

wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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PDB ID	:	2MGZ
BMRB ID	:	19609
Title	:	Solution structure of RBFOX family ASD-1 RRM and SUP-12 RRM in ternary complex with RNA
Authors	:	Takahashi, M.; Kuwasako, K.; Unzai, S.; Tsuda, K.; Yoshikawa, S.; He, F.; Kobayashi, N.; Guntert, P.; Shirouzu, M.; Ito, T.; Tanaka, A.; Yokoyama, S.; Hagiwara, M.; Kuroyanagi, H.; Muto, Y.
Deposited on	:	2013-11-12

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

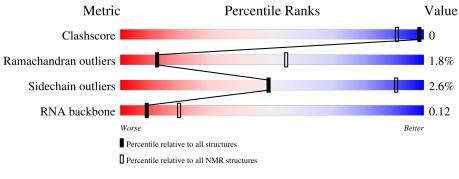
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 74%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f NMR} \ {f archive} \ (\#{f Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428
RNA backbone	4643	676

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Qualit	ty of chain
1	А	94	77%	• 19%
2	В	105	71%	• 26%
3	С	12	8% 33%	50% 8%



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 17 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *fewest violations*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues							
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model				
1	A:101-A:176, B:34-B:69,	1.76	17				
	B:74-B:115 (154)						

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters and 3 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 9, 17, 18
2	4, 7, 16, 19
3	11, 13, 20
4	10, 14
Single-model clusters	6; 12; 15



3 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3490 atoms, of which 1676 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Protein ASD-1, isoform a.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					Trace
1	٨	0.4	Total	С	Η	Ν	0	S	0
	А	94	1487	464	743	139	138	3	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Ch	ain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	ł	96	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP G5EEW7

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Protein SUP-12, isoform a.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					Trace
0	В	105	Total	С	Η	Ν	0	S	0
	D	105	1619	508	803	146	159	3	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
В	19	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP O45189

• Molecule 3 is a RNA chain called RNA (5'-R(*UP*GP*CP*AP*UP*GP*GP*UP*GP*UP*GP*UP*GP*C)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace	
2	C	19	Total	С	Η	N	0	Р	0
0		12	384	114	130	44	85	11	U



4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

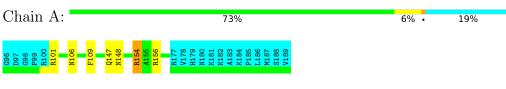
• Molecule 1: Protein ASD-1, isoform a

Chain A:	77%		• 19%	
096 097 098 098 098 098 098 199 1101 1156 1156 1156 1156 1156 1156	RI 77 V1 78 H1 79 H1 79 K1 80 K1 82 K1 82 K1 83 F1 85 F1 85 K1 88 K1 88 V1 89			
• Molecule 2: Pr	otein SUP-12, isoform	n a		
Chain B:	71%		26%	
619 520 721 721 820 823 725 725 726 728 728 728 728 728 729	D3 1 T32 M33 F44 N7 1 N7 1 T72 Q73 Q73 Q73 C103 R16 R103 R16	R117 T118 V120 V120 C121 L122 A123		
• Molecule 3: RI	NA $(5'-R(*UP*GP*C$	P*AP*UP*GP*GP*U	JP*GP*UP*GP*(C)-3')
Chain C: 8%	33%	50%	8%	
U1 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3				

4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 17. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: Protein ASD-1, isoform a



• Molecule 2: Protein SUP-12, isoform a



Chain B:	70%	5%	26%
C 19 C 19 C 20 C 20 C 20 C 20 C 20 C 20 C 20 C 20	173 773 773 775 775 775 717 7114 7114 7116 7116 7116 7116 7116	L122 A123	
• Molecule 3: RNA (5'-R(*UP*GP*CP*AP*UP*(GP*GP*UP*G	P*UP*GP*C)-3')

Chain C:	8%	25%	67%	
U1 G2 U5 G6 G6 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3	U8 09 611 012 712			



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 400 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the least restraint violations*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
Amber	refinement	9

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	2
Total number of shifts	1916
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1916
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	74%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chain		B	ond lengths	Bond angles		
		RMSZ	$\#Z{>}5$	RMSZ	#Z>5	
1	А	$0.68 {\pm} 0.01$	$0{\pm}0/617~(~0.0{\pm}~0.0\%)$	1.03 ± 0.03	$4{\pm}1/834~(~0.4{\pm}~0.1\%)$	
2	В	$0.73 {\pm} 0.01$	$0{\pm}0/628~(~0.0{\pm}~0.0\%)$	$0.98 {\pm} 0.03$	$2{\pm}1/848~(~0.3{\pm}~0.1\%)$	
3	С	$1.37 {\pm} 0.01$	$0{\pm}0/283~(~0.0{\pm}~0.0\%)$	2.29 ± 0.04	$17{\pm}2/440~(~3.9{\pm}~0.6\%)$	
All	All	0.87	0/30560~(~0.0%)	1.37	461/42440~(~1.1%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	А	$0.0{\pm}0.0$	0.3 ± 0.5
2	В	$0.0{\pm}0.0$	0.1 ± 0.3
3	С	$0.0{\pm}0.0$	3.5 ± 1.4
All	All	0	78

There are no bond-length outliers.

5 of 59 unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoma 7 Observed($\mathbf{z} = \mathbf{Atoms} = \mathbf{Z} = \mathbf{Observed}(^{o}) = \mathbf{Ideal}(^{o})$	Ideal(0)	Models	
	Ullalli	nes	туре	Atoms		Observed()	Ideal()	Worst	Total
3	С	8	U	O4'-C1'-N1	11.56	117.45	108.20	16	19
3	С	7	G	O4'-C1'-N9	10.22	116.38	108.20	7	20
3	С	4	А	N1-C6-N6	-9.07	113.16	118.60	11	20
3	С	12	С	N3-C2-O2	-8.12	116.22	121.90	7	20
2	В	76	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.12	124.36	120.30	18	15

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 15 unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
3	С	7	G	Sidechain	13
3	С	6	G	Sidechain	11
3	С	11	G	Sidechain	11
3	С	10	U	Sidechain	9
3	С	8	U	Sidechain	6

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	А	605	591	591	0 ± 0
2	В	614	603	603	0 ± 0
3	С	254	130	130	0±0
All	All	29460	26480	26480	6

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 0.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom 1	Atom 2	Clash(Å)	Distance	Models	
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	$\operatorname{Distance}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Worst	Total
1:A:109:PHE:CZ	3:C:1:U:H1'	0.49	2.43	17	4
2:B:44:TYR:CE2	3:C:7:G:H1'	0.45	2.46	6	1
2:B:80:PHE:CZ	3:C:11:G:C8	0.40	3.09	13	1

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	76/94~(81%)	$70\pm2~(92\pm2\%)$	$5\pm2~(7\pm2\%)$	1±1 (1±1%)	20 68
2	В	78/105~(74%)	67±3 (86±3%)	$9\pm3~(11\pm4\%)$	2±1 (2±1%)	9 45

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
All	All	3080/3980~(77%)	2746~(89%)	280 (9%)	54 (2%)	12 54

 $5~{\rm of}~20$ unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
2	В	42	LEU	9
2	В	44	TYR	7
1	А	164	ILE	6
1	А	148	ASN	5
2	В	113	GLY	3

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	А	65/80~(81%)	$64 \pm 1 (98 \pm 1\%)$	$1\pm1 (2\pm1\%)$	56 93	
2	В	64/87~(74%)	62 ± 1 (97 $\pm2\%$)	$2\pm1 (3\pm2\%)$	44 89	
All	All	2580/3340~(77%)	2514~(97%)	66~(3%)	49 91	

5 of 30 unique residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
2	В	56	GLU	8
2	В	62	GLU	7
1	А	107	ILE	6
2	В	76	ARG	4
1	А	128	ASP	3

6.3.3 RNA (i)

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Backbone Outliers	Pucker Outliers	Suiteness
3	С	11/12~(92%)	$6\pm1~(52\pm14\%)$	$2\pm1 (14\pm9\%)$	0.12 ± 0.04
All	All	220/240~(92%)	114 (52%)	30 (14%)	0.12



The overall RNA backbone suiteness is 0.12.

5 of 11 unique RNA backbone outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
3	С	3	C	20
3	С	8	U	20
3	С	7	G	19
3	С	12	С	11
3	С	6	G	10

5 of 7 unique RNA pucker outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
3	С	3	С	9
3	С	6	G	7
3	С	7	G	5
3	С	8	U	4
3	С	9	G	3

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 74% for the well-defined parts and 65% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned_chem_shift_list_1

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	949
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	949
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	2

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	${\rm Correction}\pm{\rm precision},ppm$	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	81	-0.26 ± 0.24	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	78	0.17 ± 0.21	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C'$	0		None (insufficient data)
¹⁵ N	78	0.35 ± 0.38	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 37%, i.e. 860 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2326. 0 out of 20 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	296/769~(38%)	151/314~(48%)	73/308 (24%)	72/147~(49%)
Sidechain	496/1156~(43%)	334/745~(45%)	150/357~(42%)	12/54~(22%)

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	Total	$^{1}\mathbf{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Aromatic	68/176~(39%)	35/87~(40%)	33/86~(38%)	0/3~(0%)
Sugar	0/132~(0%)	0/72~(0%)	0/60~(0%)	0/0~(-%)
Base	0/93~(0%)	0/57~(0%)	0/19~(0%)	0/17~(0%)
Overall	860/2326~(37%)	520/1275~(41%)	256/830~(31%)	84/221~(38%)

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7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

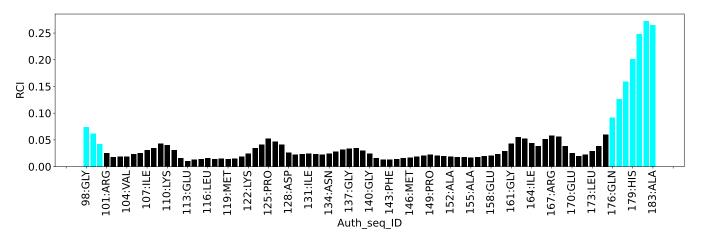
The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	А	168	ARG	NE	110.36	76.53 - 92.65	16.0
1	А	115	ASP	HB3	1.15	1.32 - 4.00	-5.7

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:





7.2 Chemical shift list 2

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned_chem_shift_list_2

7.2.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	967
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	967
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	4

7.2.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	${\rm Correction}\pm{\rm precision},ppm$	Suggested action	
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	85	-0.13 ± 0.21	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)	
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	77	-0.03 ± 0.19	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)	
$^{13}C'$	0		None (insufficient data)	
¹⁵ N	82	0.51 ± 0.76	None needed (imprecise)	

7.2.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 37%, i.e. 872 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2326. 0 out of 20 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	309/769~(40%)	159/314~(51%)	76/308~(25%)	74/147~(50%)
Sidechain	482/1156~(42%)	326/745~(44%)	149/357~(42%)	7/54~(13%)
Aromatic	81/176~(46%)	41/87~(47%)	40/86~(47%)	0/3~(0%)
Sugar	0/132~(0%)	0/72~(0%)	0/60~(0%)	0/0 (%)
Base	0/93~(0%)	0/57~(0%)	0/19~(0%)	0/17~(0%)
Overall	872/2326~(37%)	526/1275~(41%)	265/830~(32%)	81/221 (37%)



7.2.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
2	В	103	ARG	NE	125.14	76.53 - 92.65	25.1
2	В	86	ARG	NE	123.78	76.53 - 92.65	24.3
2	В	57	GLN	HG2	0.18	1.01 - 3.62	-8.2
2	В	92	ALA	HA	1.95	2.13 - 6.34	-5.4

7.2.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain B:

