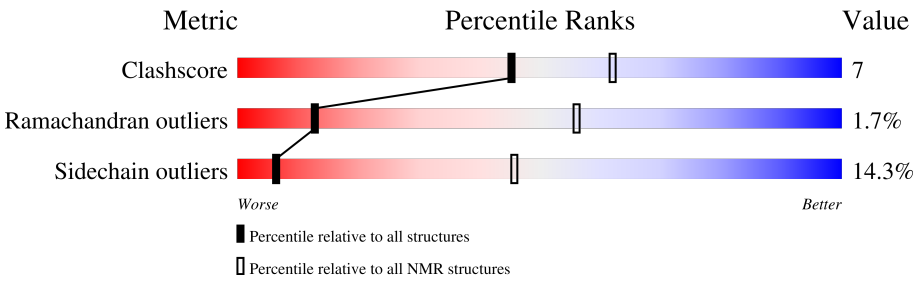
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
BMRB Restraints Analysis	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.33

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 93%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	69	

2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 9 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	**Residue range (total)**	**Backbone RMSD (Å)**	**Medoid model**
1	A:2-A:67 (66)	0.43	9

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	3, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 19, 20
2	1, 2, 5, 7, 11
3	4, 18

3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1084 atoms, of which 543 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Cellulose 1,4-beta-cellobiosidase (reducing end) CelS.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	
1	A	69	1082	332	543	94	113	0

- Molecule 2 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	
			Total	Ca
2	A	2	2	2

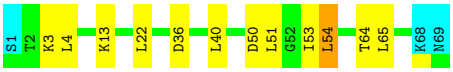
4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Cellulose 1,4-beta-cellobiosidase (reducing end) CelS

Chain A:



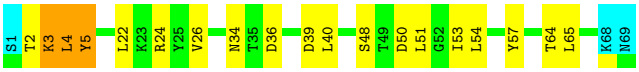
4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

• Molecule 1: Cellulose 1,4-beta-cellobiosidase (reducing end) CelS

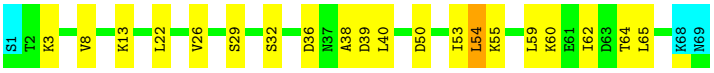
Chain A:



4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

• Molecule 1: Cellulose 1,4-beta-cellobiosidase (reducing end) CelS

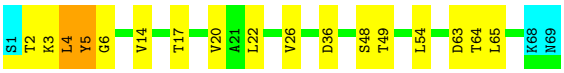
Chain A:



4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

• Molecule 1: Cellulose 1,4-beta-cellobiosidase (reducing end) CelS

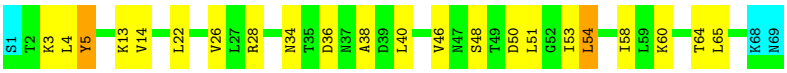
Chain A:



4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

• Molecule 1: Cellulose 1,4-beta-cellobiosidase (reducing end) CelS

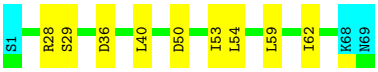
Chain A:



4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

• Molecule 1: Cellulose 1,4-beta-cellobiosidase (reducing end) CelS

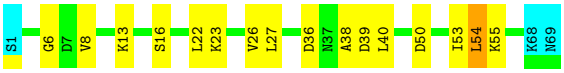
Chain A:



4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

• Molecule 1: Cellulose 1,4-beta-cellobiosidase (reducing end) CelS

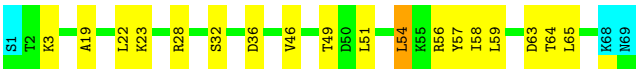
Chain A:



4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

• Molecule 1: Cellulose 1,4-beta-cellobiosidase (reducing end) CelS

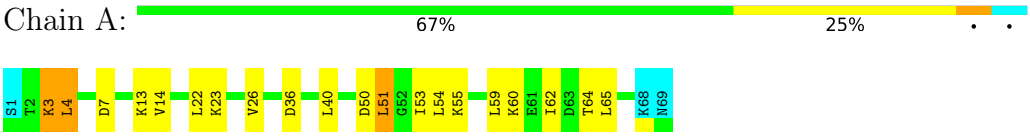
Chain A:



4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: Cellulose 1,4-beta-cellobiosidase (reducing end) CelS

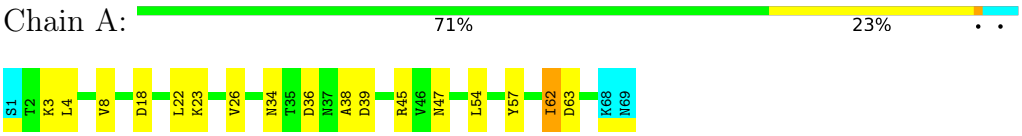
Chain A:



4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: Cellulose 1,4-beta-cellobiosidase (reducing end) CelS

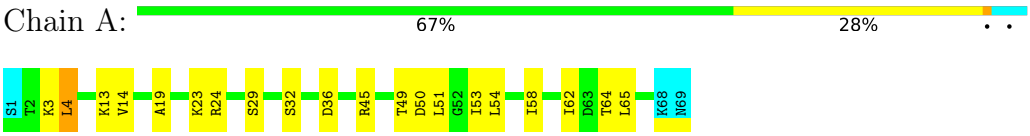
Chain A:



4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: Cellulose 1,4-beta-cellobiosidase (reducing end) CelS

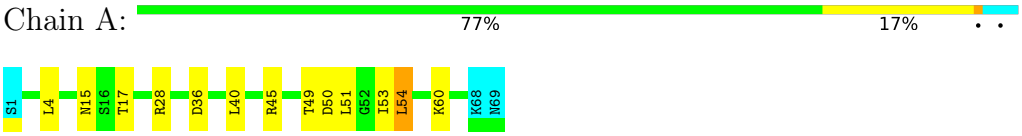
Chain A:



4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: Cellulose 1,4-beta-cellobiosidase (reducing end) CelS

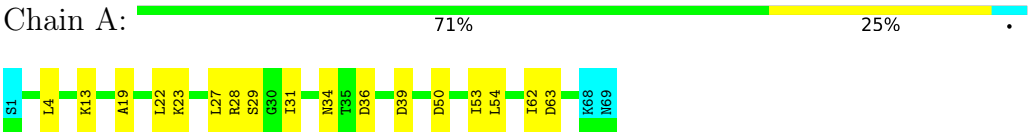
Chain A:



4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: Cellulose 1,4-beta-cellobiosidase (reducing end) CelS

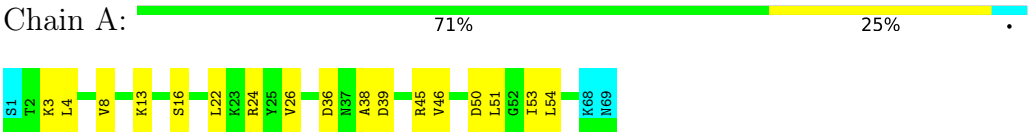
Chain A:



4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

• Molecule 1: Cellulose 1,4-beta-cellobiosidase (reducing end) CelS

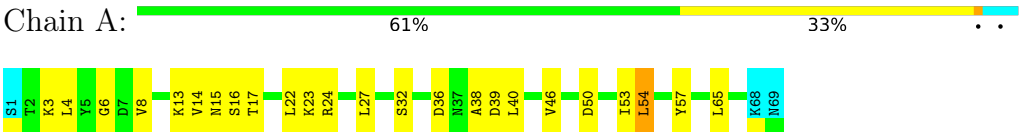
Chain A:



4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

• Molecule 1: Cellulose 1,4-beta-cellobiosidase (reducing end) CelS

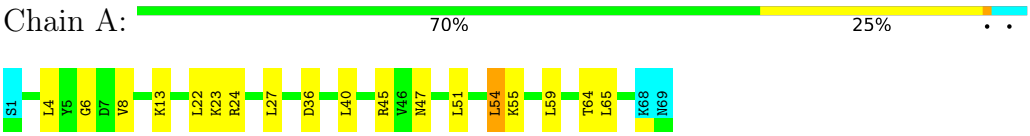
Chain A:



4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

• Molecule 1: Cellulose 1,4-beta-cellobiosidase (reducing end) CelS

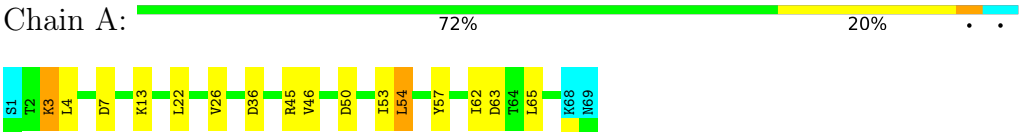
Chain A:



4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

• Molecule 1: Cellulose 1,4-beta-cellobiosidase (reducing end) CelS

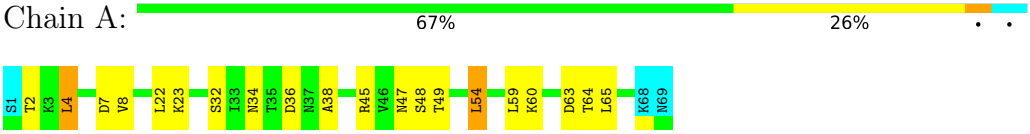
Chain A:



4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

• Molecule 1: Cellulose 1,4-beta-cellobiosidase (reducing end) CelS

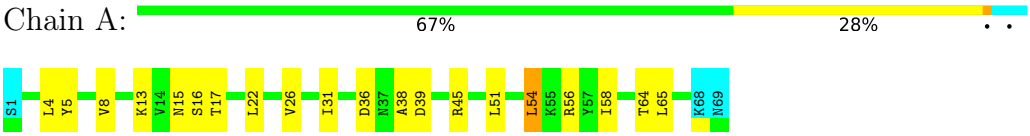
Chain A:



4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

- Molecule 1: Cellulose 1,4-beta-cellobiosidase (reducing end) CelS

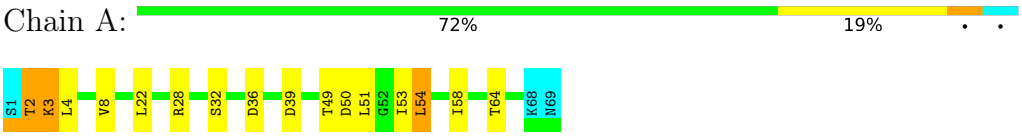
Chain A:



4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

- Molecule 1: Cellulose 1,4-beta-cellobiosidase (reducing end) CelS

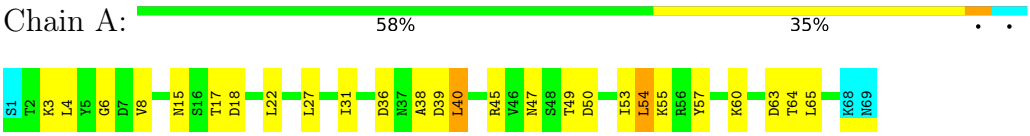
Chain A:



4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

- Molecule 1: Cellulose 1,4-beta-cellobiosidase (reducing end) CelS

Chain A:



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing molecular dynamics.*

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy.*

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure solution	
CNS	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	860
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	860
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	93%

6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CA

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	515	517	517	7±2
All	All	10340	10340	10340	139

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:2:THR:HG23	1:A:4:LEU:HD12	0.87	1.46	1	3
1:A:8:VAL:HG11	1:A:22:LEU:HD13	0.71	1.62	19	3
1:A:50:ASP:HA	1:A:53:ILE:HD12	0.70	1.63	11	14
1:A:40:LEU:HD11	1:A:54:LEU:HD12	0.70	1.62	15	3
1:A:54:LEU:HD23	1:A:58:ILE:HD11	0.70	1.63	4	2
1:A:22:LEU:O	1:A:26:VAL:HG23	0.68	1.88	2	10
1:A:8:VAL:HG12	1:A:38:ALA:HB2	0.68	1.64	2	8
1:A:55:LYS:O	1:A:59:LEU:HD23	0.67	1.90	15	1
1:A:57:TYR:CE1	1:A:65:LEU:HD22	0.66	2.25	16	4
1:A:64:THR:O	1:A:65:LEU:HD12	0.64	1.93	8	11
1:A:2:THR:HG23	1:A:4:LEU:CD1	0.64	2.23	1	3
1:A:54:LEU:CD2	1:A:58:ILE:HD11	0.61	2.25	4	1

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:14:VAL:HG12	1:A:58:ILE:HG12	0.61	1.72	4	1
1:A:51:LEU:O	1:A:51:LEU:HD13	0.60	1.96	7	2
1:A:49:THR:HG22	1:A:53:ILE:HD11	0.59	1.72	20	1
1:A:22:LEU:HD22	1:A:54:LEU:HD13	0.58	1.74	17	4
1:A:22:LEU:HD23	1:A:51:LEU:HA	0.57	1.76	15	5
1:A:6:GLY:O	1:A:14:VAL:HG22	0.56	2.00	3	2
1:A:53:ILE:O	1:A:62:ILE:HD11	0.56	2.01	5	6
1:A:51:LEU:O	1:A:51:LEU:HD23	0.56	2.00	10	1
1:A:54:LEU:CD1	1:A:58:ILE:HD11	0.54	2.31	19	1
1:A:57:TYR:HB2	1:A:62:ILE:HD11	0.54	1.80	9	1
1:A:6:GLY:HA2	1:A:54:LEU:HD11	0.53	1.78	15	2
1:A:22:LEU:HD11	1:A:46:VAL:CG1	0.53	2.33	16	4
1:A:54:LEU:O	1:A:54:LEU:HD13	0.53	2.03	19	1
1:A:57:TYR:CD1	1:A:65:LEU:HD22	0.52	2.39	7	1
1:A:40:LEU:HD11	1:A:65:LEU:HD21	0.52	1.82	20	1
1:A:22:LEU:HD22	1:A:54:LEU:HD12	0.51	1.82	7	1
1:A:22:LEU:HD22	1:A:54:LEU:HD22	0.49	1.84	3	1
1:A:19:ALA:HB2	1:A:58:ILE:CD1	0.49	2.37	7	2
1:A:22:LEU:HD11	1:A:46:VAL:HG11	0.48	1.85	14	1
1:A:8:VAL:HG22	1:A:18:ASP:OD1	0.47	2.09	9	1
1:A:31:ILE:O	1:A:31:ILE:HG23	0.47	2.09	12	3
1:A:57:TYR:CZ	1:A:65:LEU:HD22	0.47	2.45	14	1
1:A:40:LEU:HD11	1:A:54:LEU:HD23	0.46	1.86	11	1
1:A:5:TYR:HB3	1:A:40:LEU:HD23	0.46	1.87	1	1
1:A:15:ASN:HB3	1:A:17:THR:HG22	0.46	1.87	11	4
1:A:51:LEU:HD13	1:A:51:LEU:C	0.45	2.31	7	1
1:A:5:TYR:HB3	1:A:40:LEU:HD13	0.45	1.89	4	1
1:A:51:LEU:C	1:A:51:LEU:HD13	0.44	2.32	11	2
1:A:64:THR:O	1:A:64:THR:HG23	0.44	2.13	10	1
1:A:4:LEU:CD2	1:A:14:VAL:HG23	0.44	2.42	10	1
1:A:8:VAL:CG1	1:A:38:ALA:HB2	0.43	2.40	2	1
1:A:8:VAL:HG21	1:A:18:ASP:O	0.43	2.13	20	1
1:A:40:LEU:HD12	1:A:53:ILE:HB	0.43	1.90	5	2
1:A:5:TYR:HB3	1:A:65:LEU:HD23	0.43	1.89	3	2
1:A:40:LEU:HD11	1:A:54:LEU:HD22	0.43	1.90	2	1
1:A:4:LEU:HD23	1:A:14:VAL:HG23	0.43	1.91	8	1
1:A:23:LYS:HA	1:A:51:LEU:HD11	0.42	1.90	10	1
1:A:6:GLY:HA2	1:A:54:LEU:HD21	0.42	1.91	20	1
1:A:17:THR:O	1:A:20:VAL:HG12	0.42	2.15	3	1
1:A:51:LEU:HD23	1:A:51:LEU:C	0.42	2.35	10	1
1:A:54:LEU:HD23	1:A:58:ILE:CD1	0.42	2.39	4	1

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:22:LEU:HD23	1:A:51:LEU:HD22	0.41	1.92	8	1
1:A:19:ALA:HA	1:A:54:LEU:HD23	0.41	1.93	12	1
1:A:38:ALA:O	1:A:40:LEU:HD23	0.41	2.16	4	1
1:A:22:LEU:HD22	1:A:54:LEU:CD1	0.41	2.45	16	1
1:A:27:LEU:O	1:A:27:LEU:HD23	0.41	2.15	6	1
1:A:51:LEU:HD13	1:A:51:LEU:O	0.40	2.16	11	1
1:A:22:LEU:CD2	1:A:54:LEU:HD22	0.40	2.46	12	1
1:A:23:LYS:NZ	1:A:27:LEU:HD13	0.40	2.30	15	1

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	66/69 (96%)	62±1 (94±2%)	3±1 (4±2%)	1±1 (2±1%)	13	56
All	All	1320/1380 (96%)	1239 (94%)	59 (4%)	22 (2%)	13	56

All 4 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	39	ASP	10
1	A	3	LYS	6
1	A	5	TYR	3
1	A	7	ASP	3

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	58/61 (95%)	50±2 (86±3%)	8±2 (14±3%)	6 46
All	All	1160/1220 (95%)	994 (86%)	166 (14%)	6 46

All 27 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	36	ASP	20
1	A	54	LEU	17
1	A	4	LEU	16
1	A	3	LYS	11
1	A	13	LYS	11
1	A	45	ARG	9
1	A	63	ASP	7
1	A	23	LYS	7
1	A	32	SER	6
1	A	60	LYS	6
1	A	28	ARG	6
1	A	24	ARG	5
1	A	34	ASN	5
1	A	59	LEU	5
1	A	49	THR	5
1	A	48	SER	4
1	A	29	SER	4
1	A	55	LYS	4
1	A	16	SER	4
1	A	47	ASN	4
1	A	27	LEU	3
1	A	56	ARG	2
1	A	51	LEU	1
1	A	62	ILE	1
1	A	2	THR	1
1	A	64	THR	1
1	A	40	LEU	1

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 93% for the well-defined parts and 92% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	860
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	860
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	1

