

Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

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PDB ID	:	2MRW
Title	:	Solution Structure of MciZ from Bacillus subtilis
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Deposited on	:	2014-07-16

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange	:	Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
$\operatorname{NmrClust}$:	Kelley et al. (1996)
$\operatorname{MolProbity}$:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
${ m ShiftChecker}$:	2.11
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.11

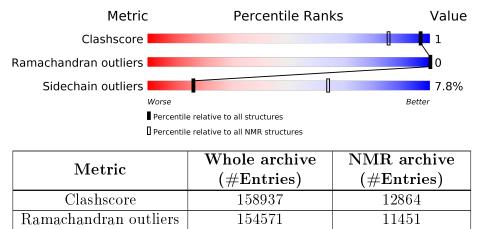
Sidechain outliers

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION \ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 49%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



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The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

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Mol	Chain	\mathbf{Length}	Quality of chain				
1	А	40	28%	73%			



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 12 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *minimized average structure*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues						
Well-defined core Residue range (total) Backbone RMSD (Å) Medoid model						
1	A:16-A:26 (11)	0.12	12			

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters and 2 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 3, 7, 9, 10, 12, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19
2	5, 11, 13
3	4, 8
Single-model clusters	6; 20



3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 700 atoms, of which 363 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Cell division factor.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				Trace		
1	Λ	40	Total	С	Η	Ν	Ο	S	0
		A 40	700	222	363	61	52	2	0



4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Cell division factor

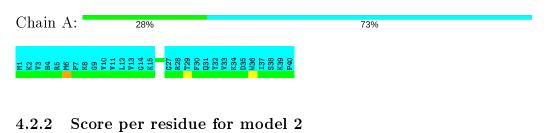
Chain A:	28%	73%
M1 K2 V3 R5 M6 P7	K8 69 7110 7112 712 712 7129 7129	732 733 733 733 733 733 733 740 740

4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

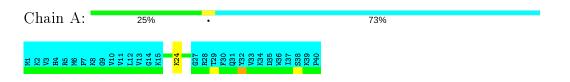
Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

• Molecule 1: Cell division factor



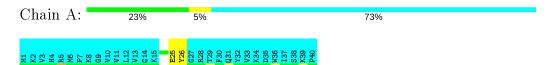
• Molecule 1: Cell division factor





Score per residue for model 3 4.2.3

• Molecule 1: Cell division factor



Score per residue for model 4 4.2.4

• Molecule 1: Cell division factor

Chain A:	25%	•	73%	
M1 K2 H4 M6 P7	K8 69 V11 V11 614 614 K15	R20 627 729 730 732 732 733 733 733 733	D35 137 K39 P40	

4.2.5Score per residue for model 5

• Molecule 1: Cell division factor

Chain A:	28%	73%
7 66 74 73 73 74 74 75 74 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75	K8 69 69 712 614 712 627 730 730 730 730 731 730 731	732 1335 1375 1377 1377

Score per residue for model 6 4.2.6

• Molecule 1: Cell division factor

Chain A:	23%	5%	73%
표 전 52 분 52 99 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	69 V10 L12 L12 C14 C14 C14 E18	<mark>E25</mark> 726 627 B28	730 733 733 137 738 738 738 738 738

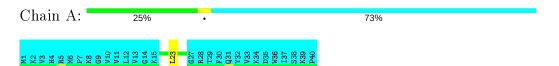
Score per residue for model 7 4.2.7

• Molecule 1: Cell division factor Chain A: 28% 73%



4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

• Molecule 1: Cell division factor



4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

• Molecule 1: Cell division factor

Chain A:	25%	·	73%	
M1 KZ KZ R2 R5 P7 P7	K8 69 111 112 113 113 113 113 113 113 113 113	G27 F28 F30 F30 C31 V33 V33 V33 V35 V35 V35	T 137 538 740	

4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

• Molecule 1: Cell division factor

Chain A:	28%		73%	
M1 K2 V3 R5 M6 P7 K8	69 V10 V11 V13 V13 G14 K15 K15	725 732 732 733 733 733 733 733 733 733 733		

4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

• Molecule 1: Cell division factor

Chain A:	28%		73%	
虹段的蜂筋烙环	K8 69 V11 V11 K15 K15 K15 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4	R28 129 129 129 129 123 123 123 123 123 123 123 123 123 123		

4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12 (medoid)

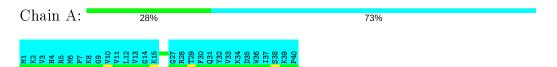
• Molecule 1: Cell division factor

Chain A:	28%		73%	
M1 K2 K2 H4 R5 M6 P7	K8 010 011 0112 013 014 014 014	627 729 729 731 733 733 733 733 833 838 738 738 740		



4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

• Molecule 1: Cell division factor



4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

• Molecule 1: Cell division factor

Chain A:	28%		73%	
M1 K2 V3 H4 R5 P7 P7	K8 69 V11 V11 V11 K15 K15 K15	G27 T29 F30 C31 V33 V33 V33 V33 V33 V33 V33 V33 V33 V	ł.	

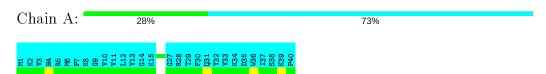
4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

• Molecule 1: Cell division factor

Chain A:	23%	•	• 73%
M1 V3 M6 K8 K8 K8 K8 K8 K8 K8 K8 K8 K8 K8 K8 K8	V10 V11 V13 V13 G14 K15 K15 A21	K24	027 1128 129 1331 137 1338 1338 1338 1338 1337 1338 1338

4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

• Molecule 1: Cell division factor



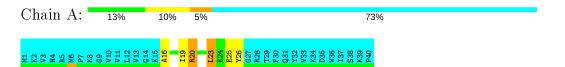
4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

Molecule 1: Cell division factor
Chain A: 25% . 73%



4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

• Molecule 1: Cell division factor



4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

• Molecule 1: Cell division factor

Chain A:	28%		73%	
M1 K2 K3 R5 R5 P7 V2	N8 09 111 112 112 713 713 715 715	827 827 729 734 734 735 733 738 738 738 738 740		

4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

• Molecule 1: Cell division factor

Chain A:	25%	•	73%
単成51株259mmを2500mm。 1990年1990年1990年1990年1990年1990年1990年1990	V11 V11 112 V13 V13 V13 V13 V13 V13 V13 V13 V13 V13	627 730 731 732 733 733 733 733 733 733 733 733 733	



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: DGSA-distance geometry simulated annealing, torsion angle dynamics.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: target function.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure solution	
CYANA	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	input_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	263
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	263
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	49%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

M	ol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
]	1	А	99	102	102	0±0
A	ll	All	1980	2040	2040	3

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

Atom-1	Atom 2	-2 Clash(Å) Distance(Å)		Moo	
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	$\frac{2.08}{2.08} = \frac{15}{15}$		Total
1:A:21:ALA:O	1:A:24:LYS:HG3	0.49	2.08	15	1
1:A:16:ALA:O	1:A:20:ARG:HB2	0.47	2.09	18	1
1:A:19:ILE:O	1:A:23:LEU:HB2	0.42	2.14	18	1

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.



Mo	l Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	А	11/40 (28%)	$11\pm0 (100\pm0\%)$	0±0 (0±0%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
Al	All	220/800~(28%)	220~(100%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers.

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentil	es
1	А	9/35~(26%)	8 ± 1 (92±11%)	$1 \pm 1 \ (8 \pm 11\%)$	16 64	
All	All	180/700~(26%)	166 (92%)	14 (8%)	16 64	

All 6 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	20	ARG	5
1	А	25	GLU	3
1	А	23	LEU	2
1	А	26	TYR	2
1	А	24	LYS	1
1	А	18	GLU	1

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.



6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 49% for the well-defined parts and 47% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: input_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned_chem_shift_list_1

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	263
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 49%, i.e. 79 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 161. 0 out of 1 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathbf{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	22/55~(40%)	22/22~(100%)	0/22~(0%)	0/11~(0%)
Sidechain	47/86~(55%)	47/51~(92%)	0/30~(0%)	0/5~(0%)
Aromatic	10/20~(50%)	10/10~(100%)	0/9~(0%)	0/1~(0%)
Overall	79/161~(49%)	79/83~(95%)	0/61~(0%)	0/17~(0%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 47%, i.e. 263 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 555. 0 out of 7 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.



	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	77/196~(39%)	77/78~(99%)	0/80~(0%)	0/38~(0%)
Sidechain	160/302~(53%)	160/180~(89%)	0/105~(0%)	0/17~(0%)
Aromatic	26/57~(46%)	26/29~(90%)	0/24~(0%)	0/4~(0%)
Overall	263/555~(47%)	263/287~(92%)	0/209~(0%)	0/59~(0%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots ()

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

