Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

May 28, 2020 – 11:49 pm BST

PDB ID	:	2MMW
Title	:	LASSO PEPTIDE BASED INTEGRIN INHIBITOR: MICROCIN J25 VARIANT WITH RGD SUBSTITUTION of GLY12-ILE13-GLY14
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Deposited on	:	2014-03-20

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

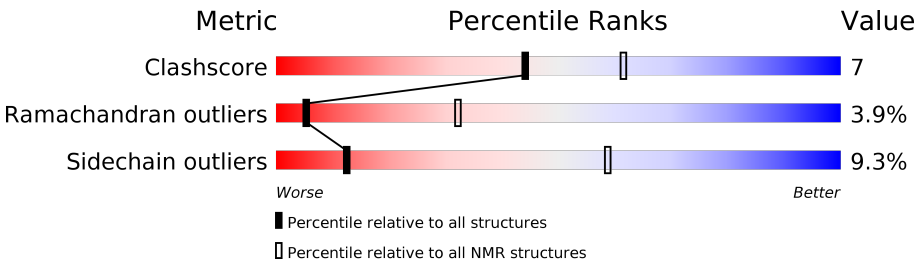
Cyrange	:	Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust	:	Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker	:	2.11
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.11

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 45%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	21	62% 33% 5%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 6 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	**Residue range (total)**	**Backbone RMSD (Å)**	**Medoid model**
1	A:1-A:21 (21)	0.14	6

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters and 16 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	8, 10
2	3, 12
Single-model clusters	1; 2; 4; 5; 6; 7; 9; 11; 13; 14; 15; 16; 17; 18; 19; 20

3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 299 atoms, of which 141 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Microcin J25.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	
1	A	21	299	103	141	26	29	0

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	12	ARG	GLY	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP Q9X2V7
A	13	GLY	ILE	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP Q9X2V7
A	14	ASP	GLY	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP Q9X2V7

4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Microcin J25

Chain A:

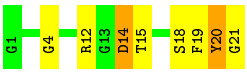
4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

- Molecule 1: Microcin J25

Chain A:



4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

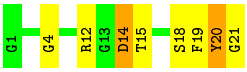
- Molecule 1: Microcin J25

Chain A:

4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: Microcin J25

Chain A: 62% 29% 10%



4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: Microcin J25

Chain A: 52% 43% 5%

4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: Microcin J25

Chain A: 71% 24% 5%

4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6 (medoid)

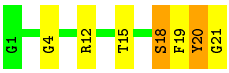
- Molecule 1: Microcin J25

Chain A: 67% 29% 5%

4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: Microcin J25

Chain A: 67% 24% 10%



4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: Microcin J25

Chain A: 62% 29% 10%

4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: Microcin J25

Chain A: 67% 29% 5%

4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

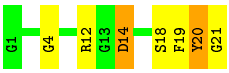
- Molecule 1: Microcin J25

Chain A: 57% 33% 10%

4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: Microcin J25

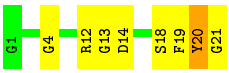
Chain A: 67% 24% 10%



4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: Microcin J25

Chain A: 62% 33% 5%



4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

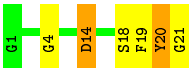
- Molecule 1: Microcin J25

Chain A: 67% 24% 10%

4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

- Molecule 1: Microcin J25

Chain A: 71% 19% 10%



4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

- Molecule 1: Microcin J25

Chain A: 62% 33% 5%

4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

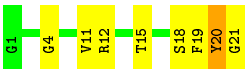
- Molecule 1: Microcin J25

Chain A: 67% 24% 10%

4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

- Molecule 1: Microcin J25

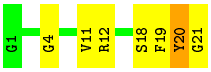
Chain A: 62% 33% 5%



4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

- Molecule 1: Microcin J25

Chain A: 67% 29% 5%



4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

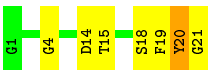
- Molecule 1: Microcin J25

Chain A: 67% 29% 5%

4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

- Molecule 1: Microcin J25

Chain A: 67% 29% 5%



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 200 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA 2.1	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 6 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	input_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	128
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	128
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	45%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