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction ± precision, *ppm*	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	69	-0.26 ± 0.26	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	64	0.26 ± 0.24	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C'$	69	0.05 ± 0.15	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	67	0.54 ± 0.47	None needed (imprecise)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 93%, i.e. 826 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 892. 0 out of 13 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	333/333 (100%)	136/136 (100%)	132/132 (100%)	65/65 (100%)
Sidechain	461/523 (88%)	311/337 (92%)	140/163 (86%)	10/23 (43%)

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	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Aromatic	32/36 (89%)	16/16 (100%)	16/20 (80%)	0/0 (—%)
Overall	826/892 (93%)	463/489 (95%)	288/315 (91%)	75/88 (85%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 92%, i.e. 860 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 930. 0 out of 13 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	346/348 (99%)	141/142 (99%)	138/138 (100%)	67/68 (99%)
Sidechain	482/546 (88%)	325/351 (93%)	146/170 (86%)	11/25 (44%)
Aromatic	32/36 (89%)	16/16 (100%)	16/20 (80%)	0/0 (—%)
Overall	860/930 (92%)	482/509 (95%)	300/328 (91%)	78/93 (84%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

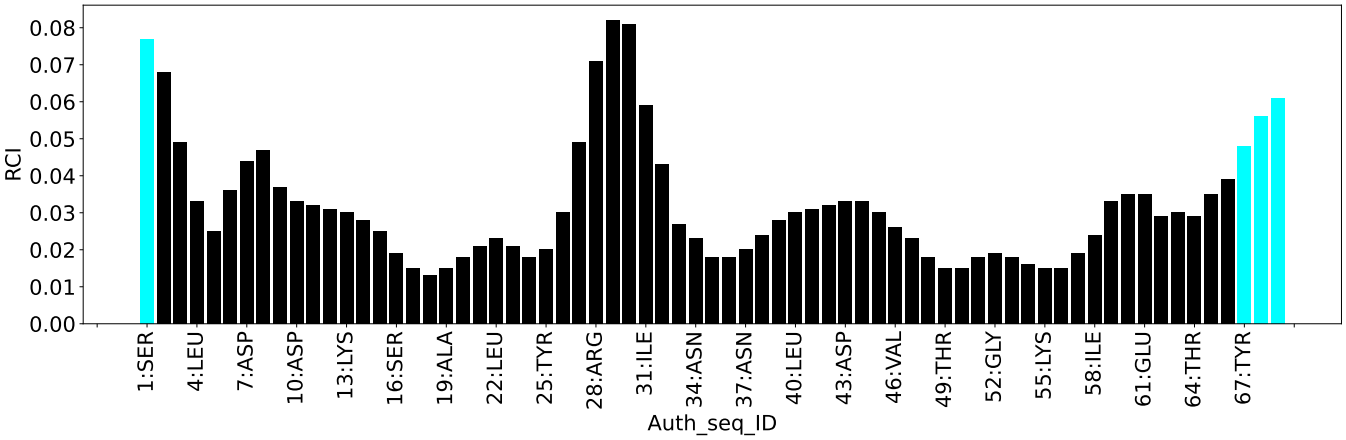
The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, *ppm*	Expected range, *ppm*	Z-score
1	A	56	ARG	CZ	0.00	141.81 – 177.93	-44.3

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:


RCI
0.00
0.01
0.02
0.03
0.04
0.05
0.06
0.07
0.08
1:SER
4:LEU
7:ASP
10:ASP
13:LYS
16:SER
19:ALA
22:LEU
25:TYR
28:ARG
31:ILE
34:ASN
37:ASN
40:LEU
43:ASP
46:VAL
49:THR
52:GLY
55:LYS
58:ILE
61:GLU
64:THR
67:TYR
Auth_seq_ID

8 NMR restraints analysis (i)

8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints (i)

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	2312
Intra-residue (|i-j|=0)	788
Sequential (|i-j|=1)	483
Medium range (|i-j|>1 and |i-j|<5)	393
Long range (|i-j|≥5)	610
Inter-chain	0
Hydrogen bond restraints	38
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	122
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	35.3
Number of long range restraints per residue[1]	8.9

[1]Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

8.2 Residual restraint violations (i)

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model (i)

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	None	None
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	None	None
>0.5 (Large)	0.1	0.77

8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model (i)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.There are no dihedral-angle violations

9 Distance violation analysis (i)

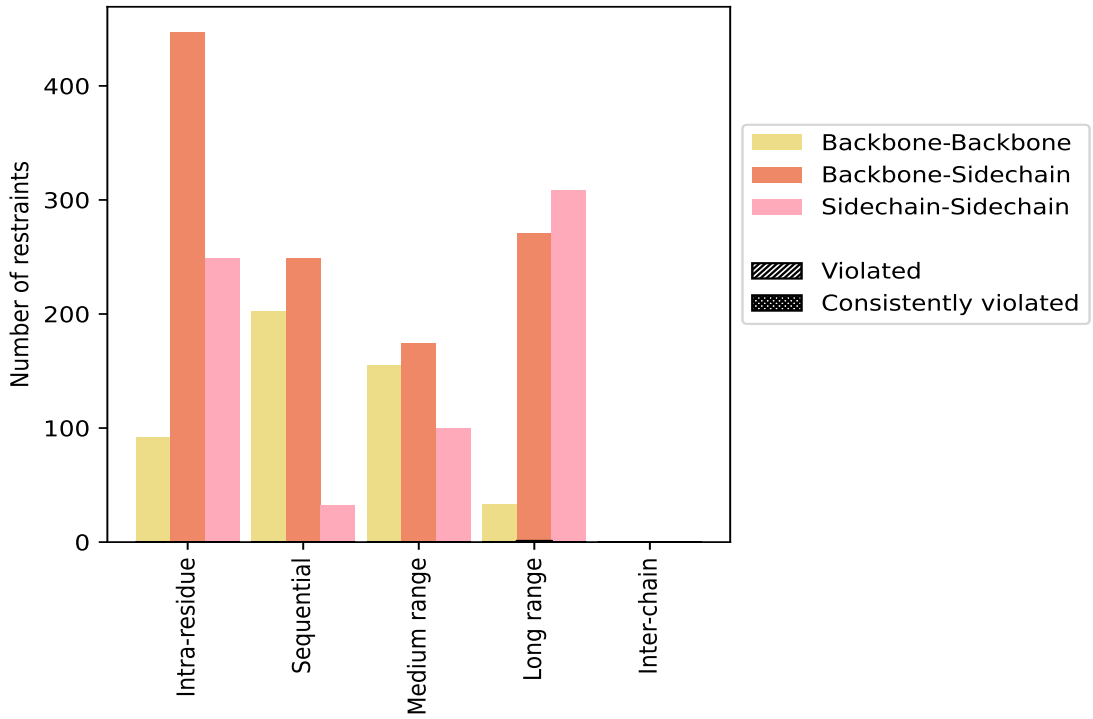
9.1 Summary of distance violations (i)

The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Restraints type	Count	%[1]	Violated[3]			Consistently Violated[4]		
			Count	%[2]	%[1]	Count	%[2]	%[1]
Intra-residue (|i-j|=0)	788	34.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	92	4.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	447	19.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	249	10.8	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sequential (|i-j|=1)	483	20.9	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	202	8.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	249	10.8	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	32	1.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Medium range (|i-j|>1 & |i-j|<5)	393	17.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	119	5.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	174	7.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	100	4.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Long range (|i-j|≥5)	610	26.4	1	0.2	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	31	1.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	271	11.7	1	0.4	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	308	13.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Inter-chain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Hydrogen bond	38	1.6	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	2312	100.0	1	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	482	20.8	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	1141	49.4	1	0.1	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	689	29.8	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0

[1] percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, [2] percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, [3] violated in at least one model, [4] violated in all the models

9.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of distance restraints and violations (i)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model (i)

The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD[6] (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR[1]	SQ[2]	MR[3]	LR[4]	IC[5]	Total				
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
8	0	0	0	1	0	1	0.77	0.77	0.0	0.77
9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

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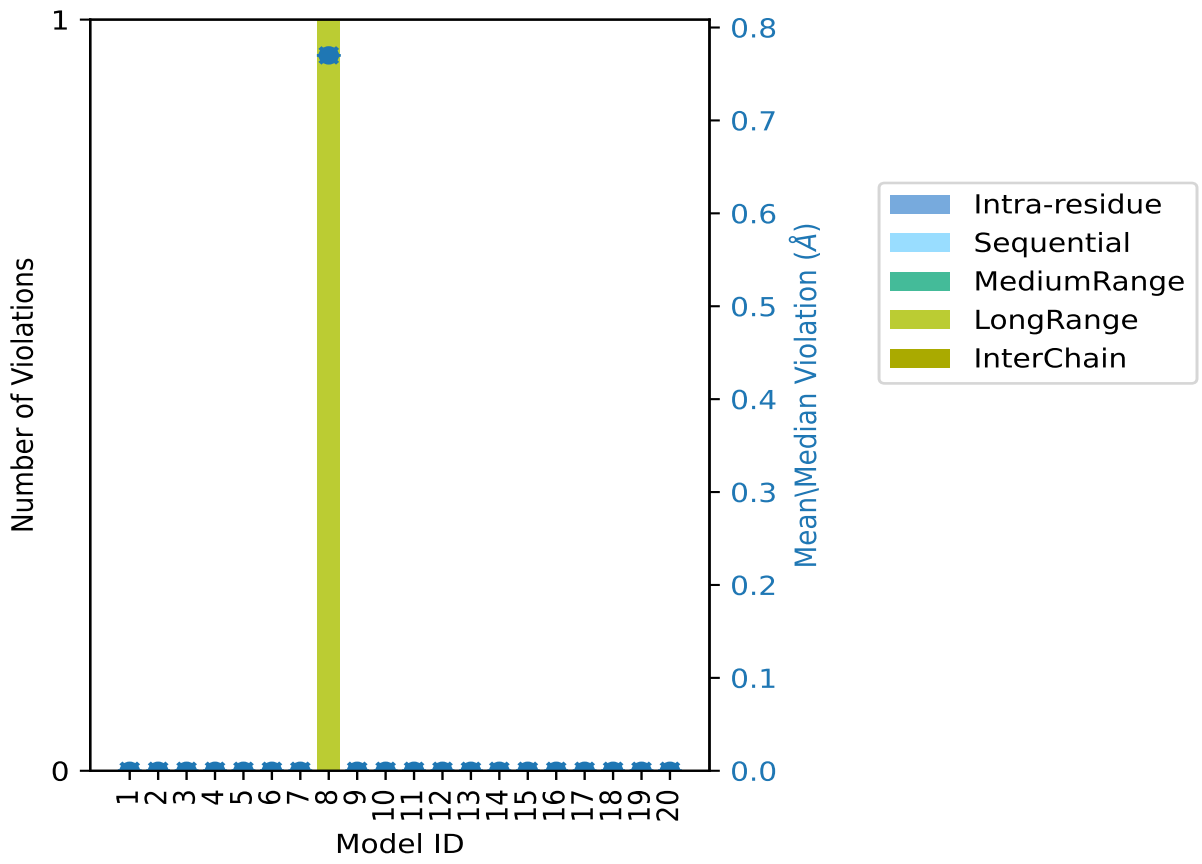
Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD[6] (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR[1]	SQ[2]	MR[3]	LR[4]	IC[5]	Total				
12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

[1]Intra-residue restraints, [2]Sequential restraints, [3]Medium range restraints, [4]Long range restraints, [5]Inter-chain restraints, [6]Standard deviation

9.2.1 Bar graph : Distance Violation statistics for each model (i)



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

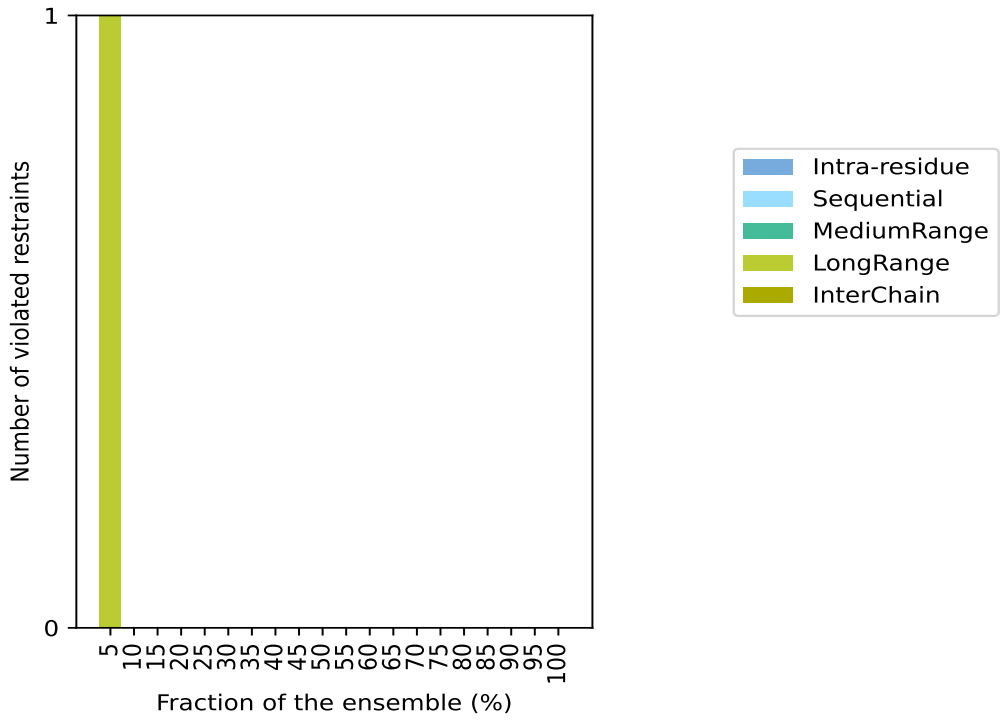
9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 2273(IR:788, SQ:483, MR:393, LR:609, IC:0) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

Number of violated restraints						Fraction of the ensemble	
IR[1]	SQ[2]	MR[3]	LR[4]	IC[5]	Total	Count[6]	%
0	0	0	1	0	1	1	5.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	2	10.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	3	15.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	4	20.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	5	25.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	6	30.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	7	35.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	8	40.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	9	45.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	10	50.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	11	55.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	12	60.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	13	65.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	14	70.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	15	75.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	16	80.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	17	85.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	18	90.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	19	95.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	20	100.0

[1]Intra-residue restraints, [2]Sequential restraints, [3]Medium range restraints, [4]Long range restraints, [5]Inter-chain restraints, [6] Number of models with violations

9.3.1 Bar graph : Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)



9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble (i)

No violations found

9.5 All violated distance restraints (i)

9.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.
Data insufficient to plot histogram

9.5.2 Table : All distance violations (i)

The following table lists the absolute value of the violation for each restraint in the ensemble sorted by its value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,2273)	1:A:43:ASP:OD1	1:A:2:THR:CA	8	0.77

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,2273)	1:A:43:ASP:OD1	2:A:102:CA:CA	8	0.77

10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis (i)

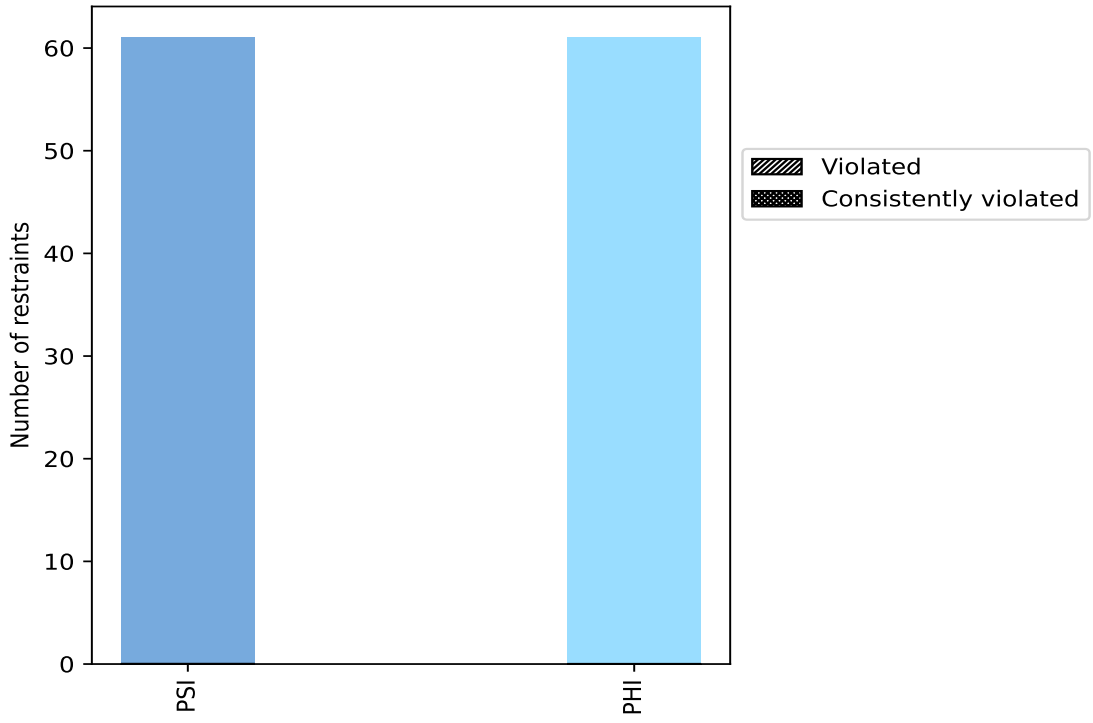
10.1 Summary of dihedral-angle violations (i)

The following table provides the summary of dihedral-angle violations in different dihedral-angle types. Violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

Angle type	Count	%[1]	Violated[3]			Consistently Violated[4]		
			Count	%[2]	%[1]	Count	%[2]	%[1]
PSI	61	50.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
PHI	61	50.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	122	100.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0

[1] percentage calculated with respect to total number of dihedral-angle restraints, [2] percentage calculated with respect to number of restraints in a particular dihedral-angle type, [3] violated in at least one model, [4] violated in all the models

10.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of dihedral-angles and violations (i)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories

10.2 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model (i)

No violations found

10.3 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

No violations found

10.4 Most violated dihedral-angle restraints in the ensemble (i)

No violations found

10.5 All violated dihedral-angle restraints (i)

No violations found