

Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

Jun 6, 2023 – 04:08 PM EDT

PDB ID	:	2MLU
BMRB ID	:	19832
Title	:	Structure of the antimicrobial peptide LsbB in DPC micelles
Authors	:	Kristiansen, P.; Ovchinnikov, K.; Diep, D.
Deposited on	:	2014-03-05

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

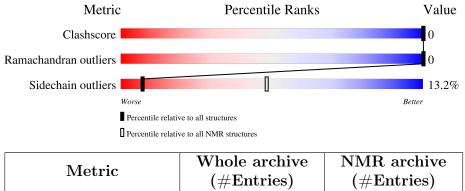
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
BMRB Restraints Analysis	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.33

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 83%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$(\# {\rm Entries})$	$(\# { m Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length		Quality of chain						
1	А	30	43%	•	53%					



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 5 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues										
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model							
1	A:2-A:15 (14)	0.09	5							

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters and 4 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 4, 16, 19
2	10, 11, 12, 14, 15
3	5, 6, 7, 9
4	8, 17
Single-model clusters	3; 13; 18; 20



3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 489 atoms, of which 249 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called LsbB.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms						
1	٨	20	Total	С	Η	Ν	Ο	S	0	
	A	30	489	156	249	44	39	1	0	



4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

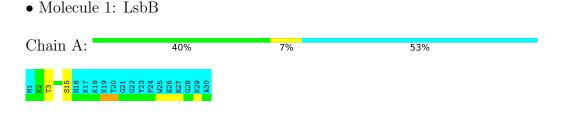
• Molecule 1: LsbB

Chain A:	43%	·	53%	
M1 K2 K13 K116 K13 K13 K13 K13	120 621 723 723 723 723 723 723 724 726 827 727 729 730			

4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1



- 4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2
- Molecule 1: LsbB

Chain A: 43% • 53%



4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

• Molecule 1: LsbB

Chain A:	43%	•	53%	
M1 K2 K2 K13 K14 K14 K19 G21 G21 G21 G21 C22 C22	P24 W25 R27 R27 R27 R27 A30			

4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

• Molecule 1: LsbB

Chain A:	37%	10%	53%	
M1 K2 S15 K17 K17 K18	K 19 120 6221 723 723 821 827 723 828 828 828 828 829			

- 4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5 (medoid)
- Molecule 1: LsbB

Chain	ı A	\ :								4	0%	6		7%	53%	
M1 K2 T3	S15 H16	K17	K18	T20	G21	G22	Y23	P'24	W25	170 171	K27 200	678 700	A30			

4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

• Molecule 1: LsbB



4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

 \bullet Molecule 1: LsbB





4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

• Molecule 1: LsbB

Chain A:	40%	7%	53%	
M1 K2 K17 K17 K19 C22 C22 C22 C22 C22	r 24 E 26 E 26 G 28 K 29 A 30			

4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

• Molecule 1: LsbB

Chain A:	43%	•	53%	
M1 K2 T3 H16 K17 K18 T20 C21	G22 Y23 W24 W25 E26 R27 G28 K29 A30			

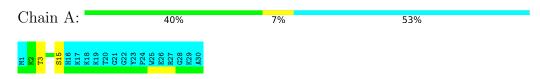
4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

• Molecule 1: LsbB

Chain A:	40%	7%	53%	
M 13 13 13 13 13 13 13	K1 K K18 K19 720 621 723 723 724 825 826 827 827 829 829 829 830			

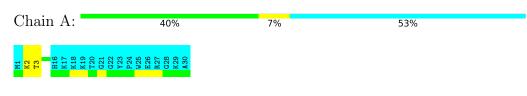
4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

• Molecule 1: LsbB



4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

 \bullet Molecule 1: LsbB





4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

• Molecule 1: LsbB

Chain A: 43% · 53%

4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

• Molecule 1: LsbB

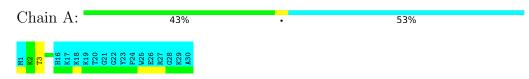
Chain A:	43%	•	53%	
M1 K2 H16 K17 K18 K18 K19 T20	621 622 723 723 723 723 723 824 825 628 628 729 730			

- 4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15
- Molecule 1: LsbB

Chain A	.:				4	3%	• 53%	
M1 K2 H16 K17	K18 K19 T20	G21 G22 W02	123 P24 W25	E26	G28	K29 A 30		

4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

• Molecule 1: LsbB



4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

 \bullet Molecule 1: LsbB





4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

• Molecule 1: LsbB

 Chain A:
 43%
 •
 53%

 H 2 2
 H 2 2 2
 H 2 2 2
 H 2 2 2
 H 2 2
 H 2 2

4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

• Molecule 1: LsbB

Chain A:	40%	7%	53%	
M1 K2 S15 K17 K17	K15 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120			

- 4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20
- \bullet Molecule 1: LsbB

Chain A:	43%	·	53%	
M K2 K17 K17 K18 K18 K19 720 621 622	Y23 P24 W25 W25 R27 G28 K29 A30			



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: torsion angle dynamics.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure solution	
CYANA	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	356
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	356
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	83%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	А	109	115	115	0 ± 0
All	All	2180	2300	2300	-

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is -.

There are no clashes.

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	14/30~(47%)	14 ± 0 (98±3%)	$0{\pm}0~(2{\pm}3\%)$	0±0 (0±0%)	100 100
All	All	280/600~(47%)	275~(98%)	5(2%)	0 (0%)	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers.



6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perc	entiles
1	А	11/23~(48%)	10 ± 1 (87 $\pm5\%$)	$1 \pm 1 (13 \pm 5\%)$	7	48
All	All	220/460 (48%)	191 (87%)	29 (13%)	7	48

All 3 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	3	THR	20
1	А	15	SER	5
1	А	2	LYS	4

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.



6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 83% for the well-defined parts and 82% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	356
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	356
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	${\rm Correction}\pm{\rm precision},ppm$	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	22		None (insufficient data)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	23		None (insufficient data)
$^{13}C'$	0		None (insufficient data)
¹⁵ N	26	0.41 ± 0.28	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 83%, i.e. 163 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 197. 0 out of 2 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	51/71~(72%)	29/29~(100%)	9/28~(32%)	13/14 (93%)
Sidechain	96/107~(90%)	67/71~(94%)	28/32~(88%)	1/4~(25%)

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a 1	C		
Continued	from	previous	page
		1	1 0

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	15 N
Aromatic	16/19~(84%)	8/9~(89%)	8/10~(80%)	0/0 (%)
Overall	163/197~(83%)	104/109~(95%)	45/70~(64%)	14/18~(78%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 82%, i.e. 344 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 421. 0 out of 2 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	15 N
Backbone	110/152~(72%)	62/63~(98%)	22/60~(37%)	26/29~(90%)
Sidechain	195/222~(88%)	136/144~(94%)	57/67~(85%)	2/11~(18%)
Aromatic	39/47~(83%)	20/23~(87%)	19/22~(86%)	0/2~(0%)
Overall	344/421~(82%)	218/230~(95%)	98/149~(66%)	28/42~(67%)

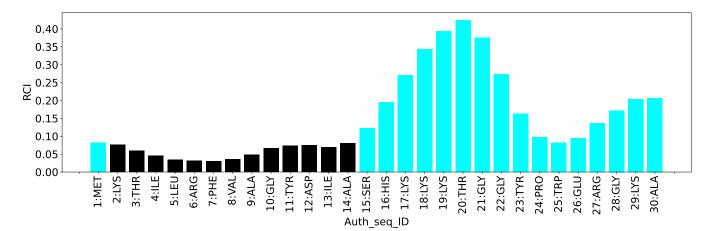
7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:





8 NMR restraints analysis (i)

8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints (i)

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	379
Intra-residue (i-j =0)	138
Sequential (i-j =1)	149
Medium range ($ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$)	92
Long range $(i-j \ge 5)$	0
Inter-chain	0
Hydrogen bond restraints	0
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	0
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	12.6
Number of long range restraints per residue ¹	0.0

¹Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

8.2 Residual restraint violations (i)

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model (i)

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	2.0	0.14
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	None	None
>0.5 (Large)	None	None



8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model (i)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation. There are no dihedral-angle violations



9 Distance violation analysis (i)

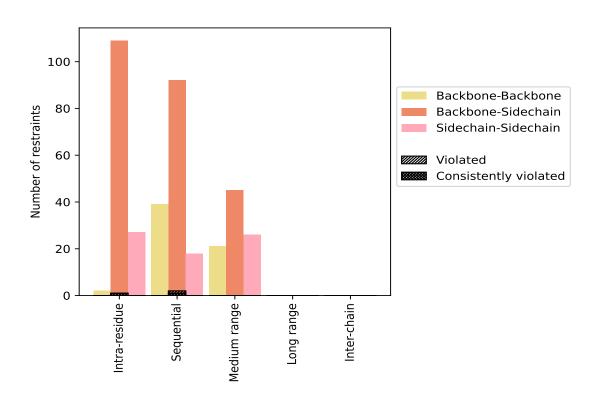
9.1 Summary of distance violations (i)

The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Destusiate toma	Count	$\%^1$	Vio	lated	3	Consis	tently	y Violated ⁴
Restraints type	Count	701	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$	Count	$ \%^2 $	$\%^1$
Intra-residue (i-j =0)	138	36.4	1	0.7	0.3	1	0.7	0.3
Backbone-Backbone	2	0.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	109	28.8	1	0.9	0.3	1	0.9	0.3
Sidechain-Sidechain	27	7.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sequential (i-j =1)	149	39.3	2	1.3	0.5	1	0.7	0.3
Backbone-Backbone	39	10.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	92	24.3	2	2.2	0.5	1	1.1	0.3
Sidechain-Sidechain	18	4.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Medium range ($ i-j > 1 \& i-j < 5$)	92	24.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	21	5.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	45	11.9	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	26	6.9	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Long range $(i-j \ge 5)$	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Inter-chain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Hydrogen bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	379	100.0	3	0.8	0.8	2	0.5	0.5
Backbone-Backbone	62	16.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	246	64.9	3	1.2	0.8	2	0.8	0.5
Sidechain-Sidechain	71	18.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0

 1 percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, 2 percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, 3 violated in at least one model, 4 violated in all the models





9.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of distance restraints and violations (i)

Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model (i)

The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

MadalID		Nun	nber o	f viola	ations	5	Maan (Å)	Mor (Å)	SD^6 (Å)	Madian (Å)
Model ID	IR^1	SQ^2	MR^3	LR^4	$ IC^5 $	Total	Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	$SD^{*}(A)$	Median (Å)
1	1	1	0	0	0	2	0.13	0.14	0.01	0.13
2	1	1	0	0	0	2	0.13	0.14	0.01	0.13
3	1	1	0	0	0	2	0.13	0.14	0.01	0.13
4	1	1	0	0	0	2	0.12	0.13	0.01	0.12
5	1	1	0	0	0	2	0.13	0.14	0.01	0.13
6	1	1	0	0	0	2	0.13	0.14	0.01	0.13
7	1	1	0	0	0	2	0.13	0.14	0.01	0.13
8	1	1	0	0	0	2	0.13	0.14	0.01	0.13
9	1	1	0	0	0	2	0.13	0.14	0.01	0.13
10	1	1	0	0	0	2	0.13	0.14	0.01	0.13
11	1	1	0	0	0	2	0.13	0.14	0.01	0.13

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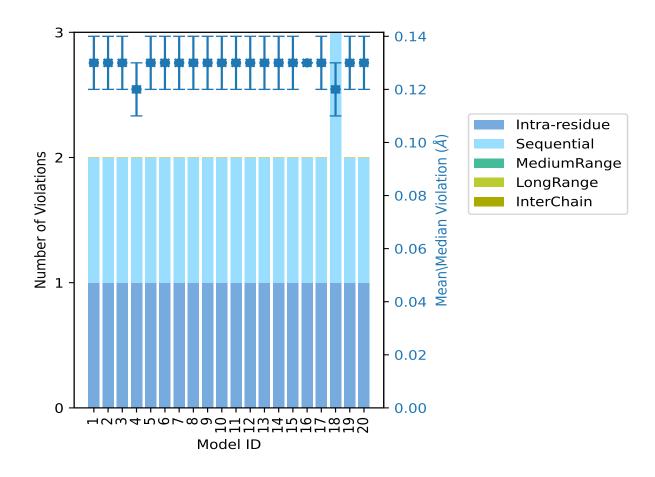


Madal ID	Number of violations							М ала (Å)	SD^6 (Å)	Madian (Å)
Model ID	IR^1	SQ^2	MR^3	LR^4	$ IC^5 $	Total	Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	\mathbf{SD}^{6} (Å)	Median (Å)
12	1	1	0	0	0	2	0.13	0.14	0.01	0.13
13	1	1	0	0	0	2	0.13	0.14	0.01	0.13
14	1	1	0	0	0	2	0.13	0.14	0.01	0.13
15	1	1	0	0	0	2	0.13	0.14	0.01	0.13
16	1	1	0	0	0	2	0.13	0.13	0.0	0.13
17	1	1	0	0	0	2	0.13	0.14	0.01	0.13
18	1	2	0	0	0	3	0.12	0.14	0.01	0.12
19	1	1	0	0	0	2	0.13	0.14	0.01	0.13
20	1	1	0	0	0	2	0.13	0.14	0.01	0.13

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 1 Intra-residue restraints,
²Sequential restraints,
³Medium range restraints, 4 Long range restraints,
 5 Inter-chain restraints, 6 Standard deviation

9.2.1 Bar graph : Distance Violation statistics for each model (i)



The mean(dot), median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right



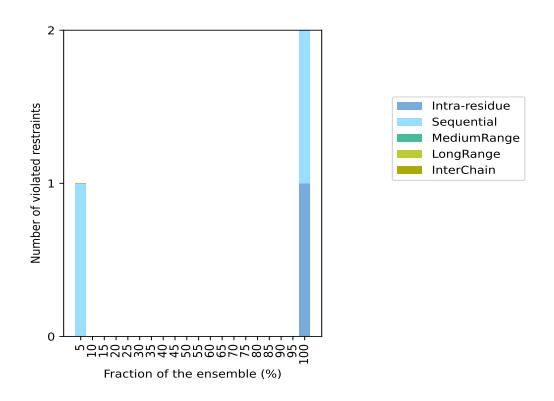
9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 376(IR:137, SQ:147, MR:92, LR:0, IC:0) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

Nu	mber	of vio	lated	Fractio	n of the ensemble		
IR^1	SQ^2	MR^3	LR ⁴	$ IC^5 $	Total	Count^6	%
0	1	0	0	0	1	1	5.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	2	10.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	3	15.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	4	20.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	5	25.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	6	30.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	7	35.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	8	40.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	9	45.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	10	50.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	11	55.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	12	60.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	13	65.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	14	70.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	15	75.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	16	80.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	17	85.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	18	90.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	19	95.0
1	1	0	0	0	2	20	100.0

 1 Intra-residue restraints, 2 Sequential restraints, 3 Medium range restraints, 4 Long range restraints, 5 Inter-chain restraints, 6 Number of models with violations





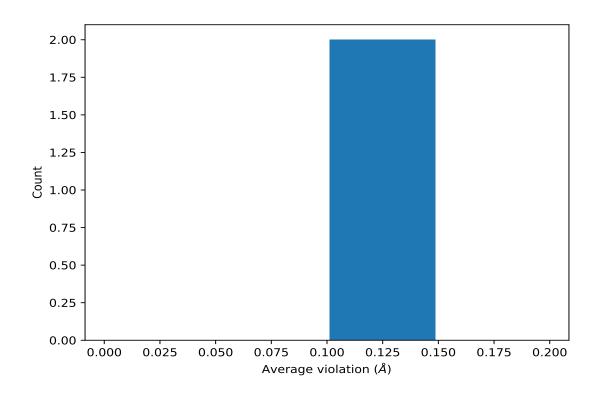
9.3.1 Bar graph : Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble (i)

9.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models in the ensemble





9.4.2 Table: Most violated distance restraints (i)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violation for each restraint sorted by number of violated models and the mean value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	\mathbf{Models}^1	Mean (Å)	SD^1 (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,30)	1:A:25:TRP:H	1:A:25:TRP:HD1	20	0.14	0.0	0.14
(1,32)	1:A:26:GLU:HA	1:A:25:TRP:HE3	20	0.12	0.0	0.12

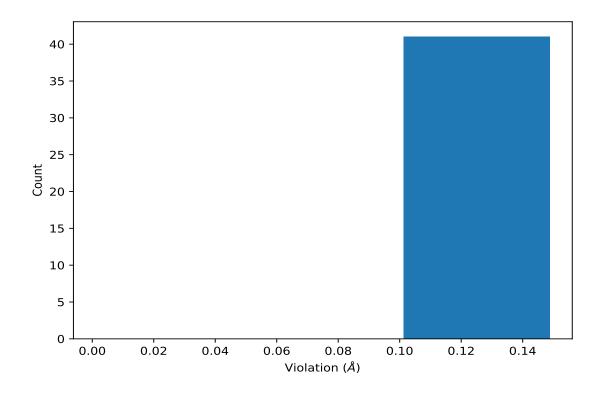
¹Number of violated models, ²Standard deviation

9.5 All violated distance restraints (i)

9.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.





9.5.2 Table : All distance violations (i)

The following table lists the absolute value of the violation for each restraint in the ensemble sorted by its value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,30)	1:A:25:TRP:H	1:A:25:TRP:HD1	1	0.14
(1,30)	1:A:25:TRP:H	1:A:25:TRP:HD1	2	0.14
(1,30)	1:A:25:TRP:H	1:A:25:TRP:HD1	3	0.14
(1,30)	1:A:25:TRP:H	1:A:25:TRP:HD1	5	0.14
(1,30)	1:A:25:TRP:H	1:A:25:TRP:HD1	6	0.14
(1,30)	1:A:25:TRP:H	1:A:25:TRP:HD1	7	0.14
(1,30)	1:A:25:TRP:H	1:A:25:TRP:HD1	8	0.14
(1,30)	1:A:25:TRP:H	1:A:25:TRP:HD1	9	0.14
(1,30)	1:A:25:TRP:H	1:A:25:TRP:HD1	10	0.14
(1,30)	1:A:25:TRP:H	1:A:25:TRP:HD1	11	0.14
(1,30)	1:A:25:TRP:H	1:A:25:TRP:HD1	12	0.14
(1,30)	1:A:25:TRP:H	1:A:25:TRP:HD1	13	0.14
(1,30)	1:A:25:TRP:H	1:A:25:TRP:HD1	14	0.14
(1,30)	1:A:25:TRP:H	1:A:25:TRP:HD1	15	0.14
(1,30)	1:A:25:TRP:H	1:A:25:TRP:HD1	17	0.14
(1,30)	1:A:25:TRP:H	1:A:25:TRP:HD1	18	0.14

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,30)	1:A:25:TRP:H	1:A:25:TRP:HD1	19	0.14
(1,30)	1:A:25:TRP:H	1:A:25:TRP:HD1	20	0.14
(1,32)	1:A:26:GLU:HA	1:A:25:TRP:HE3	16	0.13
(1,30)	1:A:25:TRP:H	1:A:25:TRP:HD1	4	0.13
(1,30)	1:A:25:TRP:H	1:A:25:TRP:HD1	16	0.13
(1,32)	1:A:26:GLU:HA	1:A:25:TRP:HE3	1	0.12
(1,32)	1:A:26:GLU:HA	1:A:25:TRP:HE3	2	0.12
(1,32)	1:A:26:GLU:HA	1:A:25:TRP:HE3	3	0.12
(1,32)	1:A:26:GLU:HA	1:A:25:TRP:HE3	4	0.12
(1,32)	1:A:26:GLU:HA	1:A:25:TRP:HE3	5	0.12
(1,32)	1:A:26:GLU:HA	1:A:25:TRP:HE3	6	0.12
(1,32)	1:A:26:GLU:HA	1:A:25:TRP:HE3	7	0.12
(1,32)	1:A:26:GLU:HA	1:A:25:TRP:HE3	8	0.12
(1,32)	1:A:26:GLU:HA	1:A:25:TRP:HE3	9	0.12
(1,32)	1:A:26:GLU:HA	1:A:25:TRP:HE3	10	0.12
(1,32)	1:A:26:GLU:HA	1:A:25:TRP:HE3	11	0.12
(1,32)	1:A:26:GLU:HA	1:A:25:TRP:HE3	12	0.12
(1,32)	1:A:26:GLU:HA	1:A:25:TRP:HE3	13	0.12
(1,32)	1:A:26:GLU:HA	1:A:25:TRP:HE3	14	0.12
(1,32)	1:A:26:GLU:HA	1:A:25:TRP:HE3	15	0.12
(1,32)	1:A:26:GLU:HA	1:A:25:TRP:HE3	17	0.12
(1,32)	1:A:26:GLU:HA	1:A:25:TRP:HE3	18	0.12
(1,32)	1:A:26:GLU:HA	1:A:25:TRP:HE3	19	0.12
(1,32)	1:A:26:GLU:HA	1:A:25:TRP:HE3	20	0.12
(1,125)	1:A:5:LEU:HB3	1:A:6:ARG:H	18	0.11

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10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis (i)

Dihedral angle analysis failed due to data error in the dihedral angle restraints, possibly missing target value