COVALENT-GEOMETRY INFOmissingINFO

5.1 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	158	141	140	2±0
All	All	3160	2820	2813	41

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:18:SER:C	1:A:19:PHE:CD1	0.47	2.88	8	20
1:A:4:GLY:N	1:A:20:TYR:O	0.45	2.50	20	20
1:A:11:VAL:O	1:A:13:GLY:N	0.42	2.53	4	1

5.2 Torsion angles (i)

5.2.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	19/21 (90%)	11±1 (59±5%)	7±1 (37±5%)	1±1 (4±3%)	5 32
All	All	380/420 (90%)	223 (59%)	142 (37%)	15 (4%)	5 32

All 4 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	14	ASP	12
1	A	18	SER	1
1	A	13	GLY	1
1	A	12	ARG	1

5.2.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	15/15 (100%)	14±1 (91±6%)	1±1 (9±6%)	12 59
All	All	300/300 (100%)	272 (91%)	28 (9%)	12 59

All 5 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	15	THR	13
1	A	14	ASP	7
1	A	5	HIS	4
1	A	18	SER	2
1	A	11	VAL	2

5.2.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.3 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.4 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.5 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.6 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

5.7 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 45% for the well-defined parts and 45% for the entire structure.

6.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: input_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

6.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	128
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	128
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

6.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

6.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 45%, i.e. 105 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 234. 0 out of 2 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	39/101 (39%)	39/40 (98%)	0/42 (0%)	0/19 (0%)
Sidechain	50/92 (54%)	50/55 (91%)	0/34 (0%)	0/3 (0%)
Aromatic	16/41 (39%)	16/22 (73%)	0/18 (0%)	0/1 (0%)
Overall	105/234 (45%)	105/117 (90%)	0/94 (0%)	0/23 (0%)

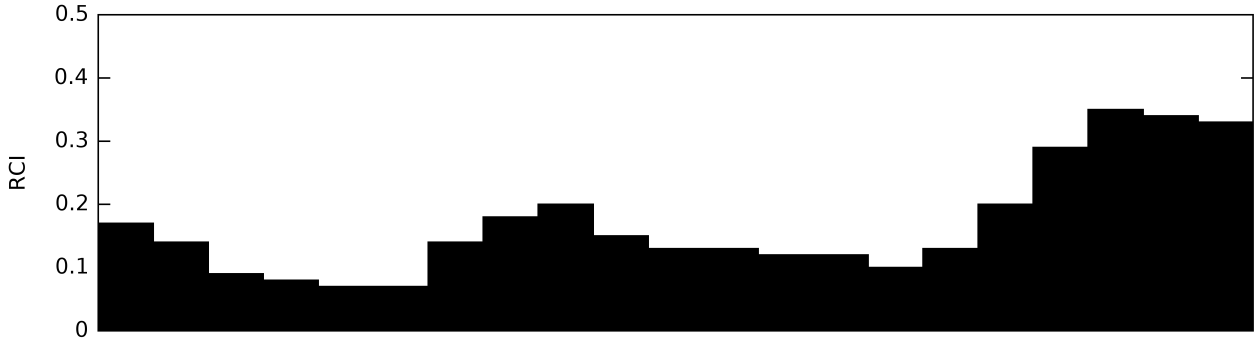
The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 45%, i.e. 105 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 234. 0 out of 2 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	39/101 (39%)	39/40 (98%)	0/42 (0%)	0/19 (0%)
Sidechain	50/92 (54%)	50/55 (91%)	0/34 (0%)	0/3 (0%)
Aromatic	16/41 (39%)	16/22 (73%)	0/18 (0%)	0/1 (0%)
Overall	105/234 (45%)	105/117 (90%)	0/94 (0%)	0/23 (0%)

6.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

6.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A: